# Analysis of Walmart Sales & Sales Forecast

**REPORT** 

**NGOC PHAN** 

## Project Background

"Walmart is an American multinational retail corporation that operates a chain of hypermarkets, discount department stores, and grocery stores" (Wikipedia). The company has 45 stores across the United States. Every year the company runs several promotional markdown events before prominent holidays like Super Bowl, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas to increase sales.

#### Problem Statement

This project studies Walmart's historical sales data for 45 stores in the United States to assist Walmart's management team in the decision-making process by:

- Performing exploratory data analysis and time series analysis of Walmart's sales data
- Identifying the factors that impact sales
- Developing time series models to forecast Walmart's future sales

## Dataset

Walmart's sales datasets are collected on Kaggle at

https://www.kaggle.com/c/walmart-recruiting-store-sales-forecasting/data. The datasets contain historical sales data for 45 Walmart stores in the United States along with store information and regional activity from 2/5/2010 to 11/1/2012. There are 3 csv files: stores, sales, and features. The variables are described below:

#### stores.csv

This file contains information about 45 Walmart stores and includes the following fields:

- o **Store** the store number
- o **Type** the type of store (A, B, or C)
- Size the size of store in square feet

#### sales.csv

This file contains 421,570 Walmart's historical sales records from February 5<sup>th</sup>, 2010 to November 1<sup>st</sup>, 2012 and includes the following fields:

- Store the store number
- o **Dept** the department number
- o Date last day of the week
- Weekly\_Sales
  - Weekly sales for the given department in the given store
  - Negative if returns exceed sales
  - Positive if sales exceed returns
- o IsHoliday True if special holiday falls within the week; otherwise, False

#### features.csv

This file contains 8,190 records related to the store, department, and regional activity for the given dates and includes the following fields:

- o Store the store number
- Date last day of the week
- o **Temperature** average temperature in the region in Fahrenheit
- Fuel\_Price weekly average fuel price (USD)
- MarkDown1-5 anonymized data related to promotional markdowns that Walmart is running. MarkDown data is only available after Nov 2011, and is not available for all stores all the time.
- o *CPI* consumer price index
- Unemployment weekly average unemployment rate
- IsHoliday True if holiday falls within the week. False if holiday does not fall within the week.

## **Data Preparation**

## Missing Values

There are seven columns that contain missing values including MarkDown 1-5, CPI, and Unemployment. Since most missing values exist because there was no information available at a specific time, fields containing missing values are left as 'NA'. The table below lists columns that have missing values along with statistics:

table	col	null_count	null_pct	min	max	mean	median
features	MarkDown1	4158	51	-2781.0	103185.0	7032.0	4744.0
features	MarkDown2	5269	64	-266.0	104520.0	3384.0	365.0
features	MarkDown3	4577	56	-179.0	149483.0	1760.0	36.0
features	MarkDown4	4726	58	0.0	67475.0	3293.0	1176.0
features	MarkDown5	4140	51	-185.0	771448.0	4132.0	2727.0
features	CPI	585	7	126.0	229.0	172.0	183.0
features	Unemployment	585	7	4.0	14.0	8.0	8.0

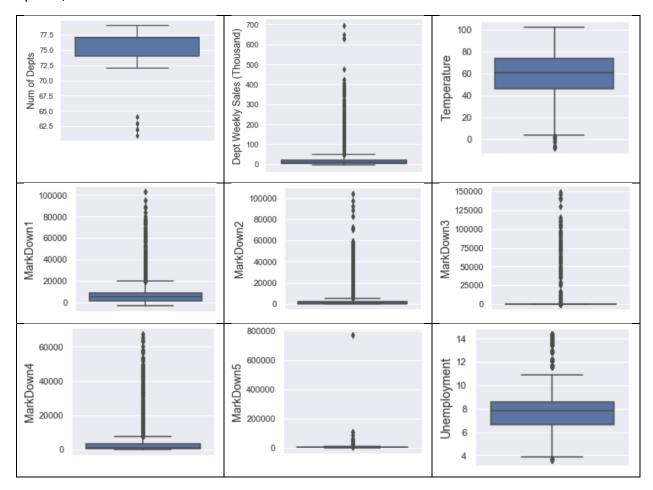
#### **New Columns**

The following variables have been added to the dataset:

