

Getting Started



{KODE}{LOUD}

www.kodekloud.com

Common Challenges

- Issues with setting up a basic lab
- Issues with connecting to VMs
- Trouble with navigating Linux CLI
- No experience working with text editors
- Errors during installation of application/dependencies
 - Applications – Java, Python, NodeJS
 - Web Servers – Apache, NGINX
 - Databases – MySQL, MongoDB
- Issues with networking between VMs
- Trouble navigating JSON or YAML files



DevOps Pre-Requisite

The screenshot shows the KodeKloud website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for Pricing, Tech Support, Contact Us, Blog, and Login. Below the navigation bar, the main content area features a large banner with the text "1 ЭТАП" and "GET YOUR BASICS RIGHT". A call-to-action button labeled "SCROLL TO STEP 2" with a downward arrow is present. The second step, labeled "2 ЭТАП" and "BEGINNERS", displays three course cards under the heading "CONTAINERS". These courses are "Docker for the Absolute Beginner - Hands On", "Ansible for the Absolute Beginners", and "Puppet for the Absolute Beginners - Hands-on - DevOps". Each course card includes a "ENROLL FREE" button.

KODEKLOUD

Who is this course for?

- ANYONE who wants to start DevOps or Cloud Journey
- Non-IT Background or No Computer Science Degree
- College Students
- Developers trying to learn the basics of Operations
- Operations trying to learn the basics of Development
- Working in IT without a CS Degree

Course Features



VISUAL LEARNING



DEMOS



HANDS-ON LABS



COMMUNITY SUPPORT



Terminal

localhost:80...

localhost:90...

localhost:80

localhost:30...

localhost:50...

+

thor@host01 /\$

01 02 03 04 05

10:22

Which java version is installed on host01 server?

1.8.0_24

13.0.1

13.0.2

11.0.0

1.7

i Hint

logs

all categories ▾

Categories

Latest

New (10)

Unread (17)

Top

+ New Topic

≡

Category

Topics

Latest

Uncategorized

Topics that don't need a category, or don't fit into any other existing category.

67 / month

1 unread

1 new

KodeKloud Engineer

Welcome to the
KodeKloud Engineer
Community!

168 / month

9 unread

9 new

Docker for Beginners

Welcome to the Docker for Beginners Category. Feel free to post your queries on the Docker for the Absolute Beginners course here.

8 / month

2 unread



Deploy WebApplication : Not able to copy
files from jumphost to other servers •

1

2h



Bonus points bug 1
■ KodeKloud Engineer

20

3h



No Task Assigned Till Now Today 2
■ KodeKloud Engineer

16

4h



Linux Resource Limits II task failed
■ KodeKloud Engineer

8

5h



BonusPonitsRemoved

4

7h



Task failed Firewalld •
■ KodeKloud Engineer

1

8h



Install / configure mariadb

5



devops

Worldwide

Jobs ▾

Sort by ▾

Date Posted ▾

LinkedIn Features ▾

Devops in Worldwide

122,547 results

Job Alert Off



Junior DevOps Engineer Promoted

Comcast

Mount Laurel, NJ, US



3 alumni work here

58 minutes ago



DevOps Specialist Promoted

UST Global

Midlands Occidental, Inglaterra, Reino Unido



23 connections work here

1 hour ago · Easy Apply



DevOps Engineer Promoted

Rakuten Viki

Singapore, Singapore

1 day ago · 19 applicants



Devops

Citi

Pune, IN



cloud

Worldwide

Jobs ▾

Sort by ▾

Date Posted ▾

LinkedIn Features ▾

Cloud in Worldwide

381,406 results

Job Alert Off



Cloud Platform Engineer Promoted

Capgemini

Cracow, Lesser Poland District, Poland



121 connections work here

1 week ago · 24 applicants · Easy Apply



Cloud Engineer Promoted

Fannie Mae

Reston, VA, US



7 connections work here

5 days ago · 12 applicants



Cloud Solution Architect Promoted

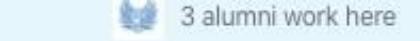
Swiss Re

Kansas City, MO, US



6 alumni work here

6 days ago · 6 applicants



58 minutes ago



DevOps Specialist Promoted

UST Global

Midlands Occidental, Inglaterra, Reino Unido



23 connections work here

1 hour ago · Easy Apply



DevOps Engineer Promoted

Rakuten Viki

Singapore, Singapore

1 day ago · 19 applicants



Devops

Citi

Pune, IN



60 connections work here

1 day ago · 18 applicants



Devops

KWAN

Porto, PT

6 days ago · 1 applicant



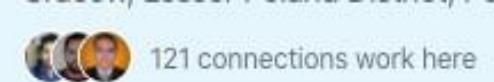
DevOps Specialist

Amdocs

Toronto, Ontario, Canada



33 connections work here



1 week ago · 24 applicants · Easy Apply

Cloud Engineer Promoted

Fannie Mae

Reston, VA, US

7 connections work here

5 days ago · 12 applicants



Cloud Solution Architect Promoted

Swiss Re

Kansas City, MO, US

6 alumni work here

6 days ago · 6 applicants



Cloud Architect

Anonymous

Dublin, IE

15 hours ago



Cloud Engineer

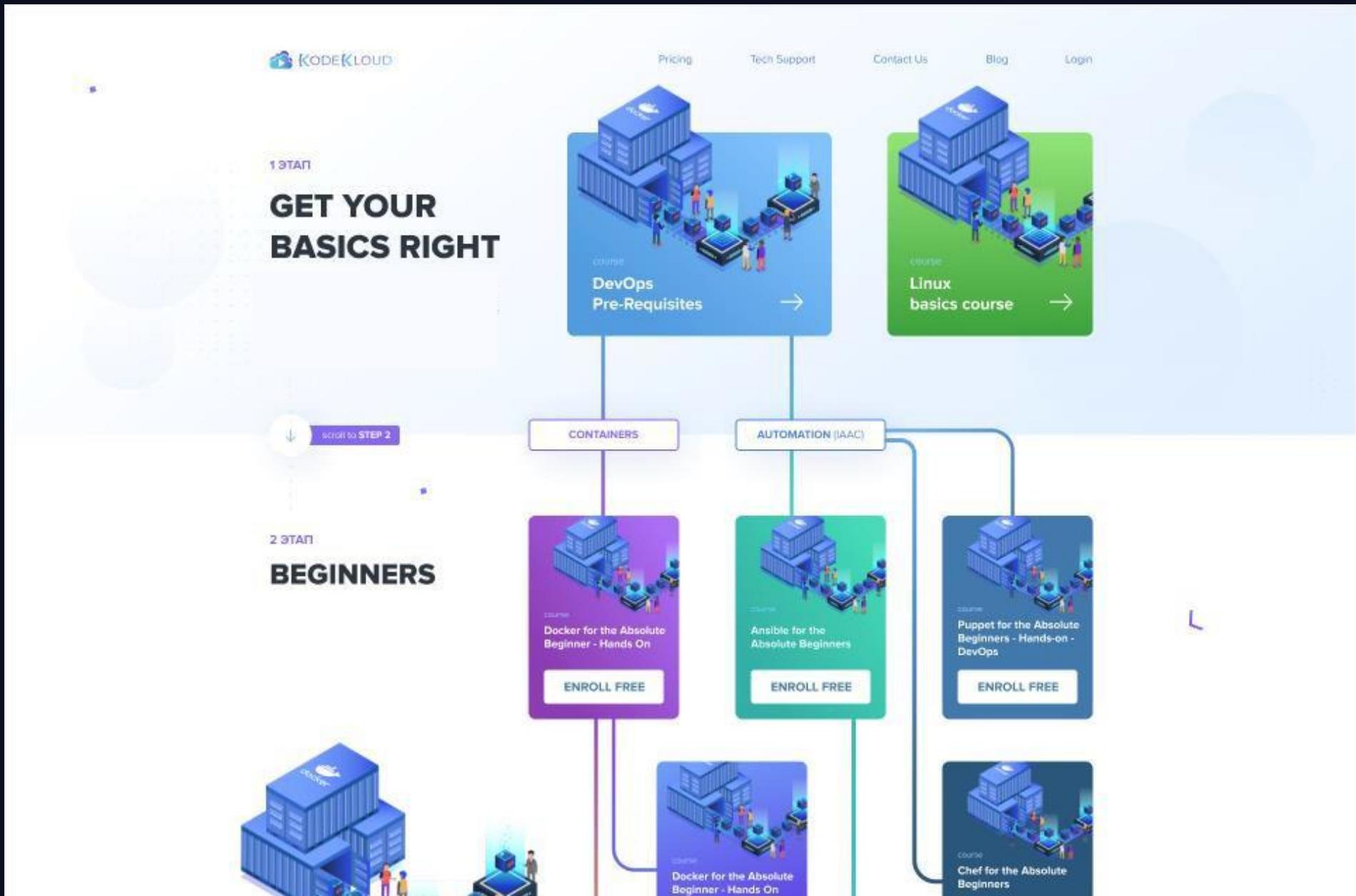
National Australia Bank

Melbourne, Victoria, Australia

6 connections work here

6 hours ago

ROB CLOUD





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just enough



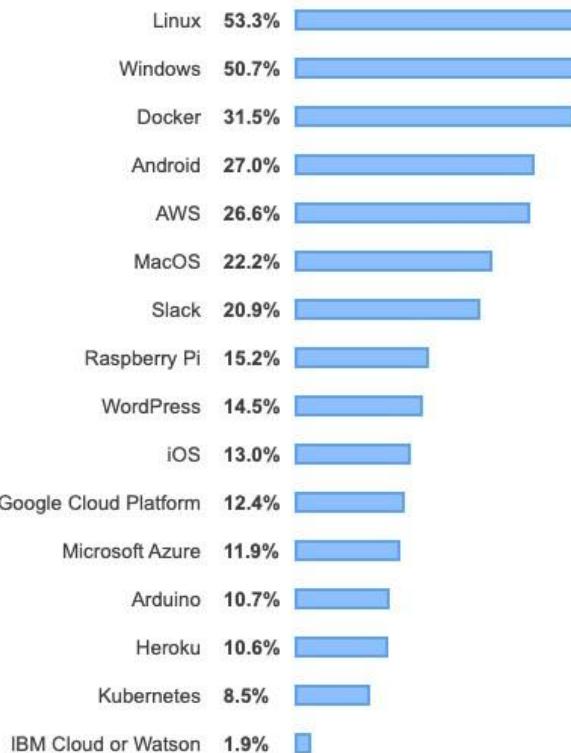
LINUX

Why Linux?

Platforms

All Respondents

Professional Developers



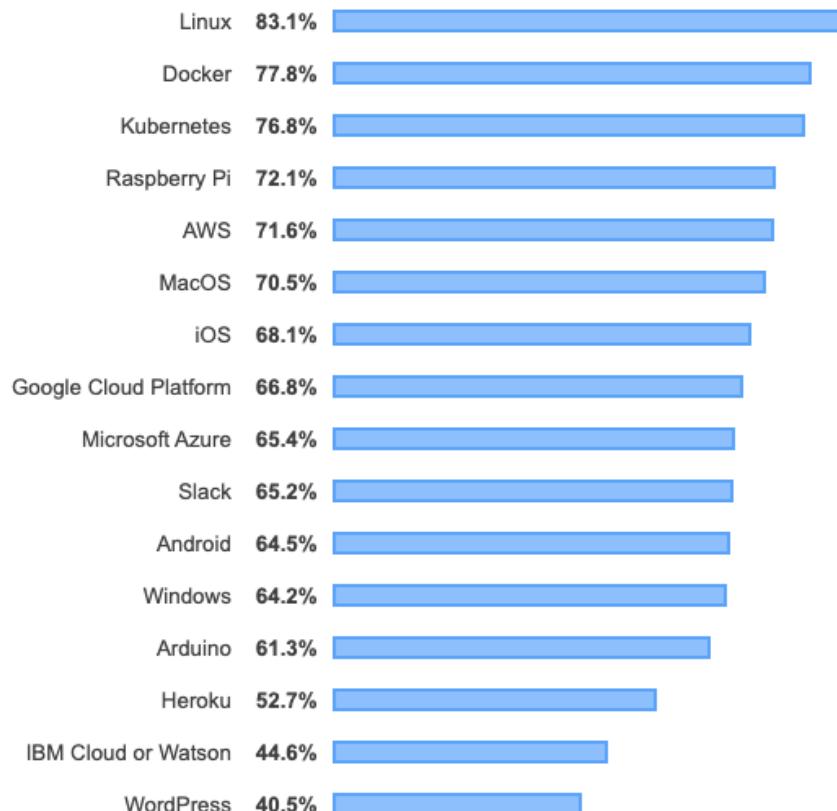
80,144 responses; select all that apply

Most Loved, Dreaded, and Wanted Platforms

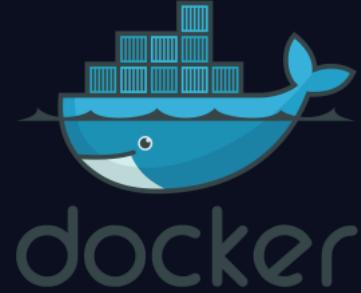
Loved

Dreaded

Wanted



Why Linux?



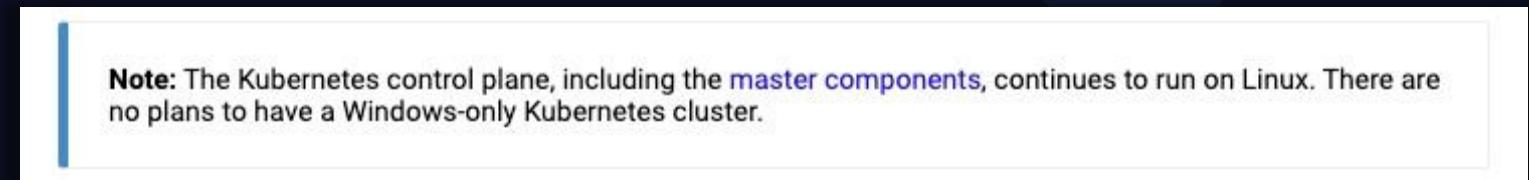
2013 - Docker was born
2016 – Docker for Windows was born



Can Ansible run on Windows? ANSIBLE DOCUMENTATION

No, Ansible can only manage Windows hosts. Ansible cannot run on a Windows host natively, though it can run under the Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL).

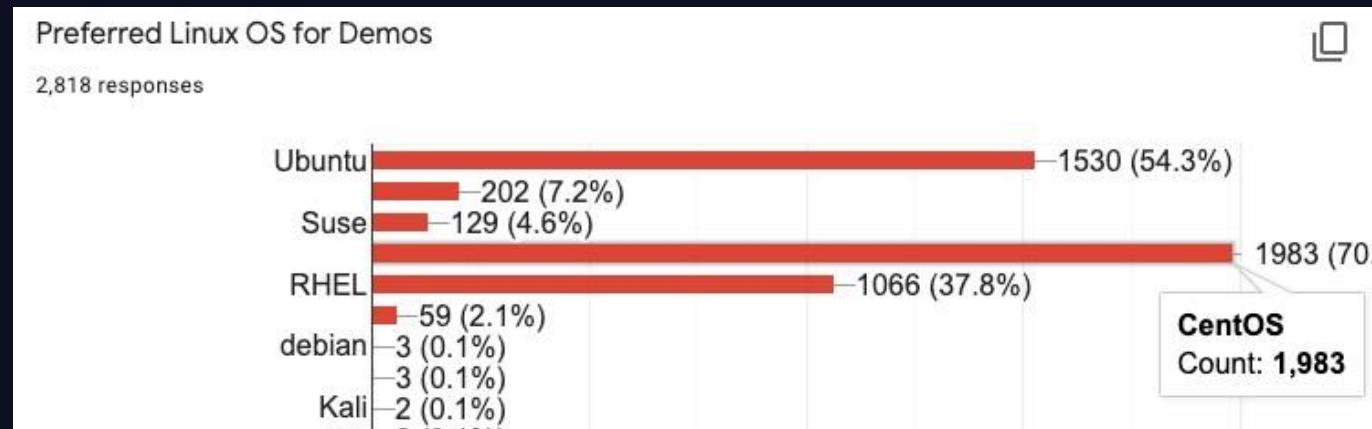
https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/latest/user_guide/windows_faq.html



[Kubernetes Documentation](#)

Linux Basics

- Linux CLI
- VI Editor
- Package Management
- Service Management



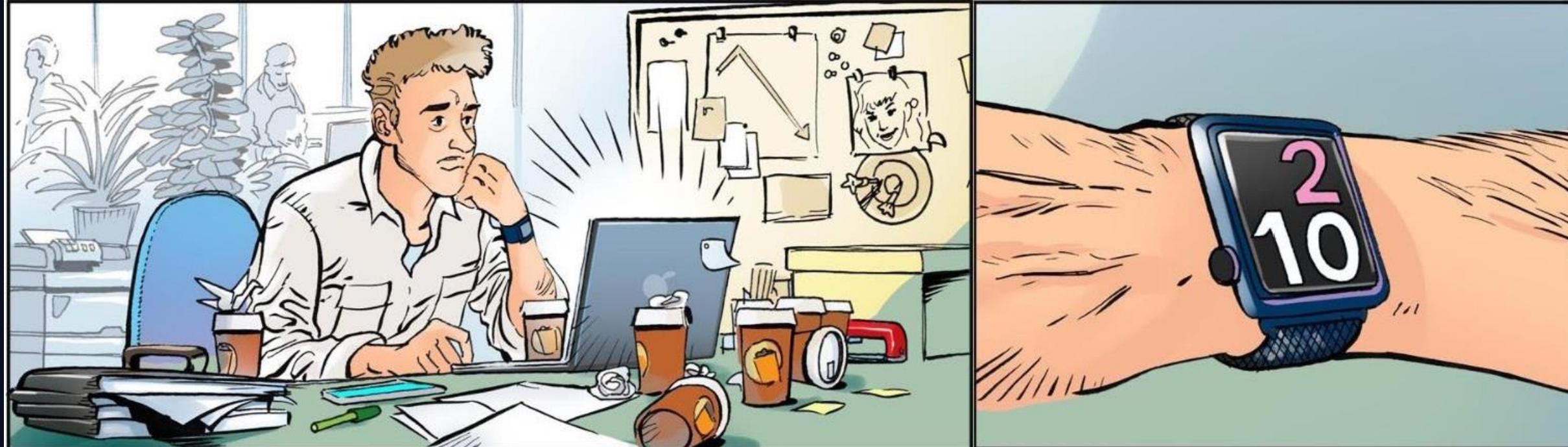
*Allowed multiple selections



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Linux Basics Course

www.kodekloud.com



just enough



LINUX

Shell Types

```
▶ echo $SHELL  
/bin/bash
```

Bourne Shell (Sh Shell)

C Shell (csh or tcsh)

Z Shell (zsh)

Bourne again Shell (bash)

Basic Commands

```
▶ echo Hi
```

```
Hi
```

Print to screen

```
▶ ls
```

```
File.txt my_dir1 file2.conf
```

List files & folders

```
▶ cd my_dir1
```

Change directory

```
▶ pwd
```

```
/home/my_dir1
```

Present Working Directory

```
▶ mkdir new_directory
```

Make Directory

```
▶ cd new_directory; mkdir www; pwd
```

```
/home/my_dir1/new_directory
```

Multiple commands



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Commands - Directories

/tmp/asia/india/bangalore

- ▶ mkdir /tmp/asia
- ▶ mkdir /tmp/asia/india
- ▶ mkdir /tmp/asia/india/bangalore



- ▶ mkdir -p /tmp/asia/india/bangalore

Make Directory Hierarchy

- ▶ rm -r /tmp/my_dir1

Remove Directory

- ▶ cp -r my_dir1 /tmp/my_dir1

Copy Directory



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Commands - Files

```
▶ touch new_file.txt
```

Hi

Create a new file (no contents)

```
▶ cat > new_file.txt
```

This is some sample contents

CTRL + D

Add contents to file

```
▶ cat new_file.txt
```

This is some sample contents

View contents of file

```
▶ cp new_file.txt copy_file.txt
```

Copy File

```
▶ mv new_file.txt sample_file.txt
```

Move (Rename) File

```
▶ rm new_file.txt
```

Remove (Delete) File





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User Accounts

```
▶ whoami
```

```
matthew
```



matthew

```
▶ id
```

```
uid=1001(matthew) gid=1001(matthew) groups=1001(matthew)
```

```
▶ su aparna
```

```
Password:
```

```
▶ ssh aparna@192.168.1.2
```

User Accounts

```
▶ ls /root
```

```
ls: cannot open directory /root: Permission denied
```

```
▶ sudo ls /root
```

```
anaconda-ks.cfg initial-setup-ks.cfg
```



matthew



root

SUDO
/etc/sudoers



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Download Files

```
▶ curl http://www.some-site.com/some-file.txt -O  
some-file.txt
```

```
▶ wget http://www.some-site.com/some-file.txt -O some-file.txt  
some-file.txt
```

Check OS Version

```
▶ ls /etc/*release*
```

```
/etc/centos-release      /etc/os-release   /etc/system-release  
/etc/centos-release-upstream  /etc/redhat-release  /etc/system-release-cpe
```

```
▶ cat /etc/*release*
```

```
CentOS Linux release 7.7.1908 (Core)  
Derived from Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.7 (Source)  
NAME="CentOS Linux"  
VERSION="7 (Core)"  
ID="centos"  
ID_LIKE="rhel fedora"  
VERSION_ID="7"  
PRETTY_NAME="CentOS Linux 7 (Core)"  
ANSI_COLOR="0;31"  
CPE_NAME="cpe:/o:centos:centos:7"  
HOME_URL="https://www.centos.org/"  
BUG_REPORT_URL="https://bugs.centos.org/"
```



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Package Managers

RPM (Red Hat Package Manager)

```
▶ rpm -i telnet.rpm
```

Install Package

```
▶ rpm -e telnet.rpm
```

Uninstall Package

```
▶ rpm -q telnet.rpm
```

Query Package

? ? ? ?



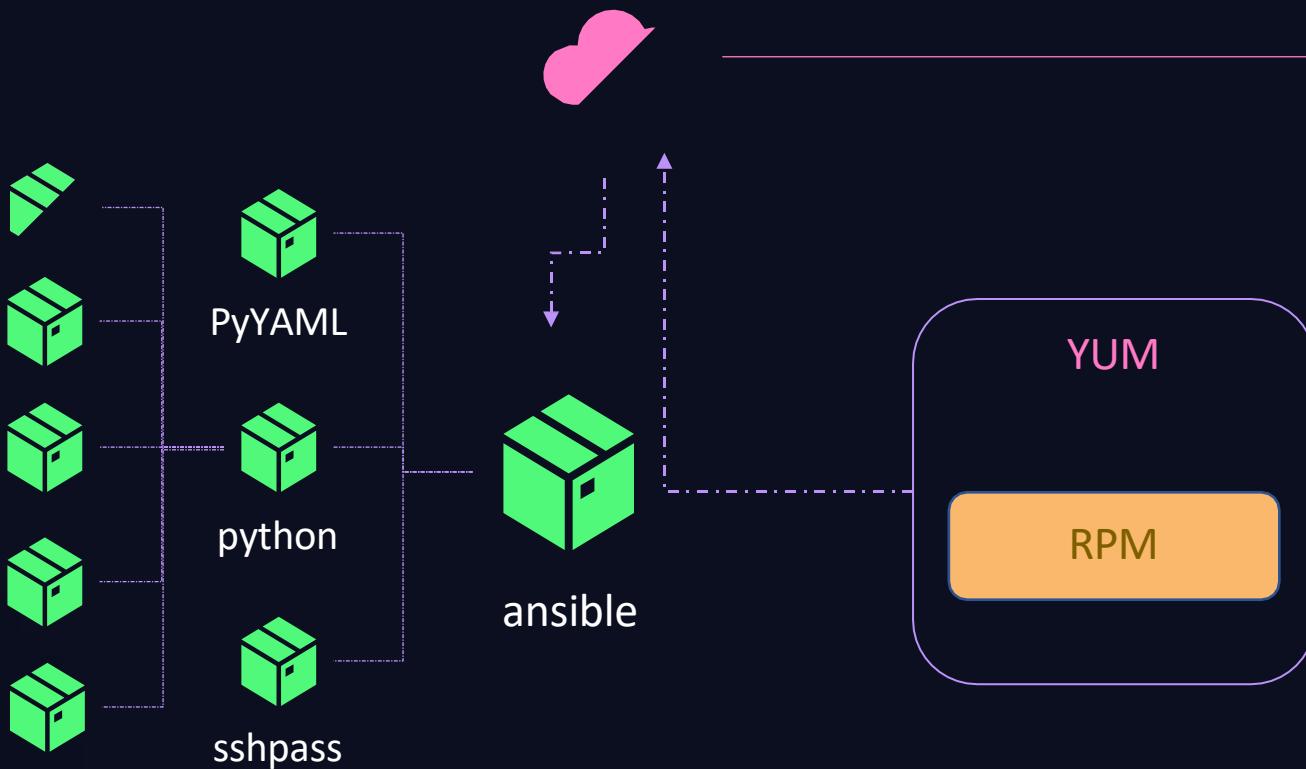
RPM

YUM

▶ `yum install ansible`

Install Package

/etc/yum.repos.d



YUM Repos

```
▶ yum
repo id: base/7
extras/
mongo
mysql-
mysql-
mysql8
update
```

```
▶ ls
CentOS
CentOS
CentOS
CentOS
```

```
▶ cat
[extras]
name=O
baseurl=
```

[Extra Packages for Enterprise Linux \(EPEL\)](#)

Welcome to the home of the EPEL Special Interest Group.

[Quickstart](#)

- [epel-release-latest-6](#)
- [epel-release-latest-7](#)
- [epel-release-latest-8](#)

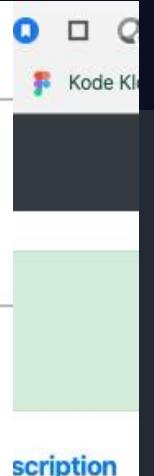
You may retrieve signed binary configuration files from one the above two links (varying by the major release number) automatically installed by root thus:

- RHEL/CentOS 6:

```
# yum install https://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/epel-release-latest-6.noarch.rpm
```

- RHEL/CentOS 7:

```
# yum install https://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/epel-release-latest-7.noarch.rpm
```



scription

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YUM

```
▶ yum list ansible
```

Installed Packages

ansible.noarch	2.9.6-1.el7	@epel
----------------	-------------	-------

```
▶ yum remove ansible
```

```
▶ yum --showduplicates list ansible
```

Available Packages

ansible.noarch	2.4.2.0-2.el7	extras
ansible.noarch	2.9.6-1.el7	epel

```
▶ yum install ansible-2.4.2.0
```



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Services

Services

```
▶ service httpd start
```

Or

```
▶ systemctl start httpd
```

Start HTTPD service

```
▶ systemctl stop httpd
```

Stop HTTPD service

```
▶ systemctl status httpd
```

Check HTTPD service Status

```
▶ systemctl enable httpd
```

Configure HTTPD to start at startup

```
▶ systemctl disable httpd
```

Configure HTTPD to not start at startup



Services

▶ `/usr/bin/python3 /opt/code/my_app.py`

```
* Serving Flask app "my_app" (lazy loading)
* Environment: production
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment.
Use a production WSGI server instead.
* Debug mode: off
* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
```

▶ `curl http://localhost:5000`

```
Hello, World!
```

▶ `systemctl start my_app`

▶ `systemctl stop my_app`

`/etc/systemd/system`

Services

/etc/systemd/system

▶ /usr/bin/python3 /opt/code/my_app.py

```
* Serving Flask app "my_app" (lazy loading)
* Environment: production
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment.
Use a production WSGI server instead.
* Debug mode: off
* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
```

my_app.service

[Service]
ExecStart=

▶ curl http://localhost:5000

Hello, World!

▶ systemctl daemon-reload

▶ systemctl start my_app

Services

/etc/systemd/system

▶ `systemctl status my_app`

```
● my_app.service
  Loaded: loaded (/etc/systemd/system/my_app.service; static; vendor preset: disabled)
  Active: active (running) since Tue 2020-04-07 09:01:39 UTC; 2s ago
    Main PID: 5038 (python3)
   CGroup: /system.slice/my_app.service
          └─5038 /usr/bin/python3 /tmp/app/my_app.py
```

```
Apr 07 09:01:39 systemd[1]: Started my_app.service.
Apr 07 09:01:39 python3[5038]: * Serving Flask app "my_app" (lazy loading)
Apr 07 09:01:39 python3[5038]: * Environment: production
Apr 07 09:01:39 python3[5038]: WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a produ...ent.
Apr 07 09:01:39 python3[5038]: Use a production WSGI server instead.
Apr 07 09:01:39 python3[5038]: * Debug mode: off
Apr 07 09:01:39 python3[5038]: * Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
Hint: Some lines were ellipsized, use -l to show in full.
```

my_app.service

[Service]

`ExecStart= /usr/bin/python3 /opt/code/my_app.py`

[Install]

`WantedBy=multi-user.target`

▶ `systemctl daemon-reload`

▶ `systemctl start my_app`

▶ `systemctl stop my_app`

▶ `systemctl enable my_app`

▶ `curl http://localhost:5000`

Hello, World!

Services

/etc/systemd/system

▶ `systemctl status my_app`

```
● my_app.service
  Loaded: loaded (/etc/systemd/system/my_app.service; static; vendor preset: disabled)
  Active: active (running) since Tue 2020-04-07 09:01:39 UTC; 2s ago
    Main PID: 5038 (python3)
   CGroup: /system.slice/my_app.service
           └─5038 /usr/bin/python3 /tmp/app/my_app.py
```

```
Apr 07 09:01:39 systemd[1]: Started my_app.service.
Apr 07 09:01:39 python3[5038]: * Serving Flask app "my_app" (lazy loading)
Apr 07 09:01:39 python3[5038]: * Environment: production
Apr 07 09:01:39 python3[5038]: WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a produ...ent.
Apr 07 09:01:39 python3[5038]: Use a production WSGI server instead.
Apr 07 09:01:39 python3[5038]: * Debug mode: off
Apr 07 09:01:39 python3[5038]: * Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
Hint: Some lines were ellipsized, use -l to show in full.
```

my_app.service

[Unit]

Description=My python web application

[Service]

ExecStart= /usr/bin/python3 /opt/code/my_app.py

ExecStartPre=/opt/code/configure_db.sh

ExecStartPost=/opt/code/email_status.sh

Restart=always

[Install]

WantedBy=multi-user.target

▶ `curl http://localhost:5000`

Hello, World!

▶ `systemctl daemon-reload`

▶ `systemctl start my_app`

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Service Unit File - Docker

```
/lib/systemd/system/docker.service
```

```
[Unit]
Description=Docker Application Container Engine
Documentation=https://docs.docker.com
BindsTo=containerd.service
After=network-online.target firewalld.service containerd.service
Wants=network-online.target
Requires=docker.socket

[Service]
Type=notify
ExecStart=/usr/bin/dockerd -H fd:// --containerd=/run/containerd/containerd.sock
ExecReload=/bin/kill -s HUP $MAINPID
Restart=always
StartLimitBurst=3
StartLimitInterval=60s
LimitNOFILE=infinity
LimitNPROC=infinity
LimitCORE=infinity

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```



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VI Editor

Working with Files

```
▶ cat > index.html
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h1>The VIM Poem</h1>

<p>The wise man said just walk this way</p>
<p>To the dawn of the light</p>
<p>The wind will blow into your face</p>
<p>As the years pass you by</p>
<p>Hear this voice from deep inside</p>
<p>It's the call of your heart</p>
<p>Close your eyes and your will find</p>
<p>The passage out of the dark</p>
<p>V-I-M</p>
<p>Will you send me an angel</p>
<p>V-I-M</p>
</body>
</html>
```

CTRL + D

VI Editor

► vi index.html

COMMAND
MODE

esc

INSERT
MODE

i

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h1>The VIM Poem</h1>

<p>The wise man said just walk this way</p>
<p>To the dawn of the light</p>
<p>The wind will blow into your face</p>
<p>As the years pass you by</p>
<p>Hear this voice from deep inside</p>
<p>It's the call of your heart</p>
<p>Close your eyes and your will find</p>
<p>The passage out of the dark</p>
<p>V-I-M</p>
<p>Will you send me an angel</p>
<p>V-I-M</p>
</body>
</html>
```

-- INSERT --

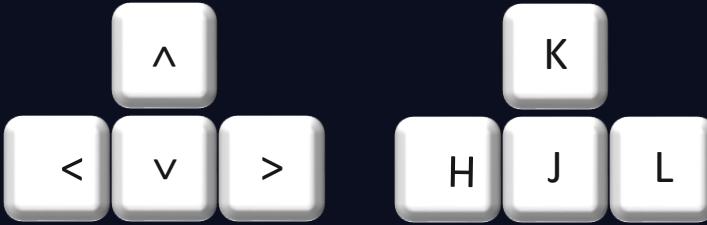
20,1

All

UD

VI Editor - Command Mode

Move Around



Delete

x

dd

Copy & Paste

yy

p

Scroll Up/Down

CTRL +u

CTRL +d

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h1>The VIM Poem</h1>

<p>The wise man said just walk this way</p>
<p>To the dawn of the light</p>
<p>The wind will blow into your face</p>
<p>As the years pass you by</p>
<p>Hear this voice from deep inside</p>
<p>It's the call of your heart</p>
<p>Close your eyes and your will find</p>
<p>The passage out of the dark</p>
<p>V-I-M</p>
<p>Will you send me an angel</p>
<p>V-I-M</p>
</body>
</html>
```

VI Editor - Command Mode

Command

:

Save

:w

:w filename

Quit (Discard)

:q

Save + Quit

:wq

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h1>The VIM Poem</h1>

<p>The wise man said just walk this way</p>
<p>To the dawn of the light</p>
<p>The wind will blow into your face</p>
<p>As the years pass you by</p>
<p>Hear this voice from deep inside</p>
<p>It's the call of your heart</p>
<p>Close your eyes and your will find</p>
<p>The passage out of the dark</p>
<p>V-I-M</p>
<p>Will you send me an angel</p>
<p>V-I-M</p>
|
</body>
</html>
```

~

~

~

~

~

~

:

VI Editor - Command Mode

Find

/of

n

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h1>The VIM Poem</h1>

<p>The wise man said just walk this way</p>
<p>To the dawn of the light</p>
<p>The wind will blow into your face</p>
<p>As the years pass you by</p>
<p>Hear this voice from deep inside</p>
<p>It's the call of your heart</p>
<p>Close your eyes and your will find</p>
<p>The passage out of the dark</p>
<p>V-I-M</p>
<p>Will you send me an angel</p>
<p>V-I-M</p>

