

## Day -21 of 101 days coding challenge

### -----Sieve of Eratosthenes-----

- ⇒ Suppose we are going to find the prime number of the given Number
- ⇒ According to this approach we are going to make one array till we want
- ⇒ And divide with each prime number if it is divided then we mark it if not divided then unmark it , that unmark is a prime number.

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50

According to the above's array we can start this process by 2 as it is first prime number here.

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50

⇒ **All the colored number is a non-prime number and remaining's is prime number.**

**Code:**

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int sieveEratosth(int n)
{
    int prime[100] = {0}; // initilize the array with zero (at the begining 0 will
reflect to the all indexes)

    int i,j;

    for(i = 2; i<=n; i++) // i = 2 due to prime number starts from 2
    {
        if(prime[i] == 0) // if unmarked then
        {
            for(j = i*i; j<=n; j+=i)
            {
                prime[j] = 1; // here if found divisible from the ith
number will marked as 1
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

// going to print that number which has 0 (unmarked)
for(i = 2; i<=n; i++)
{
    if(prime[i] == 0)
    {
        cout<<i<<" ";
    }
}cout<<endl;
}

int main()
{
    int n;

    cout<<"Enter the Size till you want make the array"<<endl;
    cin>>n;

    // calling and passing the number into the function
    cout<<"All the prime numbers"<<endl;
    sieveEratosth(n);
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

```
Enter the Size till you want make the arrray
60
All the prime numbers
2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47 53 59

-----
Process exited after 2.735 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```