- Num of Depts = counts of number of departments for each store
- Dept Weekly Sales (Thousand) = Weekly Sales / 1,000
- Avg Yearly Sales (Million) = average yearly sales by store
- Markdown = sum of MarkDown1-5
- Avg Yearly MarkDown (Thousand) = average yearly markdown by store
- Year = year extracted from Date
- Quarter = quarter extracted from Date
- Month = month extracted from Date
- Week = week of year extracted from Date

#### Outliers

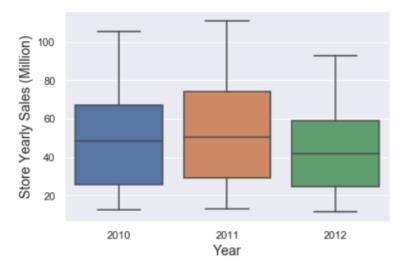
There are 9 columns that have outliers: Num of Depts, Dept Weekly Sales (Thousand), Temperature, MarkDown1-5, and Unemployment. Since outliers may contain important information, no outliers have been removed from the table. The box plots for columns that contains outliers are shown below:



# **Exploratory Data Analysis**

The box plot below shows Walmart's yearly sales by store from 2010 to 2012. Walmart's sales seem to be low in 2010 and 2012 because we are missing sales data for the first month of 2010 and the last two months of 2012.

Walmart's Yearly Sales Feb 5 2010 to Nov 1, 2012



Walmart's store weekly sales ranges from \$209 thousand to \$3.8 million. About half of the 45 Walmart stores have weekly sales greater than or equal to \$960 thousand.

Store Weekly Sales (Thousand)

count	6435.000000
mean	1046.964878
std	564.366622
min	209.986250
25%	553.350105
50%	960.746040
75%	1420.158660
max	3818 686450

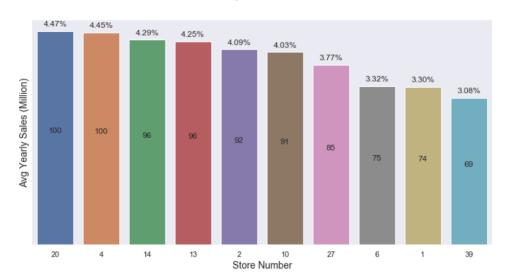
The department weekly sales ranges from -\$4,988 to \$693,099. The negative values in weekly sales indicates returns exceed sales in the department store. About half of the Walmart's department store have sales greater than or equal to \$7,612.

Dept Weekly Sales (Thousand)

count	421570.000000
mean	15.981258
std	22.711184
min	-4.988940
25%	2.079650
50%	7.612030
75%	20.205853
max	693.099360

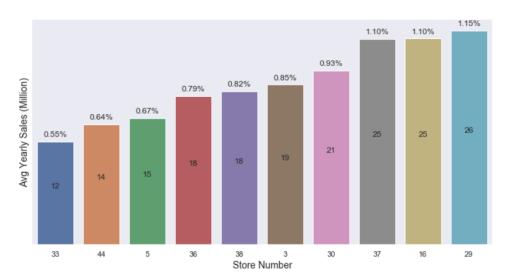
Stores that are in in the top 10 average yearly sales contribute more than 3% (or more than \$69 million) toward Walmart's annual sales.