</body>
</html>
~
```

/of

8,16

All



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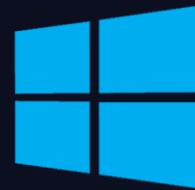
Lab Setup

Virtualization S/W

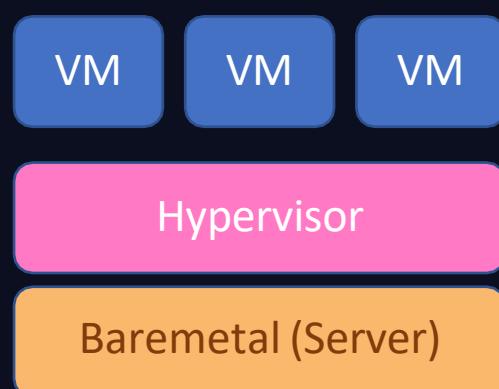
Type 1



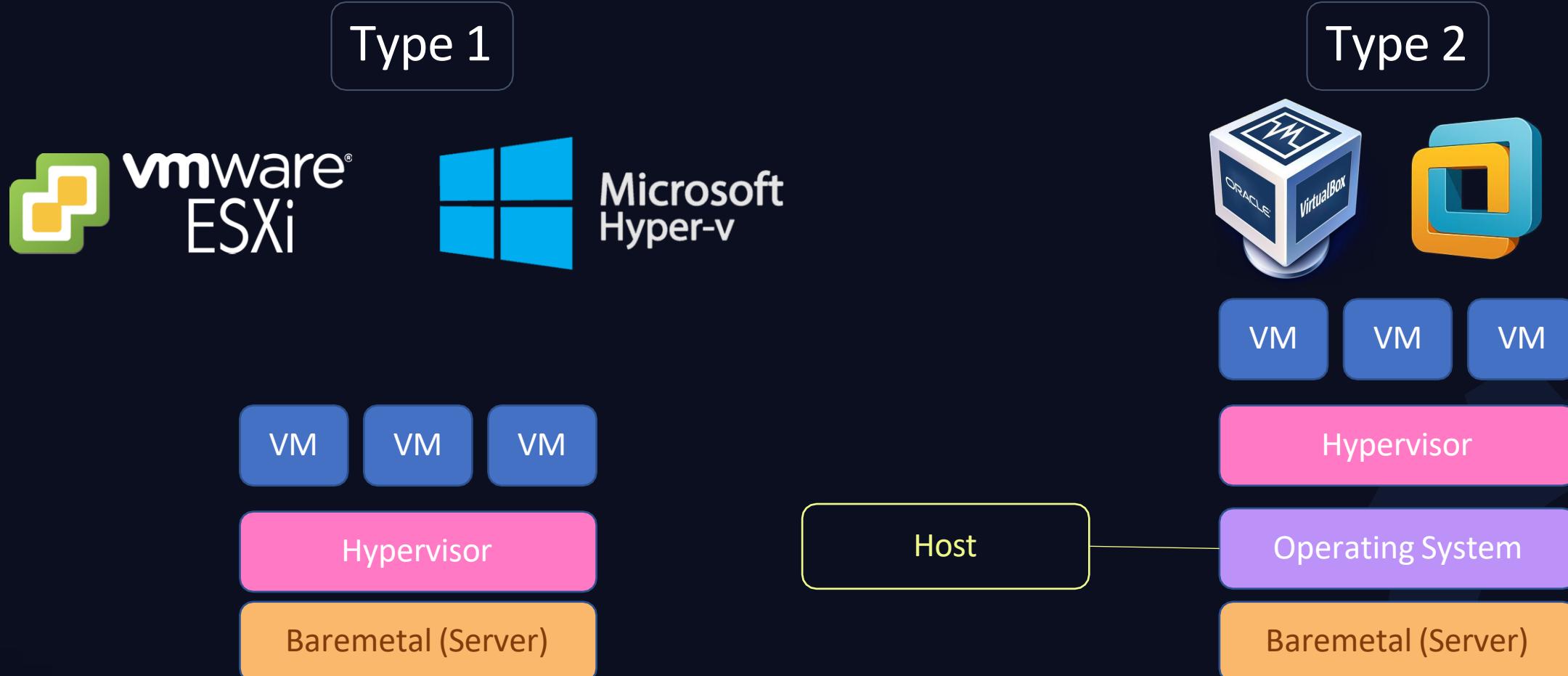
vmware
ESXi



Microsoft
Hyper-v



Virtualization S/W



Virtualization S/W

- FREE
- OpenSource
- Install Anywhere – Windows, Linux, MAC
- Snapshots & Clones
- Run Multiple VMs
- Networking



Oracle VirtualBox



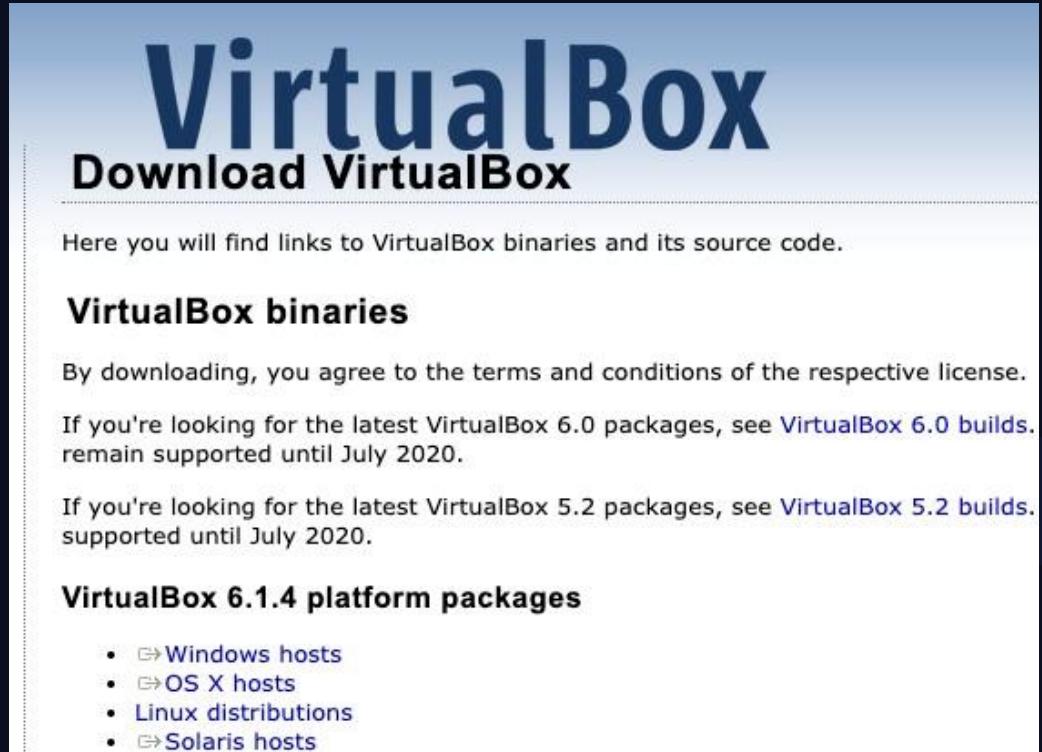
VMWare Workstation

- Commercial
- Install Anywhere – Windows, Linux
- Snapshots & Clones
- VMWare Player:
 - Free
 - Windows/Linux
 - One VM at a time
 - No Snapshots
- VMWare Fusion:
 - Free
 - Mac
 - One VM at a time
 - No Snapshots

Oracle VirtualBox

- Support:
 - Windows, MAC OS X, Linux, Solaris
<https://www.virtualbox.org/manual/ch01.html#hostossupport>
- Resource Requirements:
 - CPU: x86 Intel or AMD
 - Memory: 512 MB
 - Disk space: 30 MB
- Recommended Resources:
 - CPU: Dual or Quadcore
 - Memory: 4 GB
 - Disk Space: 100 GB

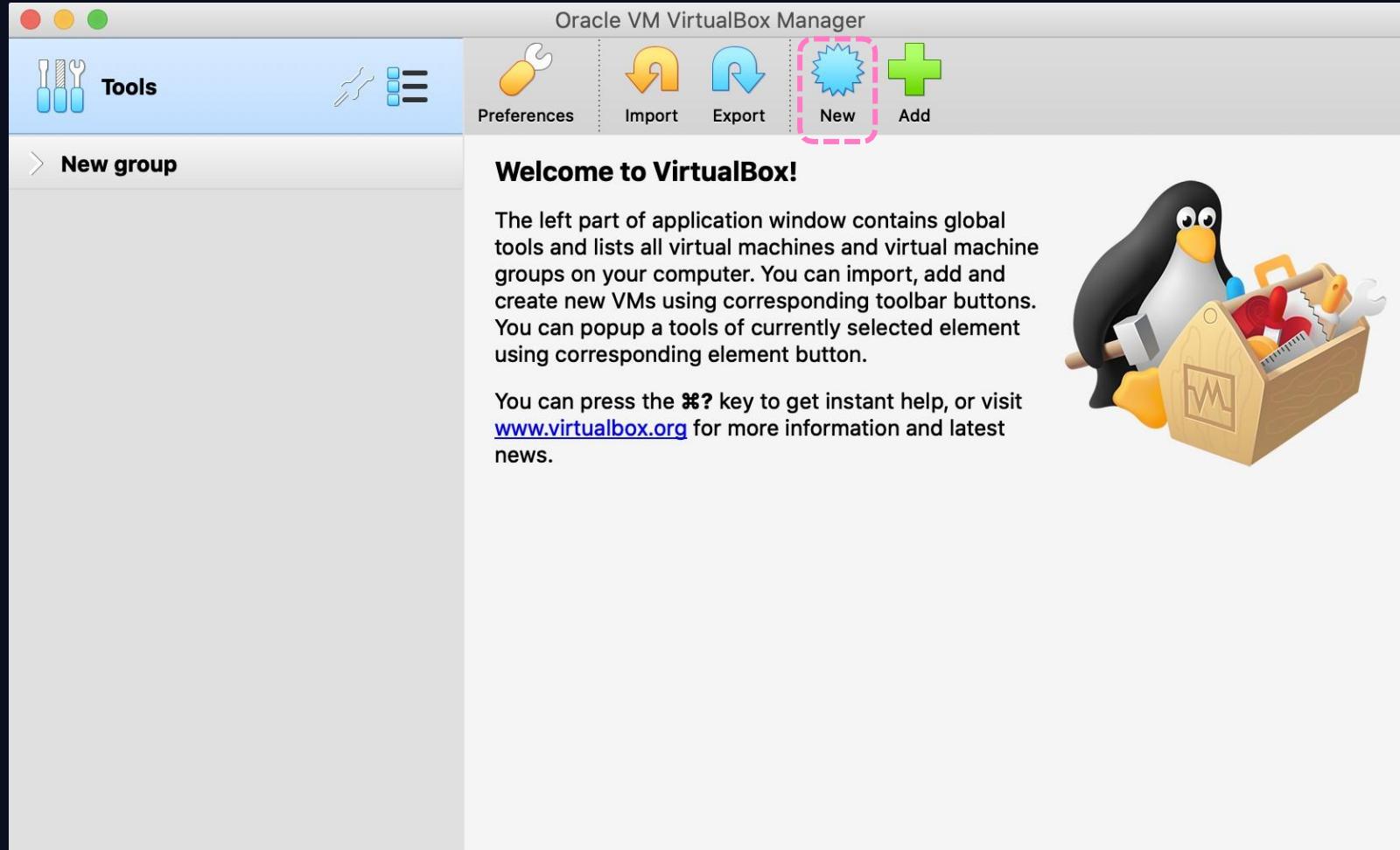
The more the better



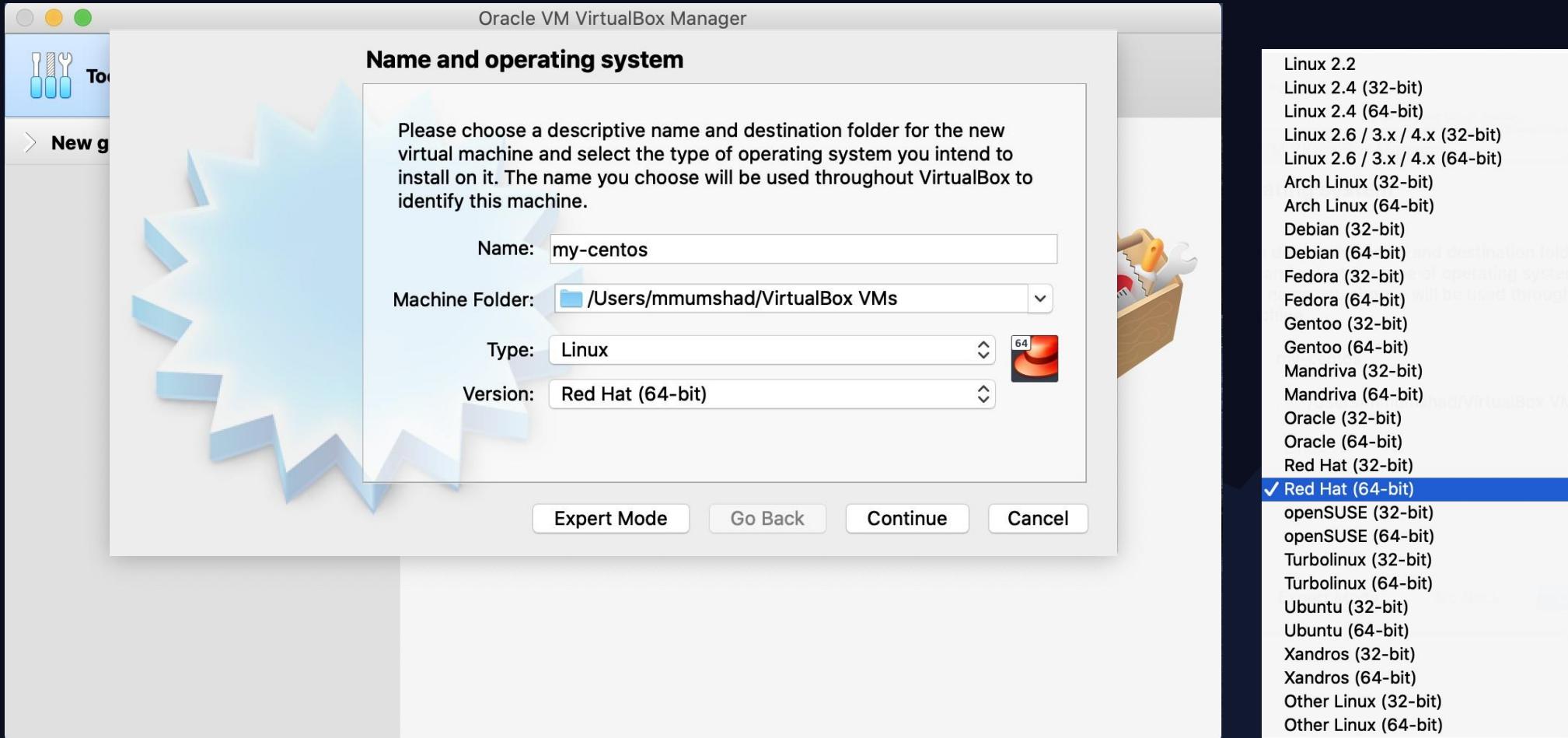
The screenshot shows the official VirtualBox download page. At the top, it features the "VirtualBox" logo and a large "Download VirtualBox" button. Below this, a sub-header reads "Here you will find links to VirtualBox binaries and its source code." A section titled "VirtualBox binaries" contains a note about accepting terms and conditions for download. It also mentions that the latest VirtualBox 6.0 packages remain supported until July 2020, while VirtualBox 5.2 packages were supported until July 2020. A separate section for "VirtualBox 6.1.4 platform packages" lists links for Windows hosts, OS X hosts, Linux distributions, and Solaris hosts.

<https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads>

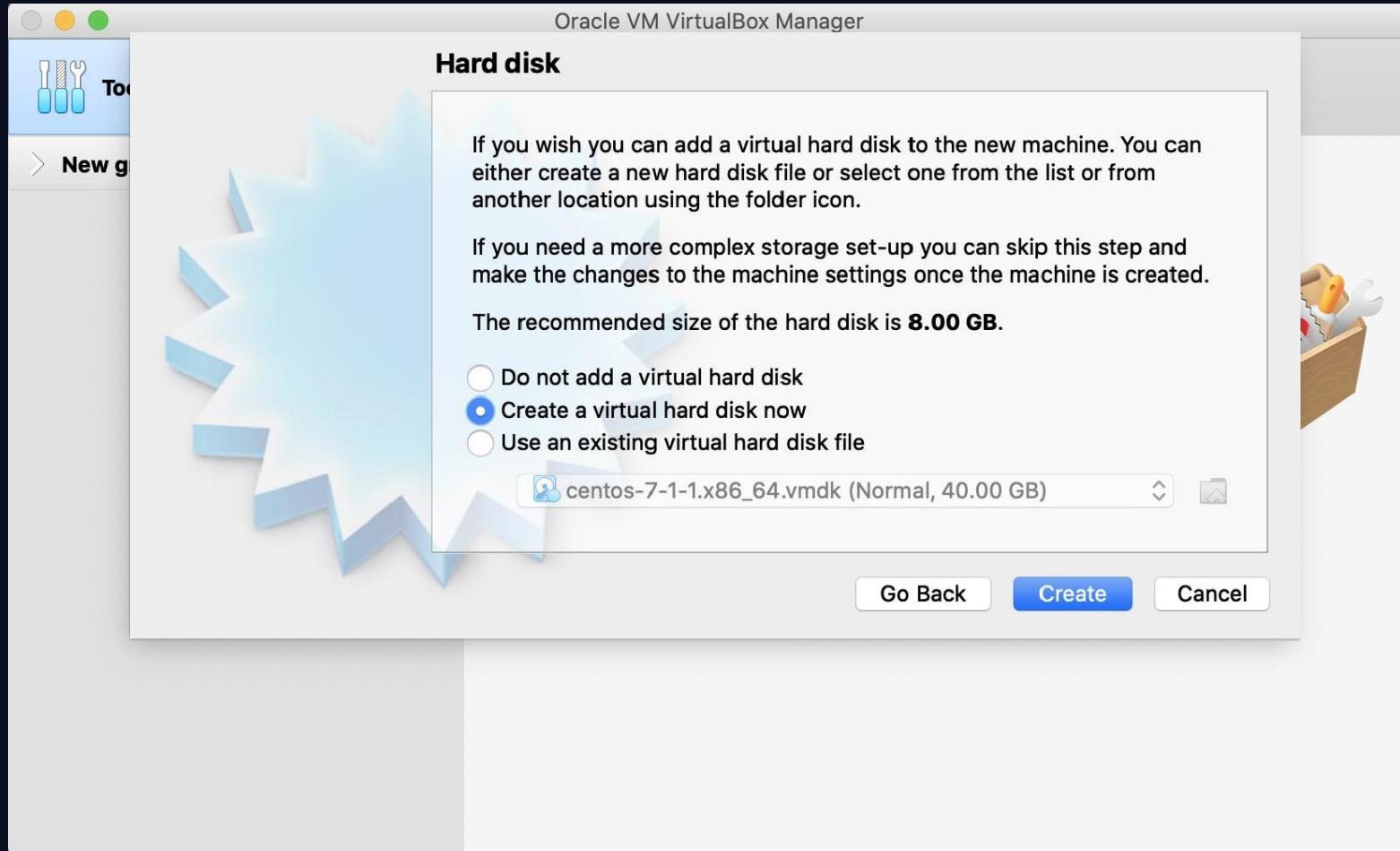
Oracle VirtualBox



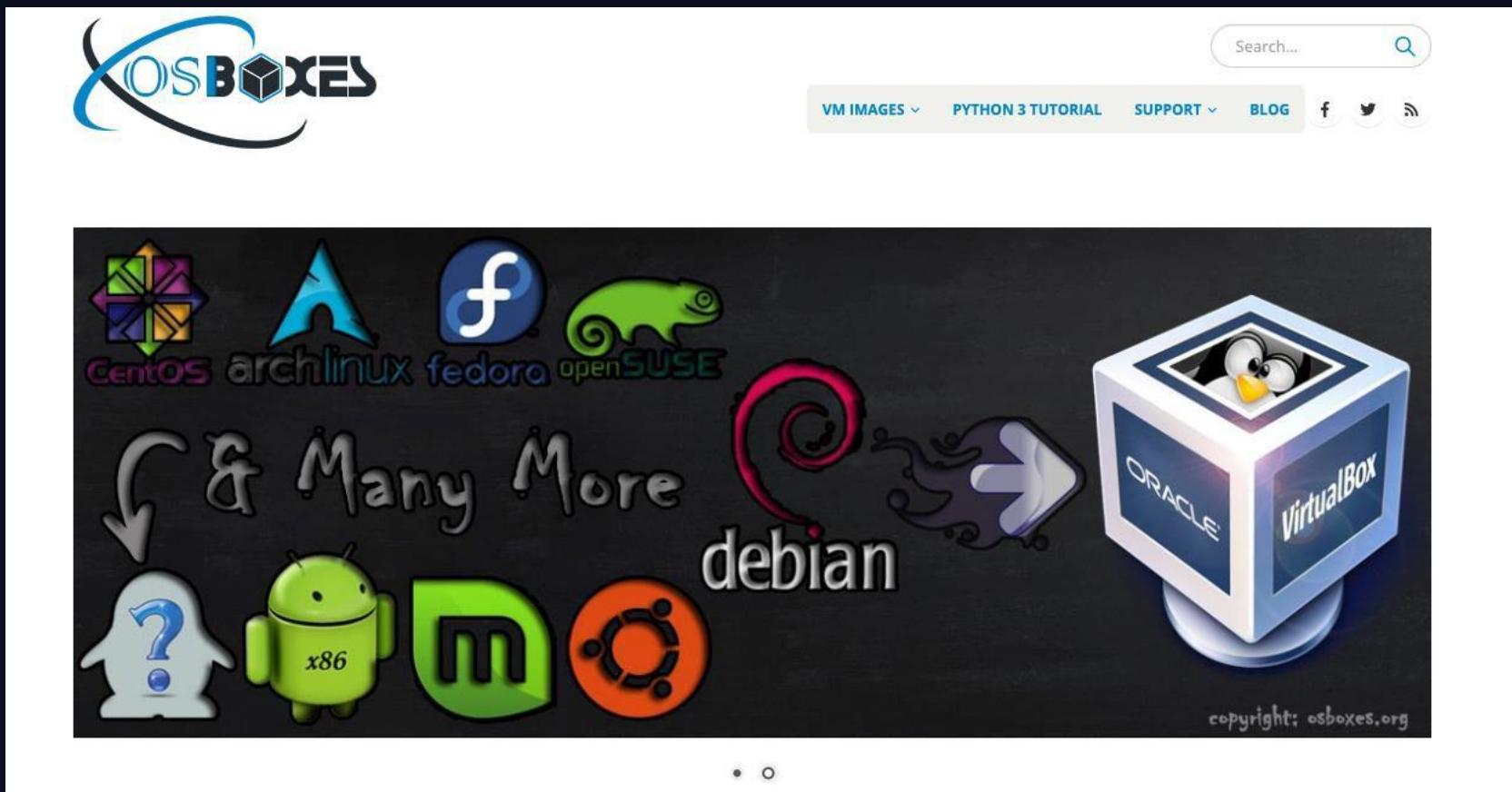
Oracle VirtualBox



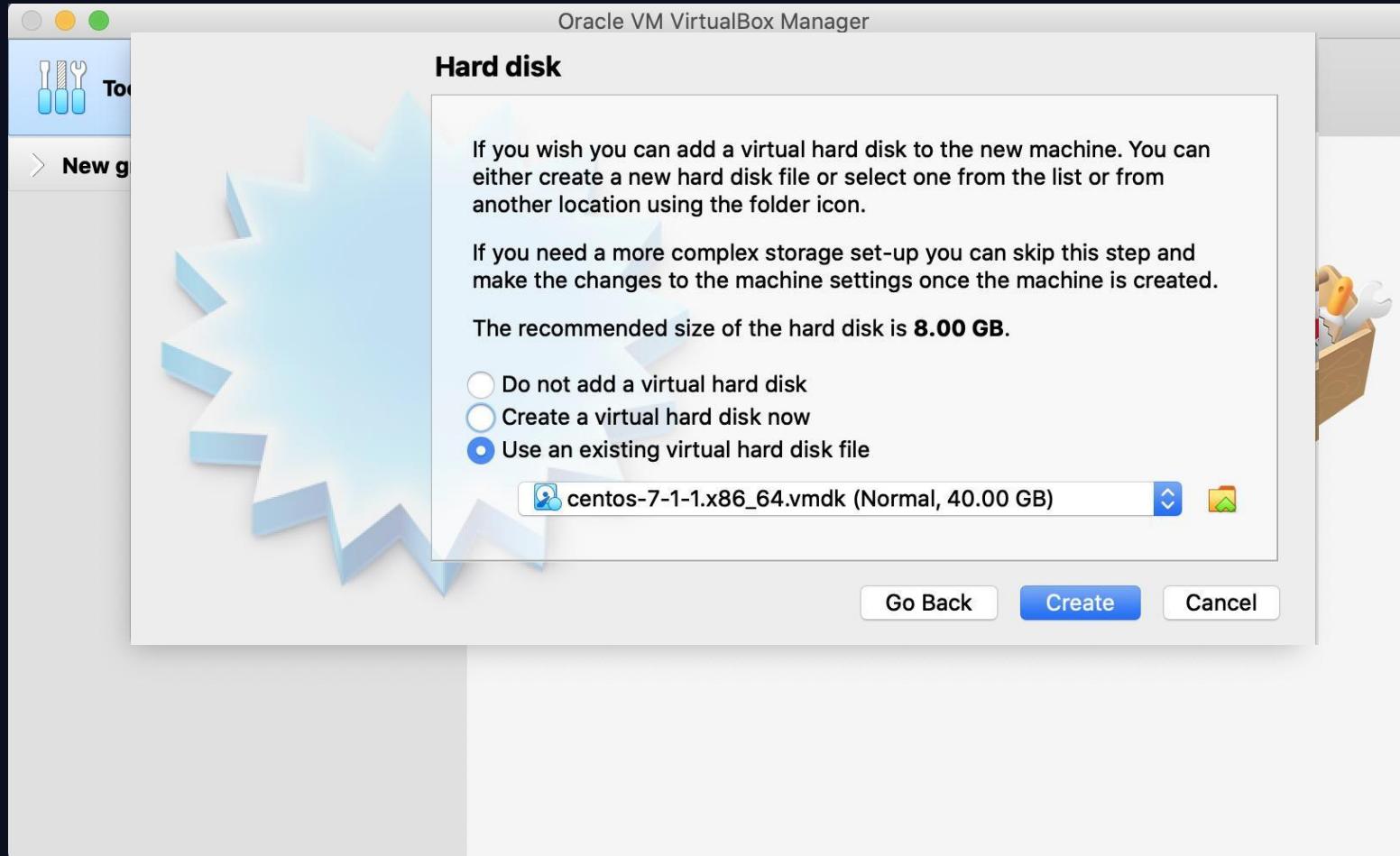
Oracle VirtualBox



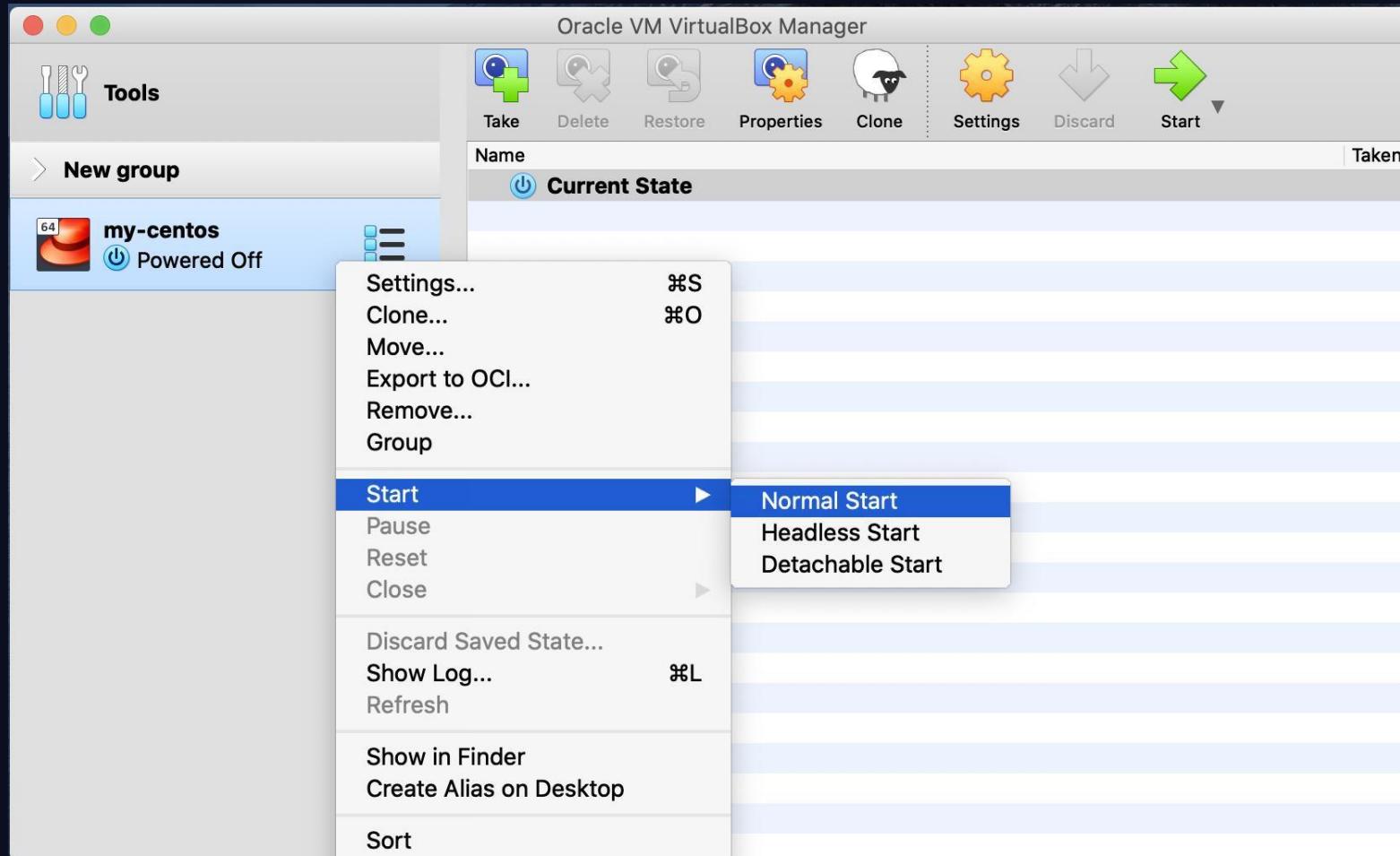
Images



Oracle VirtualBox



Start





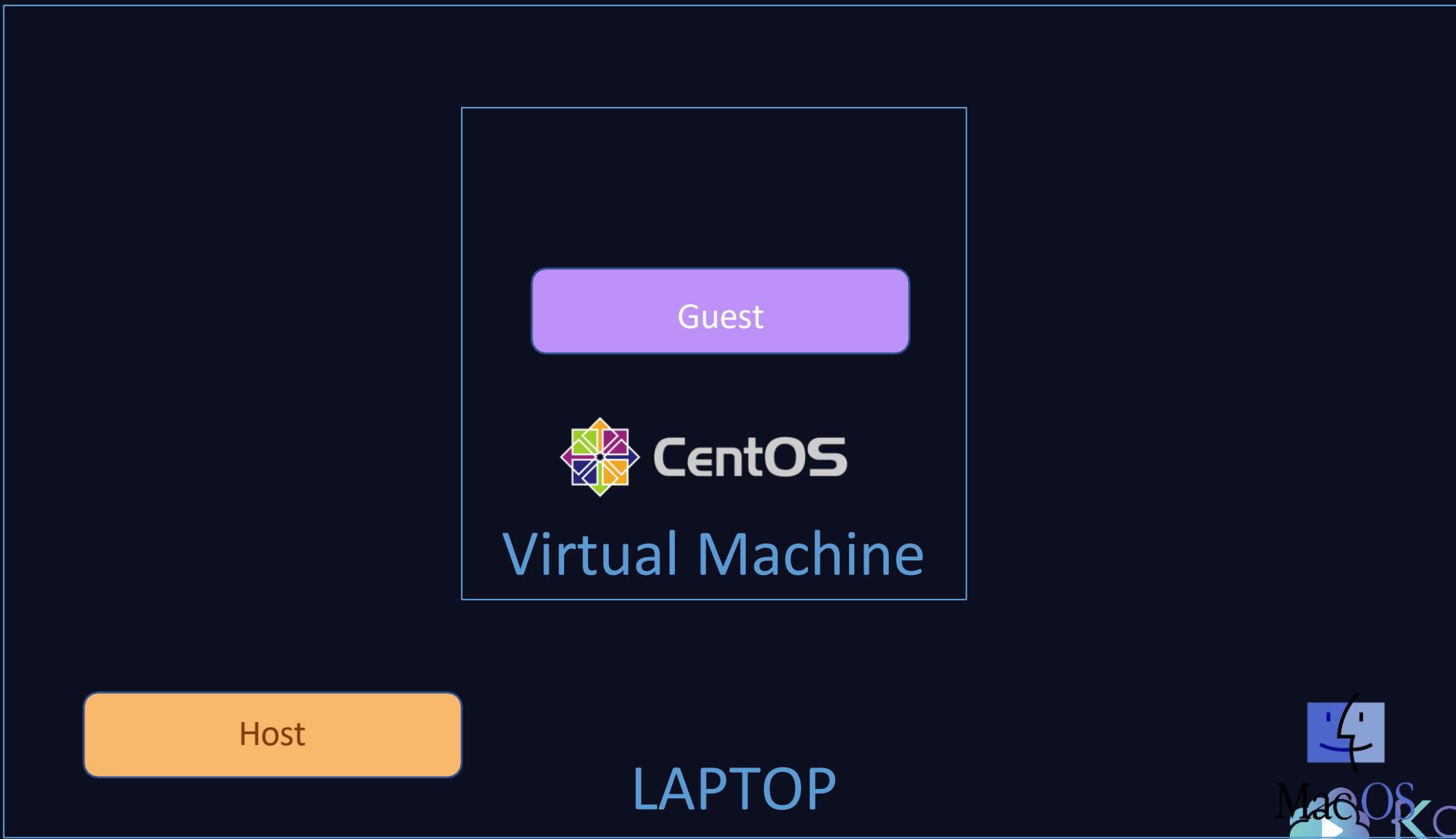
{KODE}{CLOUD}

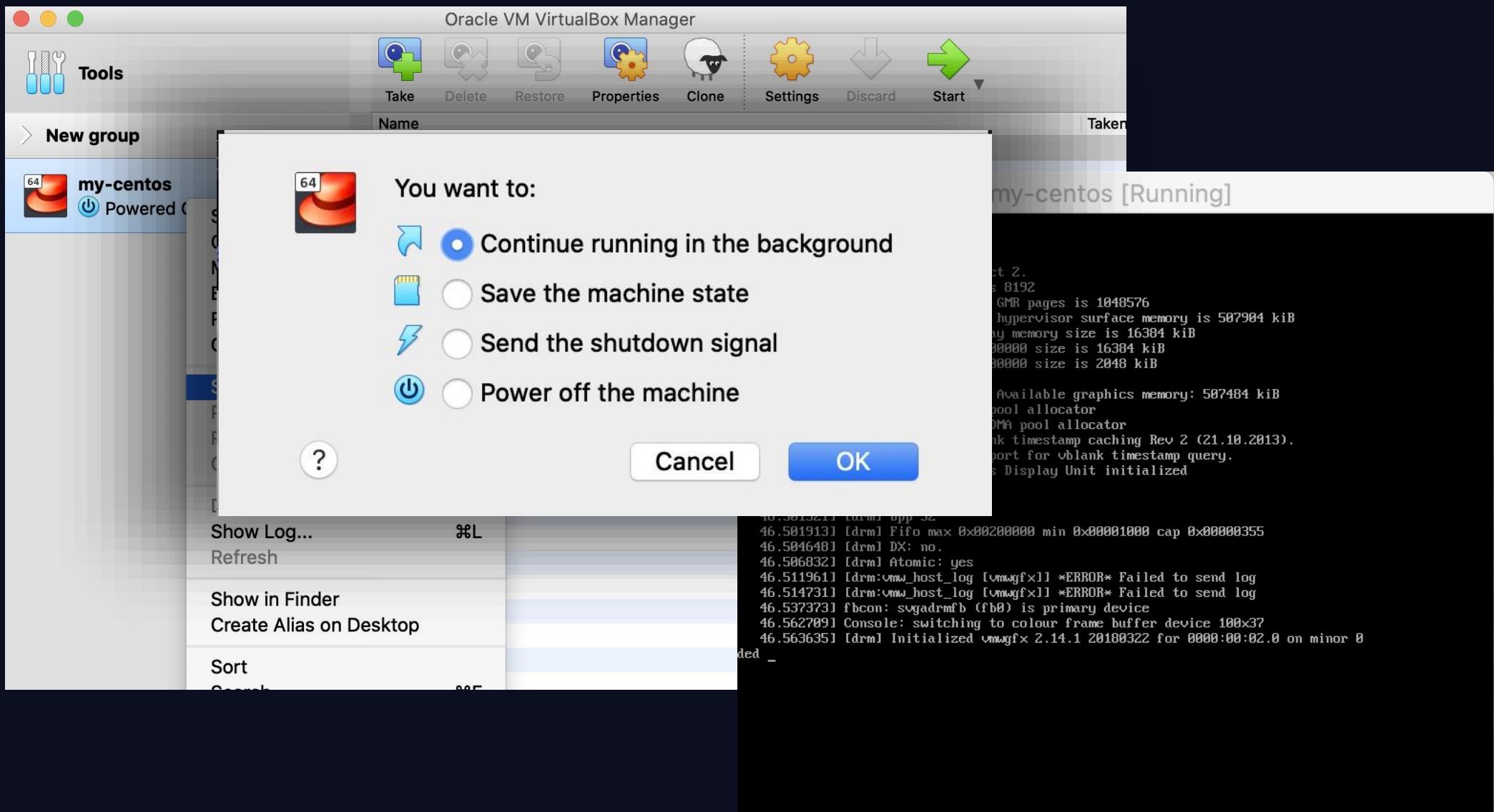


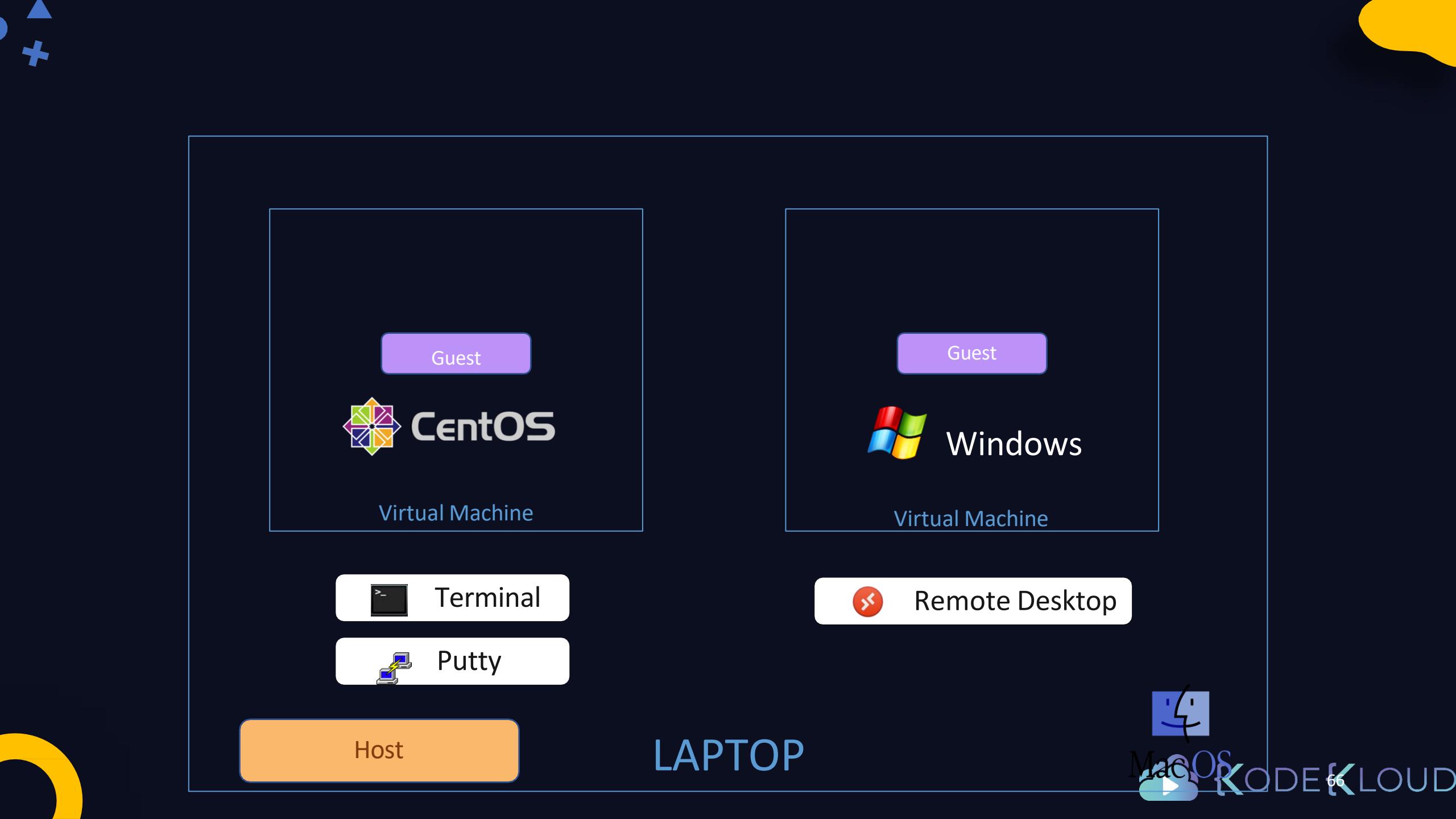
Connectivity

Frequently Asked Questions

- How do I connect to the VM?
- How do I SSH into my VM?
- Why can't I access the server on my VM?
- What's Port mapping?







► guest> service sshd status

