

Lab4

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1

My VMs' address is shown below.

VM1: 192.168.56.103

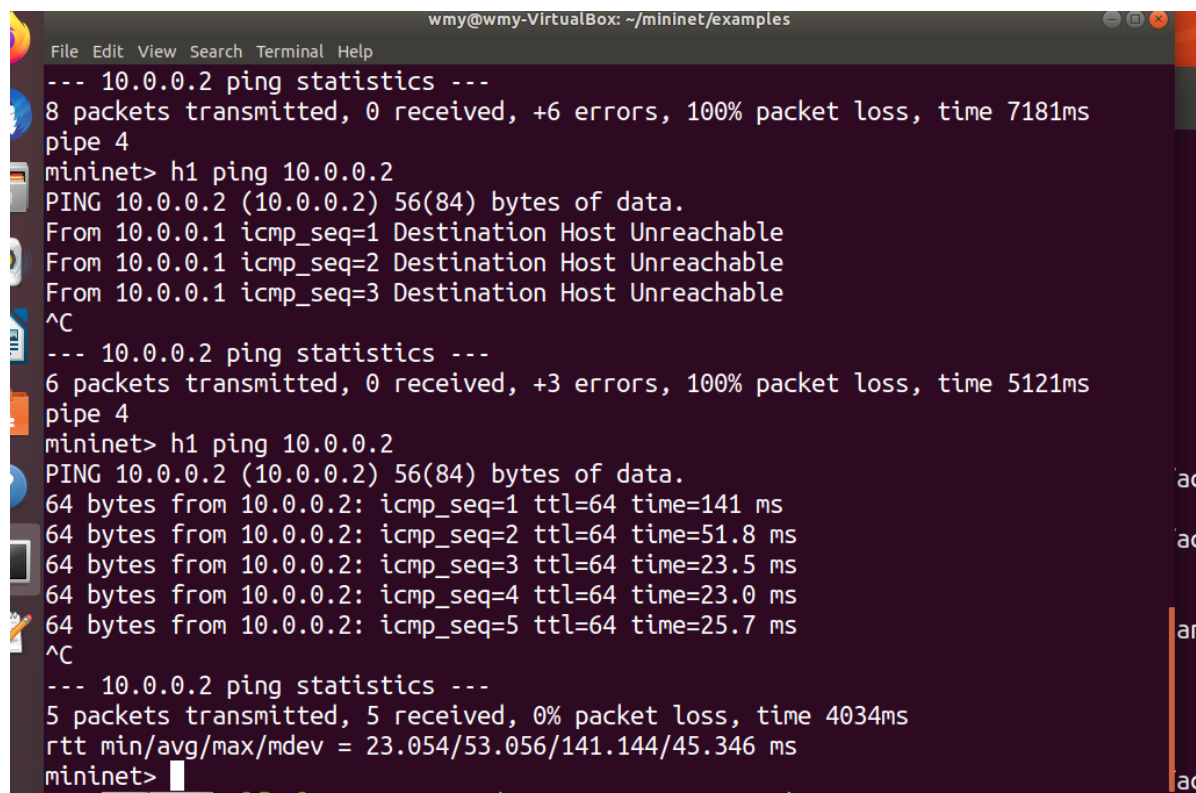
VM2: 192.168.56.104

The two commands we should add are:

```
sudo ovs-vsctl add-port s1 vxlan0 -- set interface vxlan0 type=vxlan
options:remote_ip=192.168.56.104
```

```
sudo ovs-vsctl add-port s2 vxlan0 -- set interface vxlan0 type=vxlan
options:remote_ip=192.168.56.103
```

