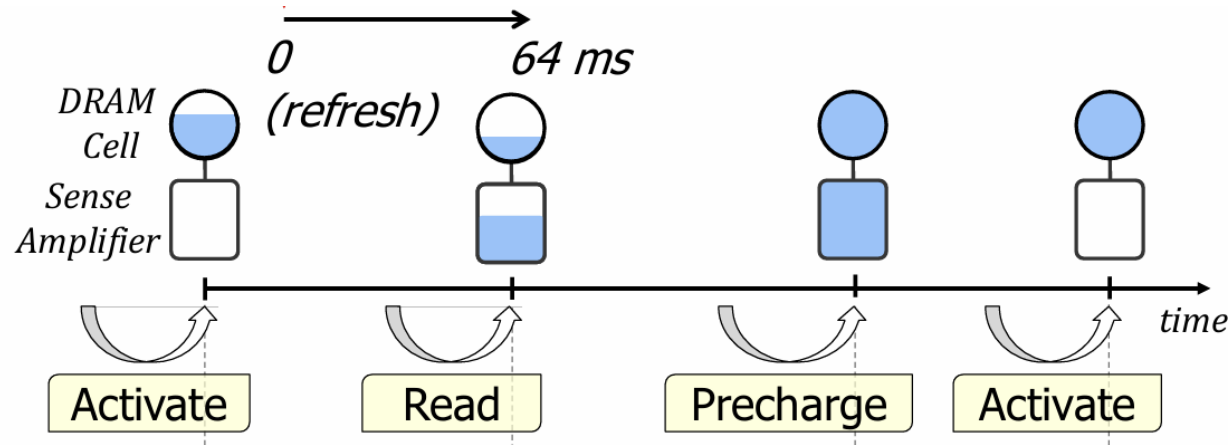

Ramulator 2.0 Summary

***Intelligent System
Laboratory***

□ DRAM Operations & States



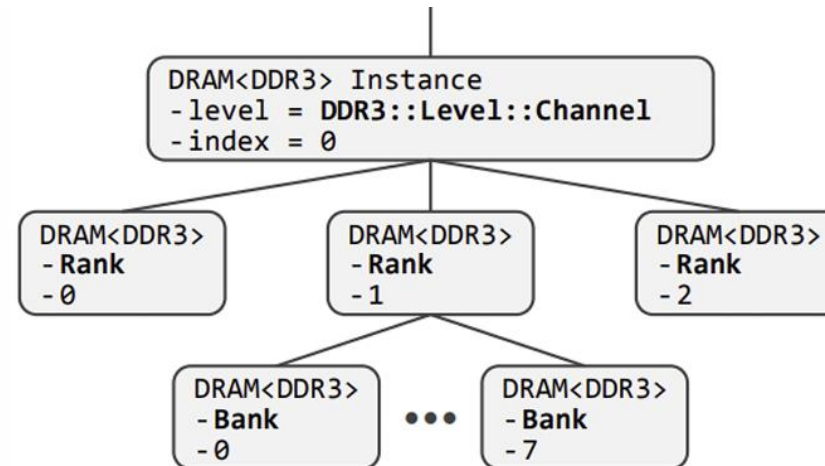
- Main DRAM states
 - Activate
 - Read
 - Precharge

```

1 // DRAM.h
2 template <typename T>
3 class DRAM {
4     DRAM<T>* parent;
5     vector<DRAM<T>*>
6         children;
7     T::Level level;
8     int index;
9     // more code...
10 };
    
```

```

1 // DDR3.h/cpp
2 class DDR3 {
3     enum class Level {
4         Channel, Rank, Bank,
5         Row, Column, MAX
6     };
7
8     // more code...
9
10 };
    
```