```
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl status sshd.service
● sshd.service - OpenSSH server daemon
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/sshd.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Sun 2020-03-22 11:57:47 UTC; 1 day 18h ago
     Docs: man:sshd(8)
           man:sshd_config(5)
 Main PID: 2406 (sshd)
   CGroup: /system.slice/sshd.service
          └─2406 /usr/sbin/sshd -D -u0
```

► host> ssh 192.168.1.10

Host

LAPTOP

Services

File Action View Help



Services (Local)

Name

Name	Description
Remote Access Connection Manager	Manages direct connections to the computer
Remote Desktop Configuration	Configures the Remote Desktop connection settings
Remote Desktop Services	Allows users to connect to the computer via Remote Desktop
Remote Desktop Services UserMode Port Redirector	Allows the Remote Desktop Services component to redirect ports
Remote Procedure Call (RPC)	The RPCSS service
Remote Procedure Call (RPC) Locator	In Windows, the RPC-Locator service
Remote Registry	Enables remote access to the registry
Routing and Remote Access	Offers routing and remote access services
RPC Endpoint Mapper	Resolves RPC endpoint names

Extended Standard

Remote Desktop

MacOS KODEKLOUD

IP Address

```
▶ guest> ip addr show
```

```
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000  
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00  
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo  
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever  
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host  
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever  
2: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_fast state UP group default qlen 1000  
    link/ether 52:54:00:8a:fe:e6 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff  
    inet 192.168.1.10/24 brd 192.168.1.255 scope global noprefixroute dynamic eth0  
        valid_lft 86387sec preferred_lft 86387sec
```

```
▶ guest> ip addr add 192.168.1.10/24 dev eth0
```

Start SSH service

```
▶ guest> service sshd status
```

```
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl status sshd.service
● sshd.service - OpenSSH server daemon
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/sshd.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Wed 2020-03-25 09:29:51 UTC; 3h 53min ago
     Docs: man:sshd(8)
           man:sshd_config(5)
```

```
▶ guest> service sshd start
```



{KODE}{CLOUD}

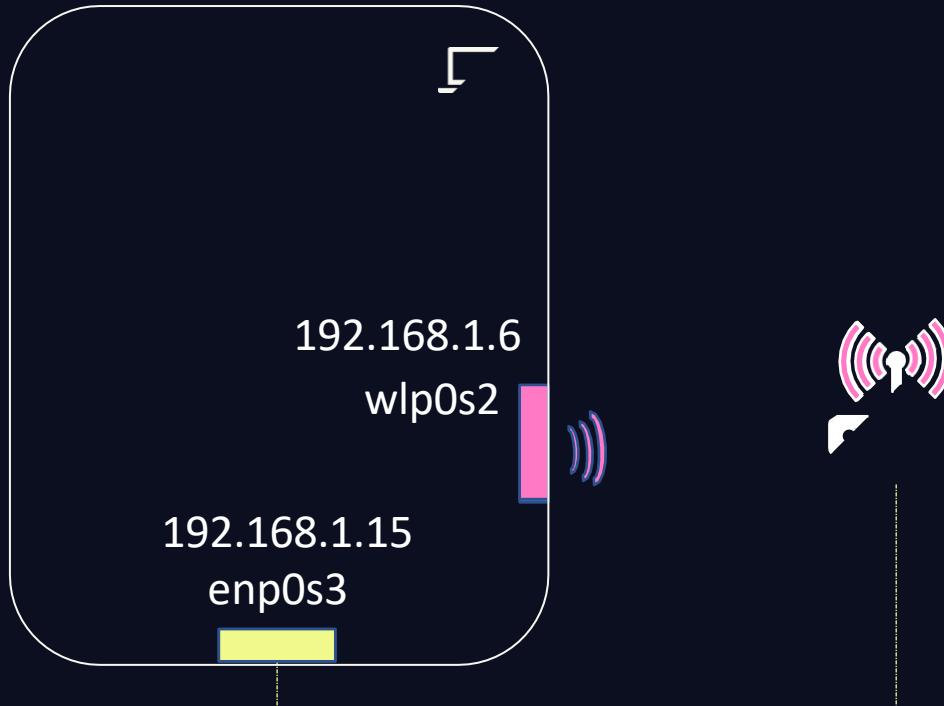


Networking

Objectives

- Networking in VirtualBox
- Networking Adapters
- NAT
- Bridge
- Host Only
- Internet Connectivity

IP Address

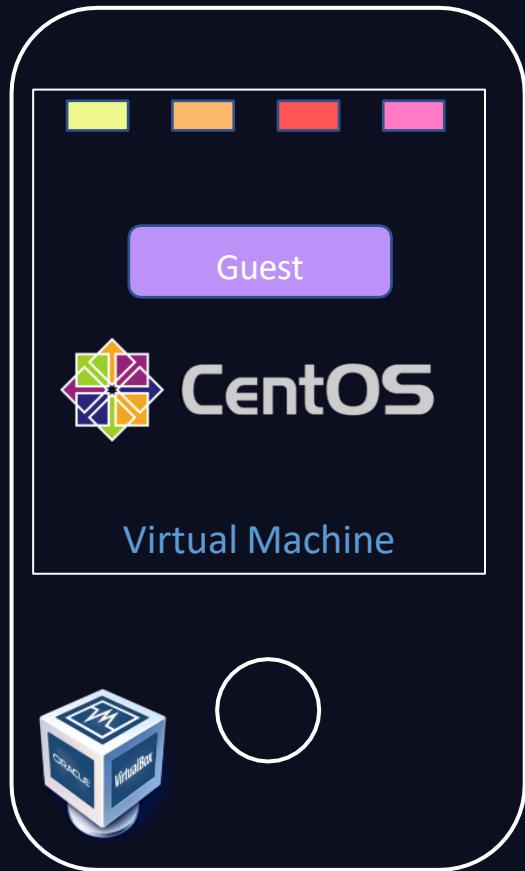


```
▶ ip addr show
```

```
2: enp0s3: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_f  
1000  
    link/ether 02:0e:0c:9a:00:f0 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff  
    inet 192.168.1.5/24 brd 192.168.1.255 scope global enp0s3
```

```
3: wlp0s2: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_f  
1000  
    link/ether dc:fb:48:dd:4b:4f brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff  
    inet 192.168.1.6/24 brd 192.168.1.255 scope global enp0s3
```

VirtualBox Networking

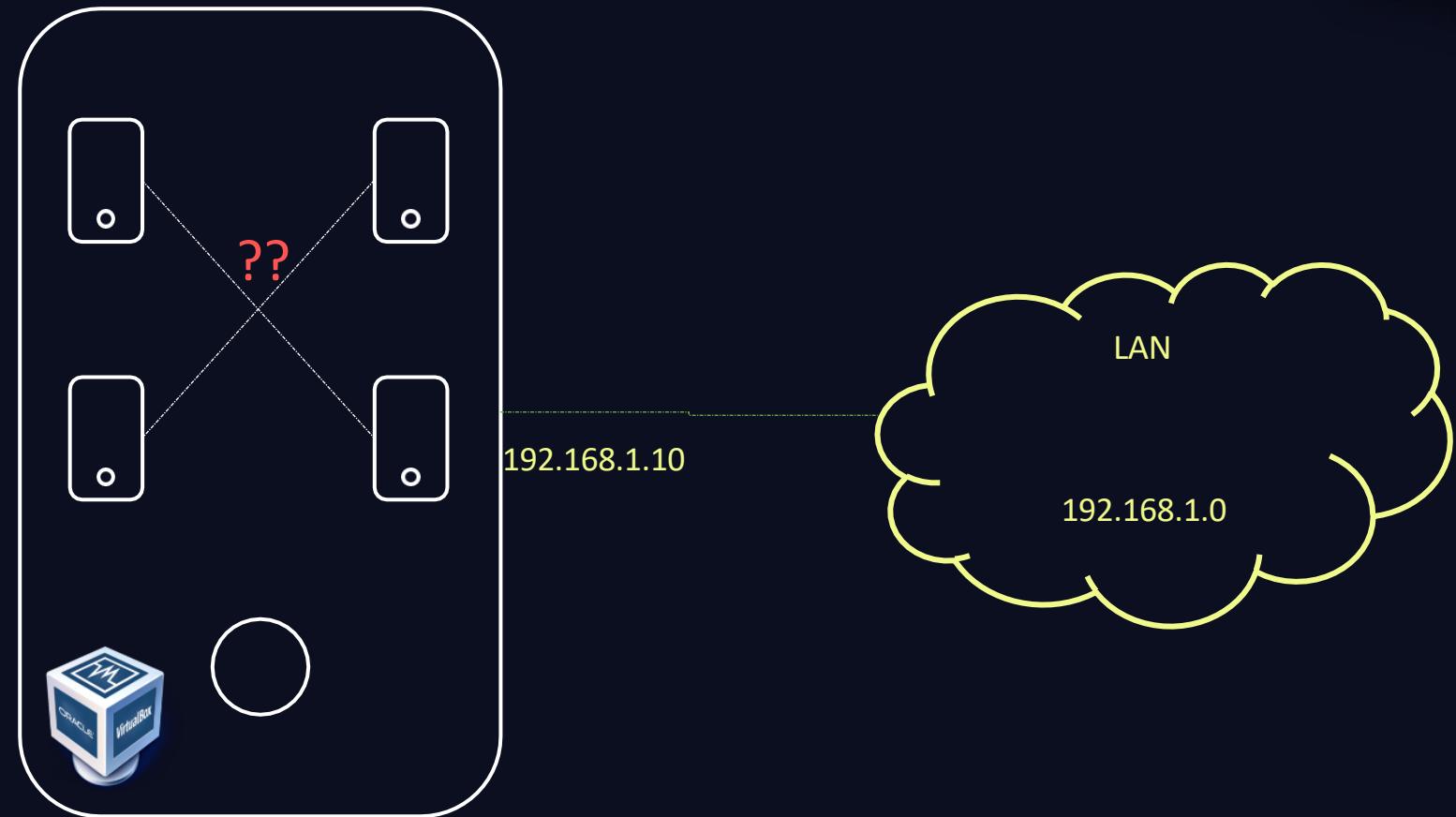


The screenshot shows the "Network" settings dialog for a virtual machine named "centos_default_1584638577281_35080". The "Network" tab is selected. The "Adapter 1" tab is active. The "Attached to:" dropdown menu is open, showing options: NAT (selected), Bridged Adapter, Internal Network, Host-only Adapter, Generic Driver, NAT Network, and Not attached. Other tabs include General, System, Display, Storage, Audio, Ports, Shared Folders, and User Interface. At the bottom, there is an "Invalid settings detected" message with a warning icon, and buttons for "Cancel" and "OK".

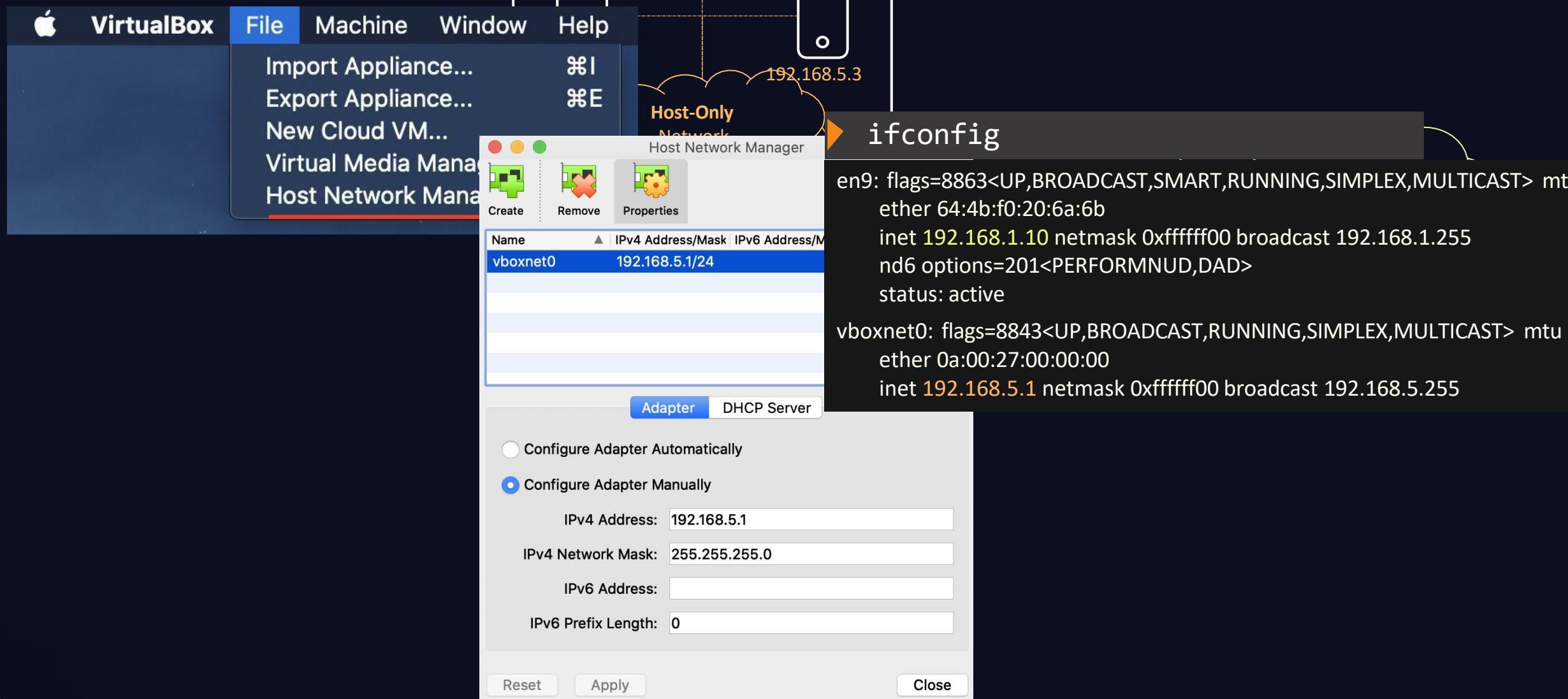
Invalid settings detected

Cancel

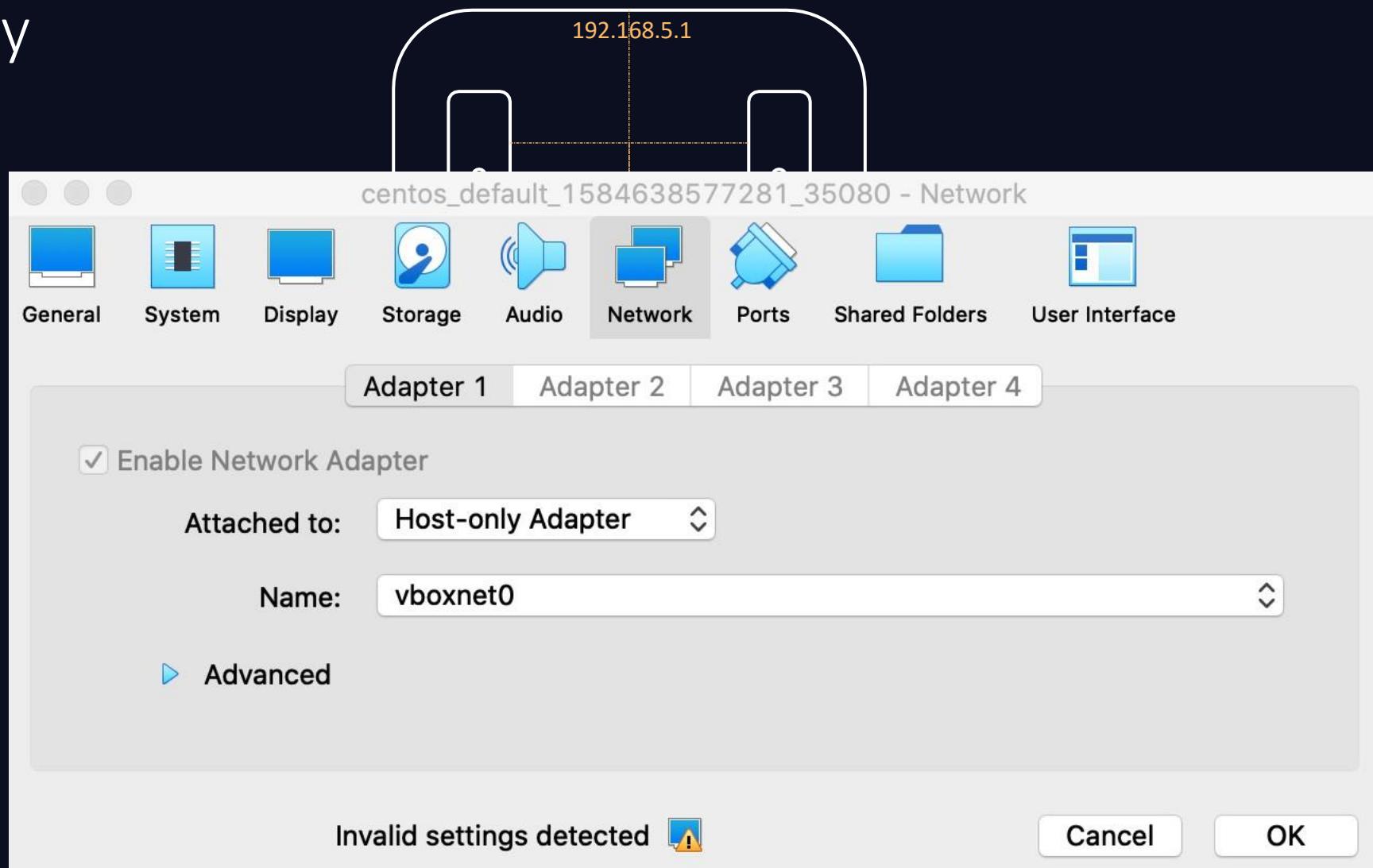
OK



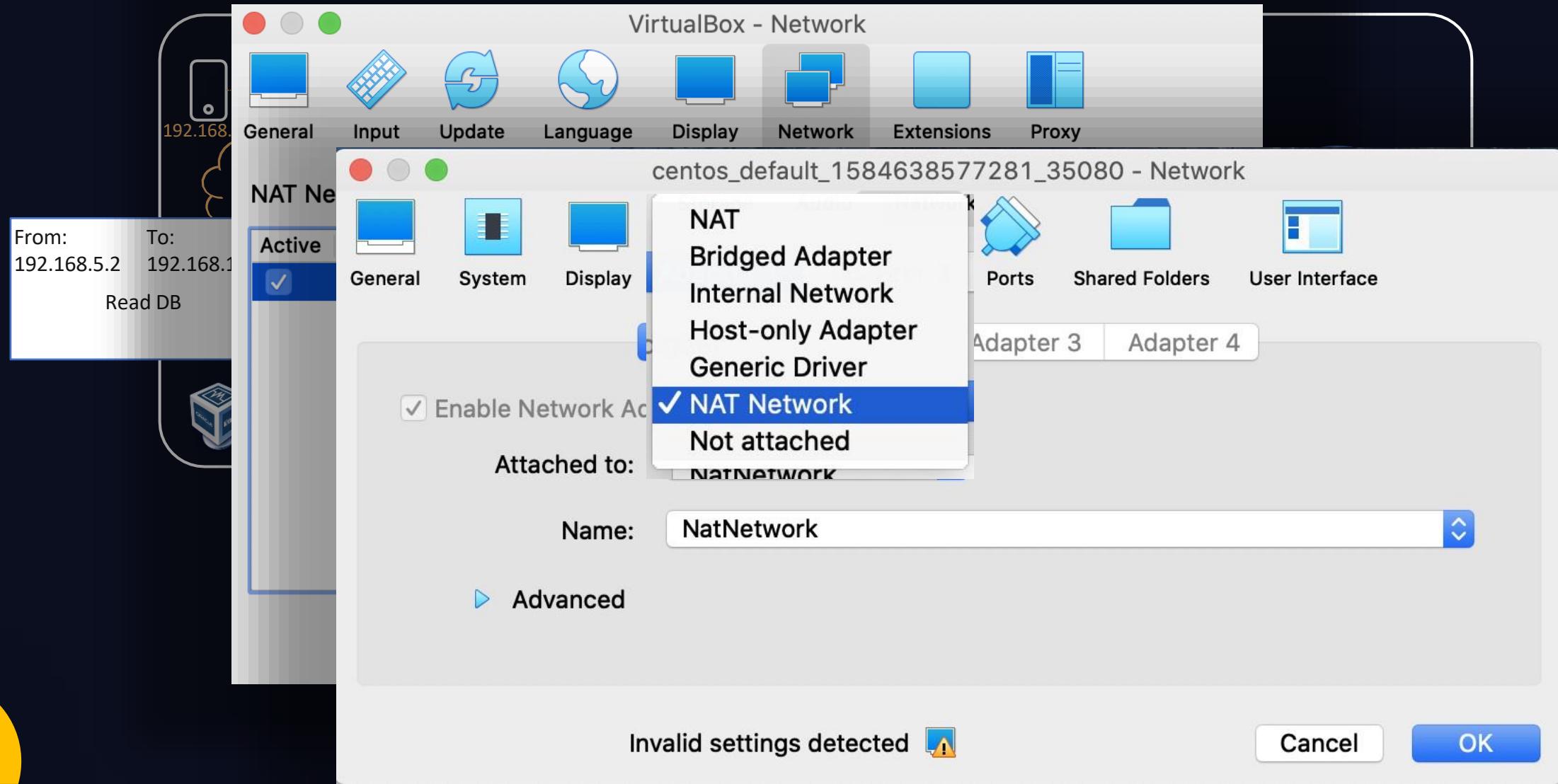
+ Host Only



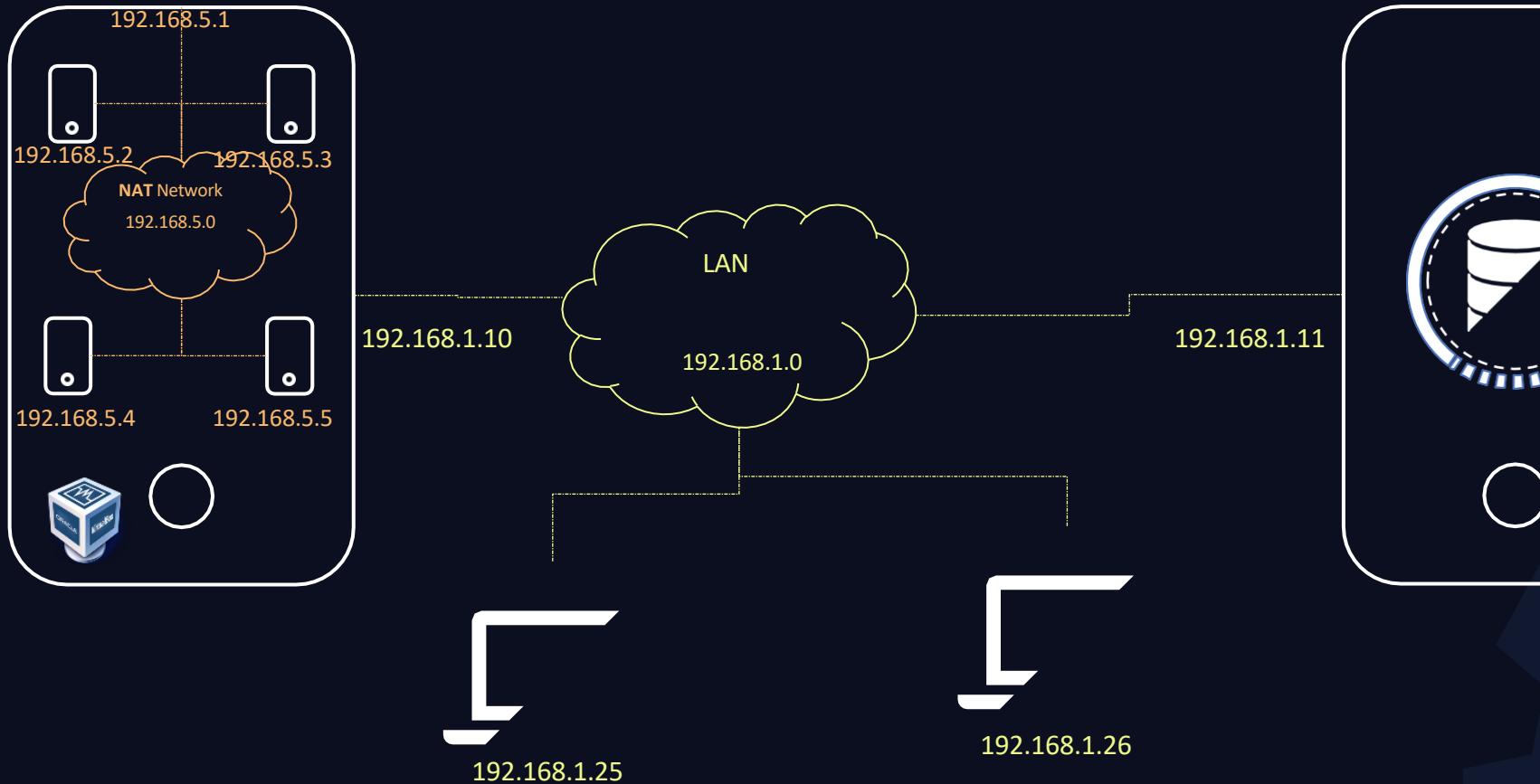
+ Host Only



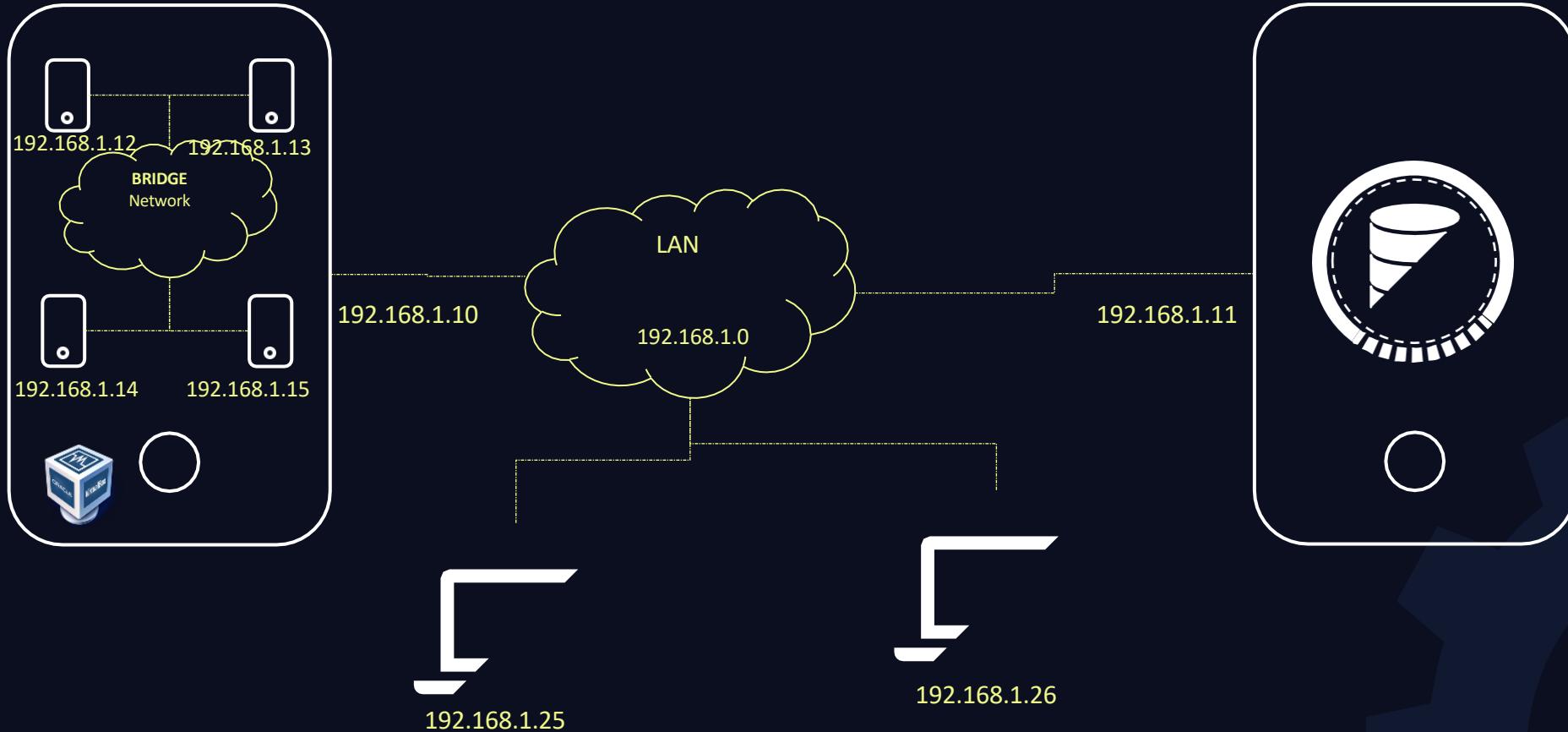
Network Address Translation (NAT) Network



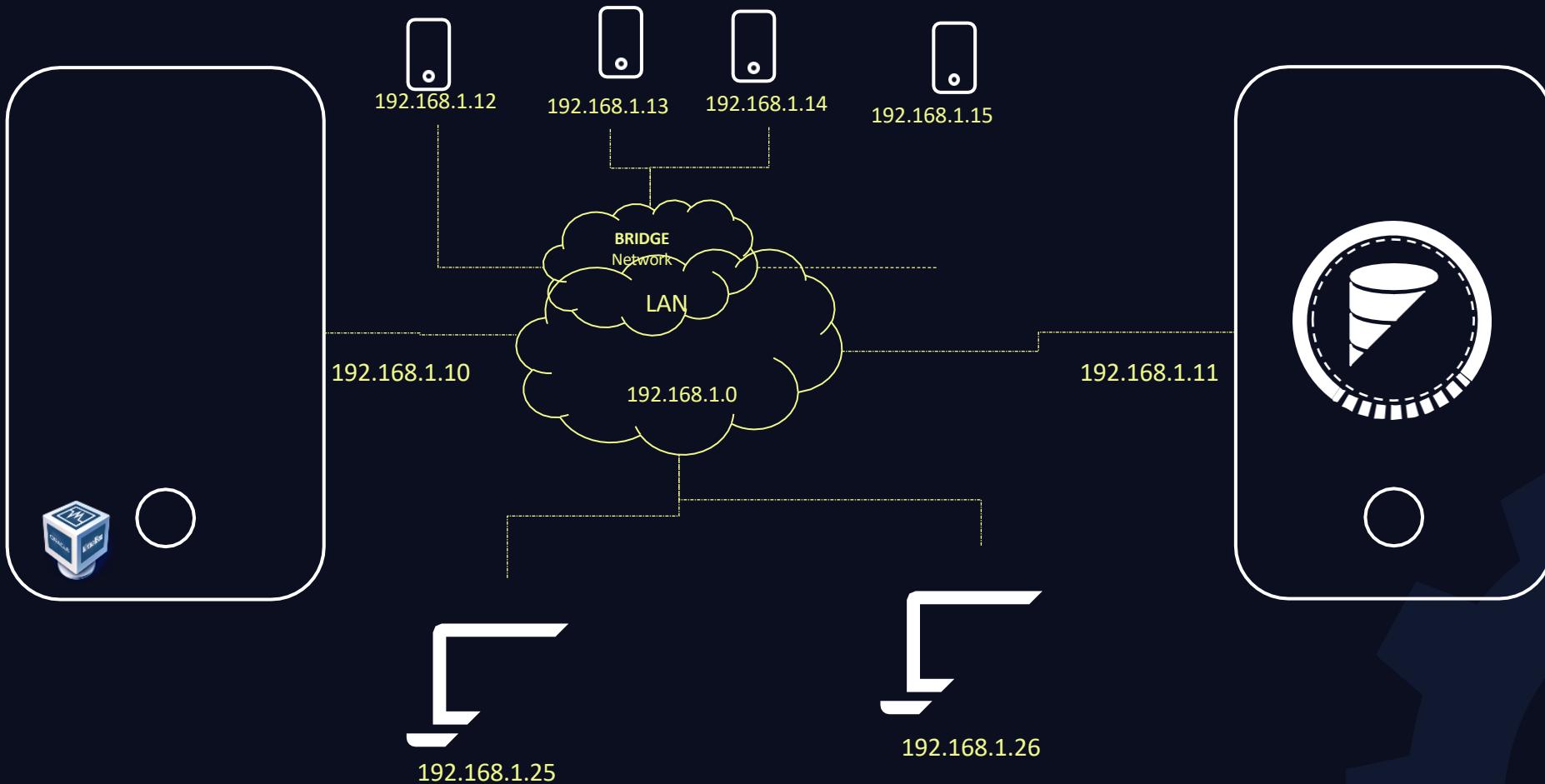
Network Address Translation (NAT)



Bridge Network

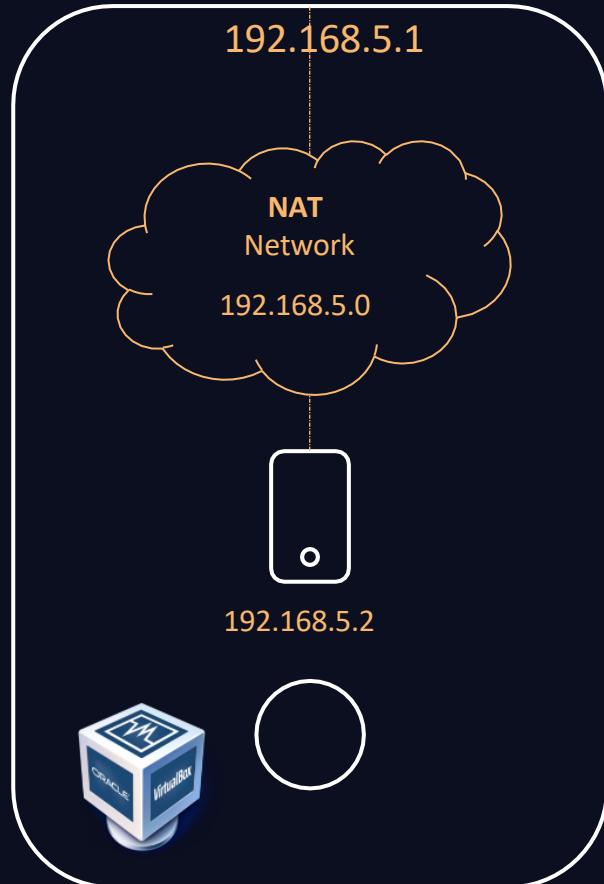


Bridge Network



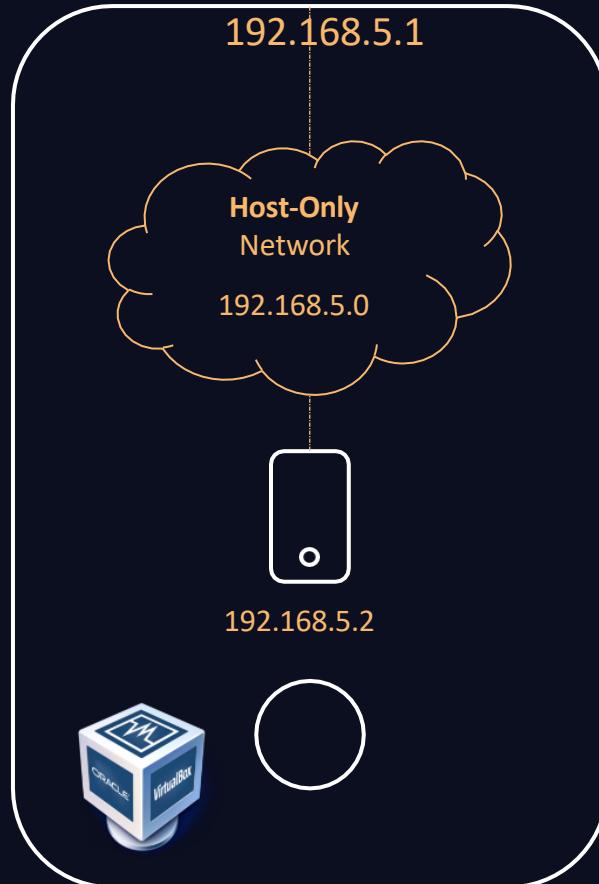
Internet Connectivity

Network Address Translation (NAT)



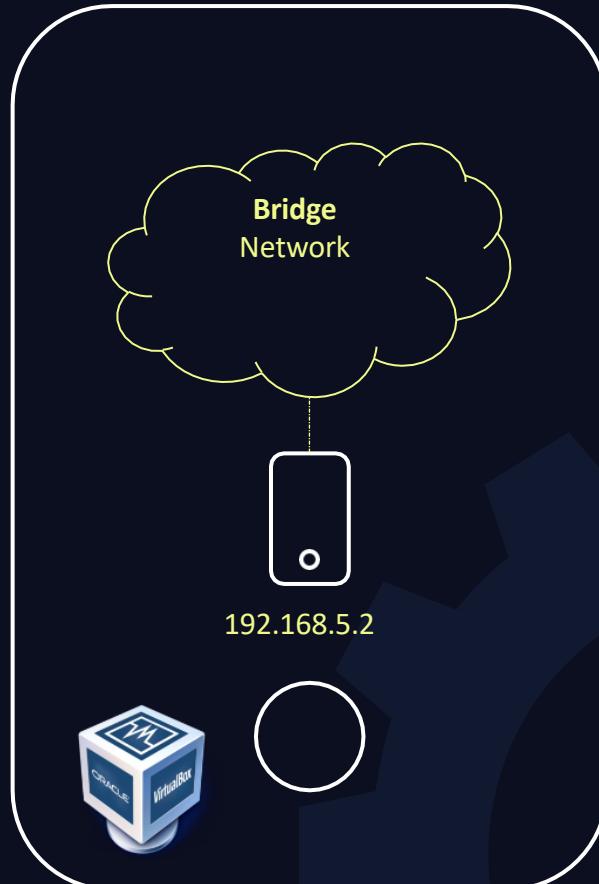
Possible

Host-Only Network



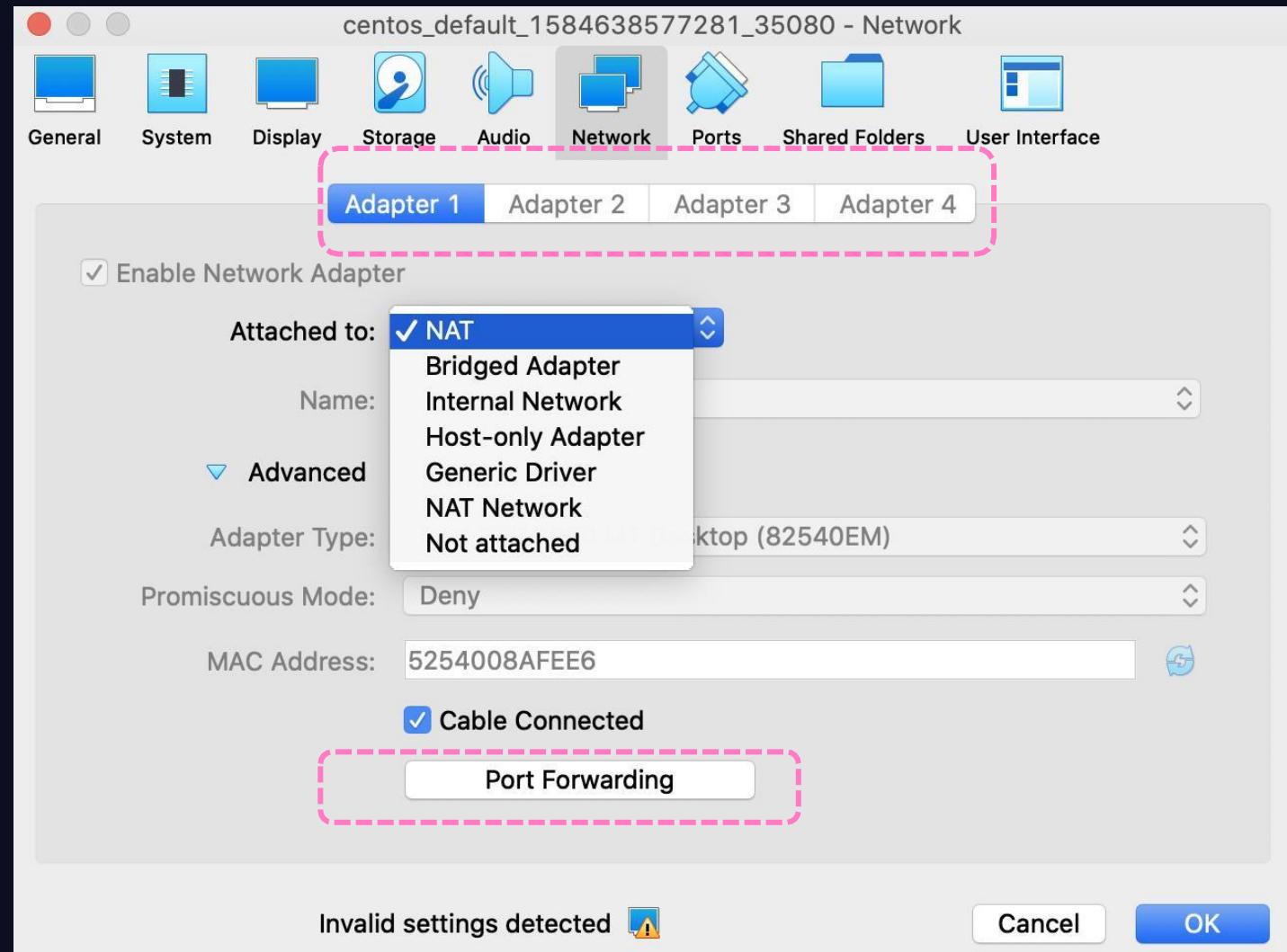
Possible with IP Forwarding

Bridged



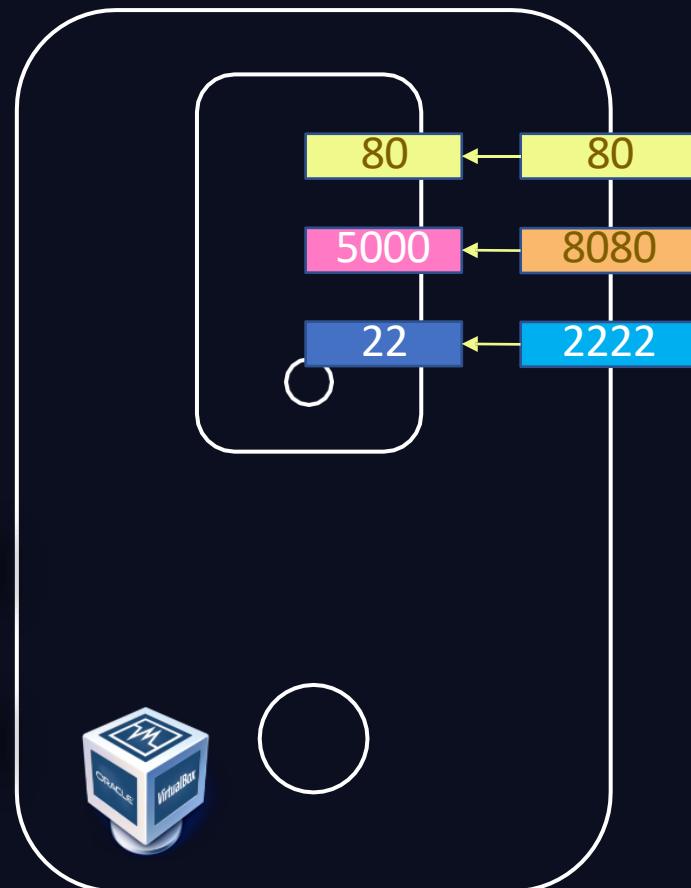
Possible

Internet Connectivity



Port Forwarding

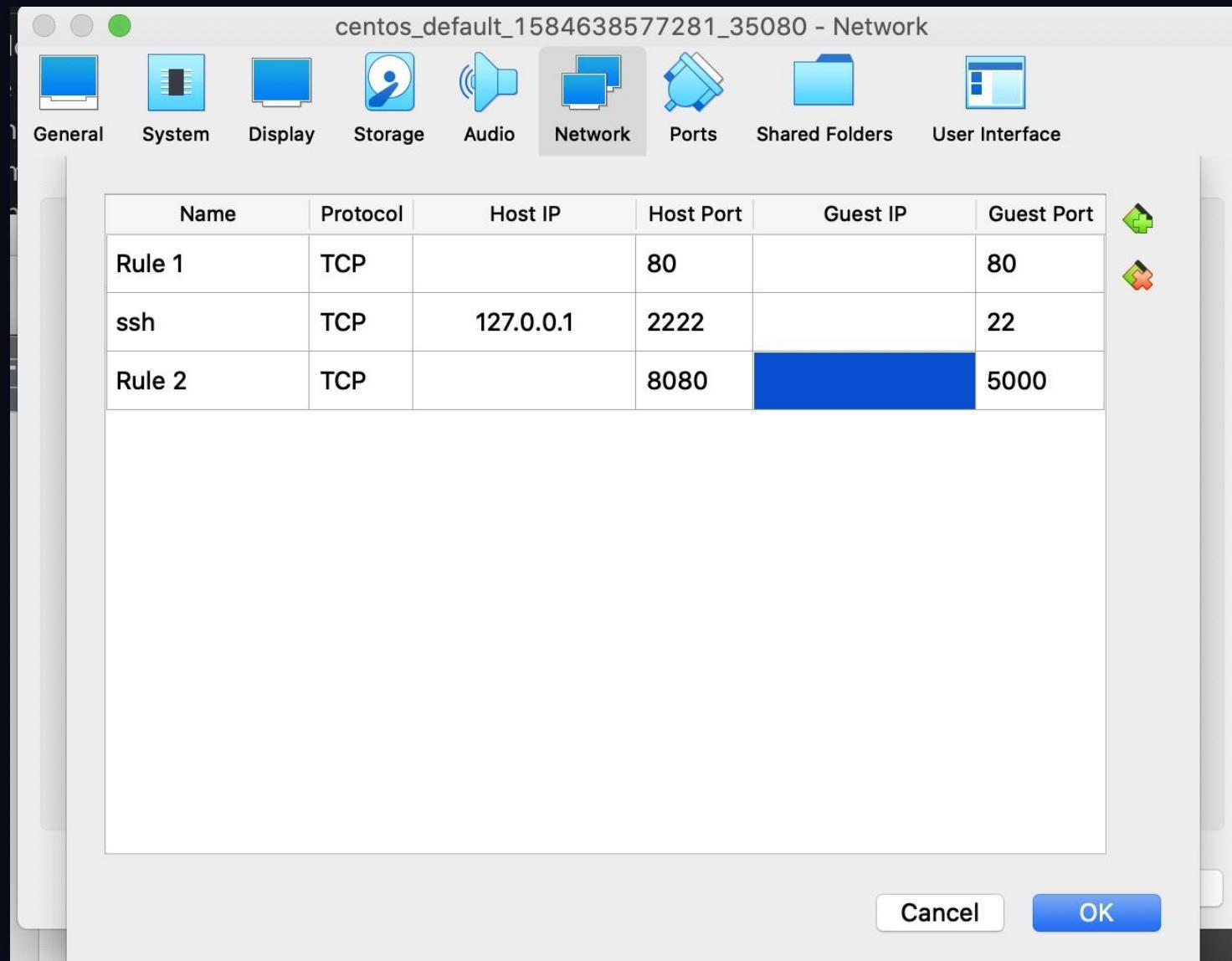
Network Address
Translation (NAT)