Walmart's Store Sales Top 10 Stores



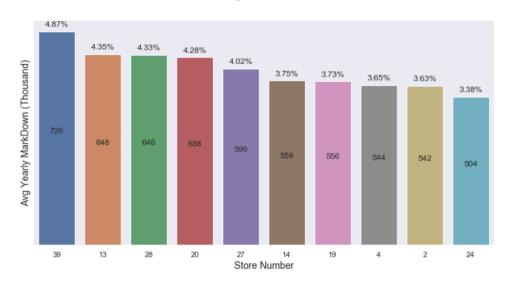
Stores that are in the bottom 10 average yearly sales contribute 1.15% or less (or \$26 million or less) toward Walmart's annual sales.

Walmart's Store Sales Bottom 10 Stores



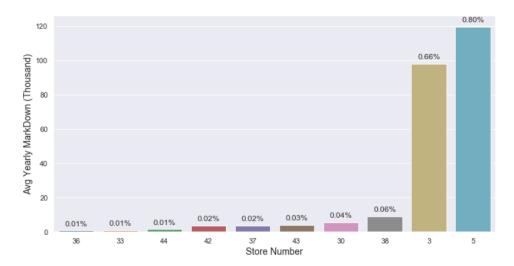
Seven stores in the top 10 average yearly sales are also in the top 10 average yearly markdowns. Those stores are 20, 4, 14, 13, 2, 27, and 39.

Walmart's MarkDown by Store Top 10 Stores



Seven stores in the bottom 10 average yearly sales are also in the bottom 10 average yearly markdowns. Those stores are 44, 5, 36, 38, 3, 30, and 37.

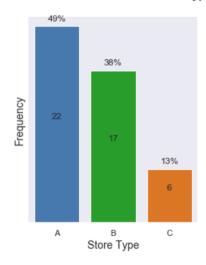
Walmart's MarkDown by Store
Bottom 10 Stores



Department number 88 to 95 in most stores seem to have higher sales than other departments.

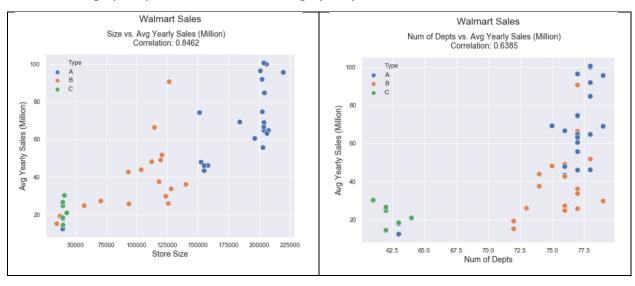
Walmart stores are classified into 3 types: A (22 stores), B (17 stores), and C (6 stores).

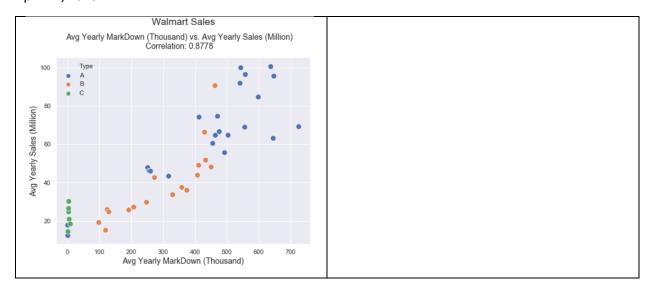
Distribution of Walmart's Store Types



Most type A stores seems to be in a group that have highest average yearly sales. Most type C stores appears to be in a group that have lowest average yearly sales. Most type B stores' average yearly sales are higher than type C stores' average yearly sales and lower than type A stores' average yearly sales. There is also a positive linear relationship with strong correlation between the following variables:

