Project Name:

ONLINE STORE

Project Charter®

Project: Online Store

Title: **Project Charter**

Version 0.1 Draft

Document status:

Ravjot Singh: 10042347

Author:

Responsible: Ravjot Singh: 10042347

Date created: 10.10.2023

Protection class: "For internal use only"

Document history

Versio n	Date	Author	Comment / Change
0.1	10.10.2023		Draft
0.2	21.11.2023		Draft

Contents

	Page
1 Background/Project purpose or justification	4
2 Goals	5
2.1 Goals	
3 Project product description	6
4 Delivery units	6
4.1 Delivery units/services	7
4.2 E-R Diagram4.3 Database Creation Using SQL Commands	
4.4 DML Commands	10
5 Project success criteria	16
6 High-level risks	17
7 Key stakeholders	18
8 Project startup	18
9 Project end	
9.1 Signatures for release	
Annexture	

1. Background/Project purpose or justification

The initial purpose of the Online Store Database Project is to improve the general functionality and efficiency of the online store. The Online Grocery Store project aims to create a user-friendly and efficient platform for customers to conveniently browse, select, and purchase grocery items from the comfort of their homes. We are going to build a database that can help us keep track of our inventory and our customers information. There have been times that due to mis-management within the inventory and number of orders, our team got inefficient and had to deal with various problems. With the rapid rise of e-commerce and rising customer demands, an organization must spend in modernizing and optimizing its database architecture. This projects targets stores inventory management, customers details and orders status by designing and implementing an efficient database.

2. Goals

Here are some key goals highlighting the importance of a database in the context of an online store.

2.1 Goals

Goal	Description
Data Storage:	A large amount of data is generated and managed by an online business, including product information, customer information, sales transactions, and inventory levels. A database is required to efficiently store and organize this data.
Product Catalogue:	A database is used to keep track of a product catalogue, which includes names, descriptions, pricing, photos, and stock levels. Customers may successfully browse and search for products as a result of this.
Inventory Management:	Having inventory data in a database allows the store to track product availability, manage restocking, and avoid overselling.
Order Processing:	When a customer makes a purchase, their order details must be stored and maintained in a database. This comprises the ordered items, customer information, payment information, and order status.
Customer Information:	An online store database saves customer profiles, purchase histories, shipping addresses, and contact information, allowing for personalized shopping experiences and efficient customer care.
Shopping Cart:	A shopping cart is a temporary storage area for things that a client wishes to purchase that is frequently included as part of a database system. It keeps the items chosen for purchase until the buyer is ready to checkout.
Payment Processing:	To support secure financial transactions, payment data and transaction records are securely stored within the database.
Reporting and Analytics:	Data on customer behavior, sales trends, and website performance can be collected using a well-structured database. This information is essential for making sound business decisions and optimizing the online store.
Security and Compliance:	Databases play an important role in ensuring data security and compliance with privacy requirements. They include techniques for encrypting sensitive data, restricting access, and auditing data modifications.

2.2 Milestones

Schedule	Description
October 12	Project Charter draft
November 9	E-R diagram draft
December 7	Video Project description
December 7	Final report delivery

3. Project product description

The project's product is the Database, which will be utilized to store important data about online business. The Online Store Database is the online store's backbone, coordinating the management, retrieval, and storage of important data required for the online store to function. It contains all information on users, carts, products, and reviews, making it a trustworthy and efficient platform for people to browse, buy, and engage.

The Database will store the information as:

USERS: UserID, Name, Address, Contact Information etc.

PRODUCTS: Product ID, name, description, price, stock, quantity etc.

CART: cart ID, user ID, Product ID, quantity, etc.

REVIEWS: Review ID, User ID, product ID, rating, comment, date etc.