```
▶ host> ssh 192.168.1.10
```

```
▶ host> ssh 127.0.0.1 -p 2222
```

Port Forwarding



VirtualBox Networking

Requirement	Solution
VMs must be able to reach the internet/other systems in the network	NAT
VMs must be visible in the external network	Bridged
VMs must NOT be visible in the external network and VMs must NOT be able to reach internet/other systems in the network	Host Network
VMs must be able to reach each other	Host Network
VMs must be able to reach each other and the internet but NOT visible in the external network	Host Network + NAT NAT Network

VirtualBox Networking

VM can reach internet/other systems in the network	VMs can reach each other	Host can reach VM (Without Port forwarding)	Other systems in network can reach VM	Solution
Yes	No	No	No	NAT
Yes	Yes	No	No	NAT Network
No	Yes	Yes	No	Host Network
Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Host Network + NAT
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bridged



{KODE}{CLOUD}



HashiCorp

Vagrant



Vagrant

1. Download
2. Create VM
3. Create Networks
4. Configure Networking
5. Configure Port Forwarding
6. Boot up VM

▶ vagrant up

```
Bringing machine 'default' up with 'virtualbox' provider...
==> default: Importing base box 'centos/7'...
==> default: Matching MAC address for NAT networking...
==> default: Checking if box 'centos/7' version '1905.1' is up to date...
==> default: Setting the name of the VM: centos2_default_1586895892002_53453
==> default: Preparing network interfaces based on configuration...
      default: Adapter 1: nat
==> default: Forwarding ports...
      default: 22 (guest) => 2200 (host) (adapter 1)
==> default: Booting VM...
==> default: Waiting for machine to boot. This may take a few minutes...
==> default: Machine booted and ready!
```



Getting started



The image shows the official Vagrant landing page. At the top left is the HashiCorp logo, followed by a large blue 3D-style 'V' icon. To the right of the icon, the word "HashiCorp" is written in a small, sans-serif font above the word "Vagrant" in a large, bold, black sans-serif font. Below this, the tagline "Development Environments Made Easy" is displayed in a large, bold, black sans-serif font. At the bottom of the main content area are three buttons: a blue button labeled "Get Started", a white button labeled "Download 2.2.7", and a white button labeled "Find Boxes". To the right of the main content area, there is a sidebar with a dark background. It lists five operating systems with their corresponding logos and download links:

- Debian: 32-bit | 64-bit
- Windows: 32-bit | 64-bit
- Centos: 32-bit | 64-bit
- Linux: 64-bit
- macOS: 64-bit

Discover Vagrant Boxes

Search for boxes by operating system, included software, architecture and more



Provider [any](#) [virtualbox](#) [vmware](#) [libvirt](#) [more ▾](#)

Sort by [Downloads](#) [Recently Created](#) [Recently Updated](#)

 ubuntu/trusty64 20190514.0.0	virtualbox	Downloads 30,495,172	Released 5 months ago
Official Ubuntu Server 14.04 LTS (Trusty Tahr) builds (End of standard support)			
 laravel/homestead 9.4.0	hyperv parallels virtualbox vmware_desktop	Downloads 13,927,187	Released 22 days ago
Official Laravel local development box.			
 hashicorp/precise64 1.1.0	hyperv virtualbox vmware_fusion	Downloads 6,769,100	Released about 6 years ago
A standard Ubuntu 12.04 LTS 64-bit box.			
 centos/7 1905.1	hyperv libvirt virtualbox vmware and 3 more providers	Downloads 5,154,991	Released 9 months ago
CentOS Linux 7 x86_64 Vagrant Box			

==> default: Booting VM...

==> default: Waiting for machine to boot. This may take a few minutes...

Vagrant Commands

► vagrant

Usage: vagrant [options] <command> [<args>]

-v, --version Print the version and exit.

-h, --help Print this help.

Common commands:

init initializes a new Vagrant environment by creating a Vagrantfile

up starts and provisions the vagrant environment

suspend suspends the machine

resume resume a suspended vagrant machine

halt stops the vagrant machine

destroy stops and deletes all traces of the vagrant machine

status outputs status of the vagrant machine

reload restarts vagrant machine, loads new Vagrantfile configuration

snapshot manages snapshots: saving, restoring, etc.

► vagrant ssh

[vagrant@localhost ~]\$

Vagrantfile

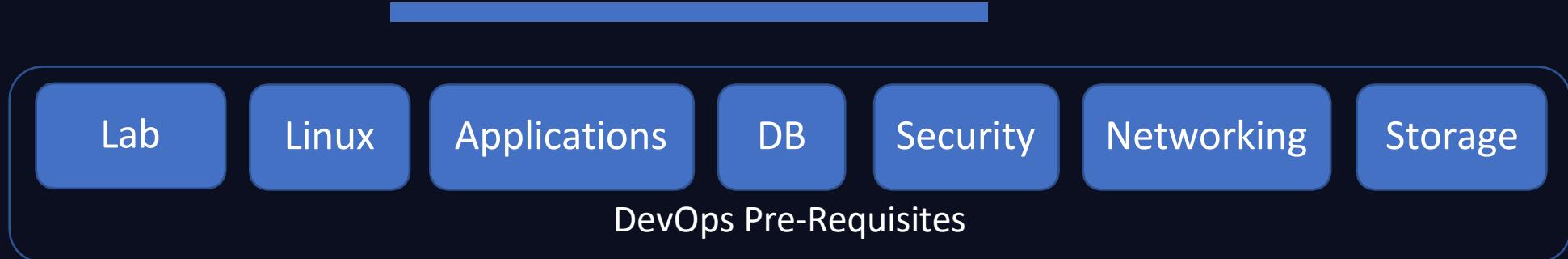
```
Vagrant.configure("2") do |config|  
  
  config.vm.box = "centos/7"  
  
  config.vm.network "forwarded_port", guest: 80, host: 8080  
  config.vm.synced_folder "../data", "/vagrant_data"  
  
  config.vm.provider "virtualbox" do |vb|  
  
    vb.memory = "1024"  
  
  end  
  
  config.vm.provision "shell", inline: <<-SHELL  
    apt-get update  
    apt-get install -y apache2  
  SHELL  
  
end
```

Vagrant Providers

- VirtualBox
- VMware
- Hyper-V
- Docker
- Custom



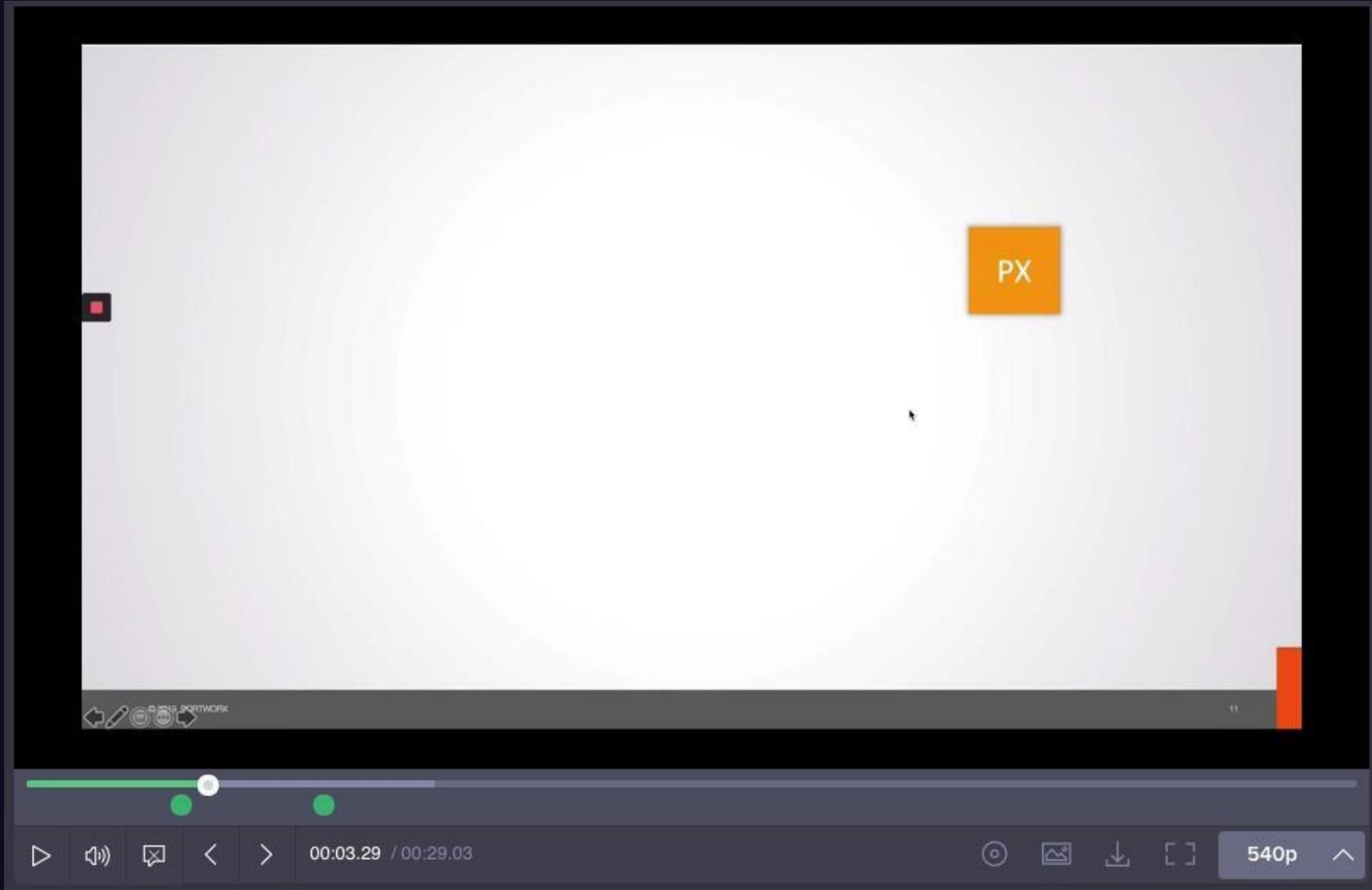
Review



What to test

Check	Ignore
Facts	Delivery/Speed
Explanation	Noise
Code/Typos	Pauses/Stops
Analogies/Examples	Animation
Student/Expert	

How to Review





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Applications

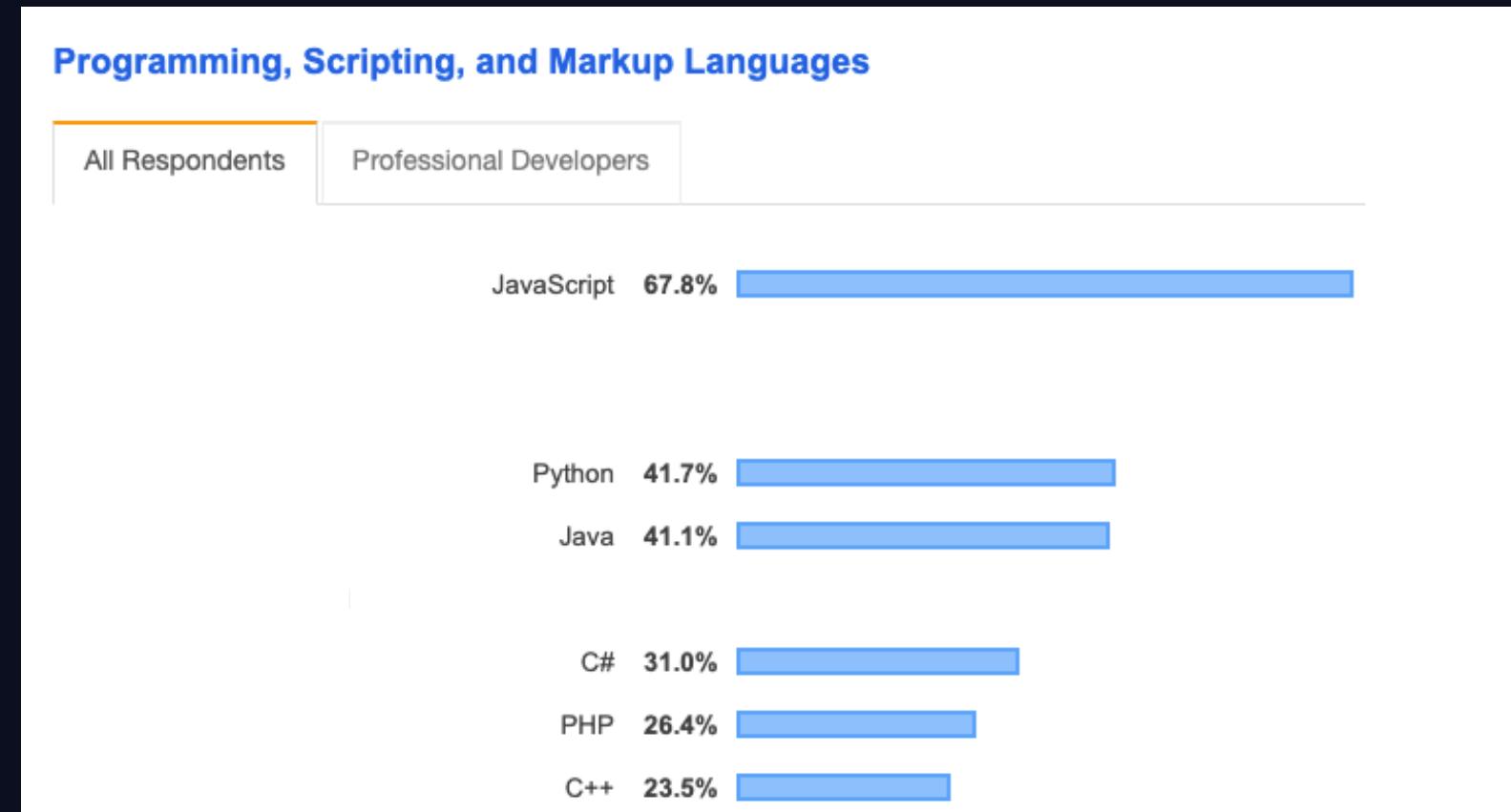
Introduction

- Who is this for?
 - Non-Developers
- Different types of programming languages
 - Python
 - NodeJS
 - Java
- Building and Deploying them
- Troubleshooting Applications
- Labs



Programming Languages

- JavaScript – NodeJS
- Python
- Java



Types

Compiled

Interpreted



C

C++



python



Ruby



Compiled

1. Develop Source Code

MyClass.java

```
public class MyClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.out.println("Hello World");  
    }  
}
```

2. Compile

► javac MyClass.java

MyClass.class

3. Run

► java MyClass

Hello World

Interpreted

1. Develop Source Code

main.py

```
def print_message():
    print("Hello World")

if __name__ == '__main__':
    print_message()
```

2. Run

▶ python main.py
Hello World

Code

main.py

```
def print_message():
    print("Hello World")

if __name__ == '__main__':
    print_message()
```

Human Readable
Source Code



Compiler

Machine Code

```
01101000 10111100 10000001
01100100 01011100 00010111
00001010 00001110 11111010
10110001 01101000 10111100
10000001 01100100 01011100
00010111 00001010 00001110
11111010 10110001 10110001
```

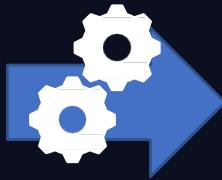
Machine Readable
Machine Code

Code

main.py

```
def print_message():
    print("Hello World")

if __name__ == '__main__':
    print_message()
```



Compiler

main.pyc

```
Hello World
 1  0 LOAD_NAME      0 (dig)
 3  0 LOAD_NAME      1 (print)
 6  0 LOAD_CONST     0 ('Hello World')
--> 12 CALL_FUNCTION 1 (1 positional, 0 keyword)
 15 PRINT_EXPR
 16 LOAD_CONST        1 (None)
 19 RETURN_VALUE
```



Interpreter

Machine Code

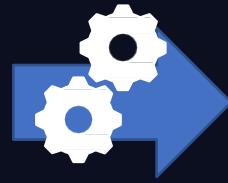
01101000	10111100	10000001
01100100	01011100	00010111
00001010	00001110	11111010
10110001	01101000	10111100
10000001	01100100	01011100
00010111	00001010	00001110
11111010	10110001	10110001

Human Readable
Source Code

Intermediary
Byte Code

Machine Readable
Machine Code

Virtual Machine



Compiler

main.py

```
Hello World
 1  0 LOAD_NAME      0 (dig)
 3  LOAD_NAME      1 (print)
 6  LOAD_CONST     0 ('Hello World')
--> 12 CALL_FUNCTION 1 (1 positional,0 keyword)
15  PRINT_EXPR
16  LOAD_CONST          1 (None)
19  RETURN_VALUE
```

Intermediary
Byte Code



Interpreter



Python VM

Machine Code

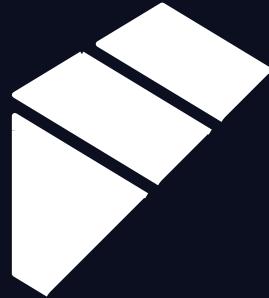
```
01101000 10111100 10000001
01100100 01011100 00010111
00001010 00001110 11111010
10110001 01101000 10111100
10000001 01100100 01011100
00010111 00001010 00001110
11111010 10110001 10110001
```

Machine Readable
Machine Code

▶ python main.py
Hello World

Packages/Modules/Libraries

- Filesystems
- Math
- Operating system
- HTTP
- Security
- Networking



Build

- Compile
- Run Tests
- Package
- Delivery
- Check build procedure for different types of applications:
 - Python
 - Java
 - NodeJS



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NETWORKING

Networking Pre-Requisites

- Switching
- Routing
- Default Gateway
- DNS Configurations on Linux





{KODE}{CLOUD}

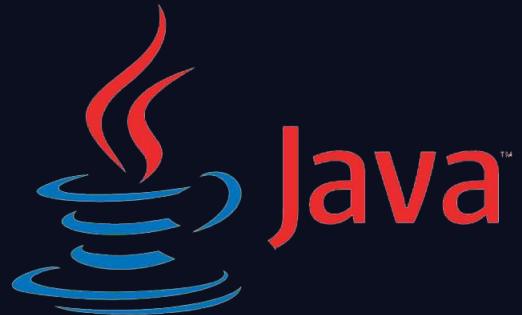
just enough



Introduction

About Java

- Free
- Open-source
- Huge Community



Version	Date
13	2019
12	2019
11	2018
10	2018
9	2017
8	2014
7	2011
6	2006
5	2004

Install Java

```
▶ wget https://download.java.net....  
openjdk-13.0.2_linux-x64_bin.tar.gz
```

```
▶ tar -xvf openjdk-13.0.2_linux-x64_bin.tar.gz  
/opt/jdk-13/bin/java -version
```

```
▶ jdk-13.0.2/bin/java -version  
openjdk version "13.0.2" 2020-01-14  
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 13.0.2+8)  
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 13.0.2+8, mixed mode,  
sharing)
```

```
▶ java -version  
openjdk version "1.8.0_242"  
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0_242-b08)  
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.242-b08, mixed  
mode)
```

<https://jdk.java.net/13/>

JDK 13.0.2 General-Availability Release

Schedule, status, & features (OpenJDK)

Documentation

- Release notes
- API Javadoc

Build 8 (2019/12/11): General Availability

	Version	Name
These open-source releases are based on the Java SE 13 API Specification and Java Platform, Standard Edition 13 (Java SE 13). They are available under the Java Platform, Standard Edition 13 (Java SE 13) License, which is a modified version of the Java Platform, Standard Edition 8 (Java SE 8) License.	13	13
Commercial builds for Linux, macOS, and Windows are available for download.	12	12
Commercial builds for Linux, macOS, and Windows are available for download.	11	11
Commercial builds for Linux, macOS, and Windows are available for download.	10	10
Commercial builds for Linux, macOS, and Windows are available for download.	9	9
Commercial builds for Linux, macOS, and Windows are available for download.	8	1.8
Commercial builds for Linux, macOS, and Windows are available for download.	7	1.7
Commercial builds for Linux, macOS, and Windows are available for download.	6	1.6
Commercial builds for Linux, macOS, and Windows are available for download.	5	1.5



Y Java Development Kit (JDK)

Develop



jdb



javadoc

Build



javac



jar

Run



JRE

(Java Runtime Environment)



java

```
▶ ls jdk-13.0.2/bin
```

```
jaotc  javadoc  jdeprscan  jinfo  jps      jstaddr  rmiregistry  
jar    javap    jdeps     jjs   jrungscript  keytool  serialver  
jarsigner  jcmand  jfr     jlink  jshell    pack200  unpack200  
java   jconsole  jhsdb    jmap   jstack    rmic  
javac  jdb     jimage.  jmod   jstat    rmid
```

Before v9

Java Development Kit (JDK)

Develop



jdb

Build



javac

Run



java



JRE

(Java Runtime Environment)

[Download JDK](#)

.tar.gz - 106 MB

[Checksum](#)

[Download JRE](#)

.tar.gz - 39 MB

[Checksum](#)

After v9



Java Development Kit (JDK)

Develop



Build



Run



JRE

(Java Runtime Environment)



KODEKLOUD



{KODE}{CLOUD}

just enough



Build

Compile

1. Develop Source Code

MyClass.java

```
public class MyClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.out.println("Hello World");  
    }  
}
```

2. Compile

► javac MyClass.java

MyClass.class

3. Run

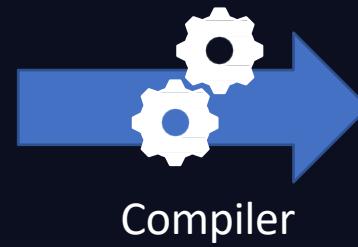
► java MyClass

Hello World

Compile

MyClass.java

```
public class MyClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.out.println("Hello World");  
    }  
}
```



Compiler

Machine Code

```
01101000 10111100 10000001  
01100100 01011100 00010111  
00001010 00001110 11111010  
10110001 01101000 10111100  
10000001 01100100 01011100  
00010111 00001010 00001110  
11111010 10110001 10110001
```

Human Readable
Source Code

Machine Readable
Machine Code

Java Virtual Machine

MyClass.java

```
public class MyClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    { System.out.println("Hello World");  
    }  
}
```



Compiler

MyClass.class

```
0:  iconst_2  
1:  istore_1  
2:  iload_1  
3:  sipush 1000  
6:  if_icmpge 44  
9:  iconst_2  
10: istore_2  
11: iload_2  
12: iload_1  
13: if_icmpge 31
```

Human Readable
Source Code

Intermediary
Byte Code

Machine Code