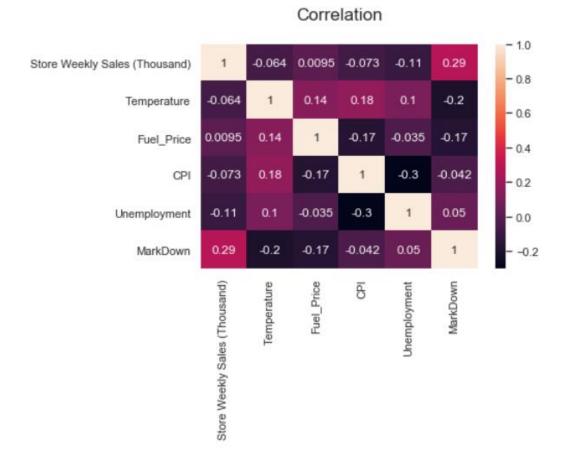
- Store's size and average yearly sales
- Number of departments in store and average yearly sales
- Average yearly markdowns and average yearly sales





The heatmap bellow shows that there is not a strong correlation between the following variables:

- Store weekly sales and temperature
- Store weekly sales and fuel price
- Store weekly sales and CPI
- Store weekly sales and unemployment
- Store weekly sales and weekly markdown



# Time Series Analysis

For 2010 sales data, there are missing observations for the first four weeks of the year. Therefore, new observations have been added to the dataset for the first four weeks of 2010 using the 2011-2012 average sales of the corresponding period so we can perform time series analysis and develop time series model to forecast sales.

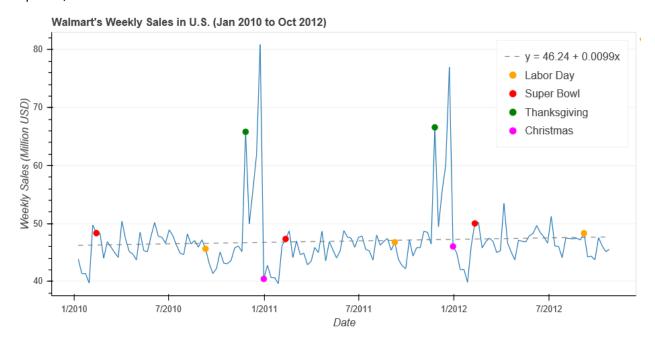
## Original Time Series and General Trend

Holidays seems to have effect on Walmart's weekly sales except for Christmas. Sales appear to be highest during and after the weeks of Thanksgiving. The general trend line (dashed gray line) seems to be flat and has the following equation:

$$y = 46.24 + 0.0099x$$

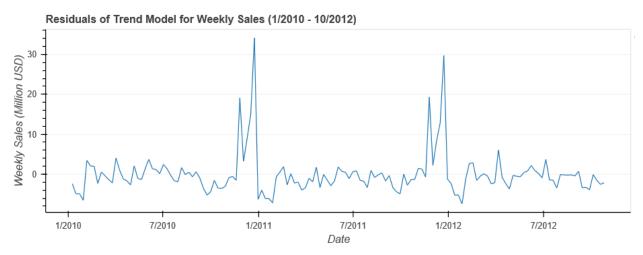
#### where

- y = Weekly Sales (Million)
- x = date index (e.g. first week has index of 1, second week has index of 2, etc.)

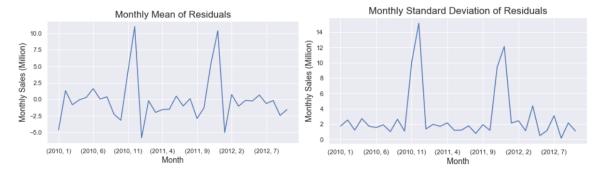


## Seasonality

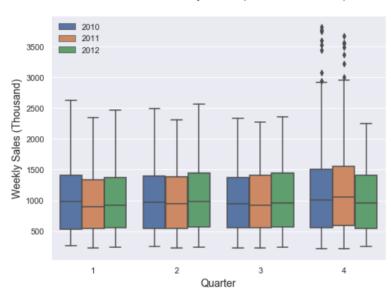
Residuals plot of general trend model indicates that sales data exhibit seasonality because there are spikes in sales during and after the weeks of Thanksgiving.



