

Berry Curvature for Graphene

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In[25]:= << MaTeX` (*Loading a MaTeX package for LaTeX formating*)
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Graphene Hamiltonian

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In[41]:= MaTeX["\\begin{pmatrix}
  \\frac{\\Delta}{2} & q_x \\tau_z - i q_y \\\\
  q_x \\tau_z + i q_y & -\\frac{\\Delta}{2}
\\end{pmatrix}", Magnification -> 2]
```

$$\text{Out[41]} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\Delta}{2} & q_x \tau_z - i q_y \\ q_x \tau_z + i q_y & -\frac{\Delta}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

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In[44]:= H = {{0, \tau_z * q_x - i * q_y}, {\tau_z * q_x + i * q_y, 0}} + \frac{\Delta}{2} * {{1, 0}, {0, -1}} (*Hamiltonian*)
```

$$\text{Out[44]} = \left\{ \left\{ \frac{\Delta}{2}, -i q_y + q_x \tau_z \right\}, \left\{ i q_y + q_x \tau_z, -\frac{\Delta}{2} \right\} \right\}$$

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In[45]:= H // MatrixForm
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$$\text{Out[45]} // \text{MatrixForm} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\Delta}{2} & -i q_y + q_x \tau_z \\ i q_y + q_x \tau_z & -\frac{\Delta}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors

Eigenvalues

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eig = Eigenvalues[H] (*Complete eigenvalues*)
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$$\text{Out[46]} = \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4 q_y^2 + 4 q_x^2 \tau_z^2}, \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4 q_y^2 + 4 q_x^2 \tau_z^2} \right\}$$

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E_ = eig[[1]] (*Lower energy *)
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$$\text{Out[49]} = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4 q_y^2 + 4 q_x^2 \tau_z^2}$$

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In[51]:= E_+ = eig[[2]] (*Upper energy *)
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$$\text{Out[51]} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4 q_y^2 + 4 q_x^2 \tau_z^2}$$

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In[56]:= \delta E = E_+ - E_- (*Difference in energy*)
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$$\text{Out[56]} = \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4 q_y^2 + 4 q_x^2 \tau_z^2}$$

Eigenvectors

In[59]:= **ev = Eigenvectors[H]**

$$\text{Out[59]= } \left\{ \left\{ \frac{i \left(-\Delta + \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4 q_y^2 + 4 q_x^2 \tau_z^2} \right)}{2 (q_y - i q_x \tau_z)}, 1 \right\}, \left\{ -\frac{i \left(\Delta + \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4 q_y^2 + 4 q_x^2 \tau_z^2} \right)}{2 (q_y - i q_x \tau_z)}, 1 \right\} \right\}$$

(*Inorder simplify the above expression we make a few substitutions here *)

In[60]:= **$\gamma = \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4 q_y^2 + 4 q_x^2 \tau_z^2}$**

$\eta = 2 (q_y - i q_x \tau_z)$

$\eta_c = 2 (q_y + i q_x \tau_z)$

norm = FullSimplify[$\eta * \eta_c$]

$$\text{Out[60]= } \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4 q_y^2 + 4 q_x^2 \tau_z^2}$$