From Figure1, we can see that 10.0.0.1 can connect to 10.0.0.2.



```
wmy@wmy-VirtualBox: ~/mininet/examples
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
--- 10.0.0.2 ping statistics ---
8 packets transmitted, 0 received, +6 errors, 100% packet loss, time 7181ms
pipe 4
mininet> h1 ping 10.0.0.2
PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
From 10.0.0.1 icmp_seq=1 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.0.0.1 icmp_seq=2 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.0.0.1 icmp_seq=3 Destination Host Unreachable
^C
--- 10.0.0.2 ping statistics ---
6 packets transmitted, 0 received, +3 errors, 100% packet loss, time 5121ms
pipe 4
mininet> h1 ping 10.0.0.2
PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=141 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=51.8 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=23.5 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=23.0 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=25.7 ms
^C
--- 10.0.0.2 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4034ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 23.054/53.056/141.144/45.346 ms
mininet>
```

Figure 1

2

Using Wireshark to monitor the interfaces s1 and enp0s8, we can know that VXLAN uses ICMP and ARP.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
8	3.065360847	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x1504, seq=4/1024, ttl=
9	4.024733133	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x1504, seq=5/1280, ttl=
10	4.044721541	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x1504, seq=5/1280, ttl=
11	5.045315539	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x1504, seq=6/1536, ttl=
12	5.080627164	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x1504, seq=6/1536, ttl=
13	5.101664625	a2:9d:32:3b:ab:18	be:f5:36:e7:3a:bd	ARP	42	Who has 10.0.0.2? Tell 10.0.0.1
14	5.121704381	be:f5:36:e7:3a:bd	a2:9d:32:3b:ab:18	ARP	42	10.0.0.2 is at be:f5:36:e7:3a:bd
15	5.273782655	a2:9d:32:3b:ab:18	a2:9d:32:3b:ab:18	ARP	42	Who has 10.0.0.1? Tell 10.0.0.2
16	5.278884349	a2:9d:32:3b:ab:18	be:f5:36:e7:3a:bd	ARP	42	10.0.0.1 is at a2:9d:32:3b:ab:18
17	6.085723599	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x1504, seq=7/1792, ttl=
18	6.118577773	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x1504, seq=7/1792, ttl=
19	7.069328658	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x1504, seq=8/2048, ttl=
20	7.102544905	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x1504, seq=8/2048, ttl=

Frame 1: 98 bytes on wire (784 bits), 98 bytes captured (784 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: a2:9d:32:3b:ab:18 (a2:9d:32:3b:ab:18), Dst: be:f5:36:e7:3a:bd (be:f5:36:e7:3a:bd)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.0.0.1, Dst: 10.0.0.2
Internet Control Message Protocol

Figure2: Monitoring s1

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
17	9.850429989	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	ICMP	148	Echo (ping) reply id=0x14b9, seq=4/1024, ttl=
18	10.070066028	192.168.56.1	224.0.0.251	MDNS	81	Standard query 0x0000 PTR _ezcvs_pro_tcp.local,
19	10.829699487	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	ICMP	148	Echo (ping) request id=0x14b9, seq=5/1280, ttl=
20	10.891099355	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	ICMP	148	Echo (ping) reply id=0x14b9, seq=5/1280, ttl=
21	11.084243333	192.168.56.1	224.0.0.251	MDNS	81	Standard query 0x0000 PTR _ezcvs_pro_tcp.local,
22	11.836493400	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	ICMP	148	Echo (ping) request id=0x14b9, seq=6/1536, ttl=
23	11.851445760	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	ICMP	148	Echo (ping) reply id=0x14b9, seq=6/1536, ttl=
24	11.858685683	PcsCompu_c8:74:c1	PcsCompu_c7:f4:87	ARP	60	Who has 192.168.56.103? Tell 192.168.56.104
25	11.858859104	PcsCompu_c7:f4:87	PcsCompu_c8:74:c1	ARP	42	192.168.56.103 is at 08:00:27:c7:f4:87
26	11.864344601	be:f5:36:e7:3a:bd	a2:9d:32:3b:ab:18	ARP	92	Who has 10.0.0.1? Tell 10.0.0.2
27	11.875085465	a2:9d:32:3b:ab:18	be:f5:36:e7:3a:bd	ARP	92	10.0.0.1 is at a2:9d:32:3b:ab:18
28	12.842112948	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	ICMP	148	Echo (ping) request id=0x14b9, seq=7/1792, ttl=
29	12.873047239	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	ICMP	148	Echo (ping) reply id=0x14b9, seq=7/1792, ttl=