The Monthly Mean of Residuals plot and Monthly Standard Deviation of Residuals plot also indicate seasonality between November and December.



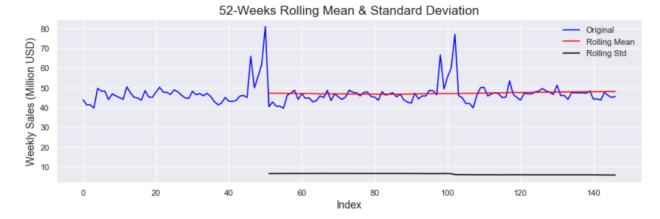
The box plot of Walmart's quarterly sales shows that sales are almost the same for quarter 1 to quarter 3. Sales are highest for fourth quarter of 2010 and 2011. Since 2012 sales data does not include sales for November and December, sales for fourth quarter of 2012 are much less than that of 2010 and 2011.



Walmart's Quarterly Sales (1/2010 - 10/2012)

## Stationarity

The plot of 52-weeks rolling mean and rolling standard deviation of weekly sales shows that the data fluctuate around the mean.



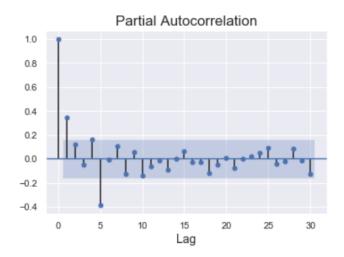
The result of Dickey-Fuller test also indicates time series is stationary because the p-value is less than 0.05.

Results of Dickey-Fuller Test:							
Test Statistic	-5.977907e+00						
p-value	1.868362e-07						
#Lags Used	4.000000e+00						
Number of Observations Used	1.420000e+02						
Critical Value (1%)	-3.477262e+00						
Critical Value (5%)	-2.882118e+00						
Critical Value (10%)	-2.577743e+00						

# Model Development for Sales Forecast

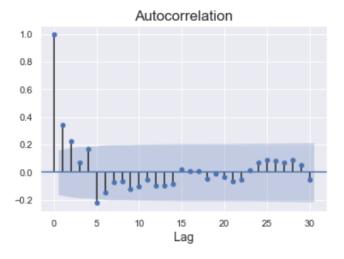
## Autoregressive (AR) Term

The partial autocorrelation plot indicates that lag 1 and 5 are the best orders for AR term.



## Moving Average (MA) Term

The autocorrelation plot indicates that lag 1, 2, and 5 are the best orders for MA term.



## ARMA Model

Since the time series is stationary, the order for differencing is 0. The figure below shows the model's summary for ARMA(1, 2). The p-values for the coefficients are all significant (p-value less than 0.05) for the constant and all AR and MA levels.

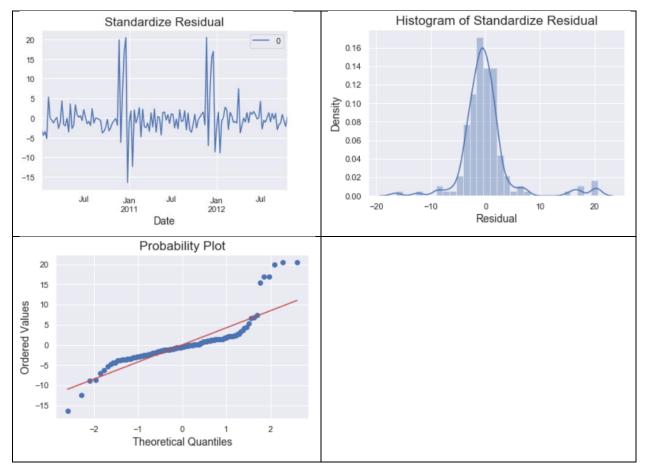
Dep. Variable:	Weekly Sales (Millions)	No. Observations:	147
Model:	ARMA(1, 2)	Log Likelihood	-440.155
Method:	css-mle	S.D. of innovations	4.819
Date:	Tue, 21 Apr 2020	AIC	890.310
Time:	20:14:29	BIC	905.262
Sample:	01-08-2010	HQIC	896.385
	- 10-26-2012		

