



Hochschule
Bonn-Rhein-Sieg
University of Applied Sciences



Introduction to Machine Learning

Foundations Course Winter Semester 2021

23rd September 2021

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What is Artificial Intelligence (AI)?

A revision from the previous session



Guessing time For AI!



Let's play a game of Kahoot!

What is Machine Learning (ML)?

A new topic for today!!!



Guessing time For ML!



How about another game of Kahoot?

Machine learning



Figure 1: Applications of ML [1]

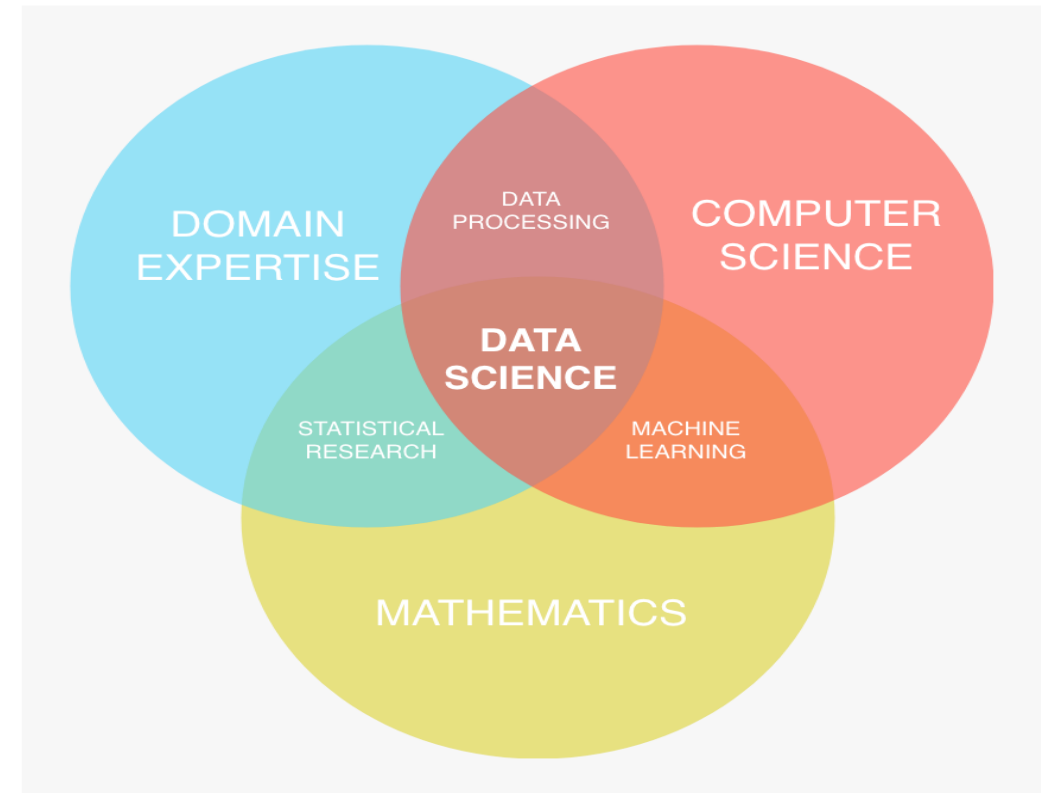


Figure 2: Overview of ML [2]

[1] <https://swisscognitive.ch/2021/03/18/applications-of-machine-learning>

[2] <https://crate.io/a/machine-learning-cratedb-jupyter/>

What is the difference between AI and ML?

Isn't it the same?



AI vs ML

Formal definitions:

Artificial Intelligence...

Artificial intelligence (AI) is the ability of a computer or a robot controlled by a computer to do tasks that are usually done by humans because they require human intelligence and discernment [3].

Machine Learning...

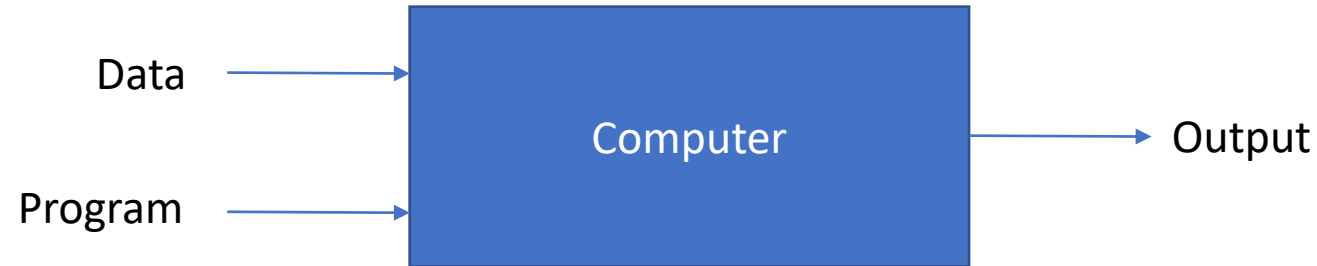
A machine is said to learn from experience E with respect to some class of tasks T and performance measure P if its performance at tasks in T , as measured by P , improves with experience E [4].

[3] <https://www.aitimejournal.com/@nisha.arya.ahmed/what-is-artificial-intelligence-ai>

[4] Mitchell, Tom. (1997). Machine Learning. McGraw Hill. p. 2. ISBN 0-07-042807-7.

Traditional programming vs ML

Traditional programming:



Machine learning:

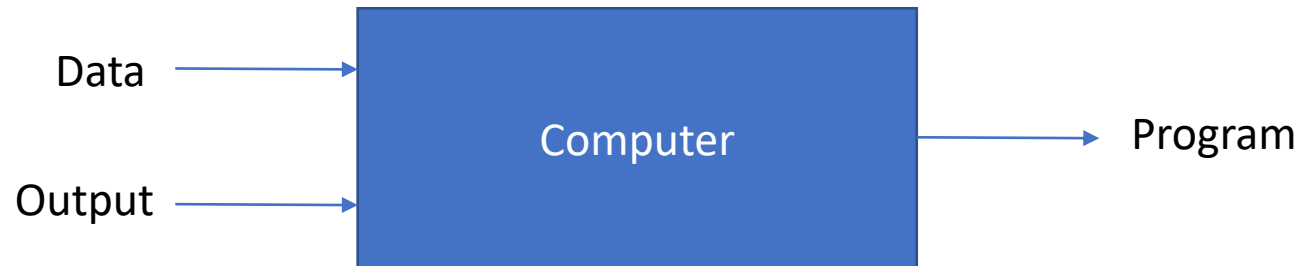


Figure 3: Traditional programming vs ML [5]

[5] Adapted from slides by Pedro Domingos

AI vs ML

In simple terms...

Artificial intelligence...

make intelligent systems that may or may not learn from data [6].

Machine learning...

make predictive systems that learn from data [6].