Frame 9: 148 bytes on wire (1184 bits), 148 bytes captured (1184 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: PcsCompu_c7:f4:87 (08:00:27:c7:f4:87), Dst: PcsCompu_c8:74:c1 (08:00:27:c8:74:c1)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.56.103, Dst: 192.168.56.104
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 56054, Dst Port: 4789
Virtual extensible Local Area Network
Ethernet II, Src: a2:9d:32:3b:ab:18 (a2:9d:32:3b:ab:18), Dst: be:f5:36:e7:3a:bd (be:f5:36:e7:3a:bd)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.0.0.1, Dst: 10.0.0.2
Internet Control Message Protocol

Figure 3: Monitoring enp0s8

3

```

"Node: s1" (root)
root@wmy-VirtualBox:~/mininet/examples# iperf -c 10.0.0.4
-----
Client connecting to 10.0.0.4, TCP port 5001
TCP window size: 85.3 KByte (default)
-----
[ 11] local 10.0.0.3 port 49554 connected with 10.0.0.4 port 5001
[ ID] Interval           Transfer     Bandwidth
[ 11] 0.0-10.2 sec   77.8 KBytes  62.5 Kbits/sec
root@wmy-VirtualBox:~/mininet/examples#

```

Figure 4

From figure4, we can know that the bandwidth is about 62.5kbps. It's too small and it's probably caused by the limited MTU size.

4

4.1

We can designate the MTU size of iperf3 by `iperf -c 10.0.0.4 -M 1000`, we can learn from figure 5 that the bandwidth is improved to 2.5Gps.

This command attempt to set the TCP maximum segment size (MSS). The MSS is usually the MTU - 40 bytes for the TCP/IP header. But this time we have to spend 50 bytes for VXLAN, so we should set it to be smaller than 1410.

```
ifconfig: --help' gives usage information.
root@wmy-VirtualBox:~/mininet/examples# iperf -c 10.0.0.4 -M 1000
WARNING: attempt to set TCP maximum segment size to 1000, but got 536
-----
Client connecting to 10.0.0.4, TCP port 5001
TCP window size: 85.3 KByte (default)
-----
[ 11] local 10.0.0.3 port 39134 connected with 10.0.0.4 port 5001
[ ID] Interval      Transfer      Bandwidth
[ 11] 0.0-10.0 sec  2.92 GBytes  2.51 Gbits/sec
root@wmy-VirtualBox:~/mininet/examples#
```

Figure 5

4.2

We can designate the MTU of the two enp0s8 interfaces by the command `sudo ip link set mtu <MTU-SIZE> dev enp0s8`, and we set it to be 9000.

From Figure 7 we can see that the Bandwidth is improved to 3.8Gps.

```
wmy@wmy-VirtualBox:~$ sudo ip link set mtu 9000 dev enp0s8
wmy@wmy-VirtualBox:~$ ip link show enp0s8
3: enp0s8: <NO-CARRIER,BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP> mtu 9000 qdisc fq_codel master ov
s-system state DOWN mode DEFAULT group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:c8:74:c1 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
wmy@wmy-VirtualBox:~$
```

Figure 6

```
ot@wmy-VirtualBox:~/mininet/examples# iperf -c 10.0.0.4
-----
Client connecting to 10.0.0.4, TCP port 5001
TCP window size: 85.3 KByte (default)
-----
[ 11] local 10.0.0.3 port 54398 connected with 10.0.0.4 port 5001
[ ID] Interval      Transfer      Bandwidth
[ 11] 0.0-10.0 sec  4.49 GBytes  3.86 Gbits/sec
ot@wmy-VirtualBox:~/mininet/examples#
```

Figure 7