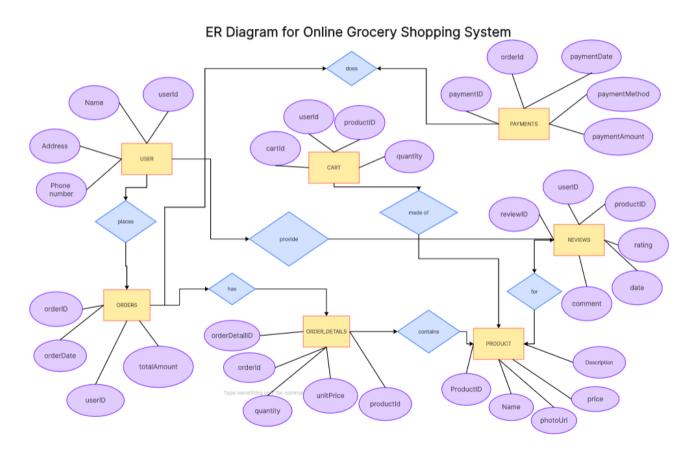
As far as the user is concerned, The Online Grocery Store project seeks to build a user-friendly and efficient platform for customers to browse, select, and purchase grocery items from the comfort of their own homes. Key features include a User-Friendly Interface that will assist users in seamless navigation across multiple devices for a tailored shopping experience, as well as an Extensive Product Catalogue that includes a Comprehensive listing of grocery items with detailed descriptions, images, and nutritional information for easy exploration, including fresh produce, dairy, beverages, and household goods.

4. Delivery Units:

4.1 Delivery units/services

Delivery unit	Description/Comment
Project Charter	Final version of the charter approved
Project Report	A concise document that compiles your whole experience with the project
Design document	E-R Diagram describing the conceptual level of the database
DDL documents	All SQL statements used to create the database (Internal level)
Sample Queries	DML commands showing sample Queries used in regular use of the database
Supplements	Additional documents providing background in the chosen topic. (Optional)

4.2 E-R Diagram



4.3- Database Creation Using SQL Commands

```
-- Create the Online Grocery Store schema
CREATE SCHEMA OnlineGroceryStore;
-- PRODUCTS Table
CREATE TABLE OnlineGroceryStore.PRODUCTS (
  ProductID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(255),
  Description TEXT,
  Price DECIMAL(10, 2),
  Stock INT,
  PhotoURL VARCHAR(255)
);
-- USERS Table
CREATE TABLE OnlineGroceryStore.USERS (
  UserID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(255),
  Address VARCHAR(255),
  ContactInformation VARCHAR(255)
);
-- ORDERS Table
CREATE TABLE OnlineGroceryStore.ORDERS (
  OrderID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  UserID INT,
  OrderDate DATE,
  TotalAmount DECIMAL(10, 2),
  FOREIGN KEY (UserID) REFERENCES OnlineGroceryStore.USERS(UserID)
);
-- ORDER_DETAILS Table
```

```
CREATE TABLE OnlineGroceryStore.ORDER_DETAILS (
  OrderDetailID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  OrderID INT.
  ProductID INT,
  Quantity INT,
  UnitPrice DECIMAL(10, 2),
  FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES OnlineGroceryStore.ORDERS(OrderID),
  FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES OnlineGroceryStore.PRODUCTS(ProductID)
);
-- PAYMENTS Table
CREATE TABLE OnlineGroceryStore.PAYMENTS (
  PaymentID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  OrderID INT,
  PaymentDate DATE,
  PaymentAmount DECIMAL(10, 2),
  PaymentMethod VARCHAR(50),
  FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES OnlineGroceryStore.ORDERS(OrderID)
);
-- REVIEWS Table
CREATE TABLE OnlineGroceryStore.REVIEWS (
  ReviewID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  UserID INT,
  ProductID INT,
  Rating INT,
  Comment TEXT,
  Date DATE.
  FOREIGN KEY (UserID) REFERENCES OnlineGroceryStore.USERS(UserID),
  FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES OnlineGroceryStore.PRODUCTS(ProductID)
);
-- CART Table
CREATE TABLE OnlineGroceryStore.CART (
  CartID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  UserID INT,
```

ProductID INT,

Quantity INT,

FOREIGN KEY (UserID) REFERENCES OnlineGroceryStore.USERS(UserID),

FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES OnlineGroceryStore.PRODUCTS(ProductID));

4.4 DML Commands

-- Insert sample data into the PRODUCTS table

INSERT INTO OnlineGroceryStore.PRODUCTS (ProductID, Name, Description, Price, Stock, PhotoURL)

VALUES

(101, 'Fresh Apples', 'Organic red apples', 2.99, 100, 'https://example.com/apples.jpg'),

(102, 'Bananas', 'Ripe yellow bananas', 1.49, 150, 'https://example.com/bananas.jpg'),