[6] <https://brilliant.org/wiki/machine-learning/>



AI vs ML

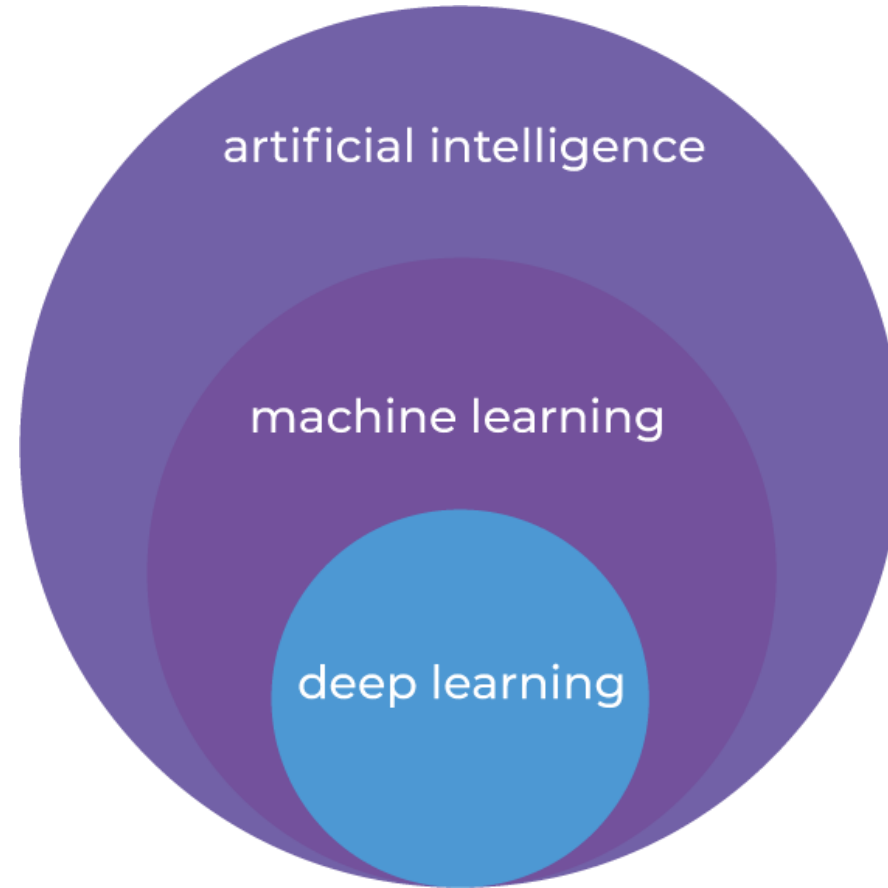


Figure 4: How AI and ML are related [7]

[7] <https://neurospace.io/blog/2019/03/ai-and-ethics/>

Are there multiple ML algorithms?

How can we classify them?



Exploring some ML algorithms...

Classifying algorithms based on how they learn:

- Supervised learning
- Unsupervised learning
- Reinforcement learning

Some other ML algorithms we will touch upon today:

- Artificial neural networks
- Deep learning algorithms

Machine Learning Paradigms

Grouping ML algorithms by learning technique



Supervised Learning

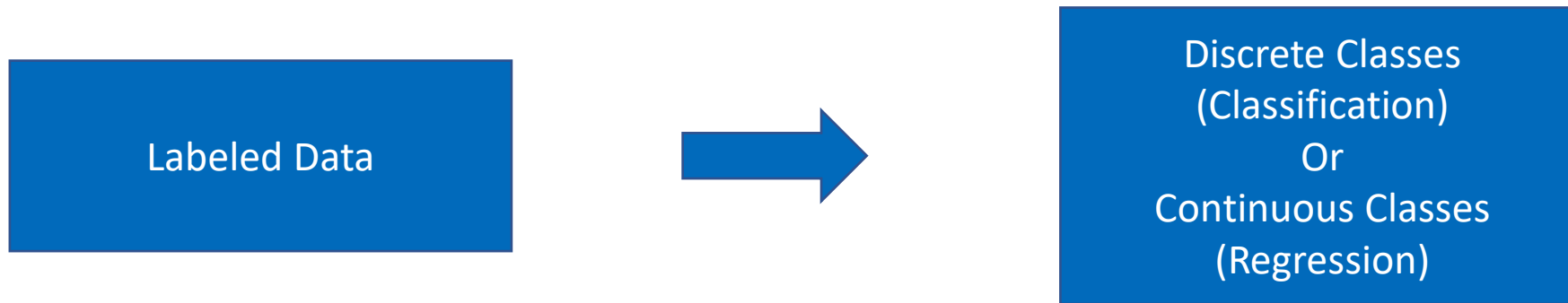


Figure 5: Overview of supervised learning [8]

[8] Adapted from "Machine Learning 10-401, Spring 2018" by Maria-Florina (Nina) Balcan

Supervised Learning

Time for some examples!

Supervised Learning – Example of Labeling

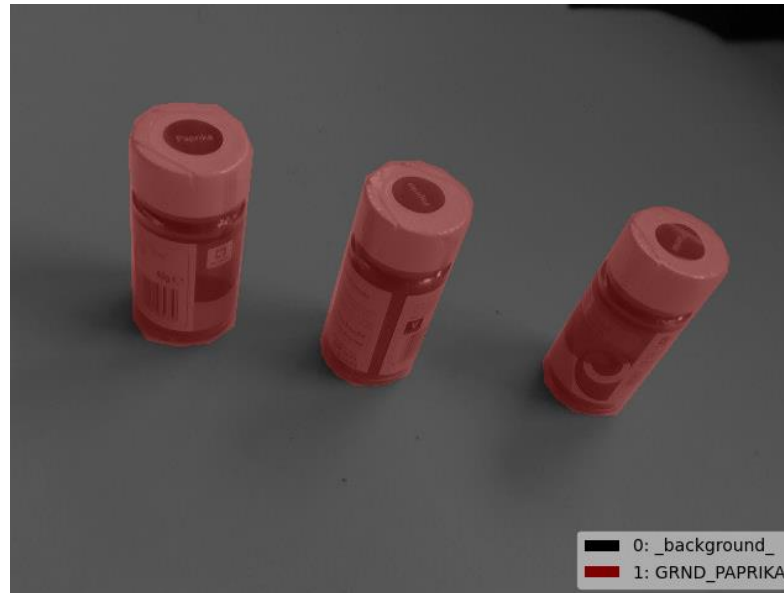


Figure 6: Supervised learning – labeled data – RoboCup@Work

Supervised Learning - Classification

Examples:

