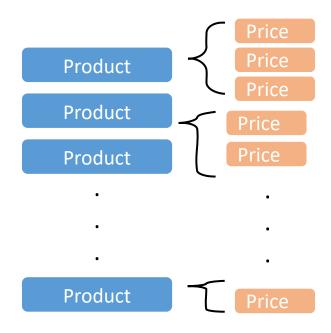
# **TP-12**

# VueJS, NodeJS

CRUD APIs, Mongoose, Admin dashboard

# **ExpressJS**

EX1: Create an API for product prices.



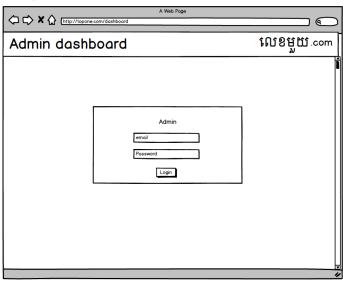
Makes sure:

You have CRUD APIs for product price

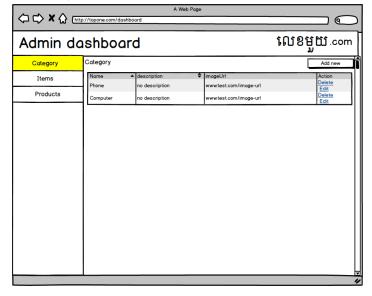
# **VueJS**

EX2: Design a basic admin dashboard to manage a dynamic website.

# Login (/dashboard)



# Management

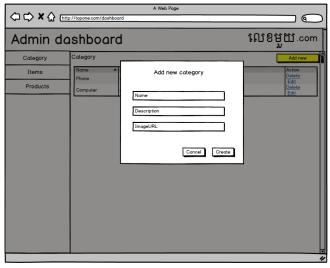


#### Make sure to:

Apply category, item, and product APIs with the frontend UI designs

Be able to perform CRUD process for category, item, product, and product price.

#### Creation



# Getting to learn another new Thing (3)

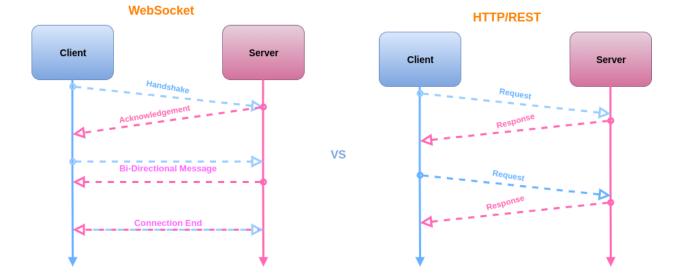
"WebSocket (Real-time data communication)"



# Why WebSocket?? 貸







#### **Some Most Amazing Use Cases of Websockets**

- 1. Real-time Feeds
- 2. Real-time Multiplayer Gaming
- 3. Real-time Collaborative Editing
- 4. Real-time Data Visualization
- 5. Real-time Multimedia Chat
- 6. Audio / Video Chat with WebRTC
- 7. E-Learning Applications
- 8. Real-time Location Apps
- 9. Real-time User Behavior
- 10. Real-time Sports / Event Updates

# Get started with a basic understanding

https://socket.io/get-started/chat https://javascript.info/websocket#data-transfer

```
npm install express@4
```



#### Set up our nodeJS application

```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();
const http = require('http');
const server = http.createServer(app);

app.get('/', (req, res) => {
   res.send('<h1>Hello world</h1>');
});

server.listen(3000, () => {
   console.log('listening on *:3000');
});
```

#### **Serving HTML**

```
app.get('/', (req, res) => {
  res.sendFile(__dirname + '/index.html');
});
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
 <head>
   <title>Socket.IO chat</title>
   <style>
     body { margin: 0; padding-bottom: 3rem; font-family: -apple-system, BlinkMacSystemFont, "Segot
     #form { background: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.15); padding: 0.25rem; position: fixed; bottom: 0; left: 0
     #input { border: none; padding: 0 1rem; flex-grow: 1; border-radius: 2rem; margin: 0.25rem; }
     #input:focus { outline: none; }
     #form > button { background: #333; border: none; padding: 0 1rem; margin: 0.25rem; border-rad:
      #messages { list-style-type: none; margin: 0; padding: 0; }
     #messages > li { padding: 0.5rem 1rem; }
     #messages > li:nth-child(odd) { background: #efefef; }
   </style>
 </head>
 <body>
   <form id="form" action="">
     <input id="input" autocomplete="off" /><button>Send</button>
   </form>
 </body>
</html>
```

# **Integrating Socket.IO**

Socket.IO is composed of two parts:

- A server that integrates with (or mounts on) the Node.JS HTTP Server socket.io
- A client library that loads on the browser side socket.io-client

During development, socket.io serves the client automatically for us, as we'll see, so for now we only have to install one module:

