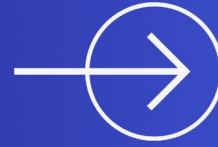


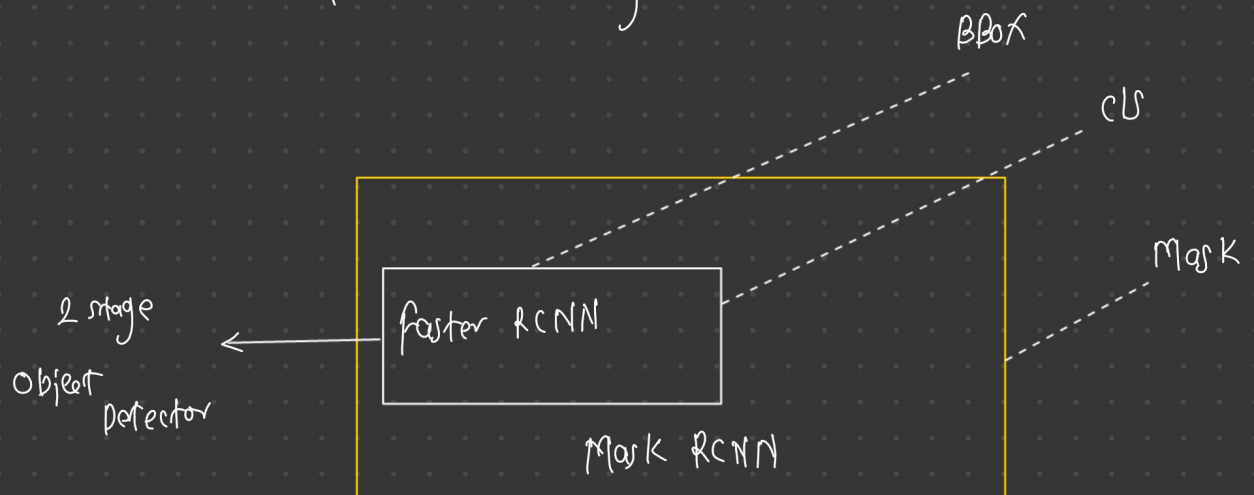
# Mask-RCNN



www.krishnaik.in

## Mask RCNN

★ It's a model for instance segmentation



## Key improvements:

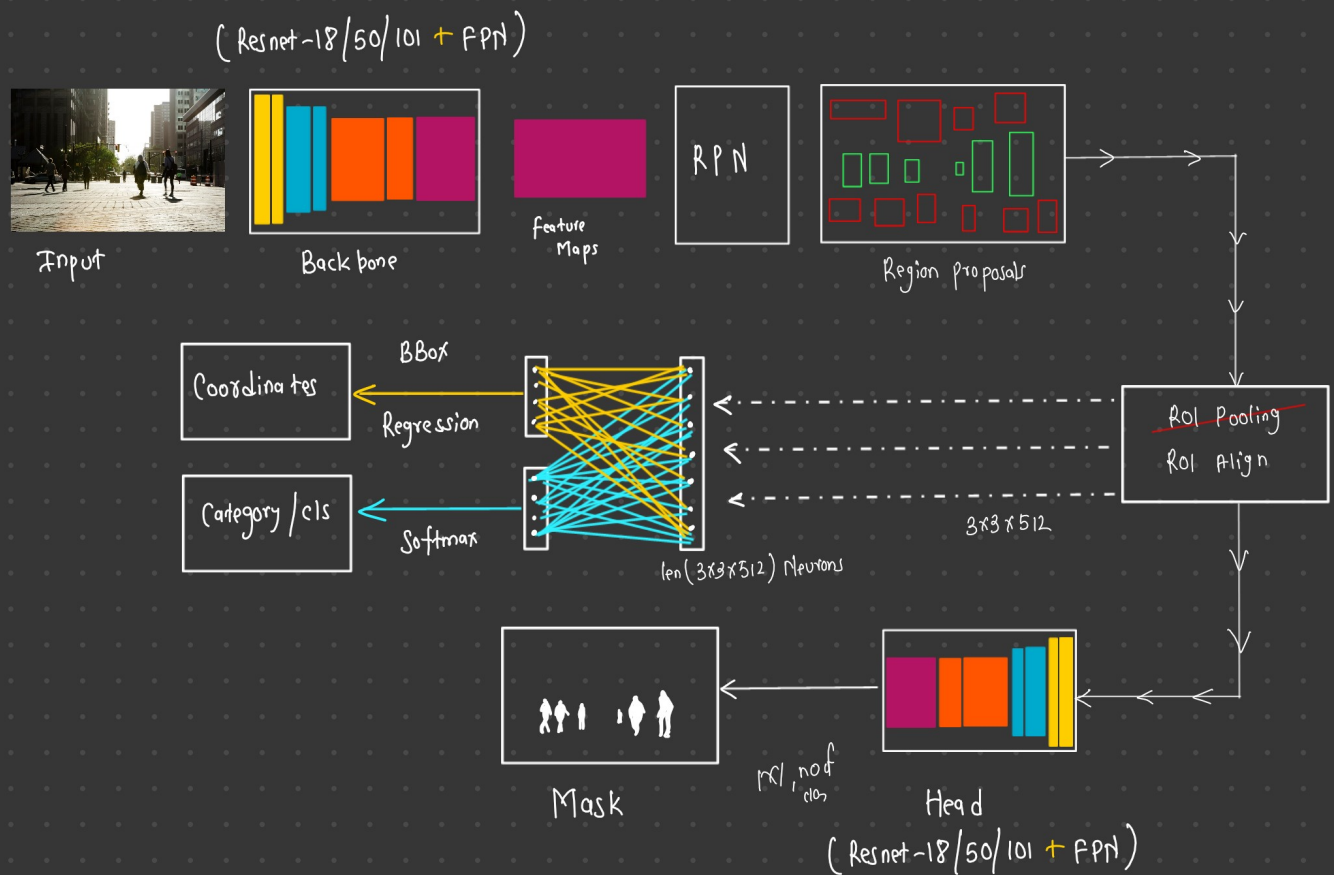
★ Segmentation Branch    ★ RoIAlign

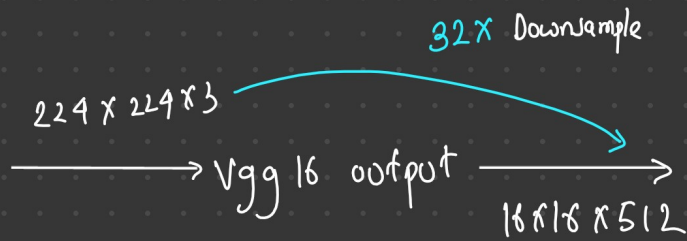