$$\text{Out[61]= } 2 (q_y - i q_x \tau_z)$$

$$\text{Out[62]= } 2 (q_y + i q_x \tau_z)$$

$$\text{Out[63]= } 4 (q_y^2 + q_x^2 \tau_z^2)$$

Eigenvectors to be used to find Berry Curvature

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In[194]:= MaTeX["|n\\rangle=\\begin{pmatrix}
\\frac{-i(\\Delta + \\gamma)}{\\eta} & \\frac{1}{\\eta}
\\end{pmatrix}", Magnification→2]
MaTeX["\\langle n|=\\begin{pmatrix}
\\frac{i(\\Delta + \\gamma)}{\\eta^*} & 1
\\end{pmatrix}", Magnification→2]
MaTeX["|n^\\prime\\rangle=\\begin{pmatrix}
\\frac{i(-\\Delta + \\gamma)}{\\eta} & \\frac{1}{\\eta}
\\end{pmatrix}", Magnification→2]
MaTeX["\\langle n^\\prime|=\\begin{pmatrix}
\\frac{-i(-\\Delta + \\gamma)}{\\eta^*} & 1
\\end{pmatrix}", Magnification→2]
```

$$|n\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-i(\Delta+\gamma)}{\eta} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\langle n| = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{i(\Delta+\gamma)}{\eta^*} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|n'\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{i(-\Delta+\gamma)}{\eta} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\langle n'| = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-i(-\Delta+\gamma)}{\eta^*} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{In[205]:= nKet} = \text{Transpose}\left[\left\{\left\{-\frac{i(\Delta + \gamma)}{\eta}, 1\right\}\right\}\right]$$

$$\text{nBra} = \left\{\left\{\frac{i(\Delta + \gamma)}{\eta_c}, 1\right\}\right\}$$

$$\text{npKet} = \text{Transpose}\left[\left\{\left\{\frac{i(-\Delta + \gamma)}{\eta}, 1\right\}\right\}\right]$$

$$\text{npBra} = \left\{\left\{\frac{-i(-\Delta + \gamma)}{\eta_c}, 1\right\}\right\}$$

$$\text{Out[205]=} \left\{\left\{-\frac{i\left(\Delta + \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4q_y^2 + 4q_x^2\tau_z^2}\right)}{2\left(q_y - i q_x \tau_z\right)}, 1\right\}\right\}$$

$$\text{Out[206]=} \left\{\left\{\frac{i\left(\Delta + \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4q_y^2 + 4q_x^2\tau_z^2}\right)}{2\left(q_y + i q_x \tau_z\right)}, 1\right\}\right\}$$

$$\text{Out[207]=} \left\{\left\{\frac{i\left(-\Delta + \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4q_y^2 + 4q_x^2\tau_z^2}\right)}{2\left(q_y - i q_x \tau_z\right)}, 1\right\}\right\}$$

$$\text{Out[208]=} \left\{\left\{-\frac{i\left(-\Delta + \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4q_y^2 + 4q_x^2\tau_z^2}\right)}{2\left(q_y + i q_x \tau_z\right)}, 1\right\}\right\}$$

prodn = FullSimplify[nBra.nKet] (*inner product of n. <n|n>*)

prodn = FullSimplify[npBra.npKet] (*inner product of np. <np|np>*)

$$\text{Out[211]=} \left\{\left\{1 + \frac{\left(\Delta + \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4q_y^2 + 4q_x^2\tau_z^2}\right)^2}{4\left(q_y^2 + q_x^2\tau_z^2\right)}\right\}\right\}$$

$$\text{Out[212]=} \left\{\left\{1 + \frac{\left(\Delta - \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4q_y^2 + 4q_x^2\tau_z^2}\right)^2}{4\left(q_y^2 + q_x^2\tau_z^2\right)}\right\}\right\}$$

In[214]:= norm = FullSimplify[(Sqrt[1/(prodn)] * Sqrt[1/(prodn)])^2] (*Normalisation for both the eigenvectors. It can be broken into two parts A and B *)

$$\text{Out[214]=} \left\{\left\{\frac{1}{4} - \frac{\Delta^2}{4\left(\Delta^2 + 4q_y^2 + 4q_x^2\tau_z^2\right)}\right\}\right\}$$

$$\Omega = i \frac{\langle \partial H / \partial R^\mu \rangle_n}{\langle \partial H / \partial R^\nu \rangle_{n'}} - \frac{\langle \partial H / \partial R^\nu \rangle_n}{\langle \partial H / \partial R^\mu \rangle_{n'}} \frac{(\epsilon_n - \epsilon_{n'})^2}{2}$$

$$\Omega = i \frac{\langle n | \frac{\partial H}{\partial R^\mu} | n' \rangle \langle n' | \frac{\partial H}{\partial R^\nu} | n \rangle - \langle n | \frac{\partial H}{\partial R^\nu} | n' \rangle \langle n' | \frac{\partial H}{\partial R^\mu} | n \rangle}{(\epsilon_n - \epsilon'_n)^2}$$

(*Now we calculate the Berry curvature for this case*)

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In[241]:= MaTeX["\\Omega = i\\frac{\\left\\langle n\\middle|\\frac{\\partial H}{\\partial q_x}\\middle|n'\\right\\rangle\\left\\langle n'\\middle|\\frac{\\partial H}{\\partial q_y}\\middle|n\\right\\rangle-\\left\\langle n\\middle|\\frac{\\partial H}{\\partial q_y}\\middle|n'\\right\\rangle\\left\\langle n'\\middle|\\frac{\\partial H}{\\partial q_x}\\middle|n\\right\\rangle}{\\Delta^2 + 4q_x^2 + 4q_y^2\\tau_z^2}", Magnification → 1.5]
```

$$\Omega = i \frac{\langle n | \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_x} | n' \rangle \langle n' | \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_y} | n \rangle - \langle n | \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_y} | n' \rangle \langle n' | \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_x} | n \rangle}{\Delta^2 + 4q_x^2 + 4q_y^2 \tau_z^2}$$

$$\Omega = \text{FullSimplify}\left[\left(\left(\text{npBra.D[H, q}_x\right).\text{npKet} * \text{npBra.D[H, q}_y\right).\text{npKet}\right) - \left(\text{npBra.D[H, q}_y\right).\text{npKet} * \text{npBra.D[H, q}_x\right).\text{npKet}\right) * \text{norm} * \frac{i}{\delta E^2}\right]$$

$$\text{Out}[243]=\left\{\left\{-\frac{2\Delta\tau_z}{\left(\Delta^2+4q_y^2+4q_x^2\tau_z^2\right)^{3/2}}\right\}\right\}$$

$\ln[245]:= \text{Limit}[\Omega, \Delta \rightarrow 0]$ (* For gapless graphene. We expect a zero Berry curvature*)

Out[245]= $\{\{\mathbf{0}\}\}$

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In[246]:= Export["Berry_Graphene.pdf", EvaluationNotebook[]]
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