```
01101000 10111100 10000001  
01100100 01011100 00010111  
00001010 00001110 11111010  
10110001 01101000 10111100  
10000001 01100100 01011100  
00010111 00001010 00001110  
11111010 10110001 10110001
```

JVM

Machine Readable
Machine Code

▶ javac MyClass.java

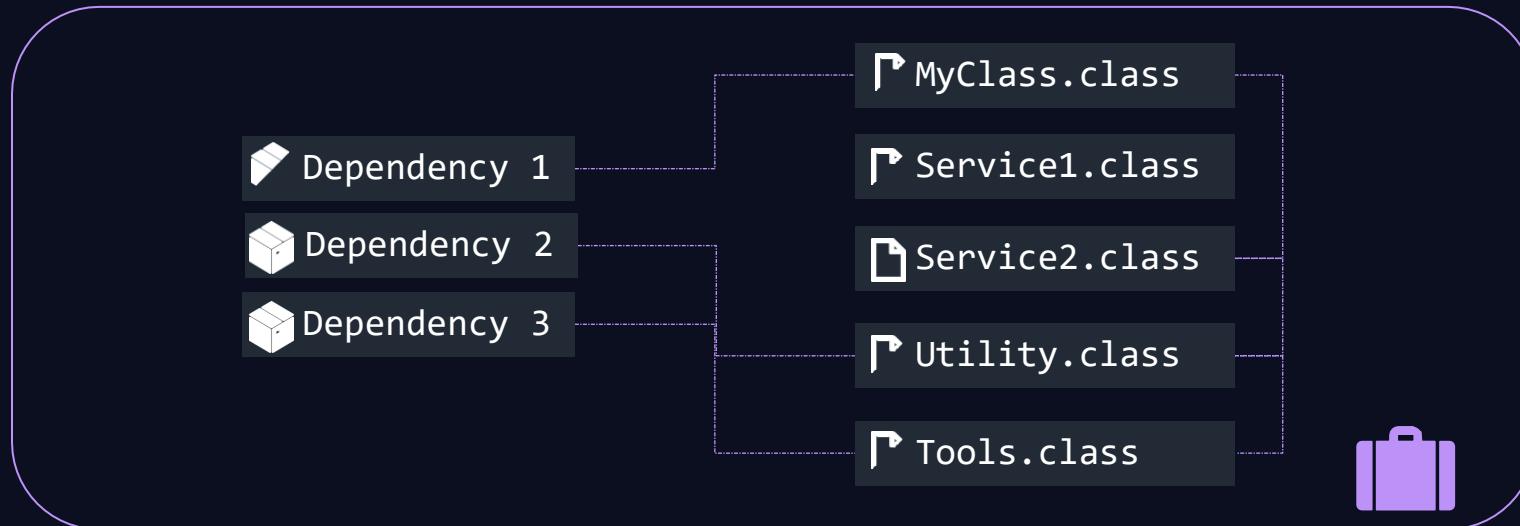
MyClass.class

▶ java MyClass

Hello World

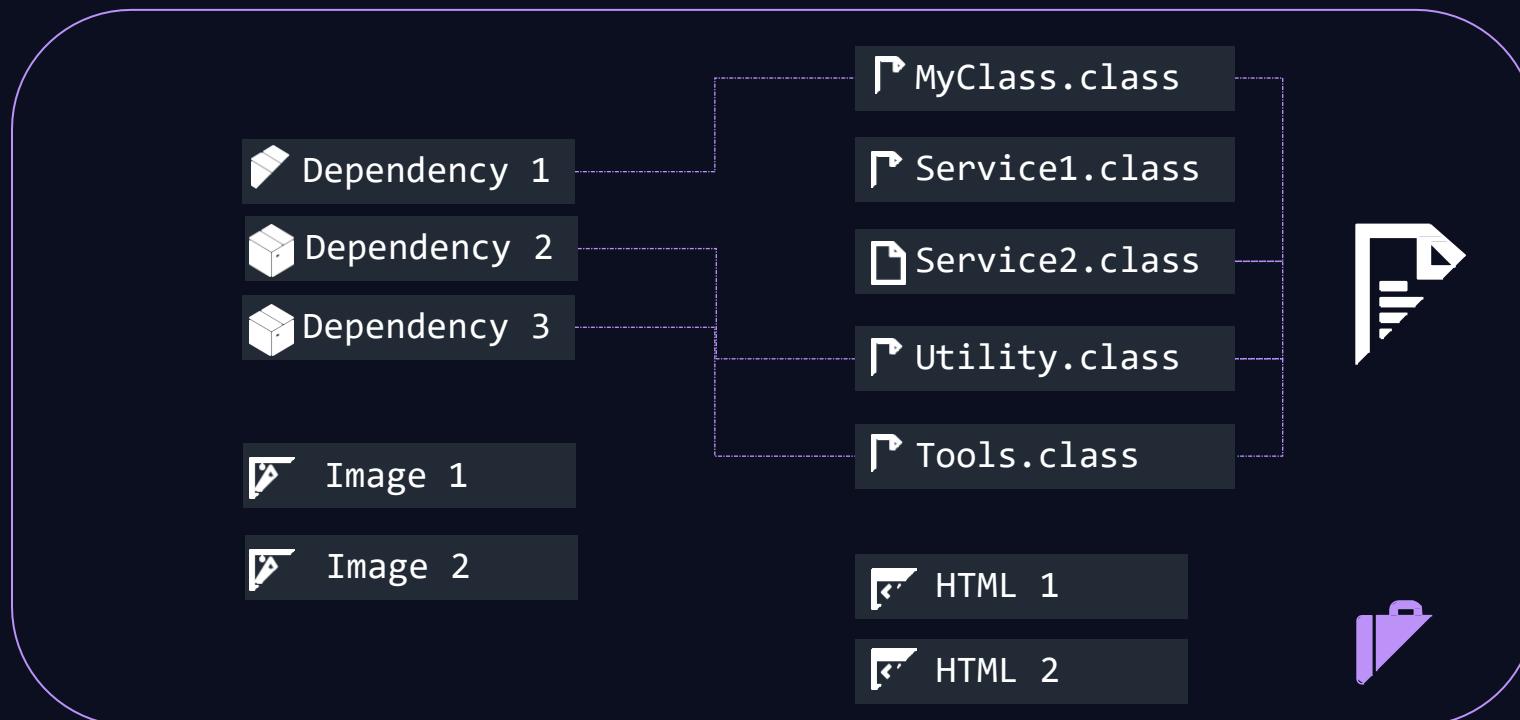
LOUD

Package



Java Archive
(JAR)

Package



META-INF/MANIFEST.MF

```
Manifest-Version: 1.0  
Created-By: 1.8.0_242 (Private Build)  
Main-Class: MyClass
```

Java Archive Web Archive
(JAR) (WAR)

```
▶ jar cf MyApp.jar MyClass.class Service1.class Service2.class ...
```

MyApp.jar

```
▶ java -jar MyApp.jar
```

Hello World

Document

```
▶ javadoc -d doc MyClass.java
```

PACKAGE CLASS TREE DEPRECATED INDEX HELP

PREV CLASS NEXT CLASS FRAMES NO FRAMES

SUMMARY: NESTED | FIELD | CONSTR | METHOD DETAIL: FIELD | CONSTR | METHOD

Class MyClass

java.lang.Object
MyClass

public class MyClass
extends java.lang.Object

Prints Hello World Message

Constructor Summary

Constructors

Constructor and Description

MyClass()

Build Process



Develop



Compile



Package



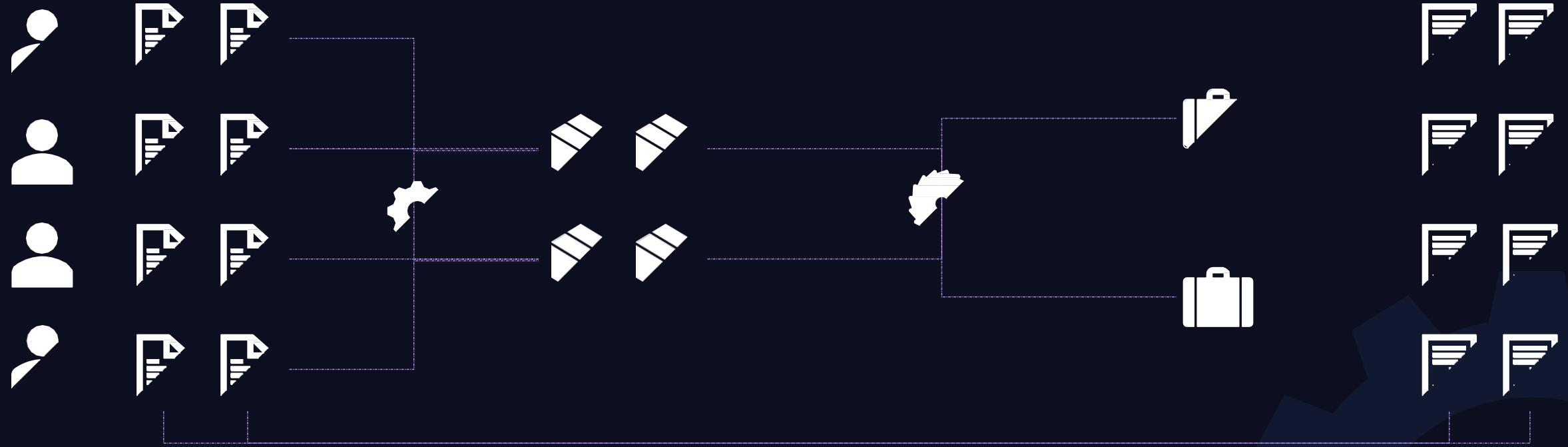
Document

```
▶ javac MyClass.java
```

```
▶ jar cf MyClass.jar ..
```

```
▶ javadoc MyClass.java
```

Build Process



Build Tools

- Maven
- Gradle
- ANT

```
# Build Steps
```

```
1. Compile
```

```
2. Package
```

```
3. Document
```

Gradle

Branch: master ▾ docker-java-sample / build.gradle

 arun-gupta upgrading the version to 3.0.6

2 contributors  

45 lines (35 sloc) | 961 Bytes

```
1 buildscript {  
2     repositories {  
3         jcenter()  
4     }  
5  
6     dependencies {  
7         classpath 'com.bmuschko:gradle-docker-plugin:3.0.6'  
8     }  
9 }  
10  
11 apply plugin: 'java'  
12 apply plugin: 'application'  
13 apply plugin: 'com.bmuschko.docker-java-application'  
14  
15 import com.bmuschko.gradle.docker.tasks.container.*  
16 import com.bmuschko.gradle.docker.tasks.image.*  
17
```

Gradle

Classical

1. Build app: `./gradlew build`

2. Run app: `./gradlew run`

Summary

- Java
- Java Runtime Environment
- Java Development Kit
- Compiling a Java application
- Packaging a given application to JARs
- What are Build Tools?

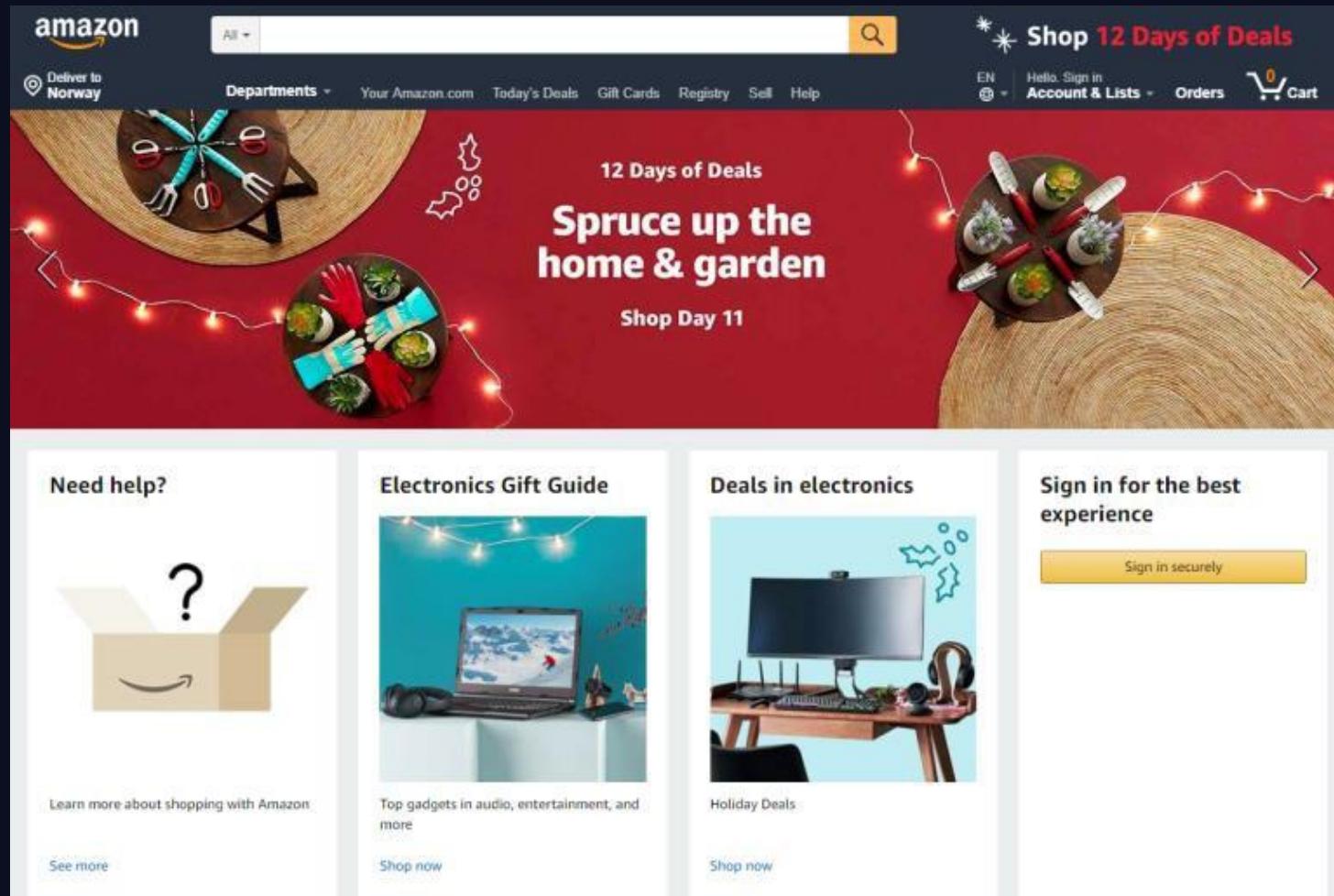


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just enough



JavaScript



jQuery

A

Atom

V

ember

NodeJS

- Free
- Open source
- Cross Platform Compatible



[Node.js 13.x](#)

[Node.js 12.x](#)

[Node.js 11.x](#)

[Node.js 10.x](#)

[Node.js 9.x](#)

[Node.js 8.x](#)

[Node.js 7.x](#)

[Node.js 6.x](#)

[Node.js 5.x](#)

[Node.js 4.x](#)

[Node.js 0.12.x](#)

[Node.js 0.10.x](#)



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Install NodeJS

NodeSource Node.js Binary Distributions



NODESOURCE



debian

ubuntu®



redhat



CentOS

fedora®

```
► curl -sL https://rpm.nodesource.com/setup_13.x | bash -
```

```
► yum install nodejs
```

NodeJS Commands

```
▶ node -v
```

```
v13.10.1
```

```
▶ node add.js
```

```
Addition : 15
```

add.js

```
// Returns addition of two numbers
let add = function (a, b) {
    return a+b;
};

const a = 10, b = 5;

console.log("Addition : "+ add(a,b));
```



KODEKLLOUD



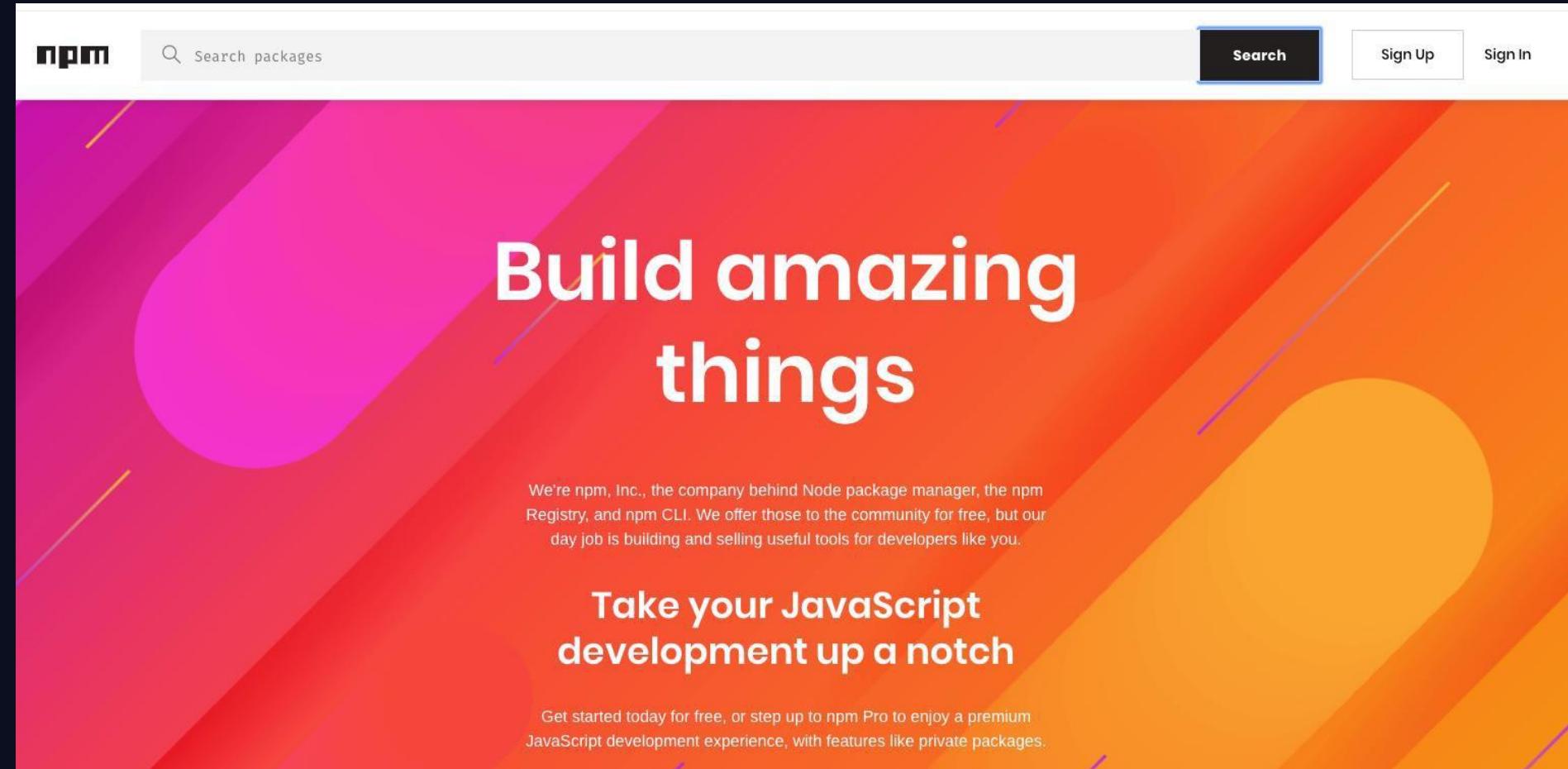
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Node Package Manager (NPM)

- Files
- Web Servers
- Databases
- Security
- Many More



NPM Commands

```
▶ npm -v
```

```
6.13.7
```

```
▶ npm search file
```

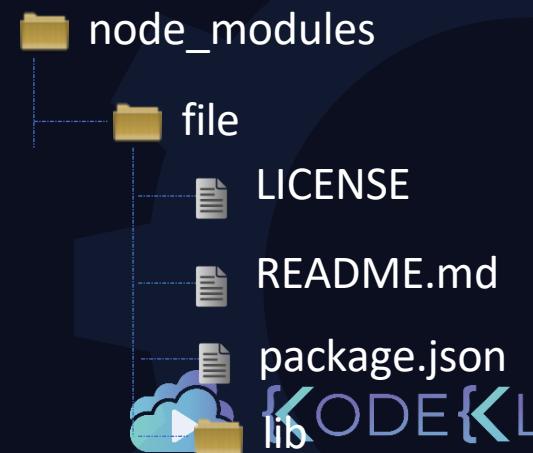
NAME	DESCRIPTION	AUTHOR	DATE
file	Higher level path...	=aconbere	2014-02-21
File	HTML5 FileAPI...	=coolaj86 =narf	2014-10-24
dotenv	Loads environment...	=~jcblw...	2019-10-16
fs-extra	fs-extra contains...	=jprichardson...	2019-06-28
file-loader	A file loader...	=d3viantOne...	2020-02-19

```
▶ npm install file
```

```
+ file@0.2.2
```

```
added 1 package from 1 contributor and audited 1 package in 1.072s
```

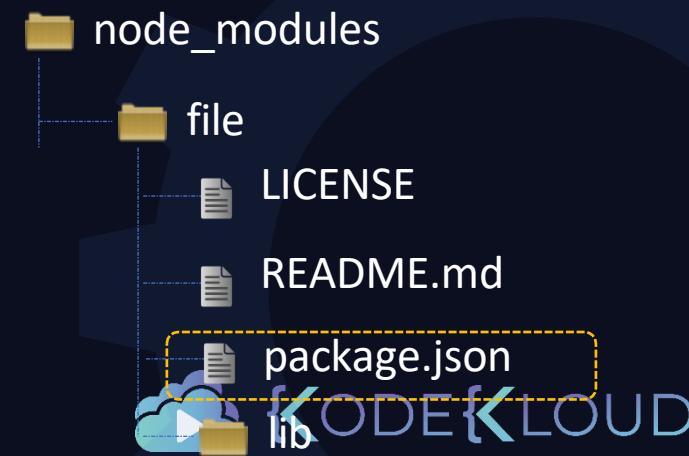
```
found 0 vulnerabilities
```



NPM Commands

package.json

```
{  
  "author": {  
    "name": "Anders Conbere",  
    "email": "aconbere@gmail.com"  
  },  
  "bundleDependencies": false,  
  "devDependencies": {  
    "mocha": "1.9.x"  
  },  
  "directories": {  
    "lib": "lib"  
  },  
  "homepage": "https://github.com/aconbere/node-file-utils#readme",  
  "license": "MIT",  
  "main": "./lib/file",  
  "name": "file",  
  "repository": {  
    "type": "git",  
    "url": "git+ssh://git@github.com/aconbere/node-file-utils.git"  
  },  
  "tags": [  
    "file",  
    "path",  
    "fs",  
    "walk"  
  ],  
  "version": "0.2.2"  
}
```



NPM Commands

```
▶ npm install file
```

```
+ file@0.2.2
```

```
added 1 package from 1 contributor and audited 1 package in 1.072s  
found 0 vulnerabilities
```

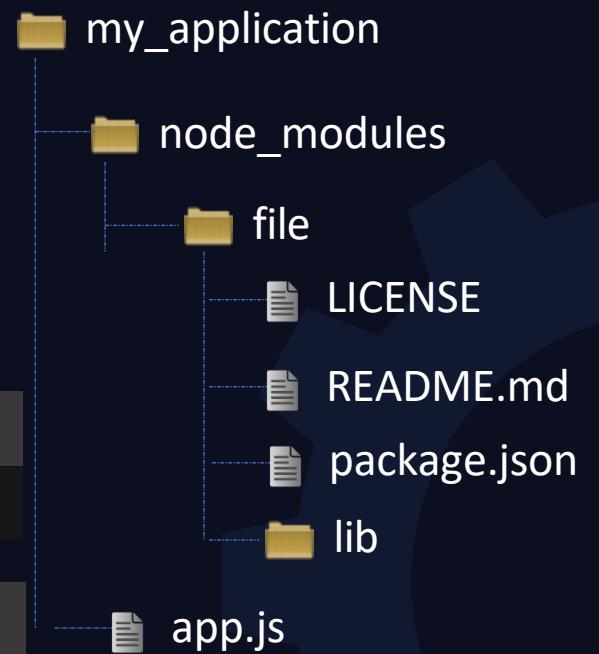
```
app.js
```

```
var file = require("file");  
  
file.mkdirs("/tmp/dir1")
```

```
▶ node -e "console.log(module.paths)"
```

```
[ '/app/node_modules', '/node_modules' ]
```

```
▶ npm install file -g
```



Common Modules

Built-In Modules		External Modules	
fs	To handle filesystem	express	Fast, unopinionated, minimalist web framework
http	To host an HTTP server	react	To create user interfaces
os	To work with the Operating System	debug	To debug applications
events	To handle events	async	To work with asynchronous JS
tls	To implement TLS and SSL	lodash	To work with arrays, objects, strings etc
url	To Parse URL Strings		

```
▶ ls /usr/lib/node_modules/npm/node_modules/
```

```
▶ ls /usr/lib/node_modules/
```

Application Dependencies

package.json

```
{  
  "name": "example-contentful-theExampleApp-js",  
  "version": "0.0.0",  
  "private": true,  
  "dependencies": {  
    "body-parser": "^1.18.2",  
    "contentful": "^6.0.0",  
    "cookie-parser": "~1.4.3",  
    "dotenv": "^5.0.0",  
    "execa": "^0.9.0",  
    "express": "^4.16.2",  
    "helmet": "^3.11.0",  
    "lodash": "^4.17.5",  
    "marked": "^0.3.16",  
    "morgan": "^1.9.1",  
    "pug": "~2.0.0-beta6"  
  }  
}
```



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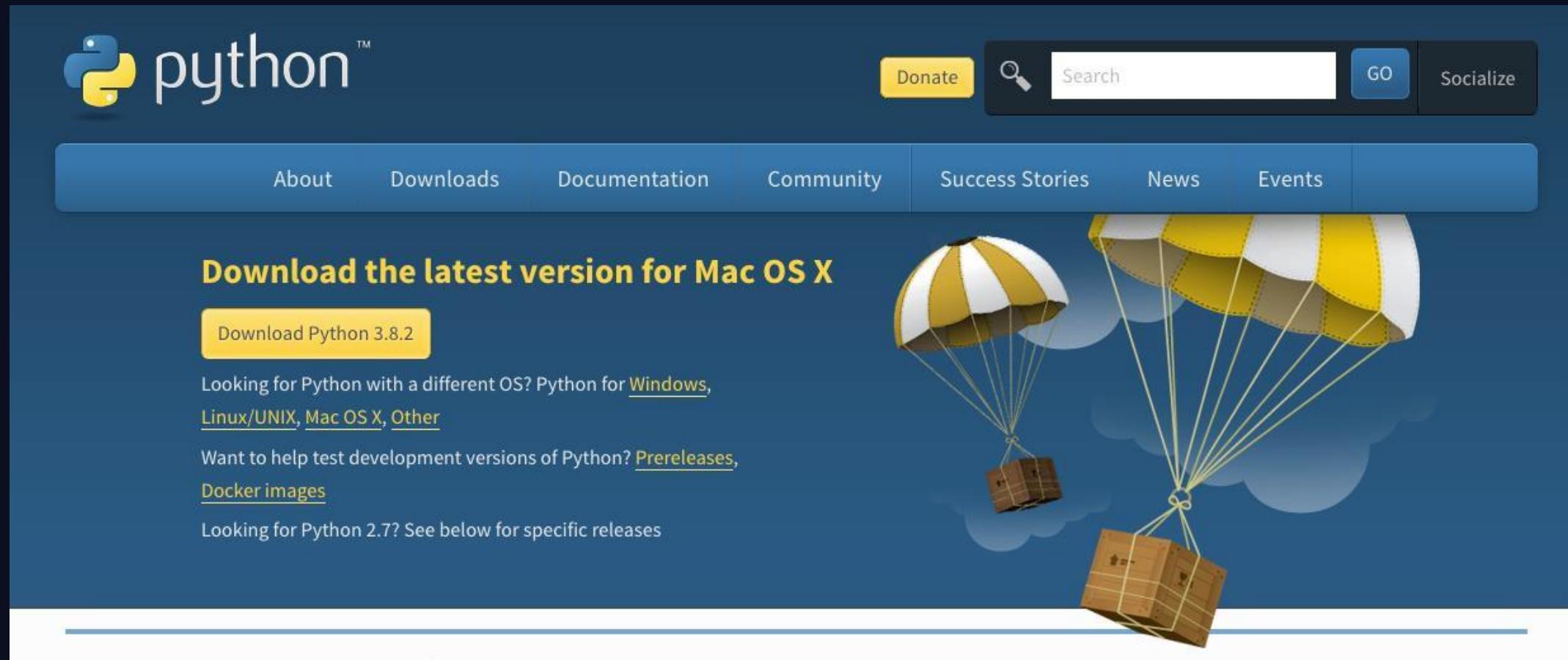


Python

- Free
- Open source
- Cross Platform Compatible



Download



The screenshot shows the Python.org download page. At the top left is the Python logo and the word "python™". To the right are buttons for "Donate", a search bar with a magnifying glass icon, and links for "GO" and "Socialize". Below this is a navigation bar with tabs: "About", "Downloads", "Documentation", "Community", "Success Stories", "News", and "Events". The "Downloads" tab is highlighted. The main content area features a large yellow banner with the text "Download the latest version for Mac OS X" and a "Download Python 3.8.2" button. Below this, text says "Looking for Python with a different OS? Python for [Windows](#), [Linux/UNIX](#), [Mac OS X](#), [Other](#)". It also mentions "Want to help test development versions of Python? [Prereleases](#), [Docker images](#)". For Python 2.7, it says "Looking for Python 2.7? See below for specific releases". To the right of the text is a cartoon illustration of two boxes with parachutes falling through clouds.

Versions

- Python2 – (2000 – 2010)
- Python3 – (2008 to Present)



Install

```
▶ yum install python2
```

```
▶ python2
```

```
Python 2.7.16 (default, Nov 17 2019, 00:07:27)
[GCC 8.3.1 20190507 (Red Hat 8.3.1-4)] on linux2
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license"
for more information.
>>> exit()
```

```
▶ yum install python36
```

```
▶ python3
```

```
Python 3.6.8 (default, Nov 21 2019, 19:31:34)
[GCC 8.3.1 20190507 (Red Hat 8.3.1-4)] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license"
for more information.
>>> exit()
```

```
▶ python2 -V
```

```
Python 2.7.16
```

```
▶ python3 -V
```

```
Python 3.6.8
```

Python Commands

```
▶ python2 main.py
```

```
Hello World
```

```
main.py
```

```
def print_message():
    print("Hello World")

if __name__ == '__main__':
    print_message()
```





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just enough



Python Package Manager (pip)

```
▶ python2 -V
```

```
Python 2.7.16
```

```
▶ pip2 -V
```

```
pip 9.0.3 from /usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages  
(python 2.7)
```

```
▶ python3 -V
```

```
Python 3.6.8
```

```
▶ pip3 -V
```

```
pip 9.0.3 from /usr/lib/python3.6/site-packages  
(python 3.6)
```

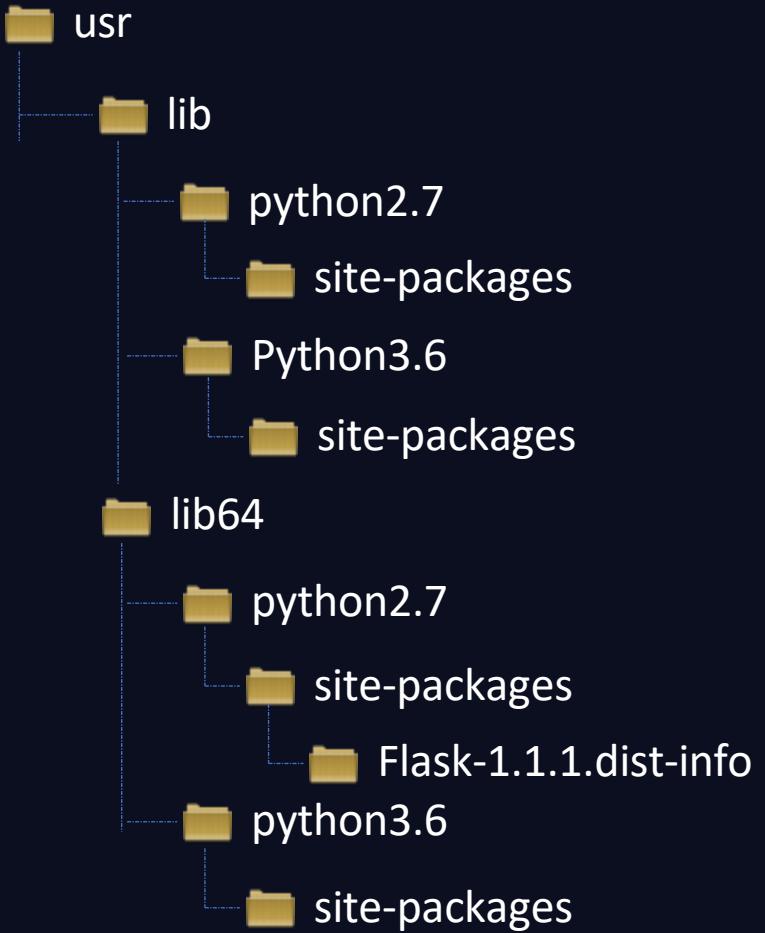
```
▶ pip -V
```

```
pip 9.0.3 from /usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages (python 2.7)
```

```
▶ pip install flask
```

Python Package Manager (pip)

```
► pip install flask
```



Python Package Manager (pip)

```
▶ pip install flask
```

```
▶ pip show flask
```

```
Name: Flask
Version: 1.1.1
Summary: A simple framework for building complex
web applications.
Home-page: https://palletsprojects.com/p/flask/
Author: Armin Ronacher
Author-email: armin.ronacher@active-4.com
License: BSD-3-Clause
Location: /usr/lib64/python2.7/site-packages
Requires: Werkzeug, click, Jinja2, itsdangerous
```

```
▶ python2 -c "import sys; print(sys.path)"
```

```
'/usr/lib/python27.zip', '/usr/lib64/python2.7',
'/usr/lib64/python2.7/plat-linux2',
'/usr/lib64/python2.7/lib-tk',
'/usr/lib64/python2.7/lib-old',
'/usr/lib64/python2.7/lib-dynload',
'/usr/lib64/python2.7/site-packages',
'/usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages'
```

```
usr
main.py
from flask import Flask, request

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/')
def hello():
    return 'Hello, World'
```

```
python2.7
└── site-packages
    └── Flask-1.1.1.dist-info
python3.6
└── site-packages
```



Requirements

```
▶ pip install flask
```

```
▶ pip install jinja2
```

```
▶ pip install markupsafe
```

```
▶ pip install Werkzeug
```

```
▶ pip install requests
```

```
▶ pip install gunicorn
```

```
▶ pip install flask jinja2 markupsafe
```

requirements.txt

Flask==0.10.1

Jinja2==2.7.3

MarkupSafe==0.23

Werkzeug==0.9.6

requests==2.3.0

gunicorn==18.0

```
▶ pip install -r requirements.txt
```

Upgrade/Uninstall Package

```
► pip install flask --upgrade
```

```
Installing collected packages: click, flask
  Attempting uninstall: flask
    Found existing installation: Flask 0.10.1
    Uninstalling Flask-0.10.1:
      Successfully uninstalled Flask-0.10.1
Successfully installed click-7.1.1 flask-1.1.1
```