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	46.9451	0.642	73.106	0.000	45.687	48.204
ar.L1.Weekly Sales (Millions)	-0.7320	0.086	-8.509	0.000	-0.901	-0.563
ma.L1.Weekly Sales (Millions)	1.2129	0.084	14.509	0.000	1.049	1.377
ma.L2.Weekly Sales (Millions)	0.5935	0.087	6.837	0.000	0.423	0.764

#### Roots

	Real	Imaginary	Modulus	Frequency
AR.1	-1.3662	+0.0000j	1.3662	0.5000
MA.1	-1.0219	-0.8005j	1.2981	-0.3942
MA.2	-1.0219	+0.8005j	1.2981	0.3942

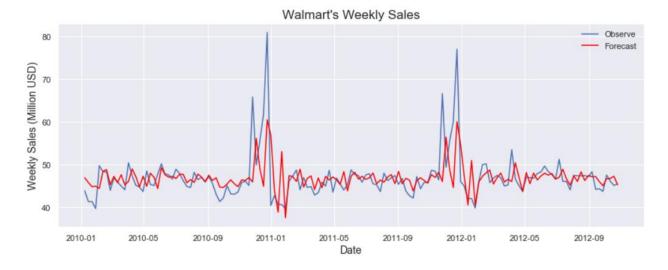
The mean of residuals are closed to zero. The residuals are also fluctuated around the mean. It seems that ARMA(1, 2) model is not a good fit because the model does not take seasonality into account. The probability plot shows that the points do not hug the red line closely. There are also some extreme values at the top right corner and bottom left corner of the probability plot.



The table below shows performance metrics for ARMA(1, 2) model. The mean squared error is around \$23 million dollars. The Mean Absolute Percentage Error (MAPE) of 0.055867 indicates that the model is about 94.5% accurate in predicting the next 52 observations.

mape	me	mae	mpe	mse	rmse	corr	minmax
0.055867	-0.004523	2.789844	0.007588	23.296938	4.82669	0.463302	0.05262

The plot below shows the model's observed and forecast sales.

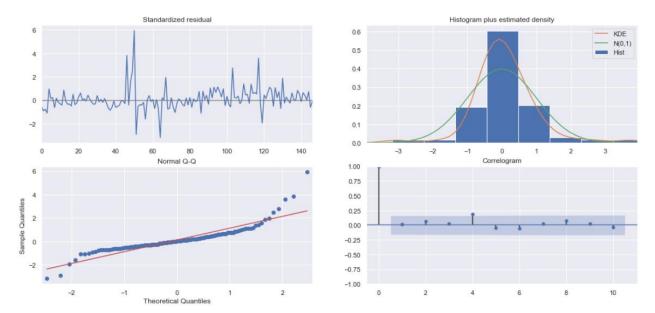


## SARIMAX Model

The figure below shows the model's summary for SARIMAX model. The p-value for the coefficients are all significant.

Dep. V	ariable:				y I	No. Obse	rvations:	147
	Model:	SARIMA	AX(1, 0, 0	)x(1, 0,	0, 52)	Log Li	kelihood	-359.917
Date:			Tue	, 21 Apr	2020		AIC	727.834
	Time:			20:	48:05		BIC	739.796
\$	Sample:				0		HQIC	732.694
					- 147			
Covariano	e Type:				opg			
	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.9751		
intercept	2.6581	0.431	6.161	0.000	1.813	3.504		
ar.L1	0.2734	0.052	5.254	0.000	0.171	0.375		
ar.S.L52	0.9217	0.009	98.294	0.000	0.903	0.940		
sigma2	3.9129	0.379	10.330	0.000	3.170	4.655		
Lj	ung-Box	( <b>Q</b> ): 26	6.05 <b>Ja</b> r	que-Be	ra (JB):	610.89		
	Prol	b(Q): (	0.96	Pr	ob(JB):	0.00		
Heteroske	dasticity	(H):	1.61		Skew:	1.71		
Prob(H	) (two-sid	ded): (	0.10	Kı	urtosis:	12.39		

