

## PRACTISE 5:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class ColorRange {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // Create a Scanner object for user input
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in); //

        Define the valid range for each color component

        int minRange = 0; int maxRange = 255;

        // Prompt user to enter RGB values

        System.out.print("&quot;Enter the Red component (0-255): &quot;;");
        int red = scanner.nextInt();

        System.out.print("&quot;Enter the Green component (0-255): &quot;;"); int
        green = scanner.nextInt();

        System.out.print("&quot;Enter the Blue component (0-255): &quot;;"); int
        blue = scanner.nextInt();

        // Check if the RGB values are within the specified range boolean isValidRed = red
        &gt;= minRange &amp;&amp; red &lt;= maxRange; boolean isValidGreen = green
        &gt;= minRange &amp;&amp; green &lt;= maxRange; boolean isValidBlue = blue
        &gt;= minRange &amp;&amp; blue &lt;= maxRange;

        // Display results

        System.out.println("&quot;\nColor Component Validity:&quot;;");

        System.out.println("&quot;Red: &quot; + (isValidRed ? &quot;Valid&quot; : &quot;Invalid&quot;));");
        System.out.println("&quot;Green: &quot; + (isValidGreen ? &quot;Valid&quot; : &quot;Invalid&quot;));");
        System.out.println("&quot;Blue: &quot; + (isValidBlue ? &quot;Valid&quot; : &quot;Invalid&quot;));");

        // Close the scanner scanner.close();

    }

}
```

CODE:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class ColorRange {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Create a Scanner object for user input
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        // Define the valid range for each color component
        int minRange = 0;    int maxRange = 255;

        // Prompt user to enter RGB values
        System.out.print("Enter the Red component (0-255): ");
        int red = scanner.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter the Green component (0-255): ");
        int green = scanner.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter the Blue component (0-255): ");
        int blue = scanner.nextInt();

        // Check if the RGB values are within the specified range
        boolean isValidRed = red >= minRange && red <= maxRange;
        boolean isValidGreen = green >= minRange && green <= maxRange;
        boolean isValidBlue = blue >= minRange && blue <= maxRange;

        // Display results
        System.out.println("\nColor Component Validity:");    System.out.println("Red: " + (isValidRed ?
"Valid" : "Invalid"));
        System.out.println("Green: " + (isValidGreen ? "Valid" : "Invalid"));
        System.out.println("Blue: " + (isValidBlue ? "Valid" : "Invalid"));
```

```
        // Close the scanner
    scanner.close();
}
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
java -cp /tmp/EgxNH85QCd/ColorRange
Enter the Red component (0-255): 30
Enter the Green component (0-255): 43
Enter the Blue component (0-255): 8

Color Component Validity:
Red: Valid
Green: Valid
Blue: Valid

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

2. To build a TrafficLightChecker class, you should focus on creating a system that simulates the behavior of traffic lights. This simulation can be expanded to include functionalities such as checking the current light status, determining the duration of each light phase, and providing a mechanism for switching between lights.

```
import java.util.Scanner; public
class TrafficLightChecker {
// Enum to define traffic light states
private enum TrafficLight {
```

```

RED, YELLOW, GREEN
}

// Method to get the next traffic light based on current light
private static TrafficLight getNextLight(TrafficLight current) {
    switch (current) { case RED:
        return TrafficLight.GREEN;
        case YELLOW: return
            TrafficLight.RED;
        case GREEN:
            return TrafficLight.YELLOW; default:
            throw new IllegalArgumentException(""Unexpected value: " + current);
    }
}

// Method to display the traffic light status private
static void displayStatus(TrafficLight light) { switch
    (light) {
        case RED:
            System.out.println(""The light is RED. Please stop.");
            break; case YELLOW:
            System.out.println(""The light is YELLOW. Prepare to stop."); break;

        case GREEN:
            System.out.println(""The light is GREEN. You may go.");
            break;
    }
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    // Prompt user for the initial traffic light state

```

```

System.out.print("&quot;Enter the current traffic light color (RED,
YELLOW, GREEN): &quot;;);
String input = scanner.next().toUpperCase(); TrafficLight
currentLight;
try {
// Convert the input string to TrafficLight enum currentLight
= TrafficLight.valueOf(input);
} catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
System.out.println("&quot;Invalid color entered. Please enter RED,
YELLOW, or GREEN.&quot;;); scanner.close(); return;
}
// Display the current light status displayStatus(currentLight);
// Determine the next traffic light state
TrafficLight nextLight = getNextLight(currentLight);
// Display the next light status
System.out.println("&quot;The next light will be: &quot; + nextLight); displayStatus(nextLight);

// Close the scanner scanner.close();

}

}

```

CODE:

```

import java.util.Scanner;

public class TrafficLightChecker {
private enum TrafficLight {
    RED, YELLOW, GREEN
}

```

```
private static TrafficLight getNextLight(TrafficLight current) {  
switch (current) {      case RED:  
    return TrafficLight.GREEN;  
case YELLOW:  
    return TrafficLight.RED;  
case GREEN:  
    return TrafficLight.YELLOW;  
default:  
    throw new IllegalArgumentException("Unexpected value: " + current);  
}  
}
```

