Hema Coding School

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1. <iframe>:

- Represents a nested browsing context.
- o Primarily used to include resources from other domains or subdomains, but can also include content from the same domain.
- o Strength: The embedded code is 'live' and can communicate with the parent document.
- o Commonly used for embedding external web pages or third-party content.

<iframe></iframe>

2. <embed>:

- Standardized in HTML5 (previously non-standard).
- Provides an integration point for external (typically non-HTML) applications or interactive content.
- Used for embedding content for browser plugins (except SVG and HTML, which are handled differently).
- o Details of what can be done with the embedded content depend on the specific browser plugin.
- \circ _<embed src="myvideo.mp4" type="video/mp4"> $\frac{1}{2}$.

3. **<object>**:

- o Represents an external resource that can be treated as an image, a nested browsing context, or processed by a plugin.
- Versatile but less commonly used than <iframe> and <embed>.
- o _<object data="myflash.swf" type="application/x-shockwave-flash"></object>

1. **Anchor Tag** (<a>):

- The <a> HTML element (or anchor element) creates hyperlinks to web pages, files, email addresses, or locations within the same page.
- Key attributes:
- href: Specifies the URL that the hyperlink points to. It can be any valid URL scheme (e.g., HTTP, mailto, tel, data).
- Example: Visit Example
- o Content within each <a>> should indicate the link's destination.
- 2. **Link Tag** (<link>):

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- The tag defines the relationship between the current document and an external resource.
- o Common uses:
- Linking to external style sheets (CSS) for styling web pages.
- Adding a favicon (small icon) to your website.
- o The link> element is an empty tag, containing only attributes.
- o _<link rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css">