```
► pip uninstall flask
```

```
Found existing installation: Flask 1.1.1
Uninstalling Flask-1.1.1:
  Would remove:
    /home/vagrant/.local/bin/flask
    /home/vagrant/.local/lib/python3.5/site-
packages/Flask-1.1.1.dist-info/*
    /home/vagrant/.local/lib/python3.5/site-
packages/flask/*
Proceed (y/n)? y
  Successfully uninstalled Flask-1.1.1
```

Other Package Managers

- easy_install

► easy_install install app



app.py



app.egg

- wheels

► pip install app.whl



app.py

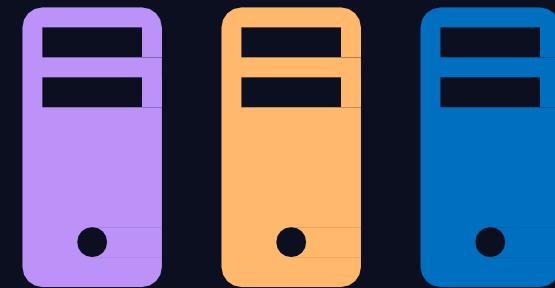


app.whl



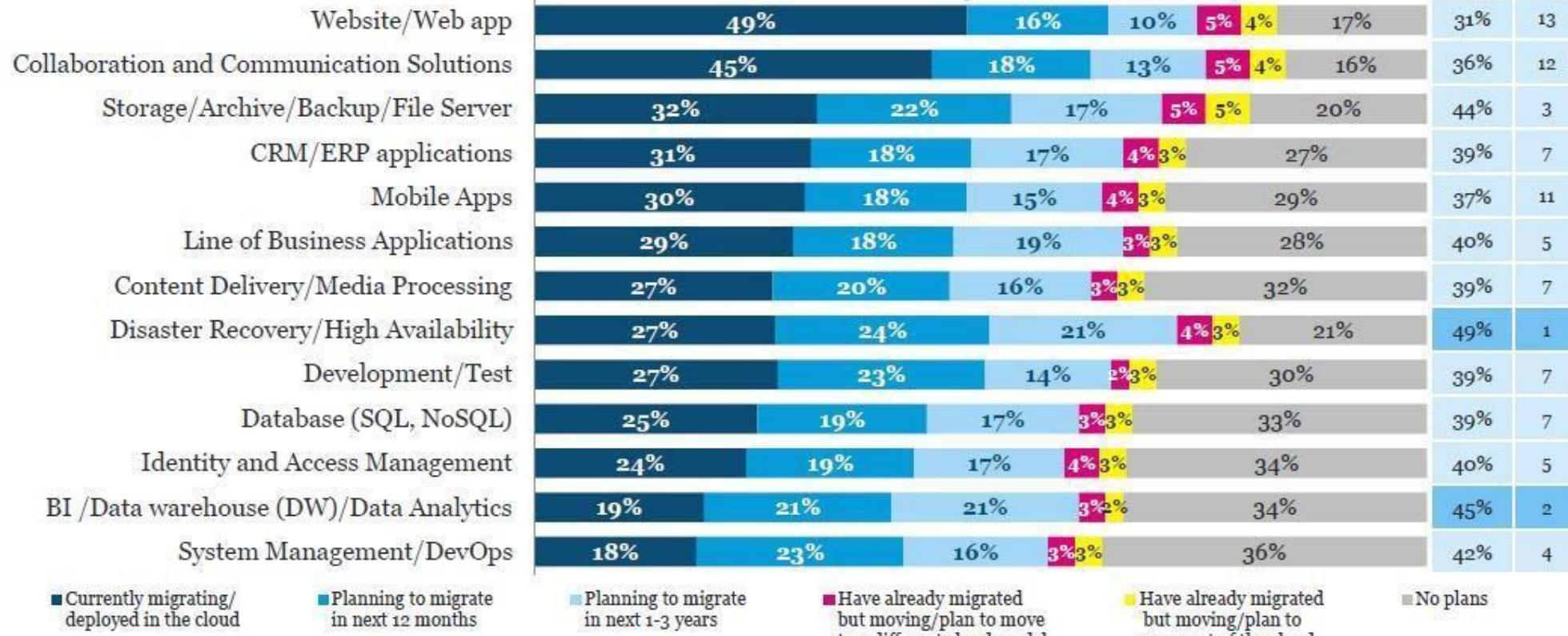
{KODE}{CLOUD}

Servers



Why?

Q. Please use the scale below to describe your organization's plans for moving each of the following types of applications to the cloud



Q. Please use the scale below to describe your organization's plans for moving each of the following types of applications to the cloud.

Application Types



Desktop



Mobile



Web



Analytics

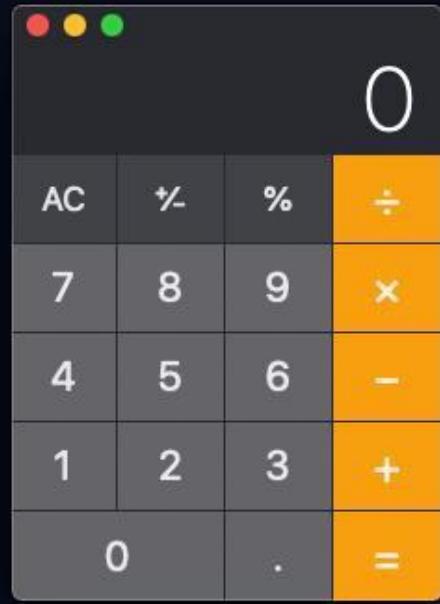


Problem Solving

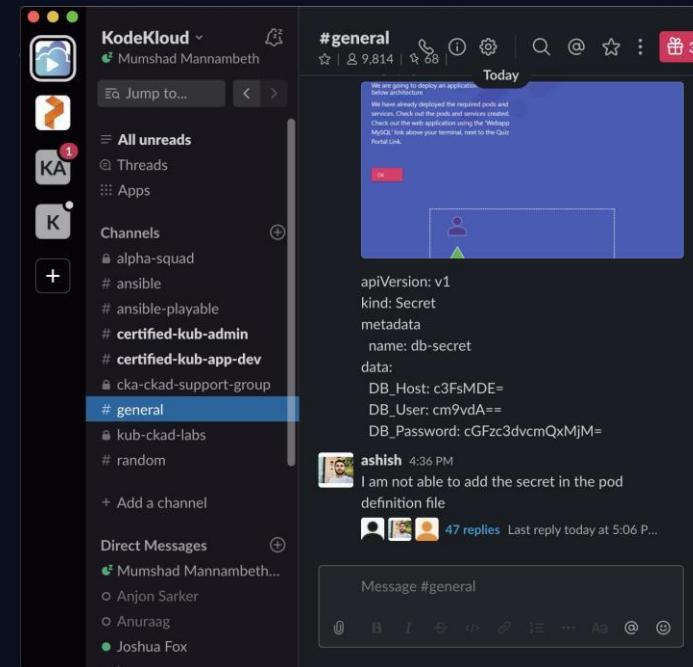


KODEKLoud

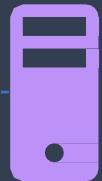
Standalone vs Client-Server



Standalone Desktop

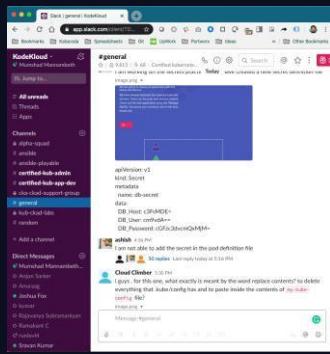


Desktop Client

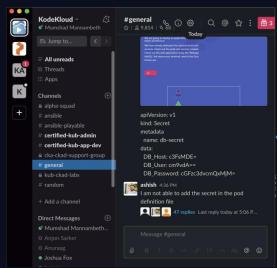


Server

Client-Server



Web Client



Desktop Client



Mobile Client



Chat
Server

Servers

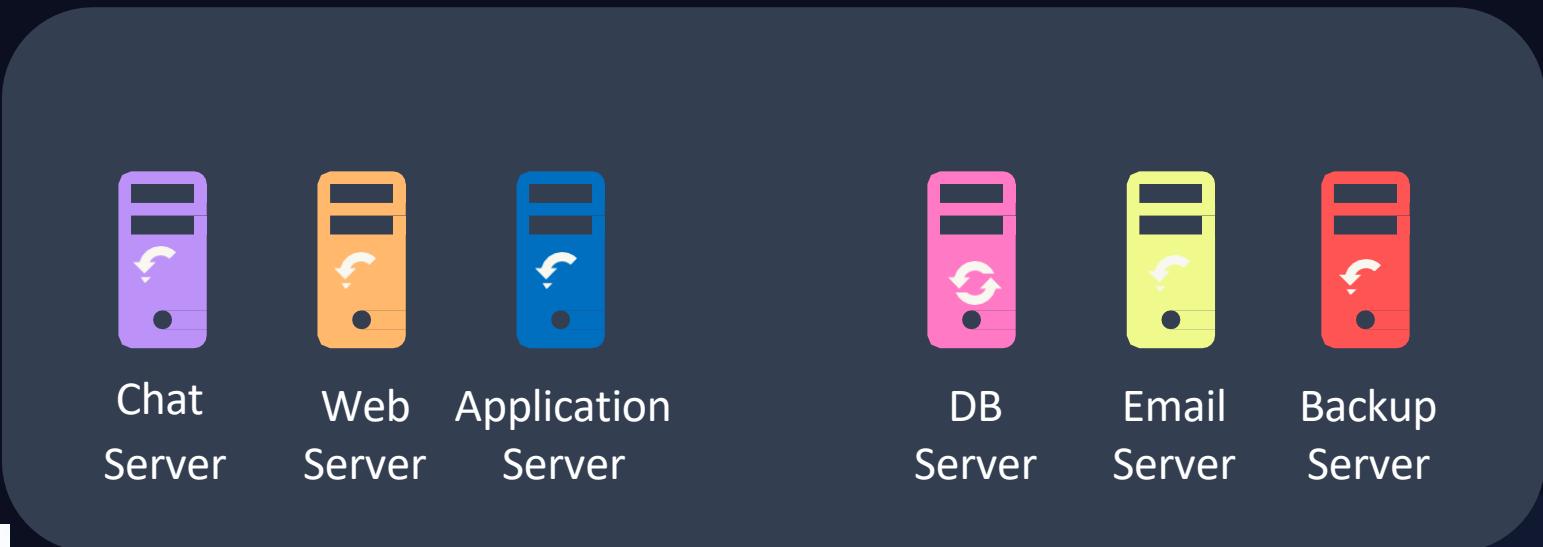


Photo by [Gareth Halfacree](#)

Servers



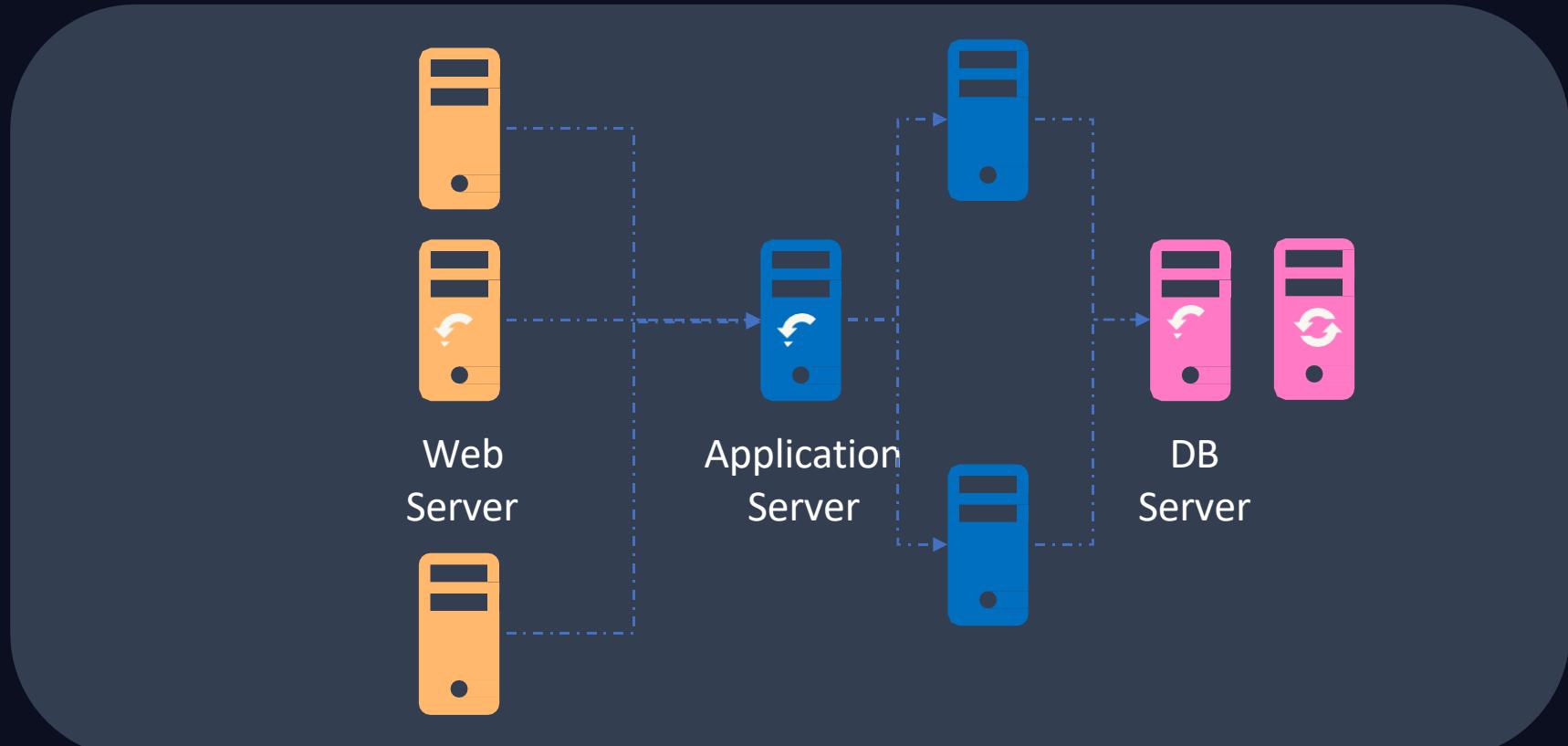
Web Application
Server Server

Servers



Application
Server

Servers



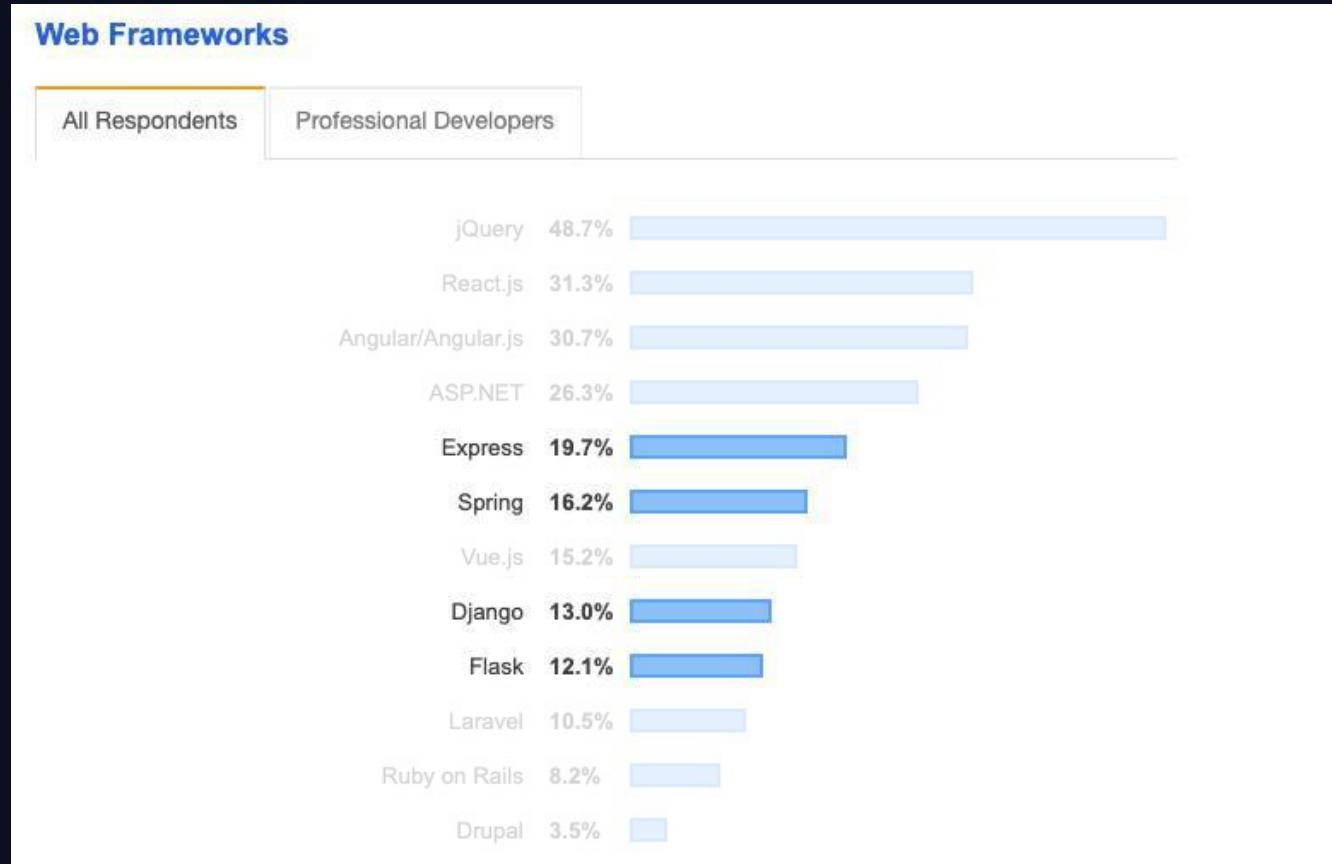


{KODE}{CLOUD}

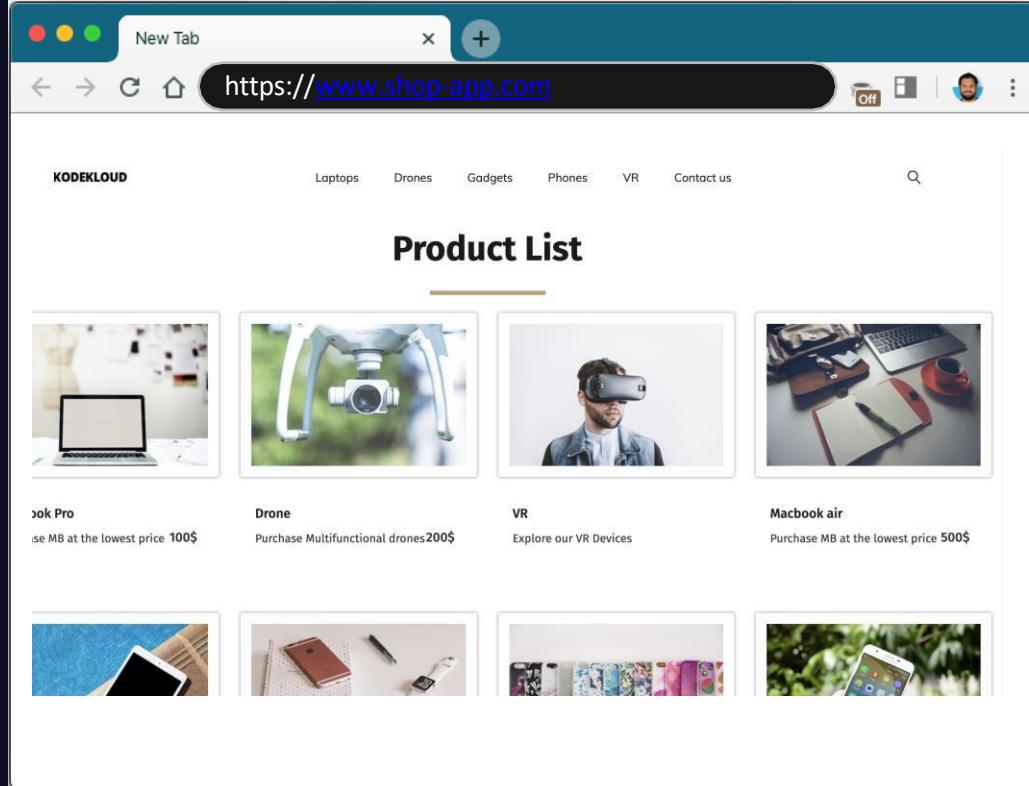
just enough

Web Frameworks & Web Servers

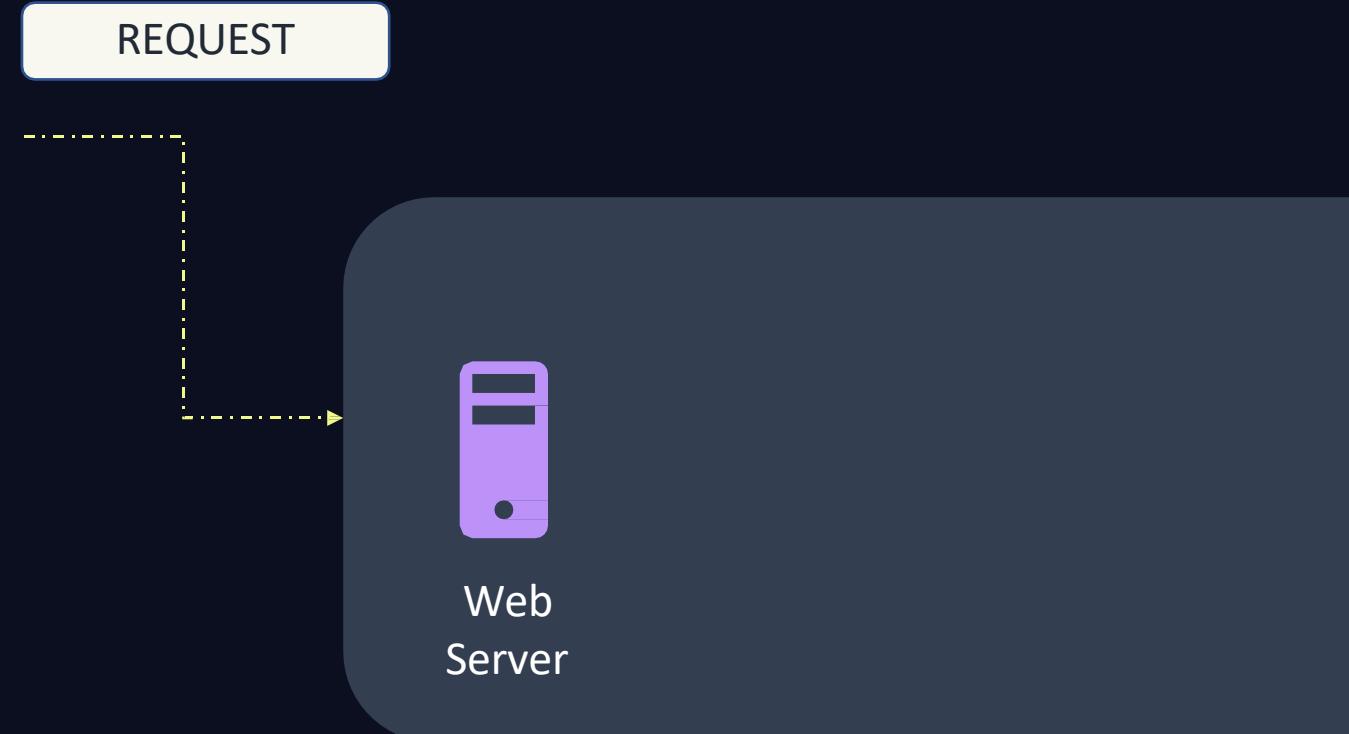
Web Frameworks



Web Frameworks



REQUEST



HTML

CSS

JavaScript

RESPONSE

Python

NodeJS



KODEKLOUD

Web Frameworks

app.js

```
$(document).ready(function() {
    $.get("/products", function (data, status) {
        displayProducts( data )
    });
});
```

DemoApplication.java

```
package com.example.demo;

// <code hidden>

@SpringBootApplication
@RestController
public class DemoApplication {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(DemoApplication.class, args);
    }

    @GetMapping("/products")
    public String[] getProducts() {
        return getProductList();
    }
}
```

HTML

CSS

JavaScript

JAVA

Python

NodeJS

Application Code

Web Frameworks

DemoApplication.java

```
package com.example.demo;

// <code hidden>

@SpringBootApplication
@RestController
public class DemoApplication {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(DemoApplication.class, args);
    }

    @GetMapping("/products")
    public String[] getProducts() {
        return getProductList();
    }
}
```

demo.py

```
from flask import Flask

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/products')
def hello():
    return getProductList()

if __name__=='__main__':
    app.run()
```

demo.js

```
const express = require('express')
const app = express()

app.get('/products', (req, res) =>
res.send(getProductList()))
```

HTML

CSS

JavaScript

JAVA

Python

NodeJS

Application Code



KODE{KLOUD

Web Server

DemoApplication.java

```
package com.example.demo;

// <code hidden>

@SpringBootApplication
@RestController
public class DemoApplication {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(DemoApplication.class, args);
    }

    @GetMapping("/products")
    public String[] getProducts() {
        return getProductList();
    }
}
```



Web
Server

HTML

CSS

JavaScript

JAVA

Python

NodeJS

Application Code



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Web Server

DemoApplication.java

```
package com.example.demo;

// <code hidden>

@SpringBootApplication
@RestController
public class DemoApplication {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(DemoApplication.class, args);
    }

    @GetMapping("/products")
    public String[] getProducts() {
        return getProductList();
    }
}
```



Apache Tomcat

8080

NGINX



80

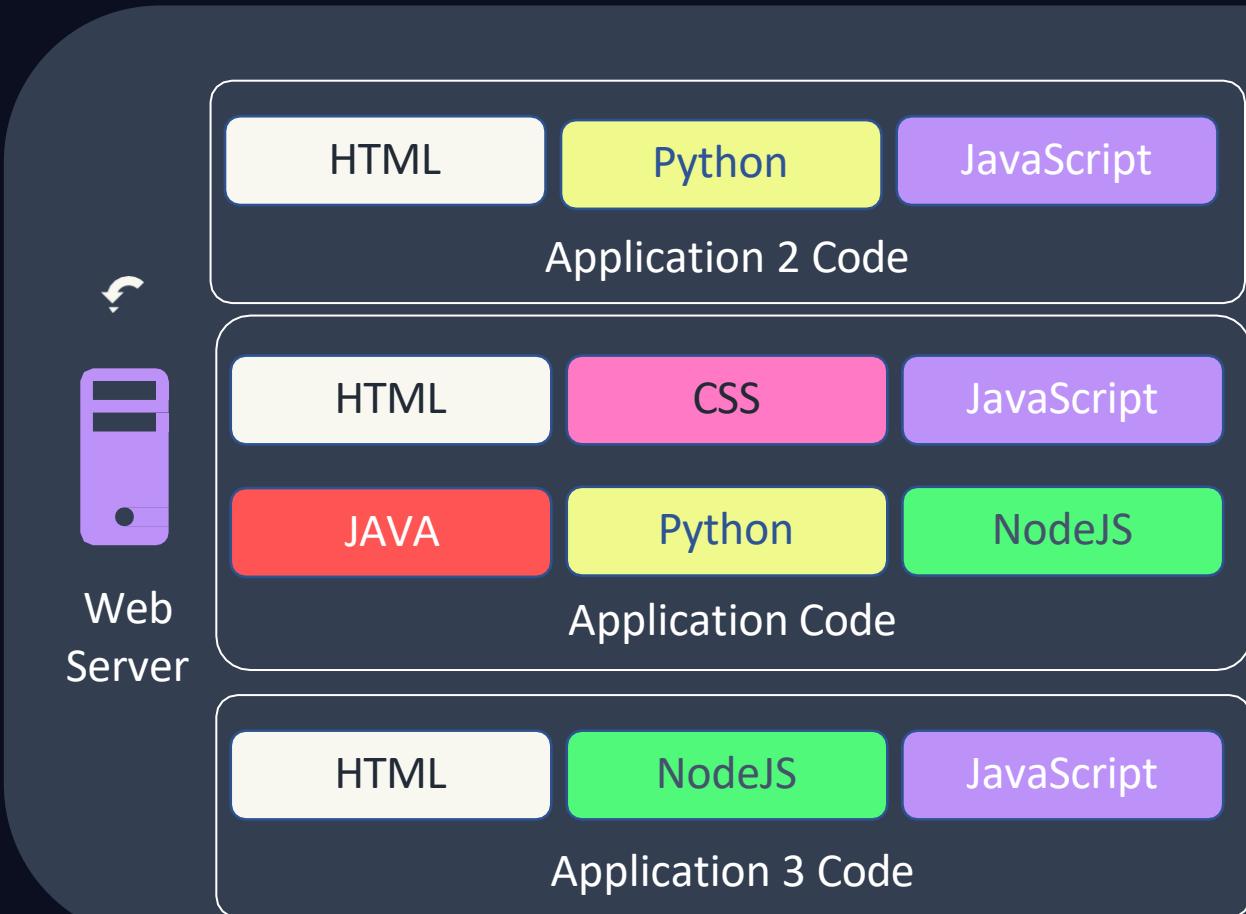
8000

LOUD

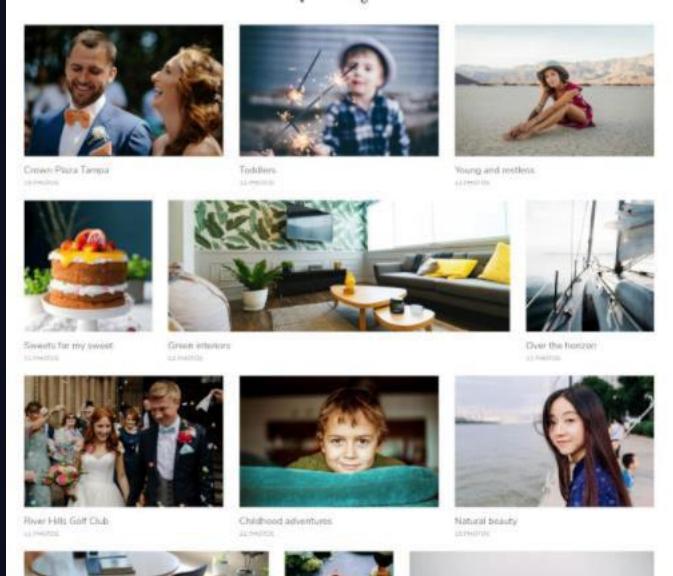
Web Server

DemoApplication.java

```
package com.example.demo;  
  
// <code hidden>  
  
@SpringBootApplication  
@RestController  
public class DemoApplication {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        SpringApplication.run(DemoApplication.class, args);  
    }  
  
    @GetMapping("/products")  
    public String[] getProducts() {  
        return getProductList();  
    }  
}
```



Static vs Dynamic Websites



KODEKLOUD

Laptops Drones Gadgets Phones VR Contact us

Product List

The page features a header with the KODEKLOUD logo and navigation links for Laptops, Drones, Gadgets, Phones, VR, and Contact us. Below is a search bar. The main section is titled "Product List" and shows four categories: "Laptop" (Macbook Pro), "Drone" (Multifunctional drones), "Gadgets" (VR), and "Phones" (Macbook air). Each category has a description and a purchase link.

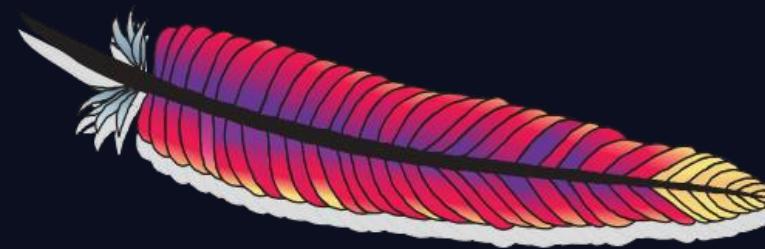
Category	Description	Price
Laptop	Macbook Pro Purchase MB at the lowest price	100\$
Drone	Multifunctional drones Purchase Multifunctional drones	200\$
Gadgets	VR Explore our VR Devices	
Phones	Macbook air Purchase MB at the lowest price	500\$





{KODE}{CLOUD}

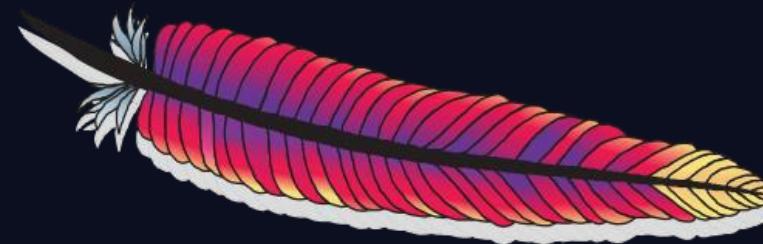
just enough



APACHE WEB SERVER

Apache Web Server

- Open source
- Web Server



Install Apache Web Server

```
▶ yum install httpd
```

```
▶ service httpd start
```

```
▶ service httpd status
```

```
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl status httpd.service
● httpd.service - The Apache HTTP Server
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/httpd.service; disabled; vendor preset: disabled)
   Active: active (running) since Sun 2020-03-22 12:01:42 UTC; 56s ago
     Docs: man:httpd(8)
           man:apachectl(8)
   Main PID: 4253 (httpd)
      Status: "Total requests: 0; Current requests/sec: 0; Current traffic: 0 B/sec"
```

```
▶ firewall-cmd --permanent --add-service=http
```



Web
Server

View Logs

```
▶ cat /var/log/httpd/access_log
```

```
::1 - - [22/Mar/2020:13:00:38 +0000] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 403 4897 "-" "curl/7.29.0"
```



```
▶ cat /var/log/httpd/error_log
```

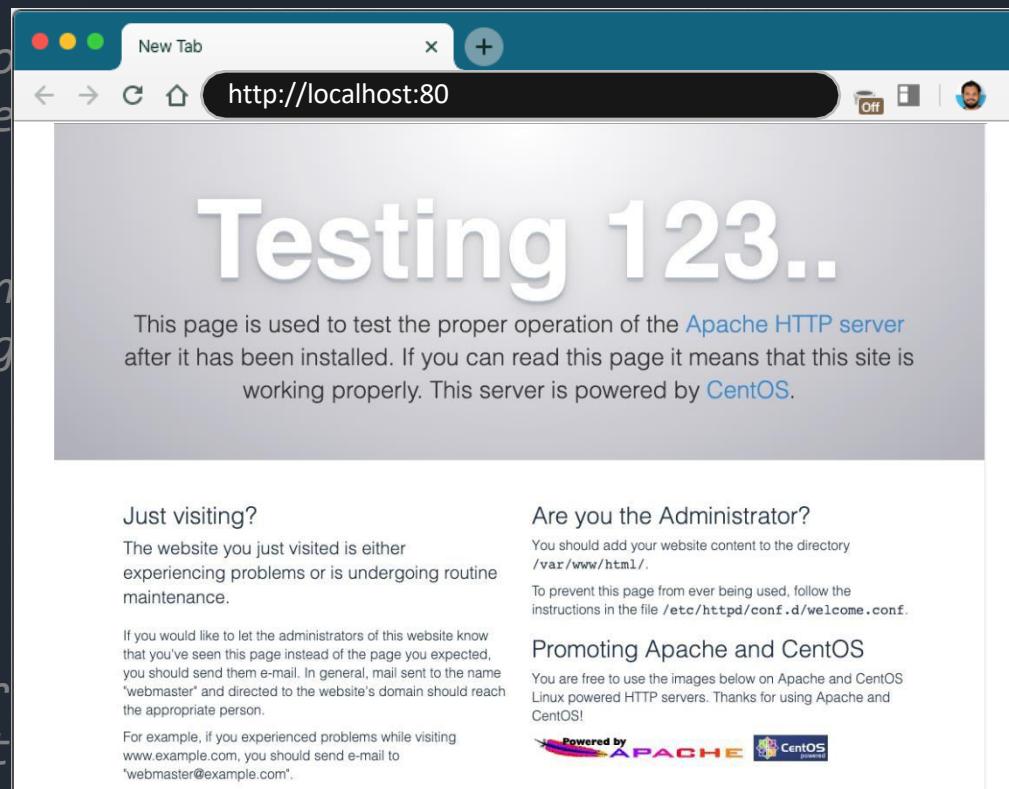
Web
Server

```
[Sun Mar 22 12:01:42.409565 2020] [core:notice] [pid 4253] SELinux policy enabled; httpd running as context system_u:system_r:httpd_t:s0
[Sun Mar 22 12:01:42.411052 2020] [suexec:notice] [pid 4253] AH01232: suEXEC mechanism enabled (wrapper: /usr/sbin/suexec)
AH00558: httpd: Could not reliably determine the server's fully qualified domain name, using localhost.localdomain. Set the 'ServerName' directive globally to suppress this message
[Sun Mar 22 12:01:42.418732 2020] [lbmethod_heartbeat:notice] [pid 4253] AH02282: No slotmem from mod_heartmonitor
[Sun Mar 22 12:01:42.420272 2020] [mpm_prefork:notice] [pid 4253] AH00163: Apache/2.4.6 (CentOS) configured -- resuming normal operations
[Sun Mar 22 12:01:42.420283 2020] [core:notice] [pid 4253] AH00094: Command line: '/usr/sbin/httpd -D FOREGROUND'
[Sun Mar 22 13:00:38.040460 2020] [autoindex:error] [pid 4257] [client ::1:41654] AH01276: Cannot serve directory /var/www/html/: No matching DirectoryIndex (index.html) found, and
server-generated directory index forbidden by Options directive
[Sun Mar 22 13:16:36.345183 2020] [autoindex:error] [pid 4258] [client 10.0.2.2:54103] AH01276: Cannot serve directory /var/www/html/: No matching DirectoryIndex (index.html) found,
and server-generated directory index forbidden by Options directive
[Mon Mar 23 01:17:39.060209 2020] [autoindex:error] [pid 4256] [client 10.0.2.2:61535] AH01276: Cannot serve directory /var/www/html/: No matching DirectoryIndex (index.html) found,
and server-generated directory index forbidden by Options directive
[Mon Mar 23 01:20:14.131909 2020] [autoindex:error] [pid 4619] [client 10.0.2.2:61553] AH01276: Cannot serve directory /var/www/html/: No matching DirectoryIndex (index.html) found,
and server-generated directory index forbidden by Options directive
[Mon Mar 23 01:20:15.074959 2020] [autoindex:error] [pid 4255] [client 10.0.2.2:61558] AH01276: Cannot serve directory /var/www/html/: No matching DirectoryIndex (index.html) found,
and server-generated directory index forbidden by Options directive
```

Config File

/etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf

```
#  
# Listen: Allows you to  
# ports, instead of the  
# directive.  
#  
# Change this to Listen  
# prevent Apache from g  
#  
#Listen 12.34.56.78:80  
Listen 80  
  
#  
# DocumentRoot: The dir  
# documents. By default  
# symbolic links and aliases may be used to point to other locations.  
#  
DocumentRoot "/var/www/html"  
#
```



and/or

to



Web
Server

80

Default HTTP Port - 80

ctory, but

Document Root
/var/www/html

DNS Name

IP Address

www.houses80m

192.168.1.10

/etc/hosts

```
# Host Database
127.0.0.1      localhost
127.0.0.1      www.houses.com
```

```
#  
DocumentRoot "/var/www/
```

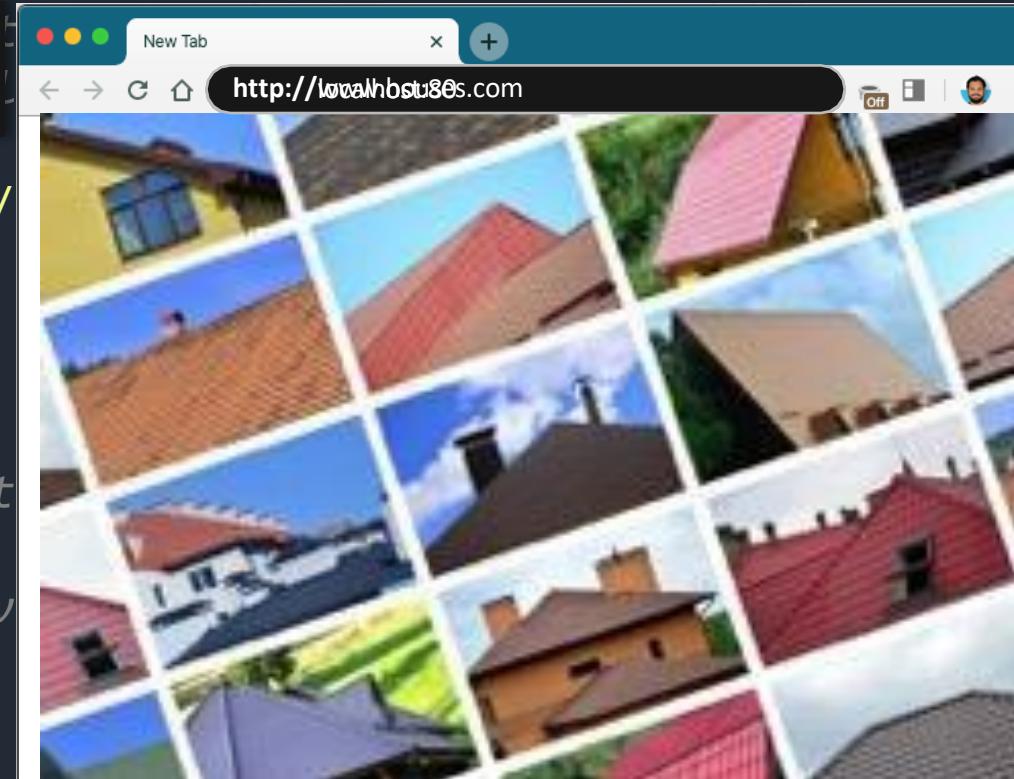
```
#  
# ServerName gives the  
itself.
```