```
private static void displayStatus(TrafficLight light) {  
switch (light) {      case RED:  
    System.out.println("The light is RED. Please stop.");  
    break;  
case YELLOW:  
    System.out.println("The light is YELLOW. Prepare to stop.");  
    break;  
case GREEN:  
    System.out.println("The light is GREEN. You may go.");  
    break;  
}  
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```

    System.out.print("Enter the current traffic light color (RED, YELLOW, GREEN): ");
    String input = scanner.next().toUpperCase();
    TrafficLight currentLight;
    try
    {
        currentLight = TrafficLight.valueOf(input);
    } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
        System.out.println("Invalid color entered. Please enter RED, YELLOW, or GREEN.");
        scanner.close();
    }
    return;
}

displayStatus(currentLight);

TrafficLight nextLight = getNextLight(currentLight);

System.out.println("The next light will be: " + nextLight);
displayStatus(nextLight);

scanner.close();
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

```
java -cp /tmp/kNQPNBRbPq/TrafficLightChecker
Enter the current traffic light color (RED, YELLOW, GREEN): RED
The light is RED. Please stop.
The next light will be: GREEN
The light is GREEN. You may go.

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

3. To implement a `TrafficLightSwitch` class that simulate switching traffic lights, you might want to create functionality for managing the current state of the traffic light, switching between states, and possibly displaying information about the light. Below is a detailed example of how you could set up this class:

```
import java.util.Scanner; public
class TrafficLightSwitch { // Enum to
define traffic light states private
enum TrafficLight {
RED, YELLOW, GREEN
}
// Method to get the next traffic light based on current light
private static TrafficLight getNextLight(TrafficLight current) {
switch (current) { case RED:
return TrafficLight.GREEN;
case YELLOW: return
TrafficLight.RED; case
GREEN:
return TrafficLight.YELLOW; default:
throw new IllegalArgumentException("Unexpected value: " + current);
```



```

}
}
// Method to display the traffic light status private
static void displayStatus(TrafficLight light) { switch
(light) { case RED:
System.out.println(&quot;The light is RED. Please stop.&quot;); break;

case YELLOW:
System.out.println(&quot;The light is YELLOW. Prepare to stop.&quot;);
break; case GREEN:
System.out.println(&quot;The light is GREEN. You may go.&quot;); break;
}
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
// Prompt user for the initial traffic light state
System.out.print(&quot;Enter the current traffic light color (RED, YELLOW,
GREEN): &quot;);

String input = scanner.next().toUpperCase();
TrafficLight currentLight;

try {
// Convert the input string to TrafficLight enum currentLight
= TrafficLight.valueOf(input);
} catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
System.out.println(&quot;Invalid color entered. Please enter RED, YELLOW, or GREEN.&quot;);
scanner.close(); return;
}

// Display the current light status displayStatus(currentLight);

// Determine the next traffic light state

```

```
TrafficLight nextLight = getNextLight(currentLight);  
  
// Display the next light status  
  
System.out.println("The next light will be: " + nextLight); displayStatus(nextLight);  
  
// Close the scanner  
  
scanner.close();  
}  
}
```

CORRECTED CODE:

```
import java.util.Scanner;  
  
public class TrafficLightSwitch {  
    private enum TrafficLight {        RED,  
        YELLOW, GREEN  
    }  
  
    private static TrafficLight getNextLight(TrafficLight current) {  
        switch (current) {            case RED:  
            return TrafficLight.GREEN;  
        case YELLOW:  
            return TrafficLight.RED;  
        case GREEN:  
            return TrafficLight.YELLOW;  
        default:  
            throw new IllegalArgumentException("Unexpected value: " + current);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

```
private static void displayStatus(TrafficLight light) {
```

```
    switch (light) {
```

```
case RED:
```

```
    System.out.println("The light is RED. Please stop.");
```

```
    break;
```

```
case YELLOW:
```

```
    System.out.println("The light is YELLOW. Prepare to stop.");
```

```
    break;
```

```
case GREEN:
```

```
    System.out.println("The light is GREEN. You may go.");
```

```
    break;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
    System.out.print("Enter the current traffic light color (RED, YELLOW, GREEN): ");
```

```
    String input = scanner.next().toUpperCase();
```

```
    TrafficLight currentLight;
```

```
    try {
```

```
        currentLight = TrafficLight.valueOf(input);
```

```
    } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
```

```
        System.out.println("Invalid color entered. Please enter RED, YELLOW, or GREEN.");
```

```
        scanner.close();
```

```
    return;
```

```
}

displayStatus(currentLight);

TrafficLight nextLight = getNextLight(currentLight);

System.out.println("The next light will be: " + nextLight);
displayStatus(nextLight);

scanner.close();
}
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
java -cp /tmp/GVA0RRADj9/TrafficLightSwitch
Enter the current traffic light color (RED, YELLOW, GREEN): YELLOW
The light is YELLOW. Prepare to stop.
The next light will be: RED
The light is RED. Please stop.

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```