- 1. Spam detection

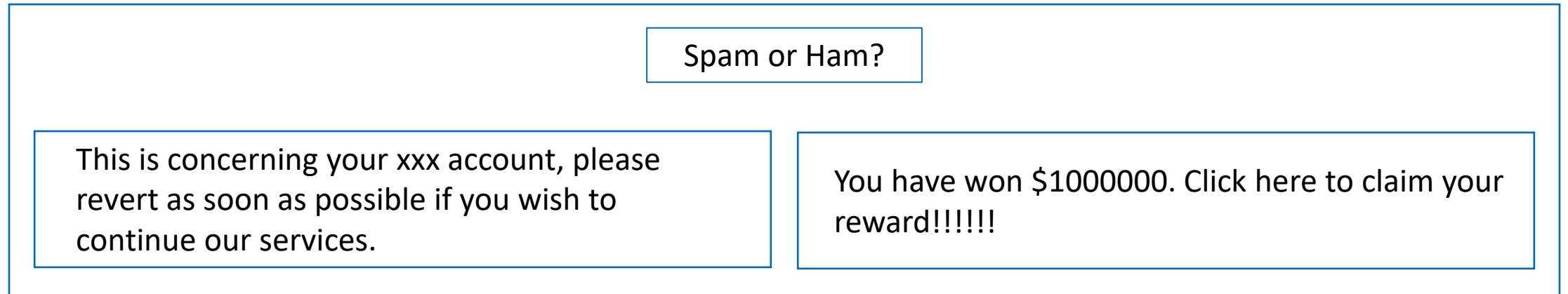


Figure 7: Spam email classification [9]

[9] Adapted from "Machine Learning 10-401, Spring 2018" by Maria-Florina (Nina) Balcan

Supervised Learning - Classification

Examples:

- 1. Spam detection

This is concerning your xxx account, please revert as soon as possible if you wish to continue our services.

Ham

You have won \$1000000. Click here to claim your reward!!!!!!

Spam

Figure 7: Spam email classification [9]

[9] Adapted from "Machine Learning 10-401, Spring 2018" by Maria-Florina (Nina) Balcan

Supervised Learning - Classification

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Figure 7: Spam email classification [9]

[9] Adapted from "Machine Learning 10-401, Spring 2018" by Maria-Florina (Nina) Balcan

Supervised Learning - Classification

Examples:

- 1. Spam detection

Steps involved in spam detection:

- a. Create classes (spam or ham)
- b. Represent each message by features (keywords, spelling, etc.)
- c. Create reasonable rules.

Supervised Learning - Classification

Examples:

1. Spam detection
2. Image classification

Example for image classification

Follow this [link](#)

Supervised Learning - Regression

Example:

1. Predicting the temperature

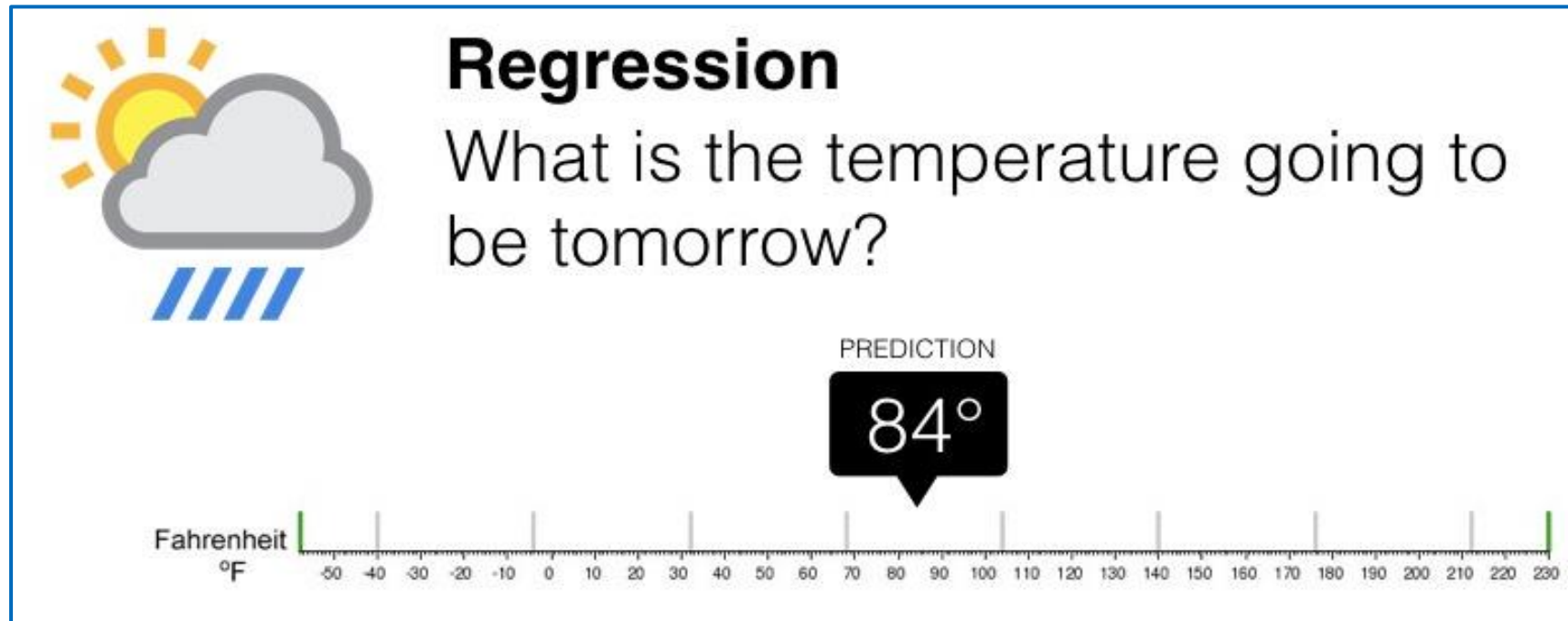


Figure 8: Predicting the temperature – regression example [10]

[10] <https://in.springboard.com/blog/regression-vs-classification-in-machine-learning/>

Unsupervised Learning

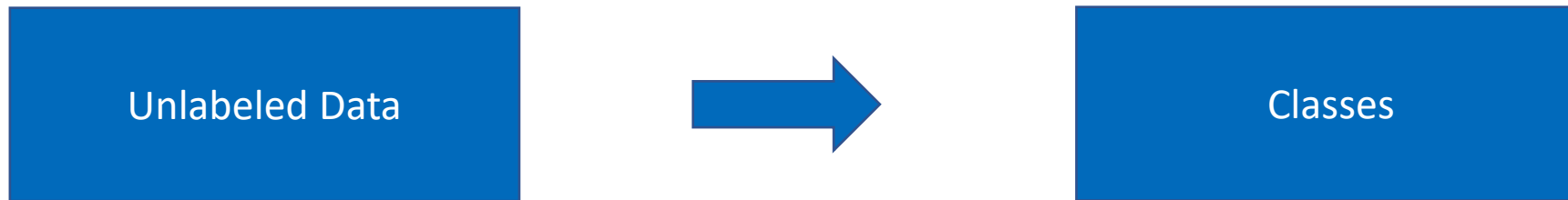


Figure 9: Overview of unsupervised learning [8]

[8] Adapted from "Machine Learning 10-401, Spring 2018" by Maria-Florina (Nina) Balcan

Unsupervised Learning

Time for some examples!