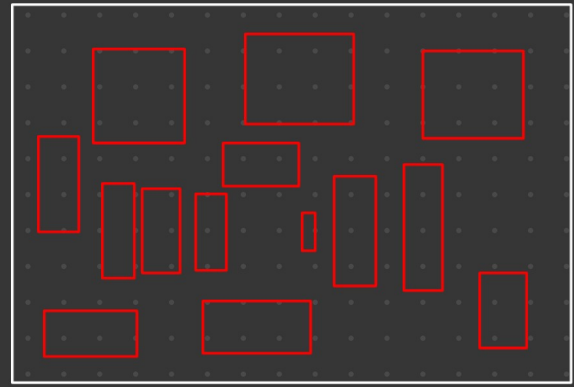
## Applications:

★ Object Detection  
★ Instance Segmentation

★ Able to identify individual object  
→ Car 1, Car 2

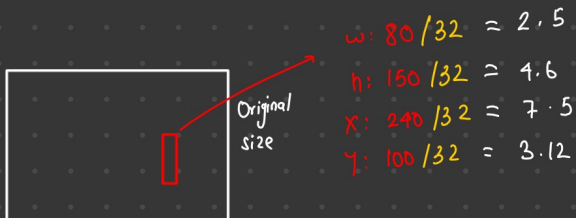
## Mask RCNN Architecture



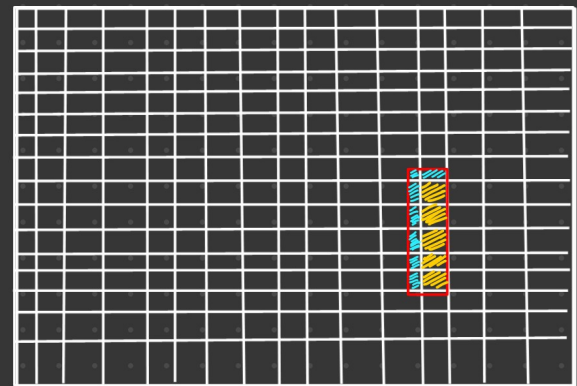
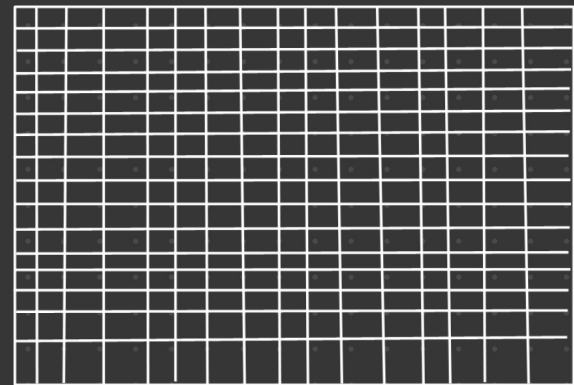


