- 1 Implement the AI Game Strategy Part 1 -(a). Install the Python Libraries required for Game Strategy
 - 1. Install the python libraries collections, random, math, functools, cache = functools.lru cache(10**6)
 - 2. Implement a Game Class Constructor using action, is terminal, result, utility functions
 - 3. A game is similar to a problem, but it has a terminal test instead of a goal test, and a utility for each terminal state.
 - ${\bf 4.}\ Create\ a\ game\ subclass\ and\ implement\ actions,\ result,\ is\ terminal,\ and\ utility\ .$
 - 5. You will also need to set the initial attribute to the initial state; this can be done in the constructor.

```
from collections import namedtuple, Counter, defaultdict
import random
import math
import functools
cache = functools.lru_cache(10**6)
class Game:
    """A game is similar to a problem, but it has a terminal test instead of
    a goal test, and a utility for each terminal state. To create a game,
    subclass this class and implement `actions`, `result`, `is_terminal`,
    and `utility`. You will also need to set the .initial attribute to the
    initial state; this can be done in the constructor.""
    def actions(self, state):
         """Return a collection of the allowable moves from this state."""
        raise NotImplementedError
    def result(self, state, move):
        """Return the state that results from making a move from a state."""
        raise NotImplementedError
    def is_terminal(self, state):
        """Return True if this is a final state for the game."""
        return not self.actions(state)
    def utility(self, state, player):
        """Return the value of this final state to player."""
        raise NotImplementedError
   6. Implement a Player Game using the Game Class Constructor.
def play_game(game, strategies: dict, verbose=False):
    """Play a turn-taking game. `strategies` is a {player_name: function} dict,
    where function(state, game) is used to get the player's move."""
    state = game.initial
    while not game.is_terminal(state):
        player = state.to_move
        move = strategies[player](game, state)
        state = game.result(state, move)
        if verbose:
            print('Player', player, 'move:', move)
            print(state)
    return state
```