Unsupervised Learning - Clustering

Examples:

- 1. Customer segmentation

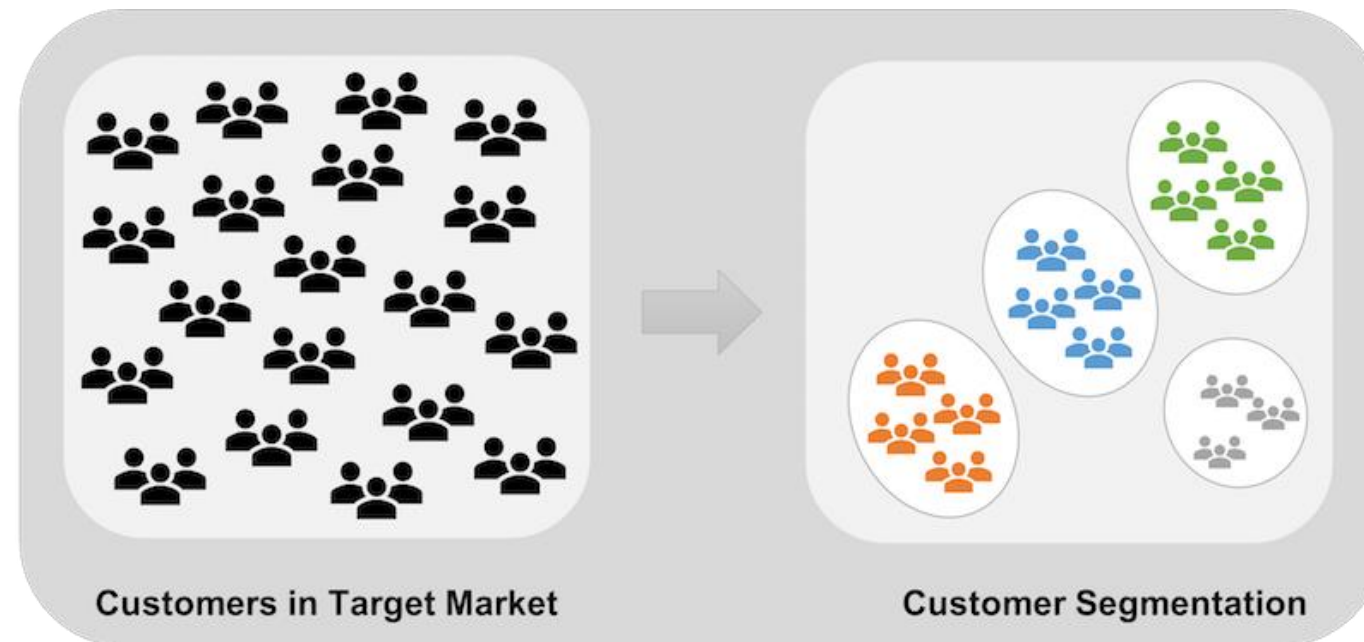


Figure 10: Clustering customers [11]

[11] <https://datalya.com/customer-segmentation-services.php>

Unsupervised Learning - Clustering

Examples:

1. Customer segmentation
2. Social network analysis



Figure 11: Analysis social connections

Unsupervised Learning – Anomaly Detection

Examples:

1. Golf cart – anomaly

Normal Clip



Abnormal Clip



Figure 12: Golf cart as an anomaly [12]

[12] <https://towardsdatascience.com/prototyping-an-anomaly-detection-system-for-videos-step-by-step-using-lstm-convolutional-4e06b7dcdd29>

Unsupervised Learning – Anomaly Detection

Examples:

1. Golf cart
2. Credit card fraud detection

Real Time Anomaly Detection

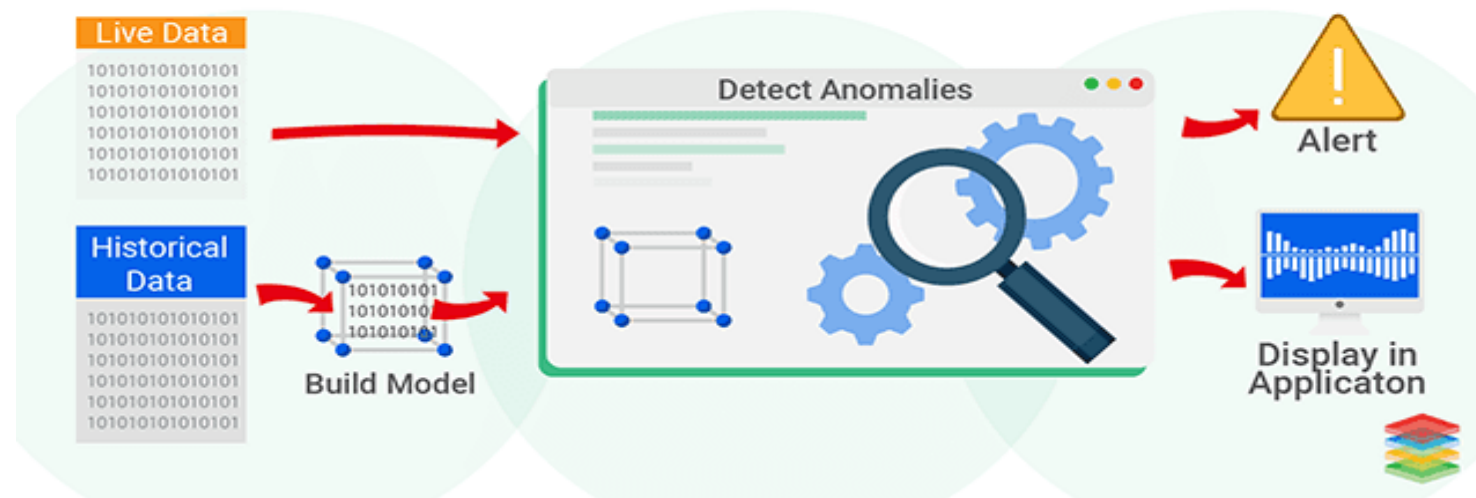


Figure 13: Credit card fraud detection [13]