(103, 'Whole Grain Bread', 'Nutritious whole grain bread', 3.99, 75,

'https://example.com/bread.jpg'),

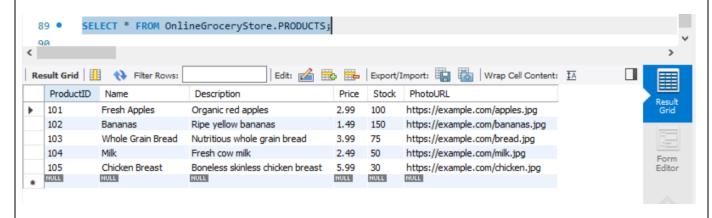
(104, 'Milk', 'Fresh cow milk', 2.49, 50, 'https://example.com/milk.jpg'),

(105, 'Chicken Breast', 'Boneless skinless chicken breast', 5.99, 30,

'https://example.com/chicken.jpg');

-- Get details of all products in the catalog.

SELECT * FROM OnlineGroceryStore.PRODUCTS;



-- Retrieve Available Products:

Get products that are currently in stock over 70 in number.

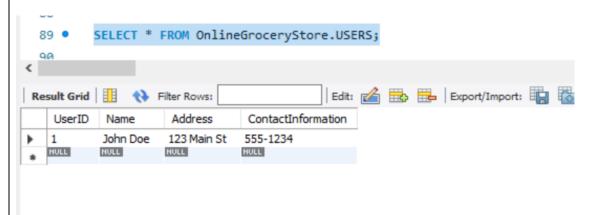
SELECT * FROM OnlineGroceryStore.PRODUCTS WHERE Stock > 70;



-- Insert a new user into the USERS table

INSERT INTO OnlineGroceryStore.USERS (UserID, Name, Address, ContactInformation) VALUES (1, 'John Doe', '123 Main St', '555-1234');

SELECT * FROM OnlineGroceryStore.USERS;



-- Place an Order:

Create a new order for a user.

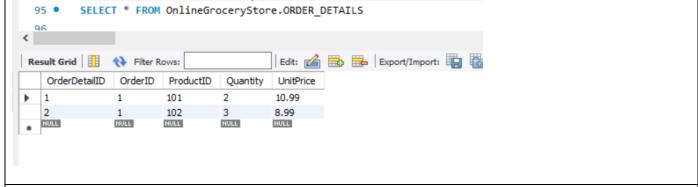
INSERT INTO OnlineGroceryStore.ORDERS (OrderID, UserID, OrderDate, TotalAmount) VALUES (1, 1, CURRENT_DATE, 50.99);

-- Add products to the order details.

INSERT INTO OnlineGroceryStore.ORDER_DETAILS (OrderDetailID, OrderID, ProductID, Quantity, UnitPrice)

VALUES (1, 1, 101, 2, 10.99), (2, 1, 102, 3, 8.99);

SELECT * FROM OnlineGroceryStore.ORDER_DETAILS

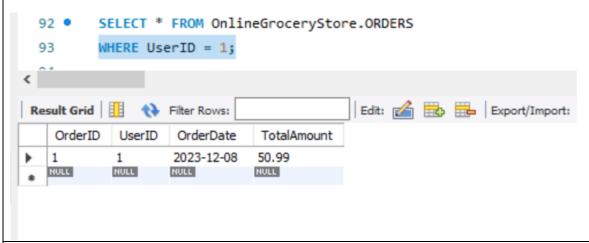


-- Change the price of a specific product.

UPDATE OnlineGroceryStore.PRODUCTS SET Price = 12.99 WHERE ProductID = 101;

-- Get the order history for a specific user.

SELECT * FROM OnlineGroceryStore.ORDERS WHERE UserID = 1;

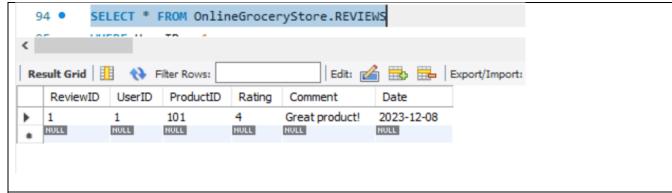


- -- Post a Review:
 - Add a review for a product.