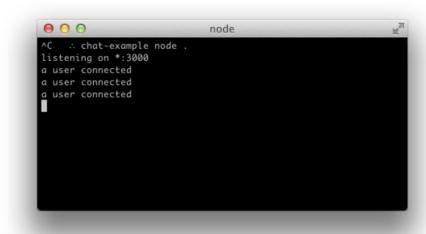
```
npm install socket.io
```

```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();
const http = require('http');
const server = http.createServer(app);
const { Server } = require("socket.io");
const io = new Server(server);

app.get('/', (req, res) => {
   res.sendFile(__dirname + '/index.html');
});

io.on('connection', (socket) => {
   console.log('a user connected');
});

server.listen(3000, () => {
   console.log('listening on *:3000');
});
```



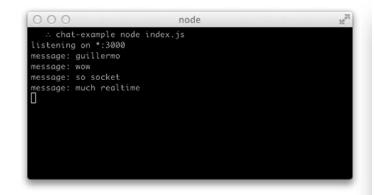
#### **Client Side**

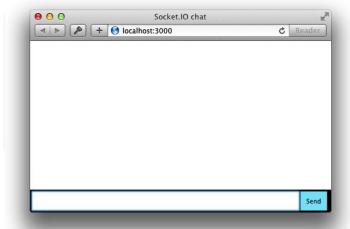
```
<script src="/socket.io/socket.io.js"></script>
<script>
  var socket = io();
</script>
```

# **Integrating Socket.IO**

#### **Server Side**

```
io.on('connection', (socket) => {
  socket.on('chat message', (msg) => {
    console.log('message: ' + msg);
  });
});
```





#### **Client Side**

```
<script src="/socket.io/socket.io.js"></script>
<script>
  var socket = io();

var form = document.getElementById('form');
  var input = document.getElementById('input');

form.addEventListener('submit', function(e) {
    e.preventDefault();
    if (input.value) {
        socket.emit('chat message', input.value);
        input.value = '';
    }
  });
</script>
```

# **Broadcasting**

#### **Server Side**

In order to send an event to everyone, Socket.IO gives us the io.emit() method

```
io.emit('some event', { someProperty: 'some value', otherProperty: 'other value' });
```

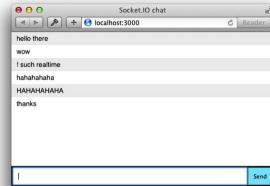
If you want to send a message to everyone except for a certain emitting socket, we have the broadcast flag for emitting from that socket:

```
io.on('connection', (socket) => {
  socket.broadcast.emit('hi');
});
```

In this case, for the sake of simplicity we'll send the message to everyone, including the sender.

```
io.on('connection', (socket) => {
  socket.on('chat message', (msg) => {
    io.emit('chat message', msg);
  });
});
```





#### **Client Side**

```
<script src="/socket.io/socket.io.js"></script>
<script>
  var socket = io();
  var messages = document.getElementById('messages');
  var form = document.getElementById('form');
  var input = document.getElementById('input');
  form.addEventListener('submit', function(e) {
    e.preventDefault();
    if (input.value) {
      socket.emit('chat message', input.value);
     input.value = '';
  });
  socket.on('chat message', function(msg) {
    var item = document.createElement('li');
    item.textContent = msg;
    messages.appendChild(item);
    window.scrollTo(0, document.body.scrollHeight);
 });
</script>
```

# Good luck

# Practice:: Create an API to create a new category

## routes\category.js

```
const categoryService = require('../services/category');

router.post('/create', auth.ensureSignedIn, async (req, res, next) => {
   const { name, desc, imageUrl } = req.body;
   const result = await categoryService.create({ name, desc, imageUrl })
   res.json(result);
})
```

# services\category.js

```
const Categories = require("../models/categories")

const create = async (newCategory) => {
    // to do
    const createdCate = await Categories.create(newCategory);
    return createdCate;
}
```

# Practice:: Create an API to create a new item (sub-category)

## routes\item.js

```
const itemService = require('../services/item');

router.post('/create', auth.ensureSignedIn, async (req, res, next) => {
   const { name, desc, category } = req.body;
   const result = await itemService.create({ name, desc, category })
   res.json(result);
})
```

### services\item.js

```
const Items = require("../models/items");

const create = async (newItem) => {
    // to do
    const createdItem = await Items.create(newItem);
    return createdItem;
}
```

# **Practice:: Create an API to create a new product**

# routes\product.js

```
const productService = require('../services/product');

router.post('/create', auth.ensureSignedIn, async (req, res,) => {
   const { title, category, item, user, imageUrl, desc, } = req.body;

   const result = await productService.create({
      title,
      category,
      item,
      user,
      imageUrl,
      desc,
   })
   res.json(result);
})
```

# services\product.js

```
const Products = require("../models/products")

const create = async (newProduct) => {
    const createdProduct = await Products.create(newProduct);
    return createdProduct;
}
```

# Practice:: Create an API to get category list along with item (sub-category)

#### routes\category.js

```
// Categorized items
router.get('/categorized-items', async (req, res) => {
   const result = await categoryService.findCategorizedItems()
   res.json(result);
})
```

### services\category.js

```
const findCategorizedItems = async () => {
 return await Categories.aggregate([
     $lookup: {
       from: "items",
       localField: "_id",
       foreignField: "category",
       as: "items"
     $project: {
       _id: 1,
       name: 1,
       desc: 1,
       imageUrl: 1,
       items: {
         _id: 1,
         name: 1,
         category: 1,
         desc: 1,
```

Project your wanted fields