

ASSIGNMENT - 5

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course : data structure for stack overflow.

Course code : CSA0389.

write the algorithm for insertion sort and sort the following sequence :

3, 1, 4, 1, 5, 9, 2, 6, 5.

Sol: Algorithm for Insertion :

- (i) Begin with the second element in the list.
- (ii) compare the current element to the previous elements.
- (iii) shift all larger elements one position to the right.
- (iv) Insert the current elements into its correct position.
- (v) Repeat steps for each element :

Sorting the sequence :

3, 1, 4, 1, 5, 9, 2, 6, 5.

3	1	4	1	5	9	2	6	5
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Compare $3 \geq 1$, $3 > 1$
Swap 3, 1.

1	3	4	1	5	9	2	6	5
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Compare $4 \geq 1$, $4 > 1$
Swap 4, 1.

1	3	1	4	5	9	2	6	5
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Compare $3 \geq 1$, $3 > 1$
Swap 3, 1.

1	1	3	4	5	9	2	6	5
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Compare $9 \geq 2$, $9 > 2$,
Swap 9, 2.

1	1	3	4	5	2	9	6	5
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Compare $5 \geq 2$, $5 > 2$
Swap 5, 2.

1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 9 | 6 | 5

Compare $4 < 2$, $4 > 2$
Swap 4, 2.

1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 6 | 5

Compare $3 < 2$, $3 > 2$.
Swap 3, 2.

1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 6 | 5

Compare $9 < 6$, $9 > 6$
Swap 9, 6.

1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 9 | 5

Compare $9 < 5$, $9 > 5$
Swap 9, 5.

1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 9

Compare $6 < 5$, $6 > 5$
Swap 6, 5.

1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 9

Sorted.

Sorted sequence : 1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5, 6, 9.

Merge Sort Procedure :

- * split the list into halves until each sublist has one element.
- * combine the sublists to produce new sorted sorted sublists until there is one sorted list.

sorted list : 0, 1, 8, 27, 64, 125, 216, 343, 512, 729

draw the concept map of partitioning in quick sort
try to write an algorithm for it, which is as
follows & develop a program, considering the steps.

Qd: Algorithm :-

- * select the element at the highest index as the pivot.
- * set 'left' to the low index and 'right' to the high index - 1.
- * move 'left' rightwards and 'right' leftwards until 'left' is greater than or equal to 'right' swapping elements as the needed.
- * swap the pivot with the element at the 'left' pointer position.
- * Return the index of pivot element.

Program :

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main () {
```

```
int arr[] = { 66, 8, 12, 16, 512, 27, 729, 0, 1, 343,  
125 } ;
```

```
int n = size of (arr) / size of (arr[0]) ;
```

```
int low = 0, high = n - 1 ;
```


while (left <= right) {

int pivot = arr[high];

int left = low;

int right = high - 1;

while (left <= right) {

while (left <= right && arr[left] < pivot) {

left ++;

}

while (right >= low && arr[right] > pivot) {

right --;

}

if (left < right)

{

int temp = arr[left];

arr[left] = arr[right];

arr[right] = temp;

left ++;

right --;

}

}

```

int temp = arr[left];
arr[left] = arr[high];
arr[high] = temp;
high = left - 1;
if (high < low) {
    low = left + 1;
    high = n - 1;
}
}

```

```

printf("Sorted array:");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
}
printf("\n");
return 0;
}

```

output:

sorted array : 0, 1, 8, 27, 64, 125, 216, 343, 512,

- 789