INSERT INTO OnlineGroceryStore.REVIEWS (ReviewID, UserID, ProductID, Rating, Comment, Date)

VALUES (1, 1, 101, 4, 'Great product!', CURRENT_DATE);

SELECT * FROM OnlineGroceryStore.REVIEWS



-- Adding 2 units of product with ProductID 101 and 3 units of product with ProductID 102 to the cart for User with UserID 1

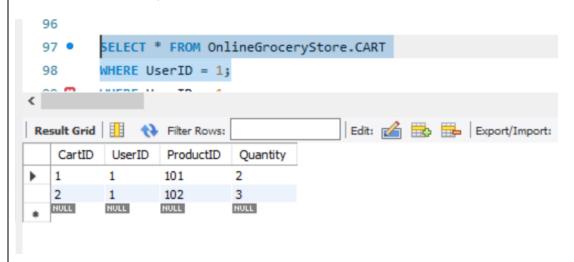
INSERT INTO OnlineGroceryStore.CART (CartID, UserID, ProductID, Quantity) VALUES

(1, 1, 101, 2),

(2, 1, 102, 3);

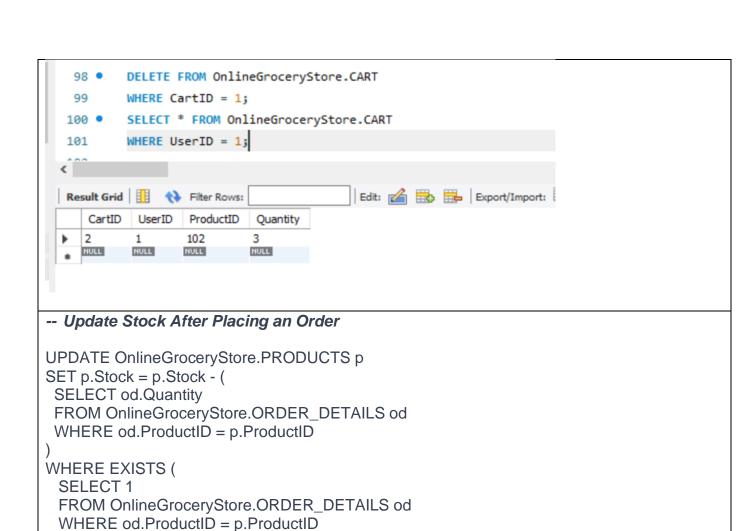
--Retrieve items in a user's shopping cart.

SELECT * FROM OnlineGroceryStore.CART WHERE UserID = 1;



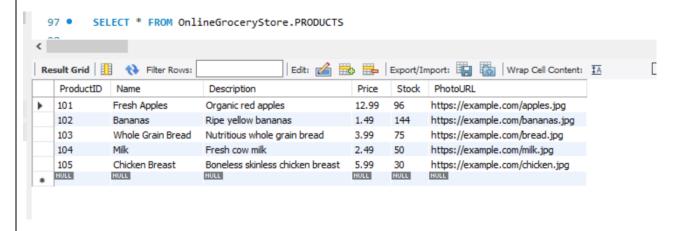
--Remove an item from the shopping cart.

DELETE FROM OnlineGroceryStore.CART WHERE CartID = 1;



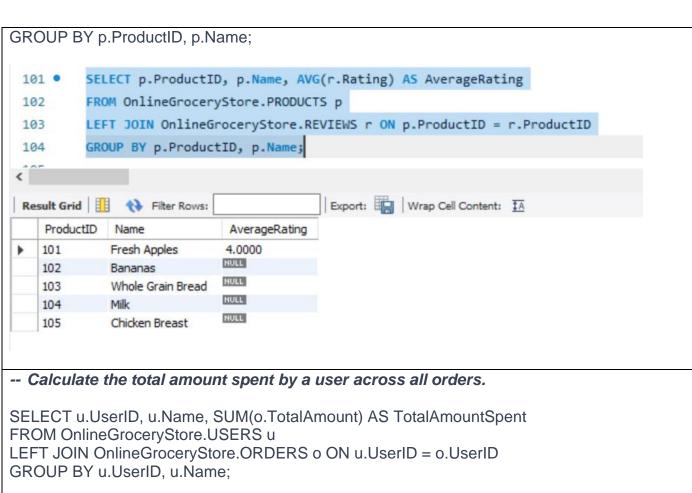
SELECT * FROM OnlineGroceryStore.PRODUCTS

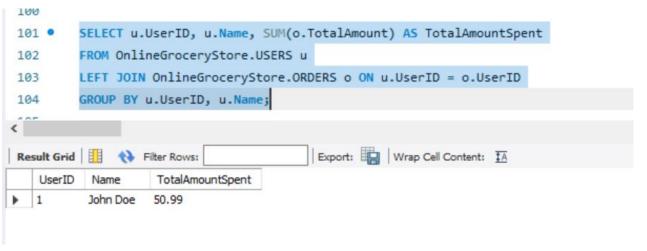
);



-- Get the average rating for each product based on reviews.