- Part 2 Implement the Game Strategy Algorithms
 - 1. Implement the MiniMax Search Algorithm

```
def minimax_search(game, state):
    """Search game tree to determine best move; return (value, move) pair."""
    player = state.to move
    def max_value(state):
        if game.is_terminal(state):
            return game.utility(state, player), None
        v, move = -infinity, None
        for a in game.actions(state):
            v2, _ = min_value(game.result(state, a))
            if v2 > v:
               v, move = v2, a
        return v, move
    def min_value(state):
        if game.is_terminal(state):
            return game.utility(state, player), None
        v, move = +infinity, None
        for a in game.actions(state):
            v2, _ = max_value(game.result(state, a))
            if v2 < v:
               v, move = v2, a
        return v, move
    return max_value(state)
infinity = math.inf
   2. Implement the Alpha-Beta Search Algorithm.
def alphabeta_search(game, state):
    """Search game to determine best action; use alpha-beta pruning.
    ""Search all the way to the leaves."""
    player = state.to_move
    def max_value(state, alpha, beta):
        if game.is_terminal(state):
            return game.utility(state, player), None
        v, move = -infinity, None
        for a in game.actions(state):
            v2, _ = min_value(game.result(state, a), alpha, beta)
            if v2 > v:
               v, move = v2, a
               alpha = max(alpha, v)
            if v >= beta:
               return v, move
        return v, move
    def min_value(state, alpha, beta):
        if game.is_terminal(state):
           return game.utility(state, player), None
        v, move = +infinity, None
        for a in game.actions(state):
            v2, _ = max_value(game.result(state, a), alpha, beta)
            if v2 < v:
               v, move = v2, a
               beta = min(beta, v)
            if v <= alpha:</pre>
               return v, move
        return v, move
    return max_value(state, -infinity, +infinity)
Part 3 - Implement the Game Strategy using TicTocToe
   1. Implement TicToCToe game using init, actions, result, is terminal, utility, display constructors.
class TicTacToe(Game):
    """Play TicTacToe on an `height` by `width` board, needing `k` in a row to win.
    'X' plays first against '0'.""
```

```
aet __init__(selt, neight=3, wiath=3, K=3):
        self.k = k # k in a row
        self.squares = \{(x, y) \text{ for } x \text{ in range(width) for } y \text{ in range(height)}\}
        self.initial = Board(height=height, width=width, to_move='X', utility=0)
    def actions(self, board):
         """Legal moves are any square not yet taken."""
        return self.squares - set(board)
    def result(self, board, square):
        """Place a marker for current player on square."""
        player = board.to move
        board = board.new({square: player}, to_move=('0' if player == 'X' else 'X'))
        win = k_in_row(board, player, square, self.k)
        board.utility = (0 if not win else +1 if player == 'X' else -1)
        return board
    def utility(self, board, player):
        """Return the value to player; 1 for win, -1 for loss, 0 otherwise."""
        return board.utility if player == 'X' else -board.utility
    def is terminal(self, board):
        """A board is a terminal state if it is won or there are no empty squares."""
        return board.utility != 0 or len(self.squares) == len(board)
    def display(self, board): print(board)
def k_in_row(board, player, square, k):
     ""True if player has k pieces in a line through square."""
     def in\_row(x, y, dx, dy): return 0 if board[x, y] != player else 1 + in\_row(x + dx, y + dy, dx, dy) 
    return any(in_row(*square, dx, dy) + in_row(*square, -dx, -dy)-1>=k
               for (dx, dy) in ((0, 1), (1, 0), (1, 1), (1, -1)))
   2. Implement a Game Board using defaultdict using init, new, missing, hash, repr.
class Board(defaultdict):
    """A board has the player to move, a cached utility value,
    and a dict of \{(x, y): player\} entries, where player is 'X' or '0'."""
    empty = '.'
    off = '#'
    def __init__(self, width=8, height=8, to_move=None, **kwds):
        self.__dict__.update(width=width, height=height, to_move=to_move, **kwds)
    def new(self, changes: dict, **kwds) -> 'Board':
        "Given a dict of \{(x, y): contents\} changes, return a new Board with the changes."
        board = Board(width=self.width, height=self.height, **kwds)
        board.undate(self)
        board.update(changes)
        return board
    def __missing__(self, loc):
        x, y = loc
        if 0 <= x < self.width and 0 <= y < self.height:
            return self.emptv
        else:
            return self.off
    def __hash__(self):
        return hash(tuple(sorted(self.items()))) + hash(self.to_move)
    def __repr__(self):
        def row(y): return ' '.join(self[x, y] for x in range(self.width))
        return '\n'.join(map(row, range(self.height))) + '\n'
   3. Implement random player(game, state) and player(search algorithm).
def random_player(game, state): return random.choice(list(game.actions(state)))
def player(search algorithm):
    """A game player who uses the specified search algorithm"""
    return lambda game, state: search_algorithm(game, state)[1]
```

Part 4 – Evaluate the Al Game Strategy using TicTocToe

1. Implement Game Strategy using play game(TicTacToe(), dict(X=random player, O=player(alphabeta search)), verbose=True).utility

```
play_game(TicTacToe(), dict(X=random_player, O=player(alphabeta_search)), verbose=True).utility
     Player X move: (0, 2)
     . . .
     . . .
X . .
     Player O move: (1, 1)
     . 0 .
     х..
     Player X move: (0, 1)
     . . .
X O .
     х..
     Player 0 move: (0, 0)
     0 . .
X 0 .
     х..
     Player X move: (2, 0)
     0 . X
     хо.
     х..
     Player O move: (1, 0)
     0 0 X
     \mathsf{X} O .
     х..
     Player X move: (2, 2)
     0 0 X
     хо.
     \mathsf{X} . \mathsf{X}
     Player O move: (1, 2)
     0 0 X
     хο.
     X O X
     -1
   2. Implement Game strategy using play game(TicTacToe(), dict(X=player(alphabeta search), O=player(minimax search)),
      verbose=True).utility
\verb|play_game(TicTacToe(), dict(X=player(alphabeta\_search), O=player(minimax\_search))|, verbose=True).utility|
     Player X move: (0, 1)
     х..
     . . .
     Player 0 move: (2, 1)
     . . .
X . 0
     Player X move: (1, 2)
     . . .
X . 0
     . x .
     Player 0 move: (0, 0)
     0 . .
X . 0
     . X .
     Player X move: (1, 1)
     0 . .
X X 0
     . x .
```

```
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```

```
Player O move: (1, 0)
00.
x x o
. X .
Player X move: (2, 0)
0 0 X
X X 0
. X .
Player O move: (0, 2)
0 0 X
X X 0
οх.
Player X move: (2, 2)
0 0 X
X X 0
0 X X
0
```