

Laboratory Assignment 3

Objectives

Main objective of this lab session is to get hands on experiences of Queues.

- A queue is a container of objects (a linear collection).
 - That are inserted and removed according to the first-in first-out (FIFO) principle.
1. Following C program is written to implement a queue. Some parts of the program is not completed. Complete the program.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define n 5
int main()
{
    int queue[n],ch=1,front=0,rear=0,i,j=1,x=n;
    printf("Queue using Array");
    printf("\n1.Enqueue \n2.Dequeue \n3.Display \n4.Exit");
    while(ch)
    {
        printf("\nEnter the Choice:");
        scanf("%d",&ch);
        switch(ch)
        {
            case 1:
                //Check Queue is full or not. If not insert an element
                break;
            case 2:
                // Check Queue is Empty or not. If not delete the element
                break;
            case 3:
                printf("\n Queue Elements are:\n ");
                // Check Queue is empty or not. If not, display all elements of the queue
                break;
            case 4:
                exit(0);
        }
    }
}
```

```

        default:
            printf("Wrong Choice: please see the options");
        }
    }
}
}

```

Modify the above program to do the followings

- a) Create queue of 8 cells.
- b) Insert 5 items into a queue at once.
- c) Display the queue
- d) Remove 3 items.
- e) Display the queue.
- f) Insert 5 more items
- g) Display the queue/

2. Write a simple c program to implement the queue data structure. Implement the functions

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define MAX 5

int queue_array[MAX];
int front = -1;
int rear = -1;
int element;

void enqueue(int element);
int dequeue();
int isEmpty();
int isFull();
int peek();
void display();

void main()
{
    int option;
    while(1)
    {
        printf("\n1. Insert Element in Queue");
        printf("\n2. Delete Element from Queue");
        printf("\n3. Display All the Elements of Queue");
        printf("\n4. Display Element at the Front position");
        printf("\nEnter your option:\t");
    }
}

```

```

scanf("%d", &option);
switch(option)
{
    case 1: printf("\nEnter Element to be Inserted:\t");
            scanf("%d", &element);
            enqueue(element);
            break;

    case 2: element = dequeue();
            printf("\nDeleted Element From Queue:\t%d", element);
            break;

    case 3: display();
            break;

    case 4: printf("\nElement at Front of Queue:\t%d", peek());
            break;

    case 5: exit(1);
}
}
printf("\n");
}

// Function Prototypes
void enqueue(int element)
int dequeue()
int isEmpty()
int isFull()
int peek()
void display()

```

3. Suppose details of I/O scheduling are to be placed in a **bufferQueue** and each **bufferschedule** contains details regarding the **buffer id**, **capacity of buffer** and **number of items in the buffer**.
 - Define a type definition called **bufferschedule** which has fields for **buffer id**, **capacity of buffer** and **number of items in the buffer**
 - Implement a Queue which stores instances of the **bufferQueue** type.
 - Implement functions to insert and remove elements from the **bufferschedule**.
 - Implement a function to display the elements of the **bufferschedule**.
 - Define the **bufferschedule** size to 5. Insert three elements to the **bufferschedule**.
 - Display the last buffer queue.

4. Following program demonstrate a Circular queue. Type and run the program. Observe the output.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#define SIZE 5

void enQueue(int);
void deQueue();
void display();

int cQueue[SIZE], front = -1, rear = -1;

void main()
{
    int choice, value;
    clrscr();
    while(1){
        printf("\n***** MENU *****\n");
        printf("1. Insert\n2. Delete\n3. Display\n4. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice){
            case 1: printf("\nEnter the value to be insert: ");
                    scanf("%d",&value);
                    enQueue(value);
                    break;
            case 2: deQueue();
                    break;
            case 3: display();
                    break;
            case 4: exit(0);
            default: printf("\nPlease select the correct choice!!!\n");
        }
    }
}

void enQueue(int value)
{
    if((front == 0 && rear == SIZE - 1) || (front == rear+1))
        printf("\nCircular Queue is Full! Insertion not possible!!!\n");
    else{
        if(rear == SIZE-1 && front != 0)
            rear = -1;
        cQueue[++rear] = value;
        printf("\nInsertion Success!!!\n");
        if(front == -1)
```

```

        front = 0;
    }
}
void deQueue()
{
    if(front == -1 && rear == -1)
        printf("\nCircular Queue is Empty! Deletion is not possible!!!\n");
    else{
        printf("\nDeleted element : %d\n",cQueue[front++]);
        if(front == SIZE)
            front = 0;
        if(front-1 == rear)
            front = rear = -1;
    }
}
void display()
{
    if(front == -1)
        printf("\nCircular Queue is Empty!!!\n");
    else{
        int i = front;
        printf("\nCircular Queue Elements are : \n");
        if(front <= rear){
            while(i <= rear)
                printf("%d\t",cQueue[i++]);
        }
        else{
            while(i <= SIZE - 1)
                printf("%d\t", cQueue[i++]);
            i = 0;
            while(i <= rear)
                printf("%d\t",cQueue[i++]);
        }
    }
}
}

```