src files \Leftrightarrow DRAM Operation

□ Simulation Configuration

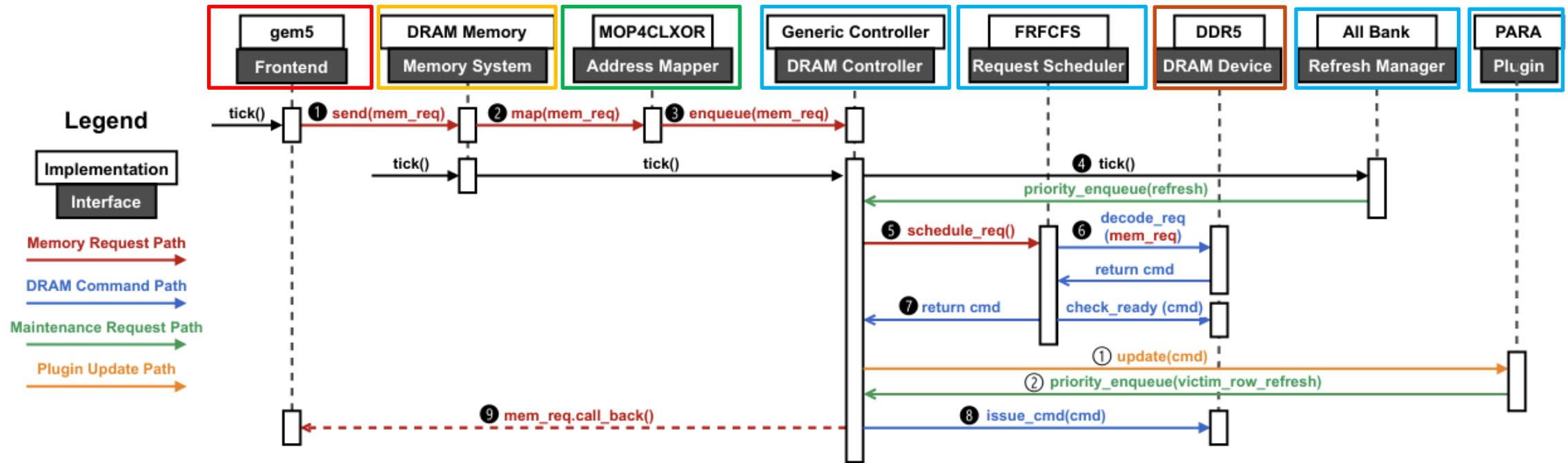
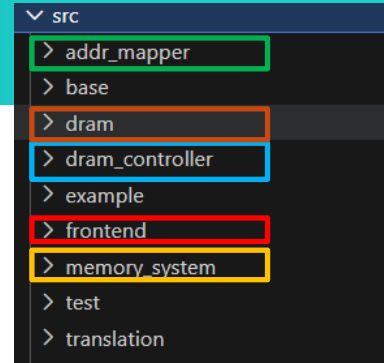


Fig. 1: High-level software architecture of Ramulator 2.0 using an example DDR5 system configuration

main function

□ main.cpp

```
13 ~ int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
14     // Parse command line arguments
15     argparse::ArgumentParser program("Ramulator", "2.0");
16     program.add_argument("-c", "--config").metavar("\ndumped YAML configuration")
17     .help("String dump of the yaml configuration.");
18     program.add_argument("-f", "--config_file").metavar("path-to-configuration-file")
19     .help("Path to a YAML configuration file.");
20     program.add_argument("-p", "--param").metavar("KEY=VALUE")
21     .append()
22     .help("Specify parameter to override in the configuration file. Repeat this option to change multiple parameters.");
```

⋮

```
88     // Connect the frontend and the memory system together,
89     // this recursively calls the "setup" function in all instantiated components
90     // so that they can get each other's parameters (if needed) after their initialization
91     frontend->connect_memory_system(memory_system);
92     memory_system->connect_frontend(frontend);
93
94     // Get the relative clock ratio between the frontend and memory system
95     int frontend_tick = frontend->get_clock_ratio();
96     int mem_tick = memory_system->get_clock_ratio();
97
98     int tick_mult = frontend_tick * mem_tick;
99
100     for (uint64_t i = 0; i < 1000000; i++) {
101         if ((i % tick_mult) % mem_tick == 0) {
102             frontend->tick();
103         }
104
105         if (frontend->is_finished()) {
106             break;
107         }
108
109         if ((i % tick_mult) % frontend_tick == 0) {
110             memory_system->tick();
111         }
112     }
113
114     // Finalize the simulation. Recursively print all statistics from all components
115     frontend->finalize();
116     memory_system->finalize();
117
118     return 0;
119 }
```

main.cpp

1. Argument 받는 부분

- Options

1. -c: commandline dump
2. -f: YAML document
3. -p: overriding parameters in a YAML document

2. Long for loop를 통한 tick() 기반 simul

1. frontend(core)가 발행한 예상 instructions들을 모두 처리시 is_finished()가 true가 됨

□ example_config.yaml

main.cpp

1. Argument 받는 부분

- Options

1. -c: cmdline dump
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2. Long for loop를 통한 tick() 기반 simul

src/base folder

□ **base**

- **abcd**

src/base folder

❑ **base**

- **abcd**

src/base folder

□ **base**

- **abcd**

src/frontend folder

□ frontend

- abcd

src/frontend folder

□ frontend

- abcd

src/frontend folder

□ frontend

- abcd

src/memory_system folder

□ **memory_system**

- **abcd**

src/memory_system folder

□ **memory_system**

- **abcd**

src/addr_mapper folder

□ **addr_mapper**

- **abcd**

src/addr_mapper folder

□ **addr_mapper**

- **abcd**

src/translation folder

□ translation

- abcd

src/translation folder

□ translation

- abcd

src/translation folder

□ translation

- abcd

src/dram folder

□ dram

- abcd

src/dram folder

□ dram

- abcd

src/dram folder

□ dram

- abcd

src/dram_controller folder

□ **dram_controller**

- **abcd**

src/dram_controller folder

□ **dram_controller**

- **abcd**

src/dram_controller folder

□ **dram_controller**

- **abcd**

src/dram_controller folder

❑ **dram_controller**

- **abcd**