→ Downsample → 32x

Each pixel(1x1) in feature map (16x16) sees 32x32 pixel of original image



We are working with 16x16 grid and we can only consider integers



Last Data

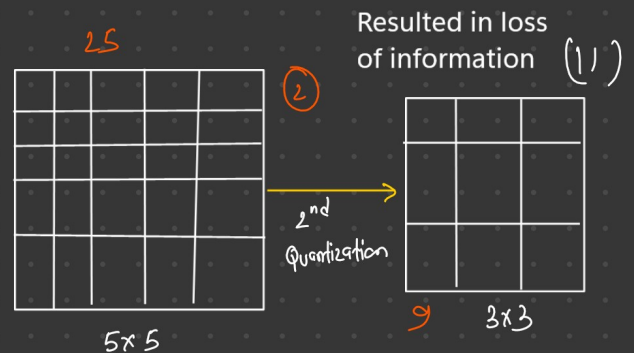
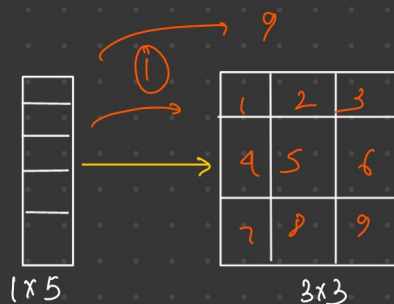
(ROI pooling)

Next step : Quantization for roundoff

$w: 80 / 32 = 2.5 \rightarrow 2$   
 $h: 150 / 32 = 4.6 \rightarrow 4$   
 $x: 240 / 32 = 7.5 \rightarrow 7$   
 $y: 100 / 32 = 3.12 \rightarrow 3$

Resulted in loss of information (1)

ROI Pooling

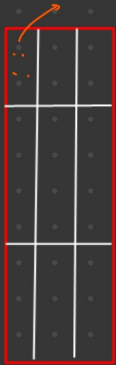


Resulted in loss of information (11)

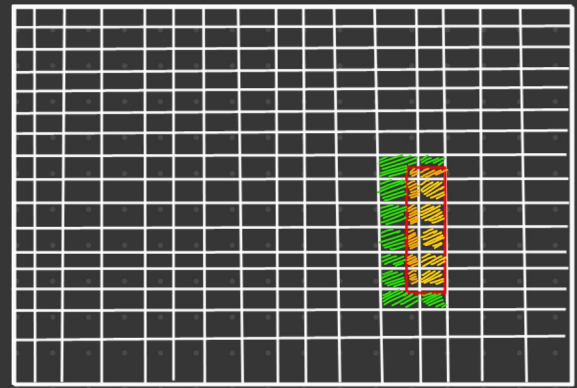
No info loss

Step : Quantization for roundoff

Step : Applies bilinear interpolation to calculate values using surrounding cells

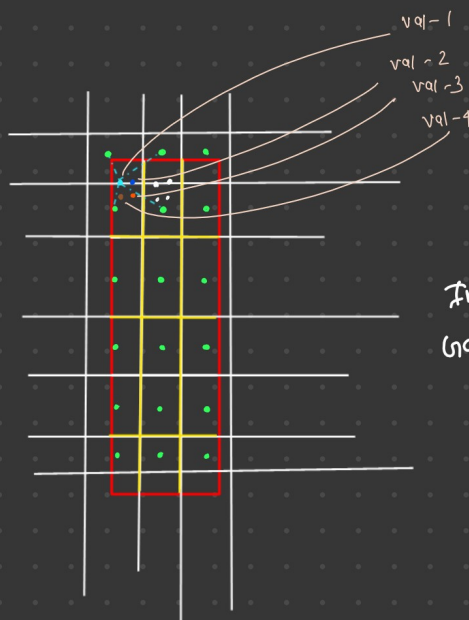


1. Divide ROI into 3x3 boxes
2. Create 4 sampling points for within each cell
3. Use bilinear interpolation for 1 of 4 points and use cell weights for calculation.
4. For 4 points we will get 4 values, apply max pool on 4 values
5. Do for all to get 3x3 matrix



(ROI Align)

Info Gain



Info Gain

max(val-1, val-2, val-3, val-4) → val(1,1)

val(1,1)	(1,2)	(1,3)
(2,1)	—	—
—	—	(3,3)

3x3