### **CLASS TEST 5**

# **QUESTION - 1:**

Create a student attendance system to record and manage student attendance. Implement methods to mark attendance, generate attendance reports, and calculate attendance percentages.

### **Methods**:

- markAttendance(int studentId, String date, boolean isPresent)
- generateAttendanceReport(int studentId)
- calculateAttendancePercentage(int studentId)

### **PROGRAM:**

```
import java.util.HashMap;
public class StudentAttendanceSystem {
    private HashMap<Integer, HashMap<String, Boolean>> attendanceRecords =
    new HashMap<>)();

    public void markAttendance(int studentId, String date, boolean isPresent) {
        attendanceRecords.putIfAbsent(studentId, new HashMap<>)());
        attendanceRecords.get(studentId).put(date, isPresent);
    }

    public void generateAttendanceReport(int studentId) {
        System.out.printIn("Attendance Report for Student ID: " + studentId);
        attendanceRecords.getOrDefault(studentId, new
HashMap<>()).forEach((date, isPresent) -> System.out.printIn(date + ": " +
(isPresent ? "Present" : "Absent")));
```

```
}
  public double calculateAttendancePercentage(int studentId) {
    if (!attendanceRecords.containsKey(studentId) ||
attendanceRecords.get(studentId).isEmpty()) {
      return 0.0;
    }
    long totalDays = attendanceRecords.get(studentId).size();
    long presentDays =
attendanceRecords.get(studentId).values().stream().filter(Boolean::booleanVal
ue).count();
    return (double) presentDays / totalDays * 100;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    StudentAttendanceSystem system = new StudentAttendanceSystem();
    system.markAttendance(101, "2022-10-01", true);
    system.markAttendance(101, "2022-10-02", false);
    system.markAttendance(101, "2022-10-03", true);
    system.generateAttendanceReport(101);
    System.out.println("Attendance Percentage for Student 101: " +
system.calculateAttendancePercentage(101) + "%");
  }
}
```

# **OUTPUT:**

# **QUESTION - 2:**

Develop a weather forecast application that fetches and displays weather information. Implement methods to get current weather, forecast for the week, and display weather details.

### Methods:

- getCurrentWeather(String location)
- getWeeklyForecast(String location)
- displayWeatherDetails(String location)

#### **PROGRAM:**

```
public class WeatherForecastApplication {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    WeatherForecastApplication App = new
WeatherForecastApplication();
    String location = "INDIA";
    App.getCurrentWeather(location);
    App.getWeeklyForecast(location);
    App.displayWeatherDetails(location);
  }
  public void getCurrentWeather(String location) {
    System.out.println("Current weather in " + location + ": Rainy
and cloudy.");
  }
  public void getWeeklyForecast(String location) {
    System.out.println("Weekly forecast for " + location + ": Sunny,
Rainy, Cloudy.");
  }
  public void displayWeatherDetails(String location) {
    System.out.println("Weather details for " + location + ":
Temperature, Humidity, Wind Speed, etc.");
```

```
}
```

# **OUTPUT:**

```
Output

java -cp /tmp/igbQoLydOz/WeatherForecastApplication

Current weather in INDIA: Rainy and cloudy.

Weekly forecast for INDIA: Sunny, Rainy, Cloudy.

Weather details for INDIA: Temperature, Humidity, Wind Speed, etc.

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```