

Probability

Ravisha Jain
CC22MTECH14001
Department of Climate Change
IIT Hyderabad

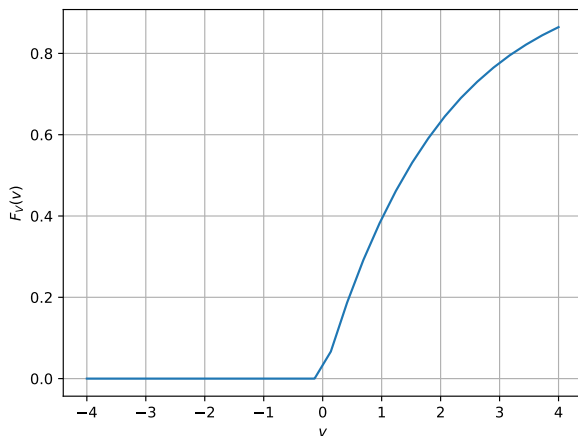


Fig. 1.1. The CDF of X

Therefore, from the monotonicity of v , and using the cdf of uniform variables,

$$F_U(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ x & 0 \leq x < 1 \\ 1 & x \geq 1 \end{cases} \quad (1.0.4)$$

$$F_V(v) = F_U\left(1 - \exp\left(-\frac{v}{2}\right)\right) \quad (1.0.5)$$

$$\Rightarrow F_V(v) = \begin{cases} 0 & v < 0 \\ 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{v}{2}\right) & v \geq 0 \end{cases} \quad (1.0.6)$$

1 FROM UNIFORM TO OTHER

1.1 Generate samples of

$$V = -2 \ln(1 - U) \quad (1.0.1)$$

and plot its CDF. **Solution:** The python code is at

`https://github.com/RavishaJain/Assignment_3/blob/main/codes/UTO.py`

The CDF is plotted in Figure given below

1.2 Find a theoretical expression for $F_V(x)$.

Solution: Note that the function

$$v = f(u) = -2 \ln(1 - u) \quad (1.0.2)$$

is monotonically increasing in $[0, 1]$ and $v \in \mathbb{R}^+$. Hence, it is invertible and that inverse function is given by

$$u = f^{-1}(v) = 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{v}{2}\right) \quad (1.0.3)$$