[13] <https://www.xenonstack.com/blog/real-time-anomaly-detection>

Reinforcement Learning

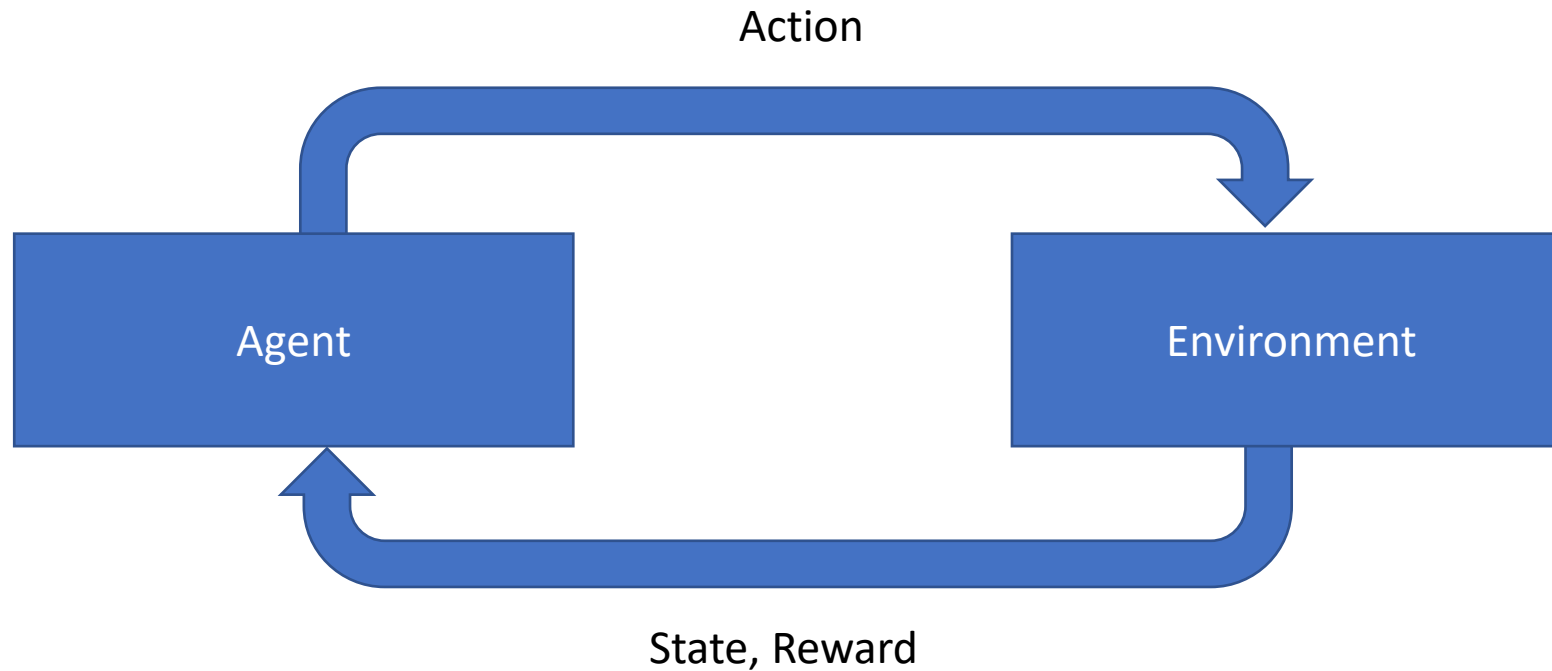


Figure 14: Overview of reinforcement learning [8]

[8] Adapted from "Machine Learning 10-401, Spring 2018" by Maria-Florina (Nina) Balcan

Reinforcement Learning

Time for some examples!

Reinforcement Learning



Video 1: Deep Q Learning - reinforcement learning example [8]

[8] Adapted from "Machine Learning 10-401, Spring 2018" by Maria-Florina (Nina) Balcan

A bit more about Machine Learning

Exploring the basics of neural networks!



Neural Networks

A simple neural network

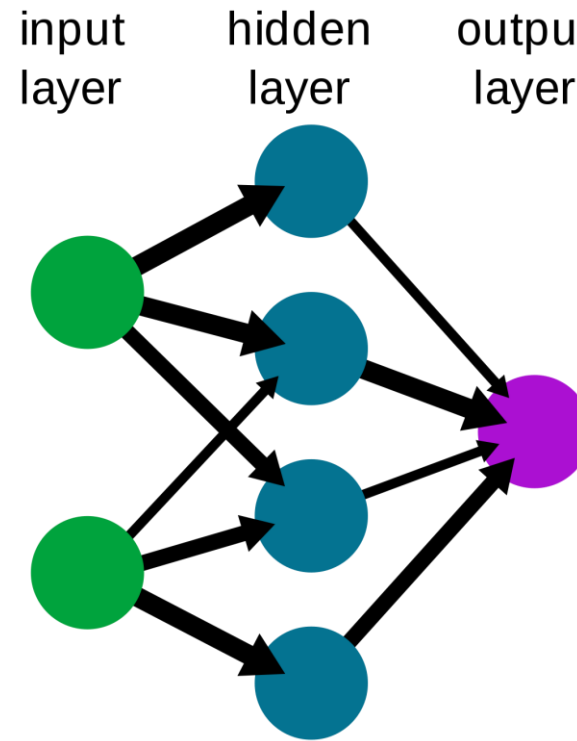


Figure 15: Structure of neural networks [14]

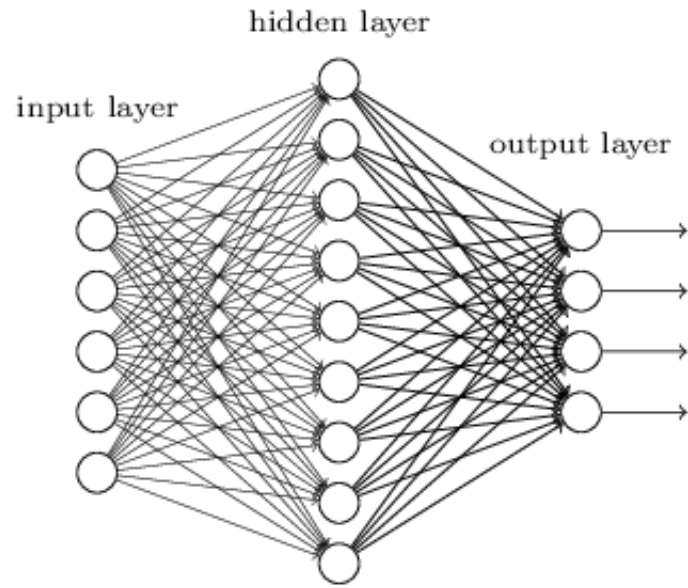
[14] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neural_network/

Let's train a Neural Networks model!

Open this [link](#) in your browser!

