Project Title: Real Time Occupancy Detection

1. Problem Statement

Develop a simple prototype that will mimic a Real-time occupancy detection system which ultimately can offer an energy efficiency.

2. Scope Of Solution

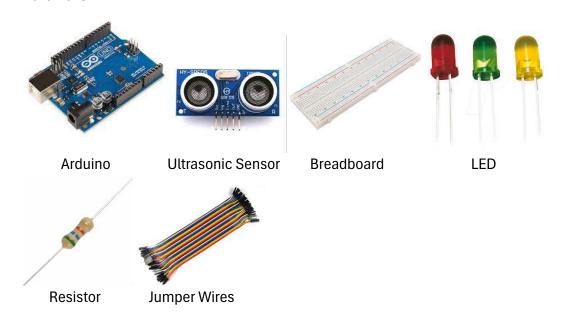
<u>Smart lighting control</u>: Automatically adjust lighting levels in rooms or offices based on occupancy to save energy.

<u>Intrusion detection</u>: Detect and alert homeowners about unexpected entry into the premises. <u>Waiting areas</u>: Manage patient waiting areas efficiently by tracking occupancy and wait times.



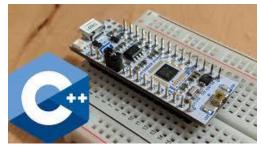
3. Required Components To Develop Solution

Hardware:



Software:



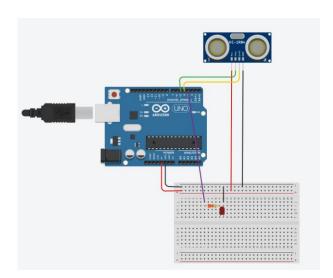


Arduino IDE

Embedded C++

4. Simulated Circuit(TinkerCad)

Circuit diagram illustrating the connections Simulated using TinkerCad



5. Code For the Solution

#define trigPin 9 // Arduino pin connected to trigger pin on the ultrasonic sensor
#define echoPin 10 // Arduino pin connected to echo pin on the ultrasonic sensor
#define maxDistance 100 // Maximum distance (in centimeters) to detect occupancy
#define ledPin 13 // Arduino pin connected to the LED

```
void setup() {
  pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(echoPin, INPUT);
  pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
```

```
Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop() {
 digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
 delayMicroseconds(2);
 digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);
 delayMicroseconds(10);
 digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
 unsigned long pulseDuration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH); // Measure pulse width in microseconds
 unsigned int distance = pulseDuration / 58; // Convert pulse width to distance in centimeters
 if (distance < maxDistance) {</pre>
  digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH); // Turn on the LED if an object is detected
  Serial.println("Occupied");
 } else {
  digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW); // Turn off the LED if no object is detected
  Serial.println("Vacant");
 }
 delay(100); // Delay for stability and to reduce serial output
}
```