SELECT p.ProductID, p.Name, AVG(r.Rating) AS AverageRating FROM OnlineGroceryStore.PRODUCTS p
LEFT JOIN OnlineGroceryStore.REVIEWS r ON p.ProductID = r.ProductID



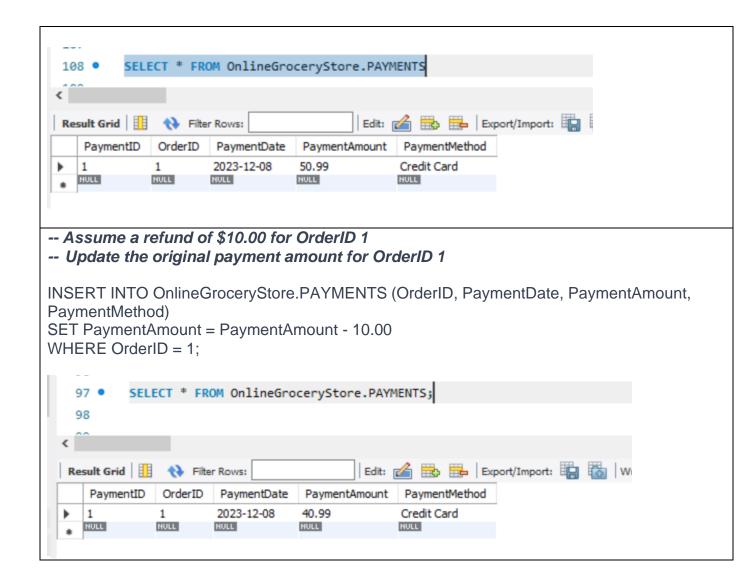


-- Insert payment data for an order

INSERT INTO OnlineGroceryStore.PAYMENTS (PaymentID, OrderID, PaymentDate, PaymentAmount, PaymentMethod)
VALUES

(1, 1, CURRENT_DATE, 50.99, 'Credit Card');

SELECT * FROM OnlineGroceryStore.PAYMENTS



5. Project success criteria

Project success criteria The Project Report addresses of reasoning used to generate the design of the database. Data needed and information generated. Internal and conceptual level definitions are free of errors and complete. The queries created retrieve useful information for the business. The project presentation conveys a concise summary of the projects experience. The team shows understanding of the business, conceptual design and MySQL.

6. High-level risks

Risk	Possible impacts on the project	
Data Security Breach:	Making weak password, misconfiguration in database where users have more control over the database, third-party vendors that are connected can create data security breach, accidental human error or deletion of data can also lead the data security breach	
Data migration difficulties:	Serious data validation needs to be performed, there is a risk of operations being disrupted, and there's a possibility of potential data los and corruption.	
Problems with scalability: Any incorrect inventory data in the database may result in decrease system performance, loss of sales during heavy traffic periods, a client confidence.		
Issues with Third- Party Integrations:	Insufficient involvement or feedback from key stakeholders may lead to misalignment with business goals and requirements, potentially causing delays.	
bad infrastructure	Will hinder the Scalability and efficiency of the Business.	

7. Key stakeholders

Name	Role
Divya Sehdev	Database Administrator
Prachi Sehgal	Database Developer
Jobanpreet Singh	Database Administrator
Ravjot Singh	Database Developer
Cesar Lopez Castellanos	Database Instructor

8. Project startup

The project is deemed started with the following signatures:

	Instructor	Communications Officer	Project manager
Signature			
Name			
Date			

5. Project end

Planned project end:			

a. Signatures for release

The project manager is released with the signatures provided here following the project closing phase:

	Instructor	Communications Officer	Project manager
Signature			
Name			
Date			