Deep Neural Networks

"Non-deep" feedforward neural network



Deep neural network

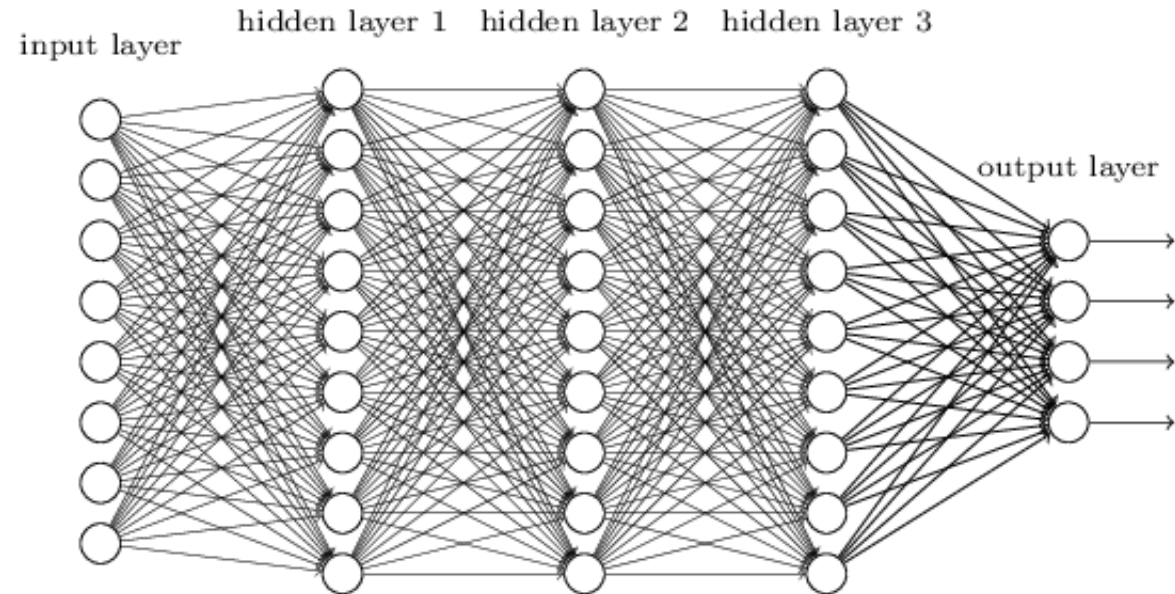


Figure 16: Structure of deep neural networks [15]

[15] <https://stats.stackexchange.com/a/184921>

Tools and Frameworks for ML

A quick overview



Frameworks and Tools for ML

- Programming languages
 - Python
 - R
 - C++
 - ...
- Machine learning libraries:
 - scikit-learn -
 - PyTorch
 - TensorFlow
 - Keras
 - ⋮

For Classical ML

For Deep Learning
- Data visualization:
 - Matplotlib
 - Seaborn
 - plotly
 - ...
- Data loading/pre-processing
 - numpy
 - pandas
 - ⋮

List 1: Some useful tools for machine learning [16]

[16] Adapted from "Introduction to machine learning/AI" by Geert Jan Bex, Jan Ooghe, Ehsan Moravveji

What are the limitations?

Or are there any?

Data hungry models

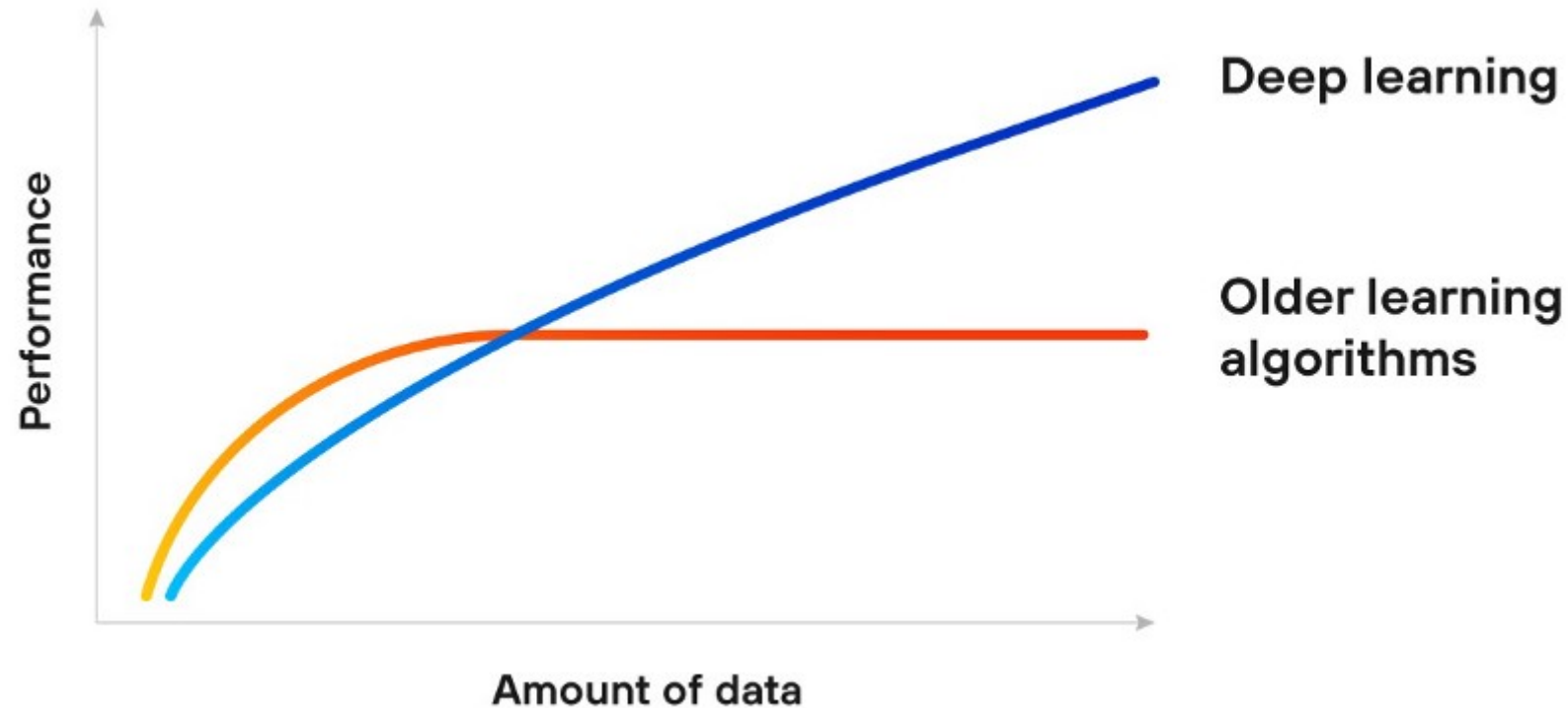


Figure 17: Huge volume of data – deep learning [17]

[17] <https://towardsdatascience.com/is-deep-learning-hitting-the-wall-d2f560419daf>

