Training Day-28 report

24 July, 2025

Today's session focused on exploring the **internal workings of Node.js** and gaining handson understanding of building **server-side applications without the use of frameworks** like Express. The goal was to deepen knowledge of Node.js fundamentals and low-level server handling.

Work Undertaken:

- 1. Understanding Node.js Internal Architecture:
 - Studied the execution flow of a Node.js program, which follows this order:
 - Execution of **top-level code**, including require statements and event registrations.
 - Offloading of **CPU-intensive operations** to the **libuv-managed thread pool** to prevent blocking the event loop.
 - Initiation of the **event loop**, which continues running until all tasks are completed.
- Learned the key **phases of the event loop**:
 - Timer callbacks (executed after their delay expires)
 - I/O polling phase (checks for readiness of IO operations)
 - Immediate callbacks (scheduled with setImmediate)
- Understood that this cycle continues until the call stack, event queue, and internal resources are all clear.

2. Building a Server Without Express:

- Practiced creating a **Node.js HTTP server** from scratch using the core http and url modules.
- Manually handled:
 - Setting response headers
 - Reading and streaming files
- Parsing incoming URL strings and converting them into objects using url.parse()
 - Extracting query parameters for routing and custom response logic.

Kev-Learnings:

- Gained a deeper understanding of the **Node.js event loop** and how it manages asynchronous operations.efficiently.
- Learned how libuv delegates blocking tasks to background threads for performance optimization.
- Improved foundational skills in **writing raw server-side code**, building a better appreciation for what frameworks like Express abstract away.

Conclusion:

Today's session provided valuable insight into **low-level Node.js behavior** and helped reinforce core concepts like event-driven architecture and manual server creation. These concepts are crucial for debugging, optimization, and understanding the internals of higher-level frameworks.