```
# This can often be det  
specify
```

```
# it explicitly to prev  
#
```

```
# If your host doesn't  
here.
```

```
#  
#ServerName www.example.com:80  
ServerName www.houses.com:80
```



ctory, but
ations.

dentify

you

Default HTTP Port - 80

HTML

CSS

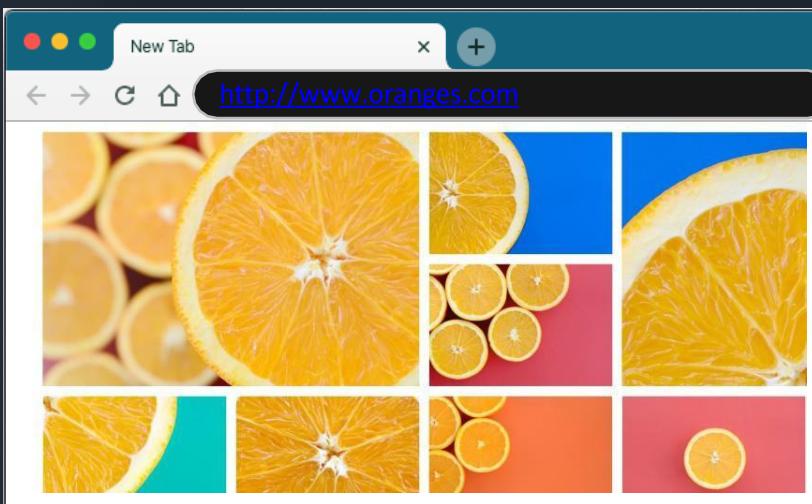
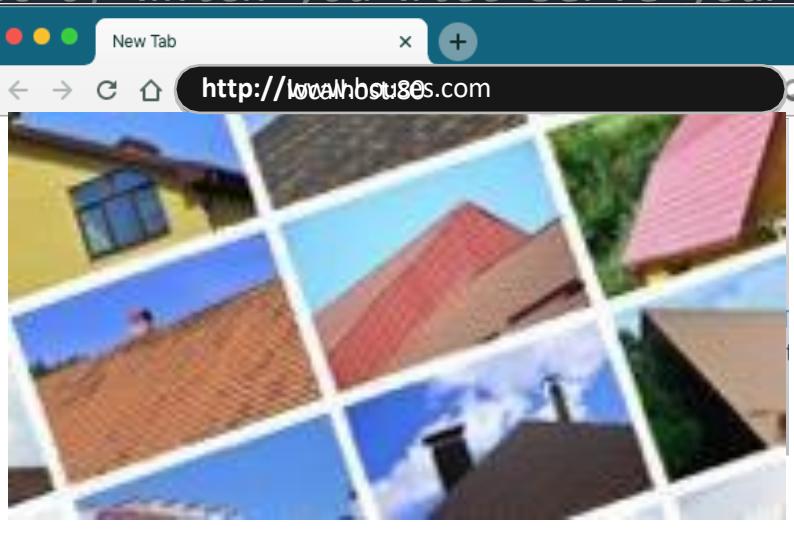
JavaScript

Document Root
/var/www/html

KODEKLOUD

```
#  
#Listen 12.34.56.78:80  
Listen 80
```

```
#  
# DocumentRoot: The directory out of which you will serve your  
# documents. By default, all relative paths refer to  
# symbolic links and aliases made by .htaccess files.  
#  
DocumentRoot "/var/www/html"  
  
#  
# ServerName gives the name and  
# itself.  
# This can often be determined  
# specify  
# it explicitly to prevent prob  
#  
# If your host doesn't have a  
# here.  
#  
#ServerName www.example.com:80  
ServerName www.houses.com:80
```



Web
Server

HTML

CSS

JavaScript

Server: www.houses.com
Document Root: /var/www/houses
VirtualHost

HTML

CSS

JavaScript

Server: www.oranges.com
Document Root: /var/www/oranges
VirtualHost

Document Root
/var/www/html

KODE KLOUD

DNS Name

IP Address

www.SchuleName.com

192.168.1.10:80

www.oranges.com

192.168.1.10

/etc/hosts

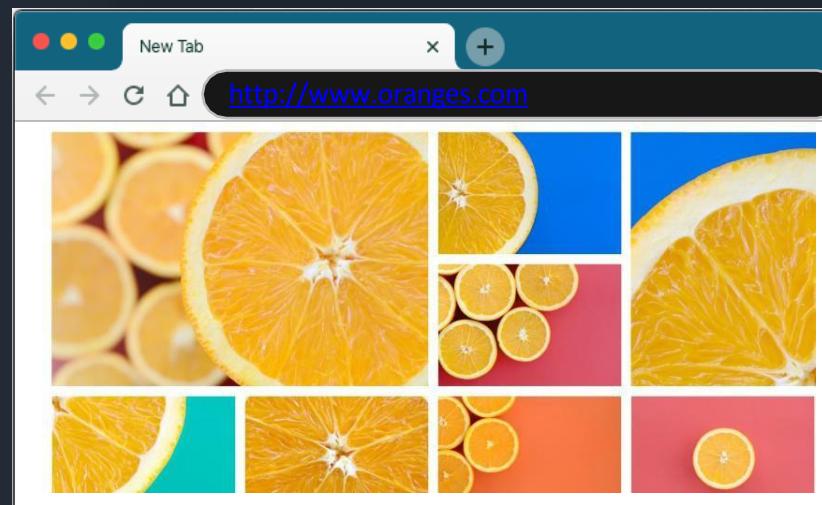
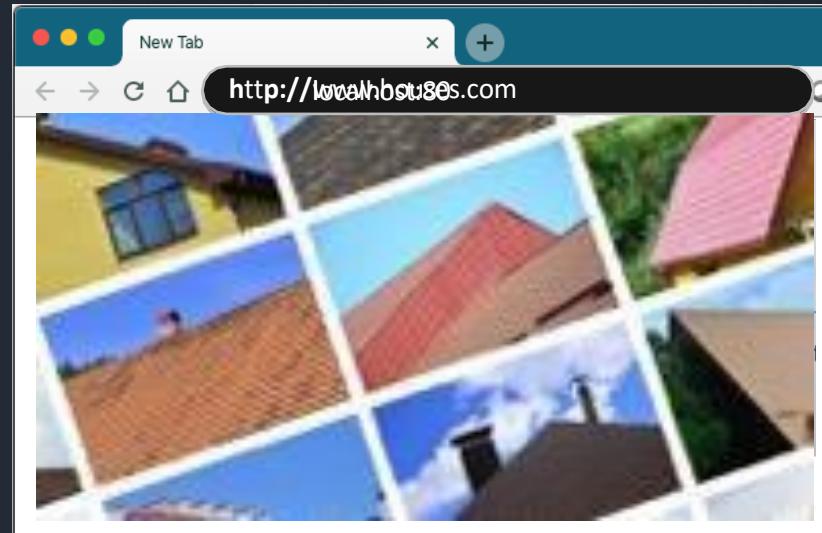
```
# Host Database
127.0.0.1      localhost
127.0.0.1      www.houses.com
127.0.0.1      www.oranges.com
```

</VirtualHost>

```
<VirtualHost *:80>
  ServerName www.oranges.com
  DocumentRoot /var/www/oranges
</VirtualHost>
```

► service httpd restart

Config File



Web
Server

HTML

CSS

JavaScript

Server: www.houses.com

Document Root: /var/www/houses

VirtualHost

HTML

CSS

JavaScript

Server: www.oranges.com

Document Root: /var/www/oranges

VirtualHost

Document Root
/var/www/html

KODE KLOUD

```
#  
#ServerName www.example.com:80  
ServerName www.houses.com:80
```

Config File

```
Include conf/houses.conf  
Include conf/oranges.conf
```

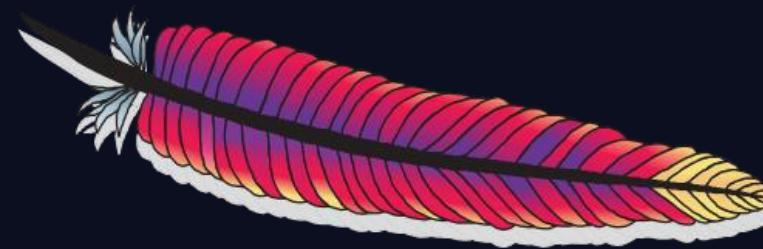
```
/etc/httpd/conf/houses.conf  
  
<VirtualHost *:80>  
    ServerName www.houses.com  
    DocumentRoot /var/www/houses  
</VirtualHost>
```

```
/etc/httpd/conf/oranges.conf  
  
<VirtualHost *:80>  
    ServerName www.oranges.com  
    DocumentRoot /var/www/oranges  
</VirtualHost>
```



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just enough



NGINX

just enough



APACHE TOMCAT

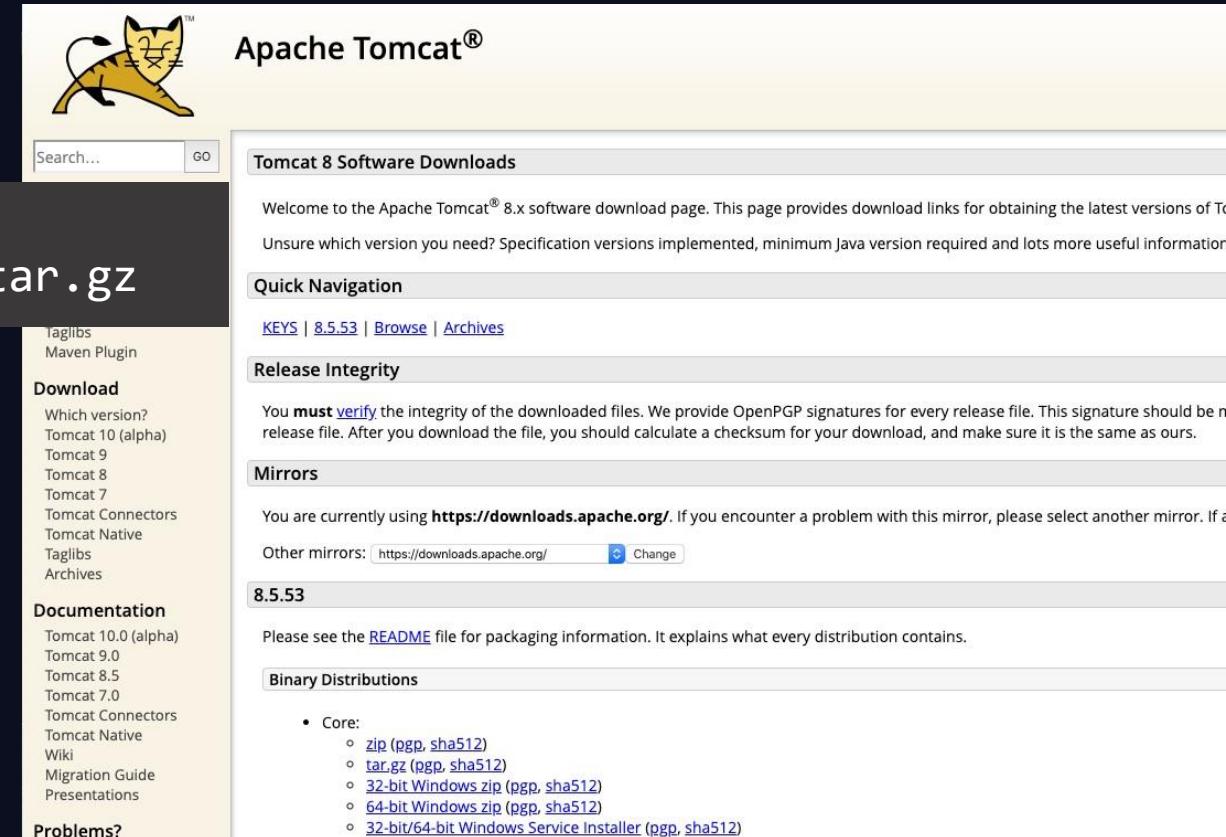
Install Apache Tomcat

```
▶ yum install java-1.8.0-openjdk-devel
```

```
▶ wget https://downloads.apache.org/tomcat/  
tomcat-8/v8.5.53/bin/apache-tomcat-8.5.53.tar.gz
```

```
▶ tar xvf apache-tomcat-8.5.53.tar.gz
```

```
▶ ./apache-tomcat-8.5.53/bin/startup.sh
```



The screenshot shows the Apache Tomcat® Software Downloads page. At the top is the Apache logo (a yellow cat) and the text "Apache Tomcat®". Below the logo is a search bar with a "GO" button. The main content area is titled "Tomcat 8 Software Downloads". It includes sections for "Quick Navigation" (with links to KEYS, 8.5.53, Browse, and Archives), "Release Integrity" (warning about verifying file integrity), "Mirrors" (listing the current mirror as https://downloads.apache.org/), and "8.5.53" (link to the specific release page). On the left sidebar, there are links for "Taglibs Maven Plugin", "Download" (with options for Tomcat 10, 9, 8, 7, Connectors, Native, Taglibs, Archives), "Documentation" (with links to Tomcat 10.0, 9.0, 8.5, 7.0, Connectors, Native, Wiki, Migration Guide, Presentations), and "Problems?".

<http://tomcat.apache.org/download-80.cgi>

View Server

https://localhost:8080

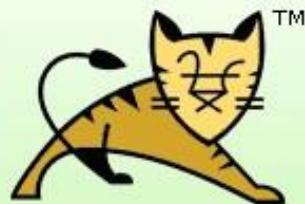
Home Documentation Configuration Examples Wiki Mailing Lists

Find Help

Apache Tomcat/8.5.53



If you're seeing this, you've successfully installed Tomcat. Congratulations!



Recommended Reading:

[Security Considerations How-To](#)

[Manager Application How-To](#)

[Clustering/Session Replication How-To](#)

[Server Status](#)

[Manager App](#)

[Host Manager](#)

Developer Quick Start

[Tomcat Setup](#)

[First Web Application](#)

[Realms & AAA](#)

[JDBC DataSources](#)

[Examples](#)

[Servlet Specifications](#)

[Tomcat Versions](#)



KODEKLLOUD

Apache Tomcat Directory

```
▶ ls -l apache-tomcat-8.5.53
```

```
-rw-r---- 1 19318 Mar 11 10:06 BUILDING.txt
-rw-r---- 1 5408 Mar 11 10:06 CONTRIBUTING.md
-rw-r---- 1 57011 Mar 11 10:06 LICENSE
-rw-r---- 1 1726 Mar 11 10:06 NOTICE
-rw-r---- 1 3255 Mar 11 10:06 README.md
-rw-r---- 1 7136 Mar 11 10:06 RELEASE-NOTES
-rw-r---- 1 16262 Mar 11 10:06 RUNNING.txt
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 bin
drwx----- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:06 conf
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 lib
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:03 logs
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 temp
drwxr-x--- 7 4096 Mar 11 10:04 webapps
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:03 work
```

```
catalina-tasks.xml
catalina.bat
catalina.sh
ciphers.bat
ciphers.sh
configtest.bat
configtest.sh
daemon.sh
digest.bat
digest.sh
setclasspath.bat
setclasspath.sh
shutdown.bat
shutdown.sh
startup.bat
startup.sh
tool-wrapper.bat
tool-wrapper.sh
version.bat
version.sh
```



Apache Tomcat Directory

```
▶ ls -l apache-tomcat-8.5.53
```

```
-rw-r---- 1 19318 Mar 11 10:06 BUILDING.txt
-rw-r---- 1 5408 Mar 11 10:06 CONTRIBUTING.md
-rw-r---- 1 57011 Mar 11 10:06 LICENSE
-rw-r---- 1 1726 Mar 11 10:06 NOTICE
-rw-r---- 1 3255 Mar 11 10:06 README.md
-rw-r---- 1 7136 Mar 11 10:06 RELEASE-NOTES
-rw-r---- 1 16262 Mar 11 10:06 RUNNING.txt
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 bin
drwx----- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:06 conf
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 lib
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:03 logs
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 temp
drwxr-x--- 7 4096 Mar 11 10:04 webapps
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:03 work
```

```
catalina.policy
catalina.properties
context.xml
jaspic-providers.xml
jaspic-providers.xsd
logging.properties
server.xml
tomcat-users.xml
tomcat-users.xsd
web.xml
```

<!-- A "Connector" represents an endpoint by which requests are received and responses are returned. Documentation at : Java HTTP Connector: /docs/config/http.html Java AJP Connector: /docs/config/ajp.html APR (HTTP/AJP) Connector: /docs/apr.html -->

```
<Connector port="8080" protocol="HTTP/1.1"
           connectionTimeout="20000"
           redirectPort="8443" />
<!-- A "Connector" using the shared thread pool-->
<!--
<Connector executor="tomcatThreadPool"
           port="8080" protocol="HTTP/1.1"
           connectionTimeout="20000"
           redirectPort="8443" />
```



Apache Tomcat Directory

```
▶ ls -l apache-tomcat-8.5.53
```

```
-rw-r---- 1 19318 Mar 11 10:06 BUILDING.txt
-rw-r---- 1 5408 Mar 11 10:06 CONTRIBUTING.md
-rw-r---- 1 57011 Mar 11 10:06 LICENSE
-rw-r---- 1 1726 Mar 11 10:06 NOTICE
-rw-r---- 1 3255 Mar 11 10:06 README.md
-rw-r---- 1 7136 Mar 11 10:06 RELEASE-NOTES
-rw-r---- 1 16262 Mar 11 10:06 RUNNING.txt
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 bin
drwx----- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:06 conf
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 lib
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:03 logs
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 temp
drwxr-x--- 7 4096 Mar 11 10:04 webapps
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:03 work
```

```
catalina.2020-03-18.log
catalina.out
host-manager.2020-03-18.log
localhost.2020-03-18.log
localhost_access_log.2020-03-18.txt
manager.2020-03-18.log
```

Apache Tomcat Directory

```
▶ ls -l apache-tomcat-8.5.53
```

```
-rw-r---- 1 19318 Mar 11 10:06 BUILDING.txt  
-rw-r---- 1 5408 Mar 11 10:06 CONTRIBUTING.md  
-rw-r---- 1 57011 Mar 11 10:06 LICENSE  
-rw-r---- 1 1726 Mar 11 10:06 NOTICE  
-rw-r---- 1 3255 Mar 11 10:06 README.md  
-rw-r---- 1 7136 Mar 11 10:06 RELEASE-NOTES  
-rw-r---- 1 16262 Mar 11 10:06 RUNNING.txt  
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 bin  
drwx----- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:06 conf  
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 lib  
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:03 logs  
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 temp  
drwxr-x--- 7 4096 Mar 11 10:04 webapps  
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:03 work
```

```
▶ jar -cvf app.war *
```

```
▶ mvn package
```

```
▶ gradle build
```



app.war

HTML

CSS

JavaScript

JAVA

Application Code



KODEKLOUD

Web Frameworks

```
▶ ls -l apache-tomcat-8.5.53
```

```
-rw-r---- 1 19318 Mar 11 10:06 BUILDING.txt  
-rw-r---- 1 5408 Mar 11 10:06 CONTRIBUTING.md  
-rw-r---- 1 57011 Mar 11 10:06 LICENSE  
-rw-r---- 1 1726 Mar 11 10:06 NOTICE  
-rw-r---- 1 3255 Mar 11 10:06 README.md  
-rw-r---- 1 7136 Mar 11 10:06 RELEASE-NOTES  
-rw-r---- 1 16262 Mar 11 10:06 RUNNING.txt  
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 bin  
drwx----- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:06 conf  
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 lib  
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:03 logs  
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 18 10:17 temp  
drwxr-x--- 7 4096 Mar 11 10:04 webapps  
drwxr-x--- 2 4096 Mar 11 10:03 work
```

```
▶ jar -cvf app.war *
```

```
▶ mvn package
```

```
▶ gradle build
```



HTML

CSS

JavaScript

JAVA

Application Code

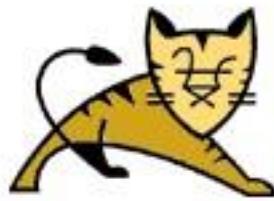
Verify

```
▶ cat ~/apache-tomcat-8.5.53/logs/catalina.out
```

```
18-Mar-2020 10:43:32.769 INFO [localhost-startStop-1] org.apache.catalina.startup.HostConfig.deployDirectory Deployment of web application directory [/home/vagrant/apache-tomcat-8.5.53/webapps/ROOT] has finished in [13] ms
18-Mar-2020 10:43:32.769 INFO [localhost-startStop-1] org.apache.catalina.startup.HostConfig.deployDirectory Deploying web application directory [/home/vagrant/apache-tomcat-8.5.53/webapps/manager]
18-Mar-2020 10:43:32.783 INFO [localhost-startStop-1] org.apache.catalina.startup.HostConfig.deployDirectory Deployment of web application directory [/home/vagrant/apache-tomcat-8.5.53/webapps/manager] has finished in [14] ms
18-Mar-2020 10:43:32.784 INFO [main] org.apache.coyote.AbstractProtocol.start Starting ProtocolHandler ["http-nio-8080"]
18-Mar-2020 10:43:32.789 INFO [main] org.apache.catalina.startup.Catalina.start Server startup in 407 ms
18-Mar-2020 11:21:23.503 INFO [localhost-startStop-2] org.apache.catalina.startup.HostConfig.deployWAR Deploying web application archive [/home/vagrant/apache-tomcat-8.5.53/webapps/app.war]
18-Mar-2020 11:21:23.560 INFO [localhost-startStop-2] org.apache.catalina.startup.HostConfig.deployWAR Deployment of web application archive [/home/vagrant/apache-tomcat-8.5.53/webapps/app.war] has finished in [57] ms
```

View Sample Application

<https://localhost:8080/app>



Sample "Hello, World" Application

This is the home page for a sample application used to illustrate the source directory organization of a web application utilizing the principles outlined in the Application Developer's Guide.

To prove that they work, you can execute either of the following links:

- To a [JSP page](#).
- To a [servlet](#).



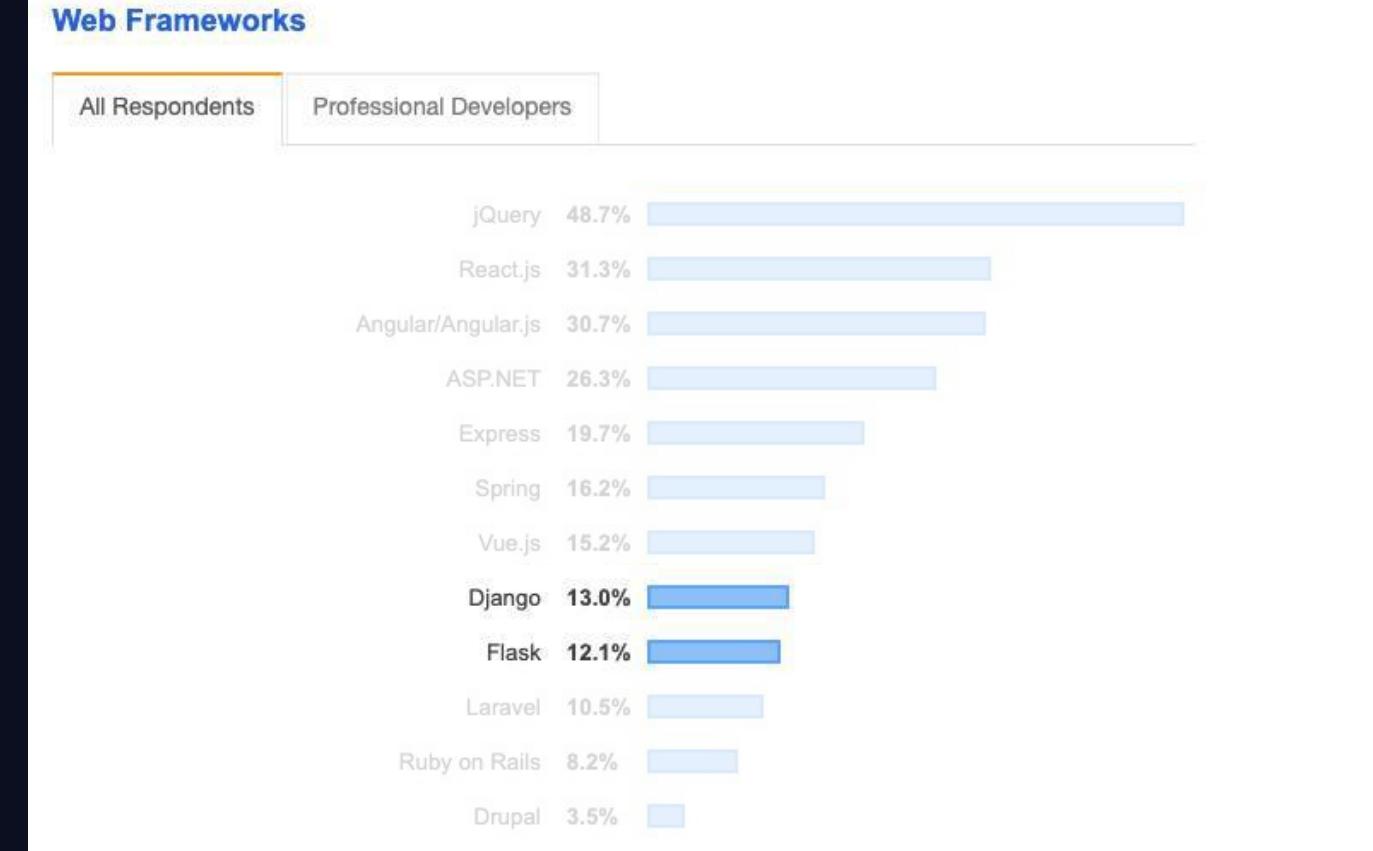
{KODE}{CLOUD}

just enough



Web Frameworks

django



Project Structure

```
my-application
  LICENSE
  README.md
  requirements.txt
  main.py
  utils
  tests
  config
  routes
  services
  db
  core
```

```
▶ pip install -r requirements.txt
```

```
▶ python main.py
```

```
* Serving Flask app "main" (lazy loading)
* Environment: production
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment.
Use a production WSGI server instead.
* Debug mode: off
* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
```

```
main.py
from flask import Flask

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/')
def hello():
    return 'Hello, World!'

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run()
```

Production Deployment

- Gunicorn
- uWSGI
- Gevent
- Twisted Web

```
main.py
from flask import Flask

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/')
def hello():
    return 'Hello, World!'

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run()
```

```
▶ gunicorn main:app -w 2
```

```
[2020-03-10 09:53:29 +0000] [2916] [INFO] Starting gunicorn 20.0.4
[2020-03-10 09:53:29 +0000] [2916] [INFO] Listening at: http://127.0.0.1:8000 (2916)
[2020-03-10 09:53:29 +0000] [2916] [INFO] Using worker: sync
[2020-03-10 09:53:29 +0000] [2919] [INFO] Booting worker with pid: 2919

[2020-03-10 09:53:29 +0000] [2921] [INFO] Booting worker with pid: 2921
```



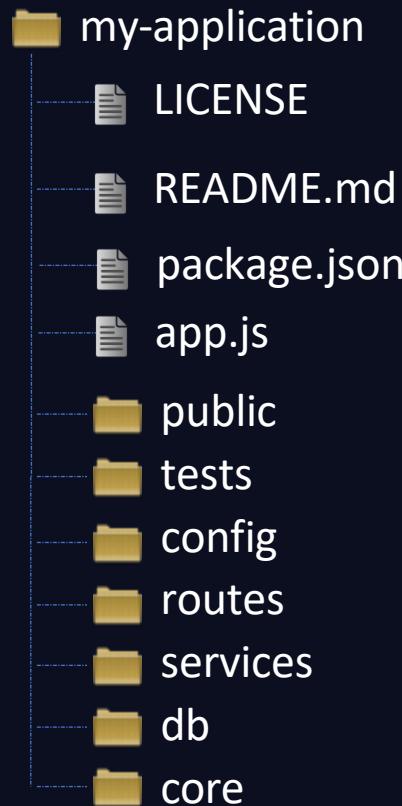
{KODE}{CLOUD}

just enough



Express.js

Project Structure



app.js

```
const express = require('express')
const app = express()

app.get('/products', (req, res) =>
    res.send(getProductList()))

app.use(express.static(path.join(__dirname, 'public')))

app.listen(3000);
```

Project Structure

```
my-application
  LICENSE
  README.md
  package.json
  app.js
  public
  tests
  config
  routes
  services
  db
  core
```

▶ npm install

▶ node app.js

▶ npm run start:dev

package.json

```
{
  "name": "my-application",
  "version": "0.0.0",
  "private": true,
  "dependencies": {
    "dotenv": "^5.0.0",
    "execa": "^0.9.0",
    "express": "^4.16.2"
  },
  "scripts": {
    "debug": "node debug app.js",
    "start": "NODE_ENV=production node app.js",
    "start:dev": "NODE_ENV=dev node app.js",
    "test:e2e": "node tests/run-e2e-test.js",
    "test:unit": "jest tests/unit",
    "test:unit:watch": "jest tests/unit --watch"
  }
}
```

Project Structure

```
my-application
  LICENSE
  README.md
  package.json
  app.js
  public
  tests
  config
  routes
  services
  db
  core
```

▶ npm install

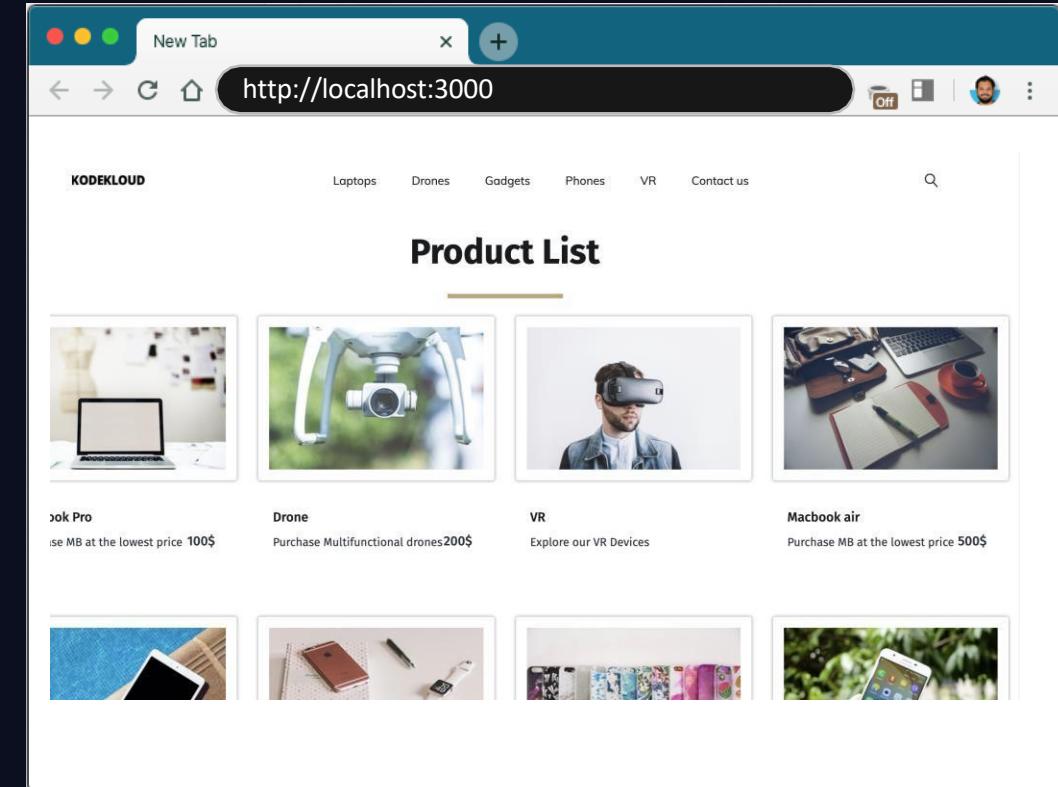
▶ node app.js

▶ npm run start:dev

supervisord

forever

pm2



pm2



PM2

P(rocess) M(anager) 2
Runtime Edition

npm package 4.2.3 node >=8.10.0 build passing

PM2 is a production process manager for Node.js applications with a built-in load balancer. It allows you to keep applications alive forever, to reload them without downtime and to facilitate common system admin tasks.

► pm2 start app.js

► pm2 start app.js -i 4



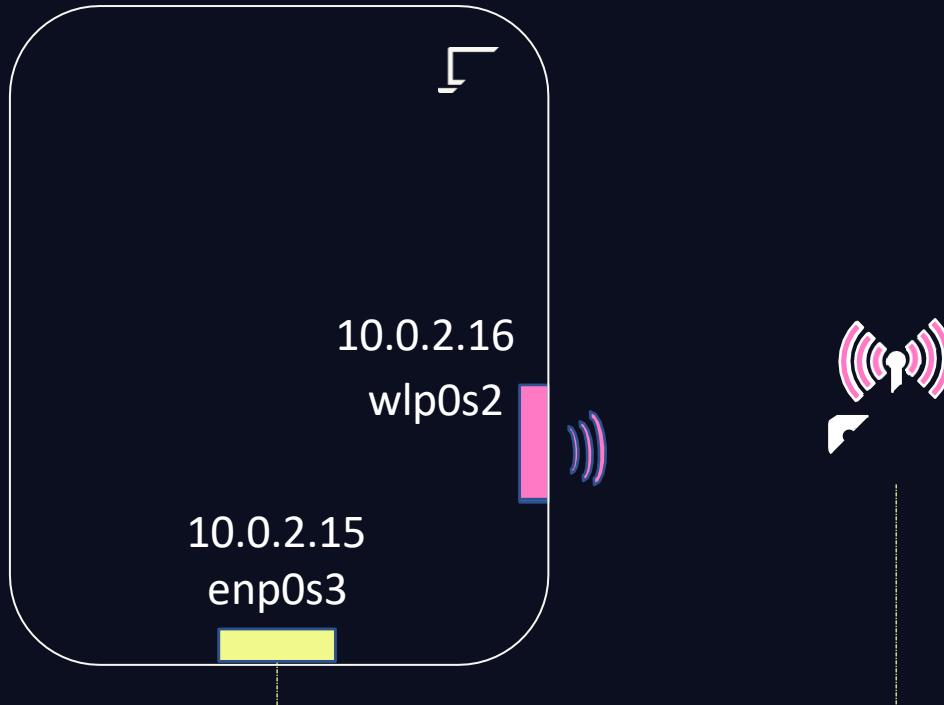
{KODE}{CLOUD}

IP Addresses and Ports From a Web Application Perspective

FAQ

- What IP Address and Port should I use?
- localhost vs 127.0.0.1 vs IP Address
- Why can't I connect to my server?
- HTTP or HTTPS?

IP Address

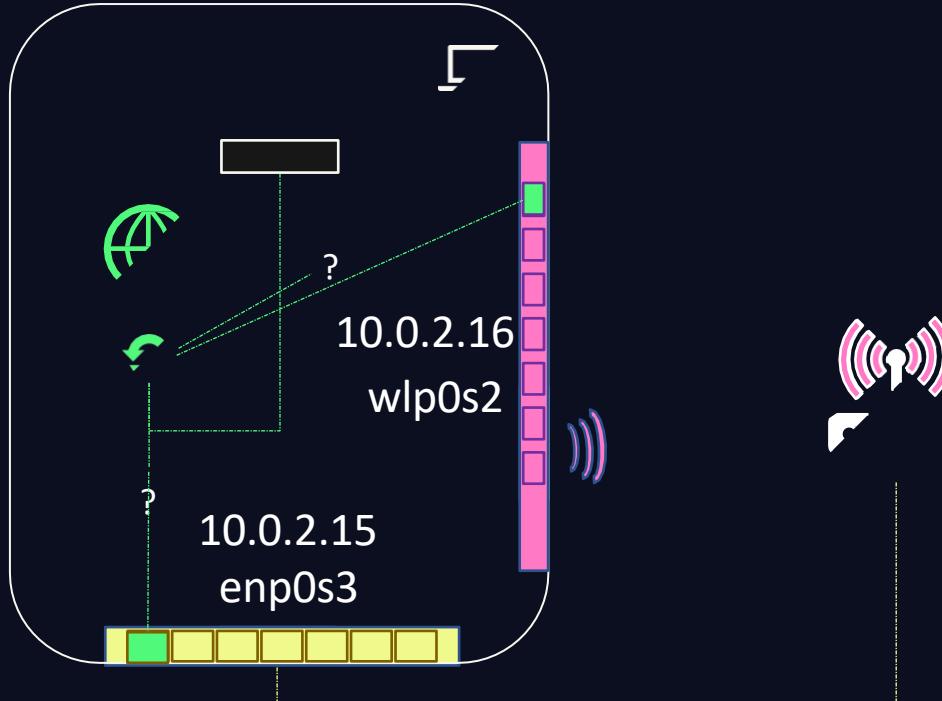


► `ip addr show`

```
2: enp0s3: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_f  
1000  
    link/ether 02:0e:0c:9a:00:f0 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff  
    inet 10.0.2.15/24 brd 10.0.2.255 scope global enp0s3
```