Narrow vs General AI

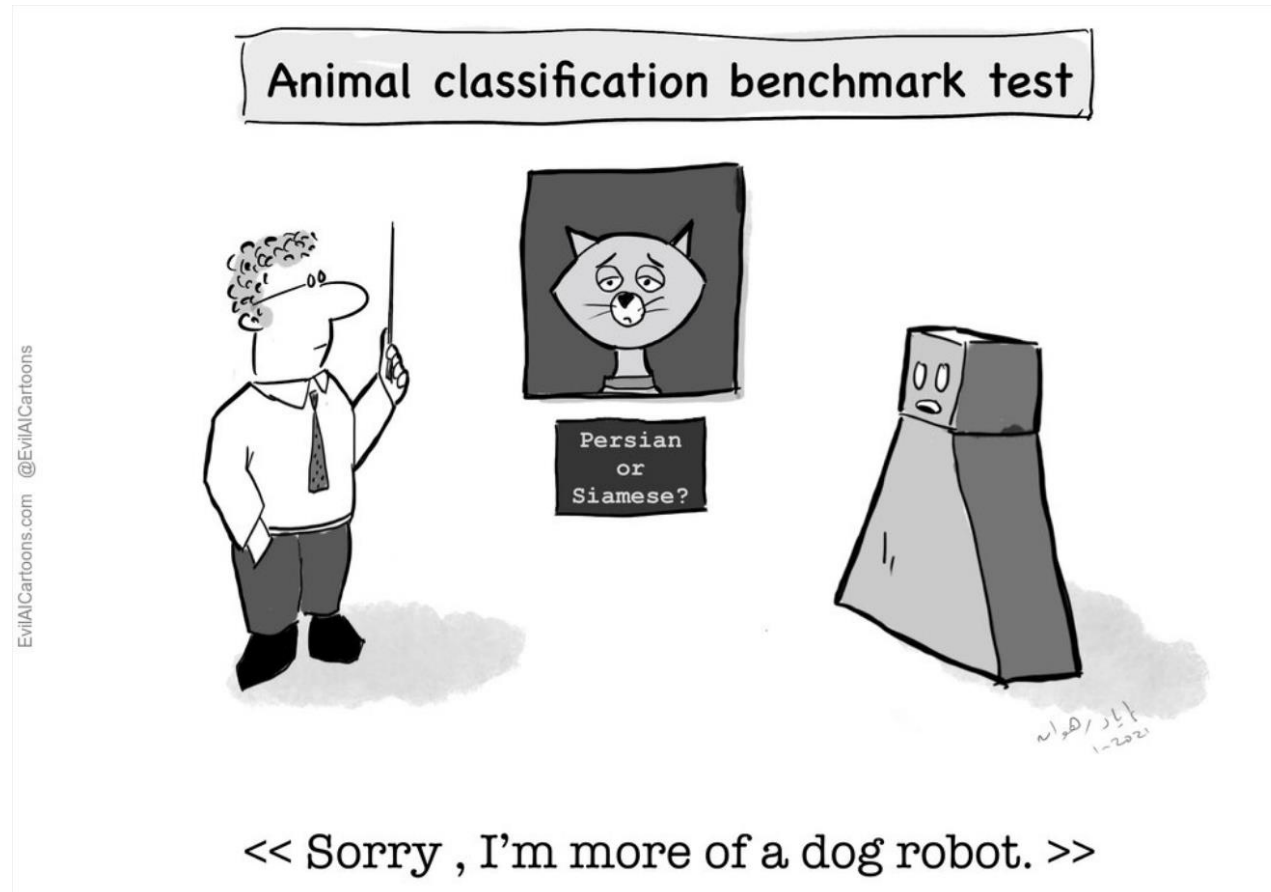


Figure 18: Limiting models to specific tasks [18]

[18] <https://www.evilaicartoons.com/archive/terminology-narrow-vs-general-ai/>

ML as a Black Box

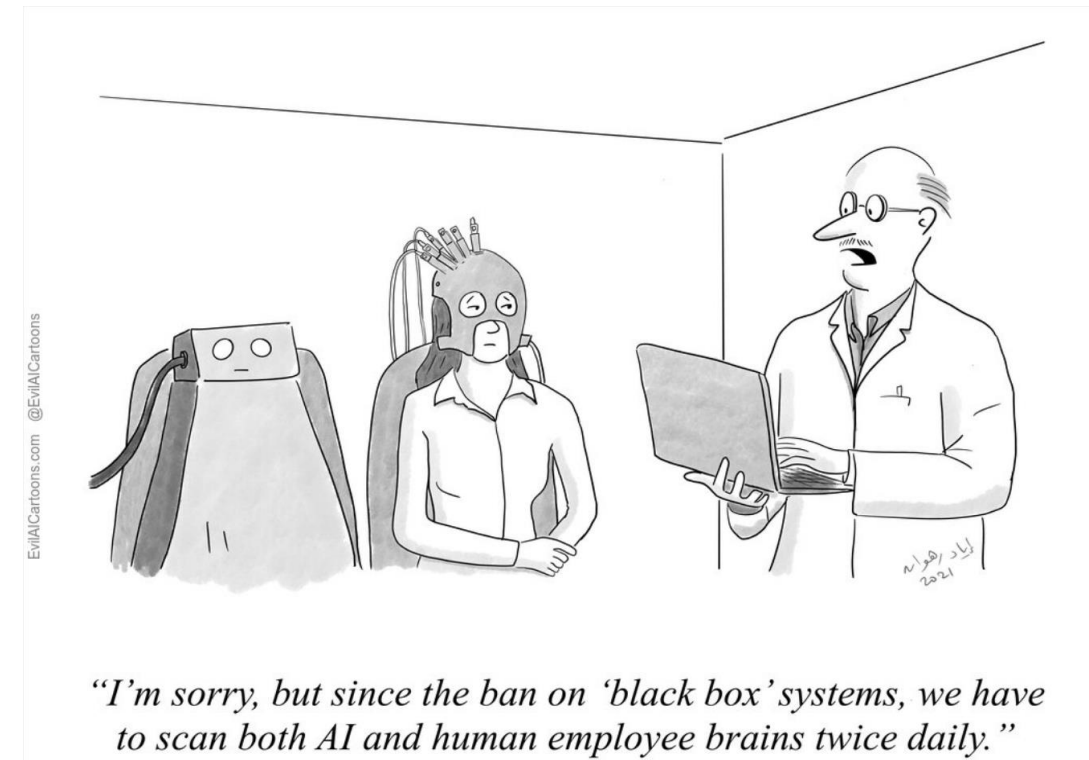
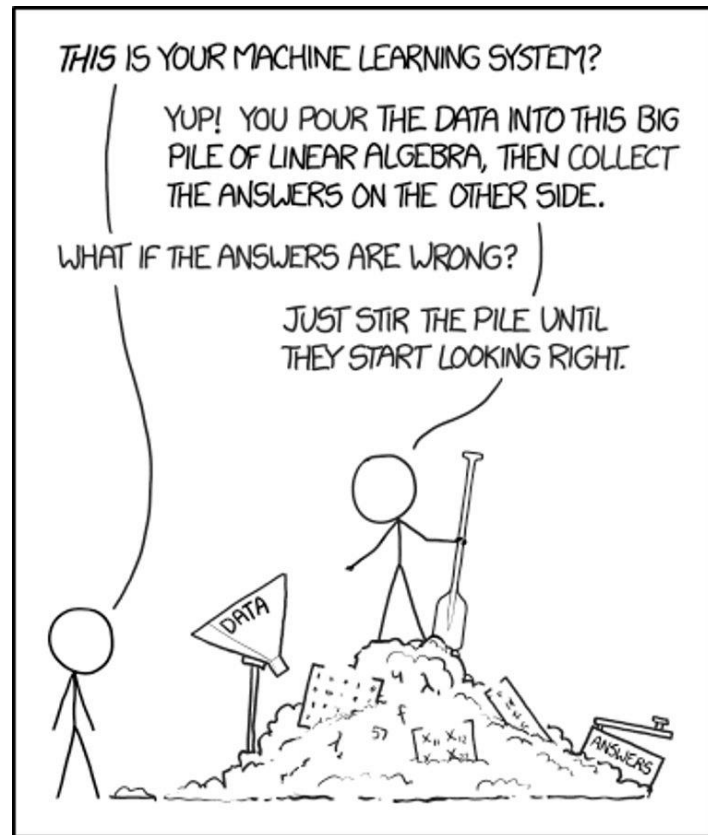


