Please check the examination deta	ails below	before entering yo	our candidate information
Candidate surname		Othe	r names
Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level	Centre	e Number	Candidate Number
Wednesday 2	2 /	/lay 20	19
Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minute	es)	Paper Refere	nce WMA11/01
Mathematics International Advance Pure Mathematics P1	d Suk	osidiary/Ad	dvanced Level
You must have: Mathematical Formulae and Stat	tistical	آables (Lilac), ca	Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 10 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

Turn over ▶







Answer all questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

- 1. The curve C has equation $y = \frac{1}{8}x^3 \frac{24}{\sqrt{x}} + 1$
 - (a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, giving the answer in its simplest form.

(3)

The point P(4, -3) lies on C.

(b) Find the equation of the tangent to C at the point P. Write your answer in the form y = mx + c, where m and c are constants to be found.

(3)

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Question 1 continued	
	01
	Q1
(Total 6 marks)	



2. Answer this question showing each stage of your working.



giving your answer in the form $a + b\sqrt{2}$ where a and b are rational numbers.

(2)

(b) Hence, or otherwise, solve the equation

$$4x = 2\sqrt{2}x + 20\sqrt{2}$$

giving your answer in the form $p + q\sqrt{2}$ where p and q are rational numbers.

(3)

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(Total 5 marks	<u>s)</u>



Figure 1

Figure 1 shows the plan of a garden. The marked angles are right angles.

The six edges are straight lines.

5*x*

The lengths shown in the diagram are given in metres.

Given that the perimeter of the garden is greater than 29 m,

(a) show that $x > 1.5 \,\mathrm{m}$

(3)

Given also that the area of the garden is less than 72 m²,

(b) form and solve a quadratic inequality in x.

(5)

(c) Hence state the range of possible values of x.

(1)

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Question 3 continued	



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Question 3 continued	Leave
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(Total 9 marks)	



4. Find $\int \frac{4x^2 + 1}{2\sqrt{x}} dx$	
J $2\sqrt{x}$ giving the answer in its simplest form.	(5)

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5. (a) Find, using algebra, all real solutions of

$$2x^3 + 3x^2 - 35x = 0$$

(3)

(b) Hence find all real solutions of

$$2(y-5)^6 + 3(y-5)^4 - 35(y-5)^2 = 0$$

(4)

Question 5 continued		Leave
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6.	The line with equation $y = 4x + c$, where c is a constant, meets the curve with equation $y = x(x - 3)$ at only one point.
	(a) Find the value of c .
	(4)
	(b) Hence find the coordinates of the point of intersection. (3)

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7.

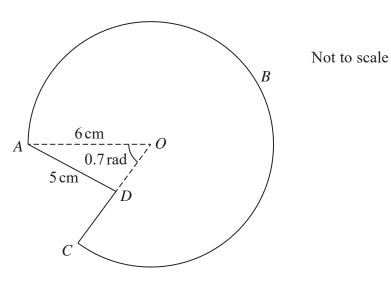


Figure 2

The shape ABCDA consists of a sector ABCOA of a circle, centre O, joined to a triangle AOD, as shown in Figure 2.

The point D lies on OC.

The radius of the circle is 6 cm, length AD is 5 cm and angle AOD is 0.7 radians.

(a) Find the area of the sector ABCOA, giving your answer to one decimal place.

(3)

Given angle ADO is obtuse,

(b) find the size of angle ADO, giving your answer to 3 decimal places.

(3)

(c) Hence find the perimeter of shape ABCDA, giving your answer to one decimal place.



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Question 7 continued	Leave blank	



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Question 7 continued	
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8. The curve C with equation y = f(x), x > 0, passes through the point P(4, 1).

Given that $f'(x) = 4\sqrt{x} - 2 - \frac{8}{3x^2}$

(a) find the equation of the normal to C at P. Write your answer in the form ax + by + c = 0, where a, b and c are integers to be found.

(4)

(b) Find f(x).

(5)



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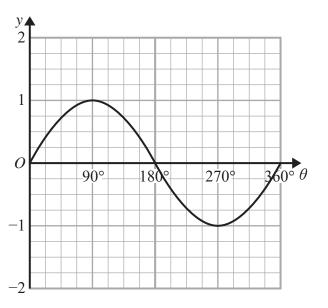


Figure 3

Figure 3 shows a plot of the curve with equation $y = \sin \theta$, $0 \le \theta \le 360^{\circ}$

(a) State the coordinates of the minimum point on the curve with equation

$$y = 4\sin\theta, \quad 0 \leqslant \theta \leqslant 360^{\circ}$$

A copy of Figure 3, called Diagram 1, is shown on the next page.

(b) On Diagram 1, sketch and label the curves

(i)
$$y = 1 + \sin \theta$$
, $0 \leqslant \theta \leqslant 360^{\circ}$

(ii)
$$y = \tan \theta$$
, $0 \leqslant \theta \leqslant 360^{\circ}$

(2)

(2)

(c) Hence find the number of solutions of the equation

(i)
$$\tan \theta = 1 + \sin \theta$$
 that lie in the region $0 \le \theta \le 2160^{\circ}$

(ii)
$$\tan \theta = 1 + \sin \theta$$
 that lie in the region $0 \le \theta \le 1980^{\circ}$

(3)

www.dynamicpapers.com Leave blank Question 9 continued 1 0 -90° 180 270° -1Diagram 1 Q9



(Total 7 marks)

10. A curve has equation y = f(x), where

$$f(x) = (x - 4)(2x + 1)^2$$

The curve touches the x-axis at the point P and crosses the x-axis at the point Q.

(a) State the coordinates of the point P.

(1)

(b) Find f'(x).

(4)

(c) Hence show that the equation of the tangent to the curve at the point where $x = \frac{x}{2}$ can be expressed in the form y = k, where k is a constant to be found.

(3)

The curve with equation y = f(x + a), where a is a constant, passes through the origin O.

(d) State the possible values of a.

(2)



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