```
3: wlp0s2: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_f  
1000  
    link/ether dc:fb:48:dd:4b:4f brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff  
    inet 10.0.2.16/24 brd 10.0.2.255 scope global enp0s3
```

Ports



http://10.0.2.15:8000



http://10.0.2.16:8000



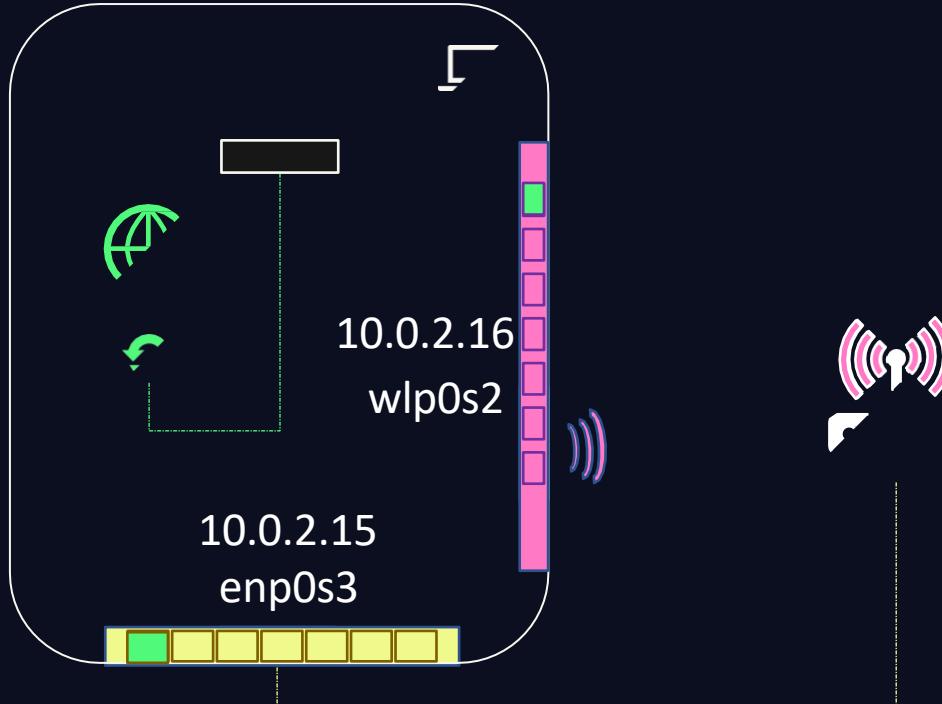
main.py

```
from flask import Flask  
  
app = Flask(__name__)  
  
@app.route('/')  
def hello():  
    return 'Hello, World!'  
  
if __name__=='__main__':  
    app.run(port=8000 , host='127.0.0.1')
```



KODEKLOUD

Ports

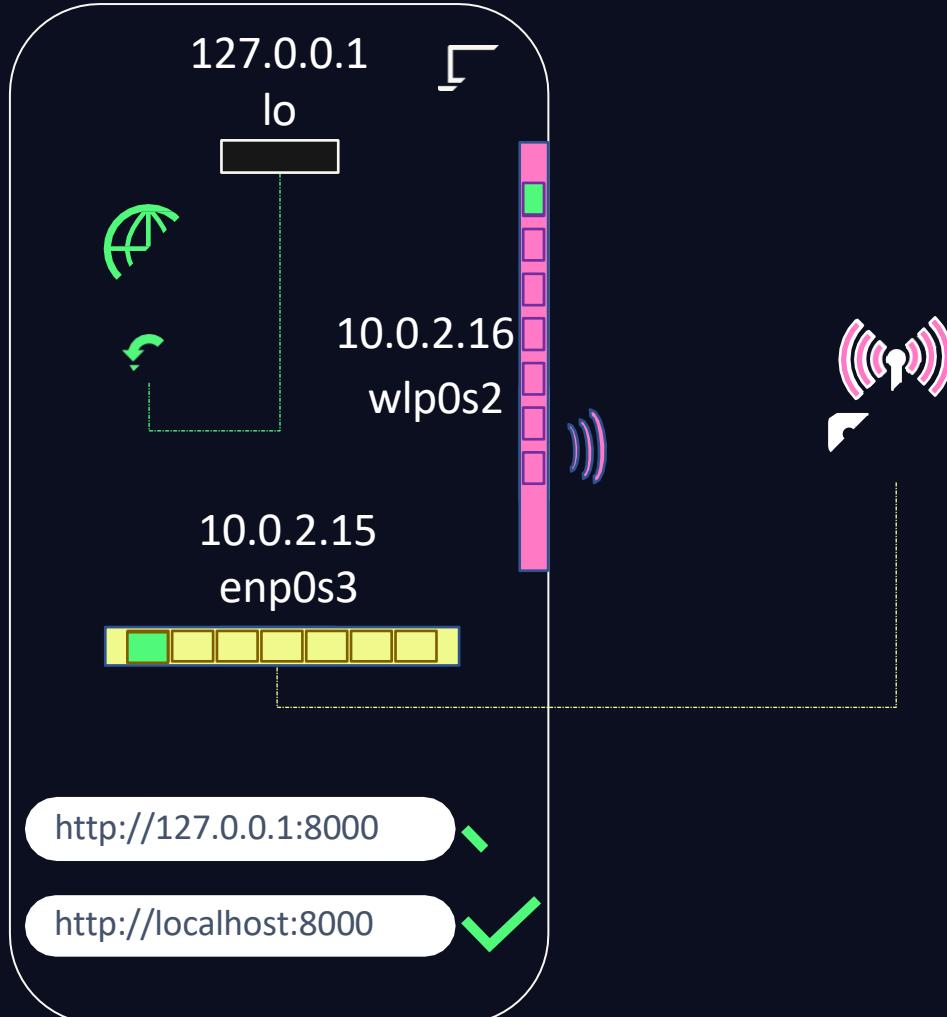


► ip addr show

```
2: enp0s3: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc 1000  
    link/ether 02:0e:0c:9a:00:f0 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff  
    inet 10.0.2.15/24 brd 10.0.2.255 scope global enp0s3
```

```
3: wlp0s2: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc 1000  
    link/ether dc:fb:48:dd:4b:4f brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff  
    inet 10.0.2.16/24 brd 10.0.2.255 scope global enp0s3
```

Ports



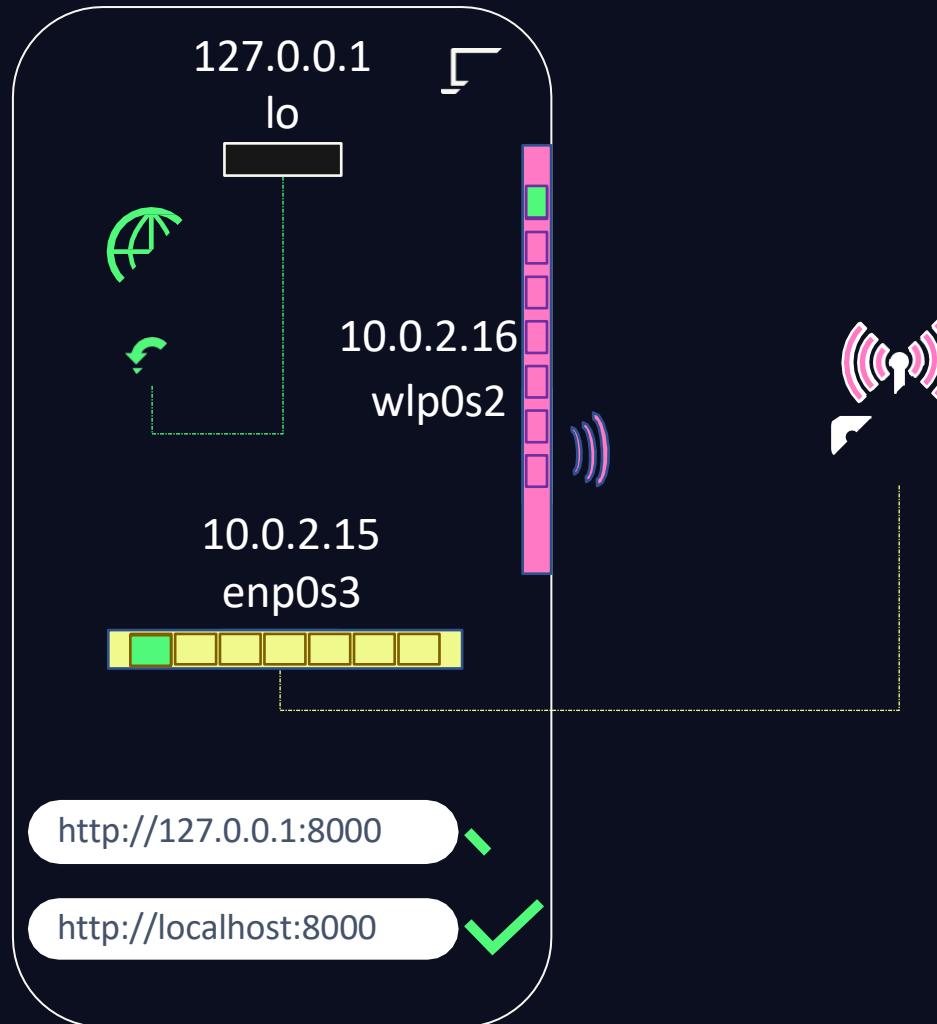
► ip addr show

```
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state U  
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00  
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo  
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever

2: enp0s3: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc 1000  
    link/ether 02:0e:0c:9a:00:f0 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff  
    inet 10.0.2.15/24 brd 10.0.2.255 scope global enp0s3

3: wlp0s2: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc 1000  
    link/ether dc:fb:48:dd:4b:4f brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff  
    inet 10.0.2.16/24 brd 10.0.2.255 scope global enp0s3
```

Ports



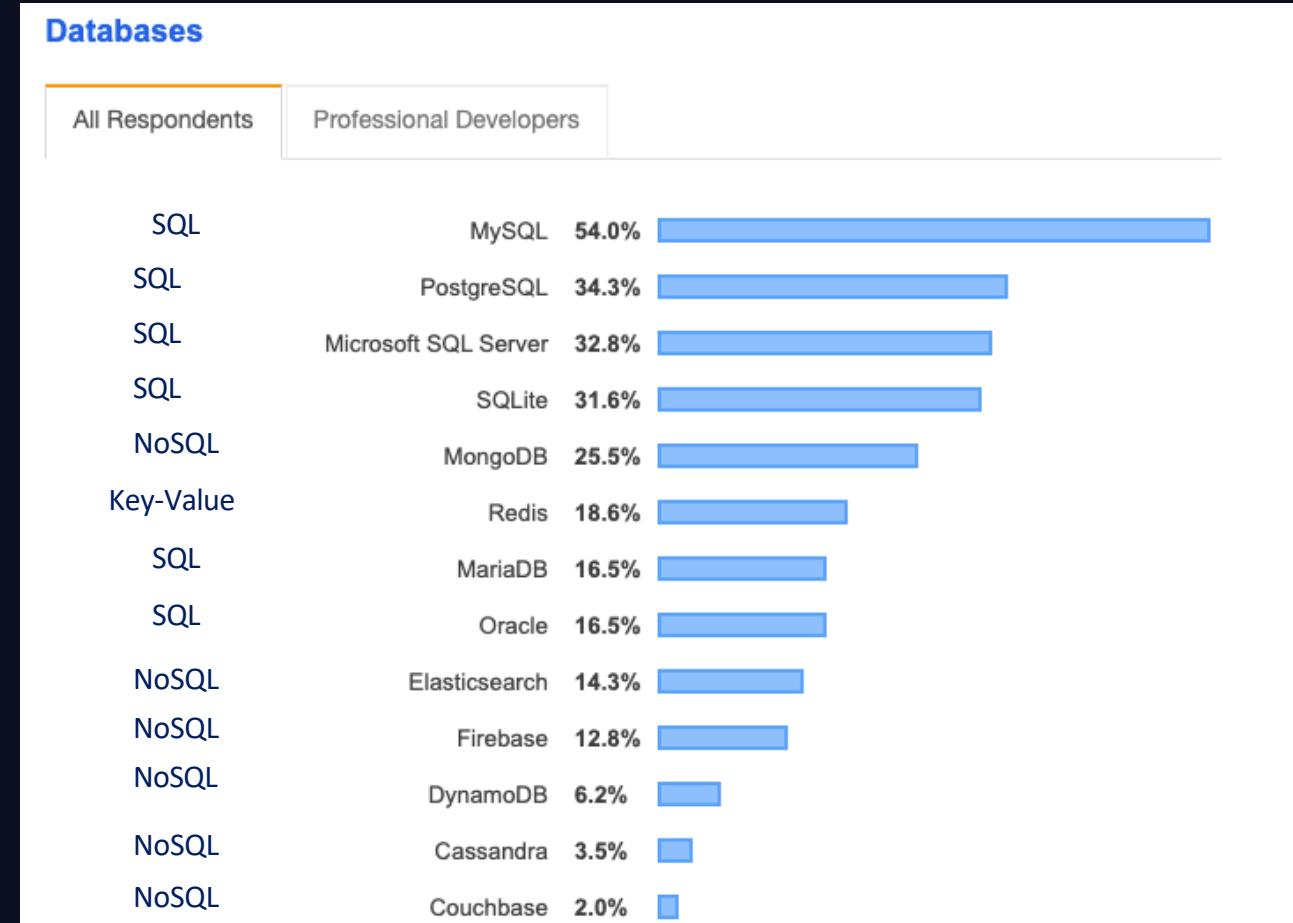


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Databases

Databases

- MySQL
- MongoDB
- Redis



SQL

Tabular/Relational Databases

Name	Age	Location	Salary	Grade
John Doe	45	New York	5000	
Dave Smith	34	New York	4000	
Aryan Kumar	10	New York		A
Lauren Rob	13	Bangalore		C
Lily Oliver	15	Bangalore		B

NoSQL

Key	Value
Name	John Doe
Age	45
Location	New York
Salary	5000

Key	Value
Name	Dave Smith
Age	34
Location	New York
Salary	4000

Key	Value
Name	Aryan Kumar
Age	10
Location	New York
Grade	A

Key	Value
Name	Lauren Rob
Age	13
Location	Bangalore
Grade	C

Key	Value
Name	Lily Oliver
Age	15
Location	Bangalore
Grade	B

NoSQL

Key	Value
Name	John Doe
Age	45
Location	New York
Salary	5000

Key	Value
Name	Dave Smith
Age	34
Location	New York
Salary	4000
Organization	ACME

Key	Value
Name	Aryan Kumar
Age	10
Location	New York
Grade	A

Key	Value
Name	Lauren Rob
Age	13
Location	Bangalore
Grade	C

Key	Value
Name	Lily Oliver
Age	15
Location	Bangalore
Grade	B

NoSQL

```
{  
  "name": "John Doe",  
  "age": 45,  
  "location": "New York",  
  "salary": 5000  
}
```

```
{  
  "name": "Dave Smith",  
  "age": 34,  
  "location": "New York",  
  "salary": 4000,  
  "organization": "ACME"  
}
```

```
{  
  "name": "Aryan Kumar",  
  "age": 10,  
  "location": "New York",  
  "Grade": "A"  
}
```

```
{  
  "name": "Lily Oliver",  
  "age": 15,  
  "location": "Bangalore",  
  "Grade": "B"  
}
```

```
{  
  "name": "Lauren Rob",  
  "age": 13,  
  "location": "Bangalore",  
  "Grade": "C"  
}
```



SQL vs NoSQL

```
SELECT * from persons where AGE > 10
```

Table

Name	Age	Location	Salary	Grade
John Doe	45	New York	5000	
Dave Smith	34	New York	4000	
Lauren Rob	13	Bangalore		C
Lily Oliver	15	Bangalore	Row	B

```
db.persons.find( { age > 10 } )
```

```
{ "name": "John Doe",  
  "age": 45,  
  "location": "New York",  
  "salary": 5000  
}  
  
{ "name": "Dave Smith",  
  "age": 34,  
  "location": "New York",  
  "salary": 4000,  
  "organization": "ACME"  
}  
  
{ "name": "Aryan Kumar",  
  "age": 10,  
  "location": "New York",  
  "Grade": "A"  
}  
  
{ "name": "Lauren Rob",  
  "age": 13,  
  "location": "Bangalore",  
  "Grade": "C"  
}  
  
{ "name": "Lily Oliver",  
  "age": 15,  
  "location": "Bangalore",  
  "Grade": "B"  
}
```

Document

SQL vs NoSQL

```
SELECT * from persons where age > 10
```

```
db.persons.find( { age: { $gt: 10 } } )
```

Name	Age	Location	Salary	Grade
John Doe	45	New York	5000	
Dave Smith	34	New York	4000	
Lauren Rob	13	Bangalore		C
Lily Oliver	15	Bangalore		B

```
{  
  "name": "John Doe",  
  "age": 45,  
  "location": "New York",  
  "salary": 5000  
}
```

```
{  
  "name": "Dave Smith",  
  "age": 34,  
  "location": "New York",  
  "salary": 4000,  
  "organization": "ACME"  
}
```

```
{  
  "name": "Lily Oliver",  
  "age": 15,  
  "location": "Bangalore",  
  "Grade": "B"  
}
```

```
{  
  "name": "Lauren Rob",  
  "age": 13,  
  "location": "Bangalore",  
  "Grade": "C"  
}
```



SQL vs NoSQL



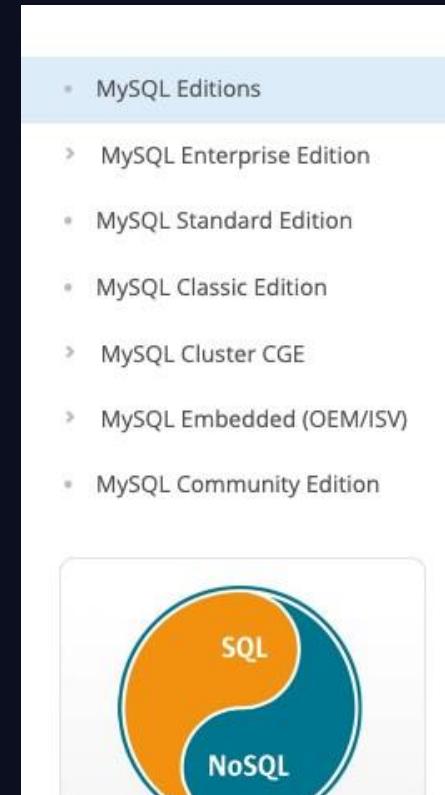
KLOUD

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MySQL

- Open source
- Fast
- Reliable
- SQL



MySQL Editions

MySQL is the world's most popular open source database. Whether you are a fast growing web p...
deliver high performance, scalable database applications.

[Learn more about Oracle MySQL Cloud Service »](#)

MySQL Community Edition is the freely downloadable version of the world's most popular open...

- [Learn more about the MySQL Community Edition](#)
- [Download the MySQL Community Edition](#)

Commercial customers have the flexibility of choosing from multiple editions to meet specific bu...

- [MySQL Standard Edition](#)
- [MySQL Enterprise Edition](#)
- [MySQL Cluster Carrier Grade Edition](#)

ISVs, OEMs and VARs can learn more about MySQL as an Embedded Database

Community

Commercial

Install

```
▶ wget https://dev.mysql.com/get/mysql80-community-release-el7-3.noarch.rpm
```

```
▶ rpm -ivh mysql80-community-release-el7-3.noarch.rpm
```

```
▶ yum install mysql-server
```

```
▶ service mysqld start
```

```
▶ service mysqld status
```

Redirecting to /bin/systemctl status mysqld.service

- mysqld.service - MySQL Server

 Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/mysqld.service; enabled; vendor preset: disabled)

 Active: **active (running)** since Thu 2020-03-19 17:57:44 UTC; 1min 12s ago

 Docs: man:mysqld(8)

<http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/en/using-systemd.html>

Process: 4135 ExecStartPre=/usr/bin/mysqld_pre_systemd (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)

Main PID: 4211 (mysqld)

 Status: "Server is operational"

 CGroup: /system.slice/mysqld.service

 └─4211 /usr/sbin/mysqld

Validate

```
▶ cat /var/log/mysqld.log
```

```
2020-03-19T17:57:37.375709Z 0 [System] [MY-013169] [Server] /usr/sbin/mysqld (mysqld 8.0.19) initializing of server in progress as process 4162
2020-03-19T17:57:39.467035Z 5 [Note] A temporary password is generated for root@localhost: g/io%pF1E77m
2020-03-19T17:57:41.582829Z 0 [System] [MY-010116] [Server] /usr/sbin/mysqld (mysqld 8.0.19) @ starting in progress as process 4162
2020-03-19T17:57:43.812826Z 0 [Warning] [MY-010068] [Server] CA certificate ca.pem is self signed.
2020-03-19T17:57:44.021160Z 0 [System] [MY-010931] [Server] /usr/sbin/mysqld: ready for connections. Version: '8.0.19' socket: '/var/lib/mysql/mysql.sock' port: 3306 MySQL
Community Server - GPL.
2020-03-19T17:57:44.245102Z 0 [System] [MY-011323] [Server] X Plugin ready for connections. Socket: '/var/run/mysqld/mysqlx.sock' bind-address: '::' port: 33060
2020-03-19T18:04:21.190127Z 8 [Warning] [MY-013360] [Server] Plugin sha256_password reported: "sha256_password" is deprecated and will be removed in a future release.
Please use caching_sha2_password instead'
```

```
▶ mysql -u root -pg/io%pF1E77m
```

```
mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can be insecure.
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 11
Server version: 8.0.19
```

```
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
```

```
mysql>
```

Validate

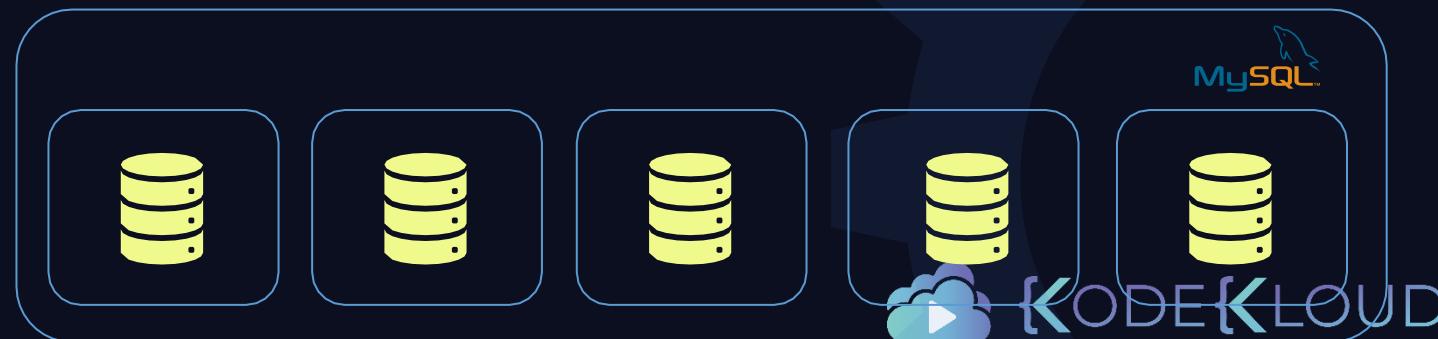
```
▶ mysql> ALTER USER 'root'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'MyNewPass4!';
```

▶ mysql_secure_installation

```
▶ mysql> SHOW DATABASES;
```

```
+-----+  
| Database      |  
+-----+  
| information_schema |  
| mysql          |  
| performance_schema |  
| sys            |  
+-----+  
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
▶ mysql> CREATE DATABASE school;
```



Validate

```
▶ mysql> USE school;
```

```
▶ mysql> CREATE TABLE persons  
(  
    Name varchar(255),  
    Age int,  
    Location varchar(255)  
);
```

```
▶ mysql> SHOW TABLES;
```

Tables_in school
persons

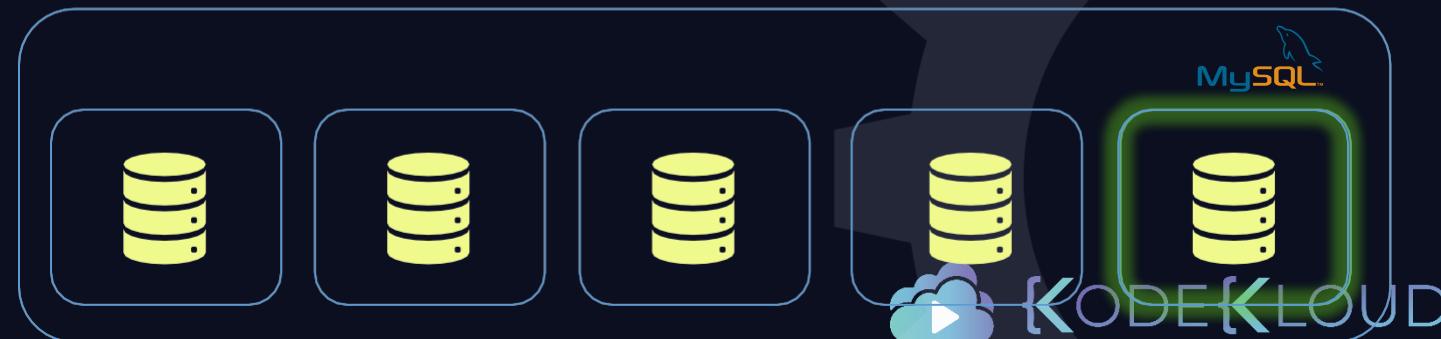
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```
▶ mysql> INSERT INTO persons values  
        ( "John Doe", 45, "New York");
```

```
▶ mysql> SELECT * FROM persons;
```

name	age	location
John Doe	45	New York

1 row in set (0.00 sec)



Create User

```
▶ mysql -u root -pg/io%pF1E77m
```

```
▶ mysql> CREATE USER 'john'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'MyNewPass4!';
```

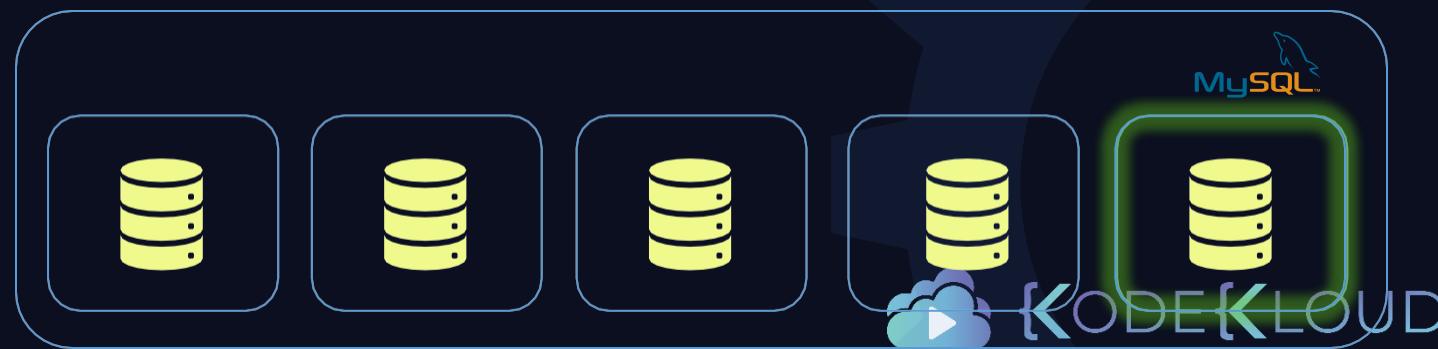


user



password

'username'@'host'



Create User

```
▶ mysql -u root -pg/io%pF1E77m
```

```
▶ mysql> CREATE USER 'john'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'MyNewPass4!';
```

```
▶ mysql> CREATE USER 'john'@'192.168.1.10' IDENTIFIED BY 'MyNewPass4!';
```

'username'@'host'

```
▶ mysql -u john -pMyNewPass4!
```

192.168.1.10

```
▶ mysql -u john -pMyNewPass4!
```



Create User

```
▶ mysql -u root -pg/io%pF1E77m
```

```
▶ mysql> CREATE USER 'john'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'MyNewPass4!';
```

```
▶ mysql> CREATE USER 'john'@'192.168.1.10' IDENTIFIED BY 'MyNewPass4!';
```

```
▶ mysql> CREATE USER 'john'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'MyNewPass4!';
```

```
▶ mysql -u john -pMyNewPass4!
```

192.168.1.10



```
▶ mysql -u john -pMyNewPass4!
```



Privileges

```
▶ mysql> GRANT <PERMISSION> ON <DB.TABLE> TO 'john'@'%';
```

```
▶ mysql> GRANT SELECT ON school.persons TO 'john'@'%';
```

```
▶ mysql> GRANT SELECT, UPDATE ON school.persons TO 'john'@'%';
```

```
▶ mysql> GRANT SELECT, UPDATE ON school.* TO 'john'@'%';
```

```
▶ mysql> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON *.* TO 'john'@'%';
```

```
▶ mysql> SHOW GRANTS FOR 'john'@'localhost';
```

```
+-----+  
| Grants for john@localhost |  
+-----+  
| GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO `john`@`localhost` |  
| GRANT SELECT ON `school`.`persons` TO `john`@`localhost` |  
+-----+  
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Privileges	
ALL PRIVILEGES	Grant all access
CREATE	Create databases
DROP	Delete databases
DELETE	Delete rows from table
INSERT	Insert rows into table
SELECT	Read/Query tables
UPDATE	Update rows in table



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just enough



MySQL

- Open source
- NoSQL
- Scalable
- High Performance

What Is MongoDB?

MongoDB is a document database with the scalability and flexibility that you want with the querying and indexing that you need

Available how you want it

Cloud

Shared	Dedicated
Up to 8 GB Storage	Consistent performance
Shared RAM	Advanced security
Unlimited scaling	

Server

MongoDB offers both an Enterprise and Community version of its powerful distributed document database.

Community	Enterprise
Feature Rich	Advanced Features
Developer Ready	Performance Grade

Community

Enterprise

MongoDB

```
{  
  "name": "John Doe",  
  "age": 45,  
  "location": "New York",  
  "salary": 5000  
}
```

Document

```
{  
  "name": "Dave Smith",  
  "age": 34,  
  "location": "New York",  
  "salary": 4000,  
  "organization": "ACME"  
}
```

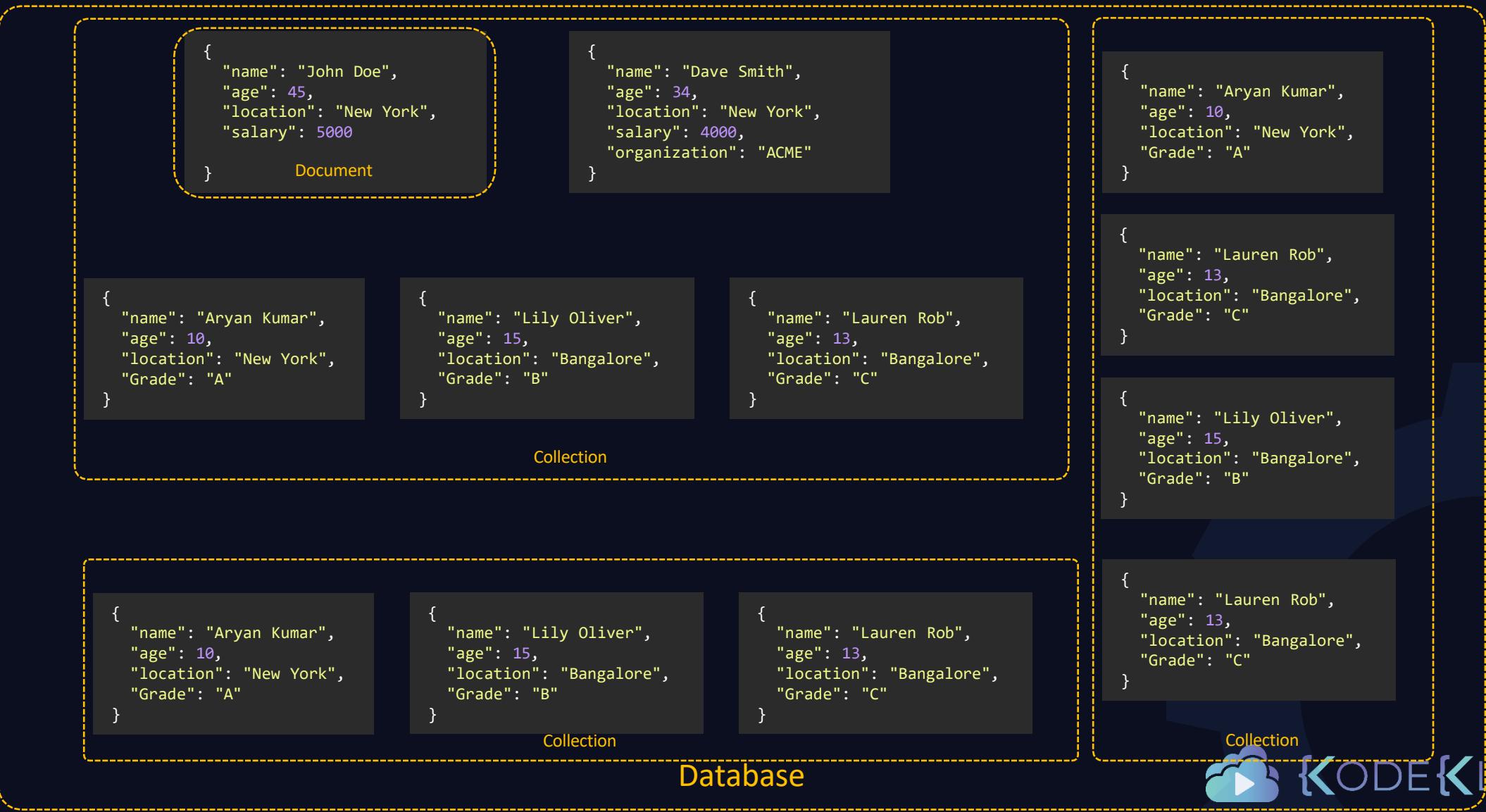
```
{  
  "name": "Aryan Kumar",  
  "age": 10,  
  "location": "New York",  
  "Grade": "A"  
}
```

```
{  
  "name": "Lily Oliver",  
  "age": 15,  
  "location": "Bangalore",  
  "Grade": "B"  
}
```

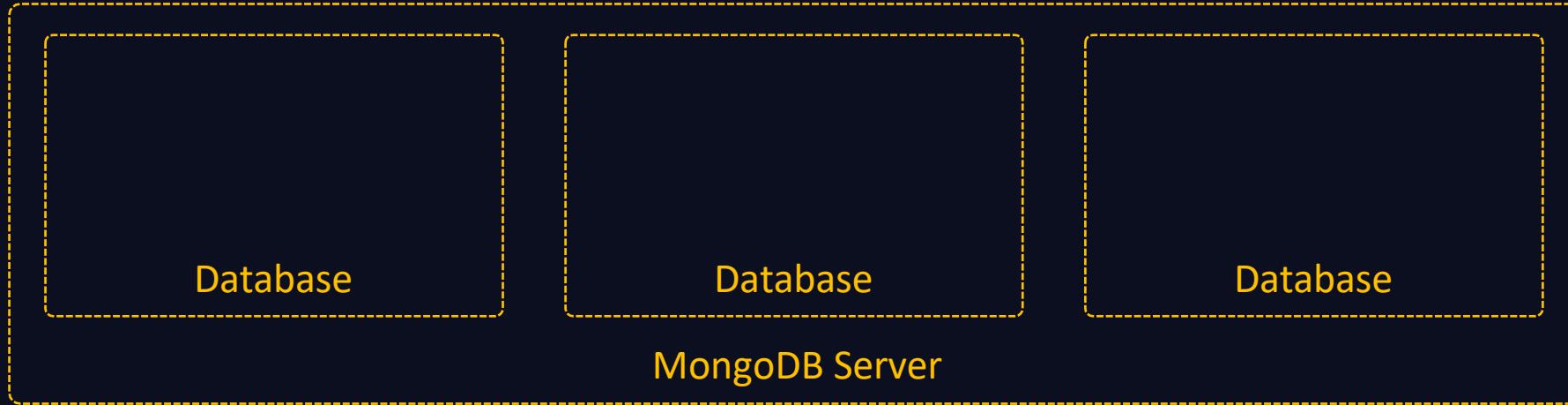
```
{  
  "name": "Lauren Rob",  
  "age": 13,  
  "location": "Bangalore",  
  "Grade": "C"  
}
```

Collection

MongoDB



MongoDB



Install

What Is MongoDB?

MongoDB is a document database with the scalability and flexibility that you want with the querying and indexing that you need

Available how you want it

Cloud

Shared	Dedicated
Up to 8 GB Storage	Consistent performance
Shared RAM	Advanced security Unlimited scaling

Sandbox
Free, forever. Ideal for learning, developing, and prototyping.

Server

MongoDB offers both an Enterprise and Community version of its powerful distributed document database.

Community
Feature Rich
Developer Ready
Enterprise
Advanced Features
Performance Grade

Install

Select the server you would like to run:

MongoDB Community Server
FEATURE RICH. DEVELOPER READY.

MongoDB Enterprise Server
ADVANCED FEATURES. PERFORMANCE GRADE.

Version
4.2.3 (current release)

OS
Select OS

Package

Download

- Release notes
- Changelog
- Download source (tgz)
- Download source (zip)

Install

1 Configure the package management system (yum).

Create a `/etc/yum.repos.d/mongodb-org-4.2.repo` file so that you can install MongoDB directly using yum:

```
[mongodb-org-4.2]
name=MongoDB Repository
baseurl=https://repo.mongodb.org/yum/redhat/$releasever/mongodb-org/4.2/x86_64/
gpgcheck=1
enabled=1
gpgkey=https://www.mongodb.org/static/pgp/server-4.2.asc
```

copy

▶ `yum install mongodb-org`

Start DB Service

```
▶ systemctl start mongod
```

```
▶ systemctl status mongod
```

```
● mongod.service - MongoDB Database Server
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/mongod.service; enabled; vendor preset: disabled)
   Active: active (running) since Sat 2020-03-21 18:43:53 UTC; 1min 46s ago
     Docs: https://docs.mongodb.org/manual
 Process: 4224 ExecStart=/usr/bin/mongod $OPTIONS (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
 Process: 4222 ExecStartPre=/usr/bin/chmod 0755 /var/run/mongodb (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
 Process: 4220 ExecStartPre=/usr/bin/chown mongod:mongod /var/run/mongodb (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
 Process: 4219 ExecStartPre=/usr/bin/mkdir -p /var/run/mongodb (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
 Main PID: 4227 (mongod)
    CGroup: /system.slice/mongod.service
            └─4227 /usr/bin/mongod -f /etc/mongod.conf
```