Figure 19: Machine learning as a black box [19] [20]

[19] <https://www.evilaicartoons.com/archive/terminology-black-box>

[20] <https://xkcd.com/1838/>

Ethics & AI

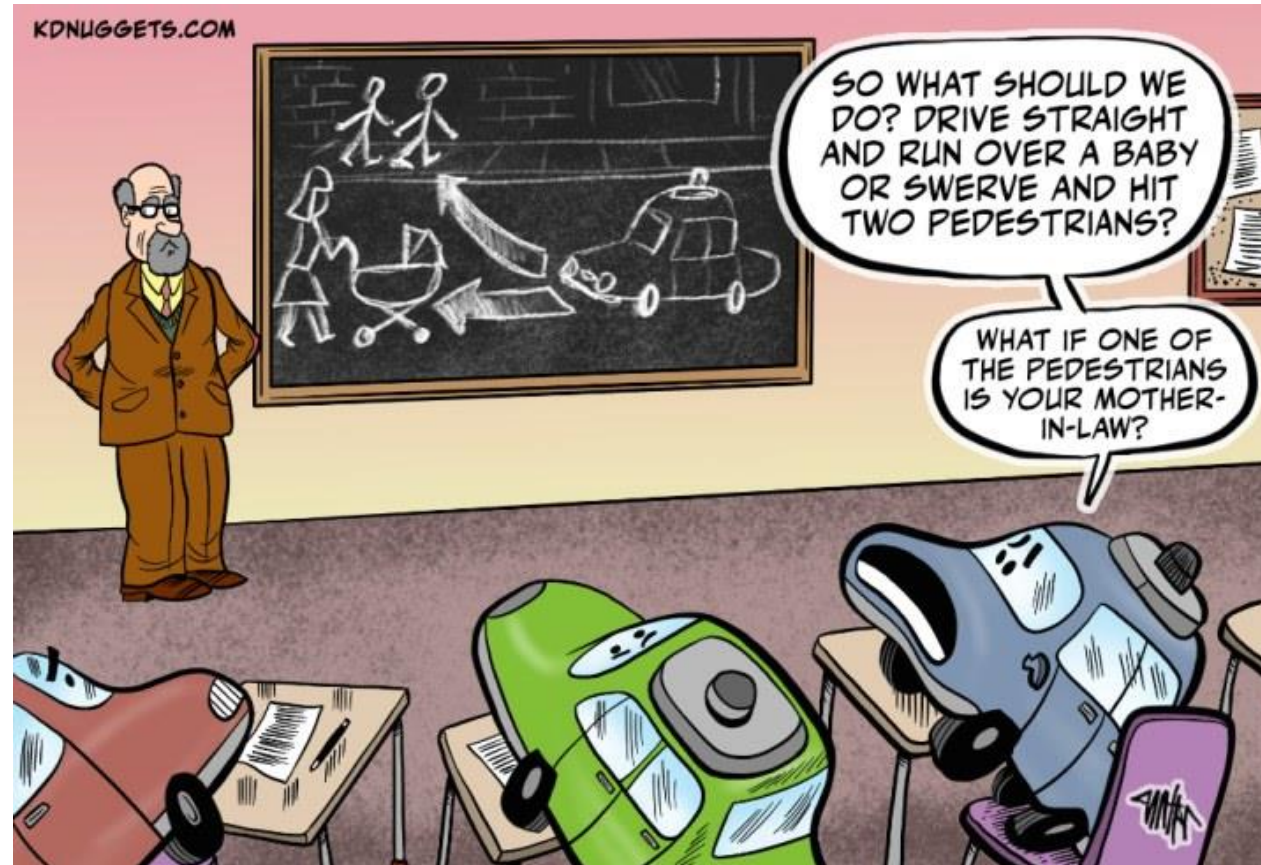


Figure 20: Creating ethical models [21]

[21] <https://www.kdnuggets.com/2020/01/cartoon-teaching-ethics-ai.html/>

Some failures regarding ML projects

Such failures occur because you are ...

- Asking the wrong question
- Trying to solve the wrong problem
- Not having enough data
- Not having the right data
- Having too much data
- Using the wrong tools
- Not having the right model
- ⋮

List 2: Common reasons for ML project failure [16]

[16] Adapted from "Introduction to machine learning/AI" by Geert Jan Bex, Jan Ooghe, Ehsan Moravveji

References (1/6)

[1] <https://swisscognitive.ch/2021/03/18/applications-of-machine-learning>

[2] <https://crate.io/a/machine-learning-cratedb-jupyter/>

[3] <https://www.aitimejournal.com/@nisha.arya.ahmed/what-is-artificial-intelligence-ai>

[4] Mitchell, Tom. (1997). Machine Learning. McGraw Hill. p. 2. ISBN 0-07-042807-7.

References (2/6)

[5] Adapted from slides by Pedro Domingos

[6] <https://brilliant.org/wiki/machine-learning/>

[7] <https://neurospace.io/blog/2019/03/ai-and-ethics/>

[8] Adapted from "Machine Learning 10-401, Spring 2018" by Maria-Florina (Nina) Balcan

References (3/6)

[9] Adapted from "Machine Learning 10-401, Spring 2018" by Maria-Florina (Nina) Balcan

[10] <https://in.springboard.com/blog/regression-vs-classification-in-machine-learning/>

[11] <https://datalya.com/customer-segmentation-services.php>

[12] <https://towardsdatascience.com/prototyping-an-anomaly-detection-system-for-videos-step-by-step-using-lstm-convolutional-4e06b7dcdd29>

References (4/6)

[13] <https://www.xenonstack.com/blog/real-time-anomaly-detection>

[14] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neural_network/

[15] <https://stats.stackexchange.com/a/184921>

[16] Adapted from "Introduction to machine learning/AI" by Geert Jan Bex, Jan Ooghe, Ehsan Moravveji

References (5/6)

[17] <https://towardsdatascience.com/is-deep-learning-hitting-the-wall-d2f560419daf>

[18] <https://www.evilaicartoons.com/archive/terminology-narrow-vs-general-ai/>

[19] <https://www.evilaicartoons.com/archive/terminology-black-box>

[20] <https://xkcd.com/1838/>

References (6/6)

[21] <https://www.kdnuggets.com/2020/01/cartoon-teaching-ethics-ai.html/>

Further Reading(s)