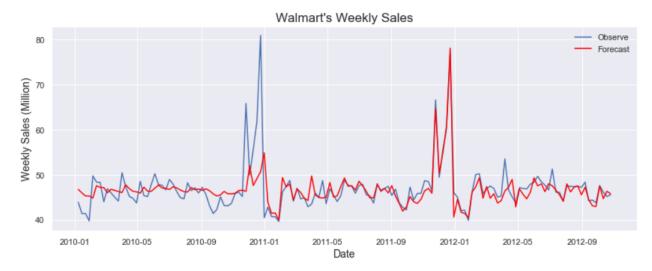
The diagnostic plots below show that the residuals fluctuate around the mean which is closed to zero. The Normal Q-Q plot shows that there are extreme values in the top right corner and bottom left corner.



The table below show performance metrics for SARIMAX model. The mean squared error is around \$15.5 million dollars. The Mean Absolute Percentage Error (MAPE) of 0.039452 indicates that the model is about 96% accurate in predicting the next 52 observations.

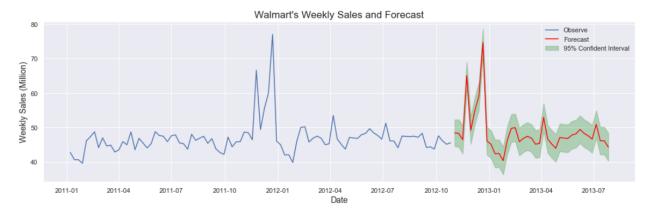
mape	me	mae	mpe	mse	rmse	corr	minmax	
0.039452	-0.32611	1.964519	-0.001927	15.520546	3.939612	0.691568	0.037862	

The plot below shows the model's observed and predicted sales. As shown on the plot, the model's prediction is more accurate after January 2011.



## Sales Forecast

According to the model's performance metrics, SARIMAX model performs better than ARMA model. The SARIMAX model has lower AIC score, lower mean squared error, and lower mean absolute percentage error than that of ARMA model. Therefore, SARIMAX model is selected in making sales forecast. The plot below show sales forecast for the next 39 weeks.



## Conclusion

Walmart's stores are classified into three types: A, B, and C. Type A stores often have high sales, big store's sizes, large number of departments, and large markdown values. Type C stores often have low sales, small store sizes, small number of departments, and small markdown values. Walmart's sales are often at peak during the week of Thanksgiving and three weeks after Thanksgiving. External factors like temperature, fuel price, consumer price index, and unemployment rate do not have significant impact on Walmart's sales. Promotional markdown events before holidays seem to increase Walmart's sales except for Christmas.

# **Appendix**

#### Appendix A – PowerPoint Presentation

https://github.com/nphan20181/walmart\_sales/blob/master/walmart\_presentation.pd
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#### Appendix B – Jupyter Notebooks

Data Wrangling

https://github.com/nphan20181/walmart sales/blob/master/walmart data wrangling.
ipynb

- Exploratory Data Analysis
   <a href="https://github.com/nphan20181/walmart\_sales/blob/master/walmart\_eda1.ipynb">https://github.com/nphan20181/walmart\_sales/blob/master/walmart\_eda1.ipynb</a>
- Time Series analysis
   <a href="https://github.com/nphan20181/walmart\_sales/blob/master/walmart\_eda2.ipynb">https://github.com/nphan20181/walmart\_sales/blob/master/walmart\_eda2.ipynb</a>
- Time Series Models
   https://github.com/nphan20181/walmart\_sales/blob/master/03\_walmart\_models.ipyn
   b