Write your name here Surname	Other r	names
Pearson Edexcel GCE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Psycholo Advanced Unit 3: Application		
Tuesday 9 June 2015 – A		Paper Reference 6PS03/01
You do not need any other	r materials.	Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions from **two** of the four Sections: **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
- there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Questions labelled with an asterisk (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed
 - you should take particular care on these questions with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

P 4 5 4 0 8 A 0 1 3 6

Turn over ▶



Answer ALL questions from TWO of the four Sections: A, B, C and D.

If you answer the questions in Section A put a cross in the box $\ oxdots$.

SECTION A: CRIMINOLOGICAL PSYCHOLOGY

Answer ALL questions.

A1	Holly set up a laboratory experiment to test eyewitness effectiveness. She asked
	for volunteers to participate in her study and invited them to watch a video clip of
	a burglary. After watching the clip, she asked them about what they had seen, and
	scored how accurately they recalled the burglary.

SCC	ored how accurately they recalled the burglary.	
(a)	Using your knowledge of the laboratory experiment as a research method, explain one or more ethical issue(s) that Holly should have considered before conducting her study.	
	,	(3)

reliable?			(3)



Holly to use to test eyewitness	t might have been s effectiveness.		(3)
		(Total for Questi	on A1 = 9 marks)
			·

Outline the procedure of one study in Criminological Psychology, other than Loftus and Palmer (1974).	
	(3)
Outline one practical application/use in Criminological Psychology of the study you have described in (a).	(2)
	(2)
	(2)
 you have described in (a).	
 you have described in (a).	



generalisability.			(4)
	(Total for	Question A2 = 9	9 marks)

*A3	William was caught trying to shoplift from a local shop. William had a history of offending, which included vandalism and causing a public nuisance.	
	Using one theory of antisocial behaviour you have studied, explain why William may have become an offender for at least one of these offences, and evaluate this theory.	
	theory.	(12)





(Total for Question A3 = 12 marks)
TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 30 MARKS



If you answer the questions in Section B put a cross in the box $\, \square \,$.

SECTION B: CHILD PSYCHOLOGY

	Answer ALL questions.	
B1	Mario is 12 months old and taking part in the 'strange situation' procedure. Mario becomes distressed when separated from his caregiver, and is not easily soothed when they are reunited.	
	(a) State the attachment type that best defines Mario's behaviour according to the 'strange situation' procedure.	(1)
	(b) Explain what the findings of cross-cultural research using the 'strange situation' procedure tells us about the nature of attachment.	(3)



(c)	Evaluate the 'strange situation' procedure in terms of reliability and at least one ethical issue.	
		(4)
	(Total for Question B1 = 8 m	arks)



S	elect a research method appropriate to the situation.	
(a) Explain why the case study research method was the most appropriate research method to use in the case of Genie (Curtiss, 1977).		
		(4)

investigate child development.	(4)



(c)	Outline two features of a developmental disorder that might affect a child's development.	(2)
	Developmental disorder	
1		
2		
	(Total for Question B2 = 1	10 marks)

*B3	Describe and evaluate research into the effects of deprivation/separation of a child from their primary caregiver. In your evaluation, you must include how the negative effects of deprivation/separation may be reduced.		
		(12)	
••••••			





	(Total for Question B3 = 12 marks)
TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 30 MARKS	



If you answer the questions in Section C put a cross in the box $\, \square \,$.

SECTION C: HEALTH PSYCHOLOGY

	Answer ALL questions.	
C 1	Recreational drugs have an effect on the neural and/or hormonal systems of the body.	
	(a) Outline the mode of action of one recreational drug you have studied.	(3)



	Prolonged use of recreational substances can lead to substance misuse and dependency. Dependency is often treated with biological interventions.		
Evaluate one biological treatment as it is used to treat drug d at least one strength and one weakness in your answer.	ependency. Include (4)		
Biological treatment			



You will have studied one other way of treating substance misuse, which is different to the one you have used in (b).	
Explain why this different treatment may be more appropriate to treat substance misuse than the one you have used in (b).	(2)
Treatment	
(Total for Question C1 = 9 ma	arks)
	different to the one you have used in (b). Explain why this different treatment may be more appropriate to treat substance misuse than the one you have used in (b). Treatment

a) Explain one or more ethical issues that Natalia would have to consider when conducting her research.	
	(3)

Evaluate the Learning Approach as it is used to evaluing	ubstance misuse
Evaluate the Learning Approach as it is used to explain s	ubstance misuse. (6)



(Total for Question C2 = 9 marks)



*C3	Describe one study you have learned about that has investigated drugs using human participants. Evaluate the use of human participants to research the effects of drugs in terms of methodological issues.	
	Do not use ethical issues in your evaluation.	
		(12)





(Total for Question C3 = 12 marks)
TOTAL FOR SECTION C = 30 MARKS

P 4 5 4 0 8 A 0 2 6 3 6

If you answer the questions in Section D put a cross in the box $\, \square \,$.

SECTION D: SPORT PSYCHOLOGY

	Answer ALL questions.	
	Brian is a competitive showjumper. Over the past year, Brian has improved his riding position on a horse and his course time, and he is now able to jump higher fences without fault.	
	(a) Explain how one psychological technique to improve sporting performance could be used to improve Brian's showjumping.	
		(3)
•••••		
•••••		
•••••		



have explained in (a).	(4)	
	. ,	

(c)	You will have studied one other psychological technique used to improve	
(C)	sporting performance that is different to the one you have used in (b).	
	sporting performance that is different to the one you have ased in (b).	
	Explain why this different psychological technique may be better for Brian to use.	
		(2)
	To all miles a	
	Technique	
	(Total for Overtion D1 - Owner	dea)
	(Total for Question D1 = 9 mai	rks)



D2 (a)	Carmela wants to investigate whether personality traits are associated with sporting performance. She has decided to use a questionnaire to gather her data.	
	Describe how Carmela might use a questionnaire to gather data on both personality and sporting performance.	
		(4)

Г	Explain how Carmela could use a correlation to analyse her findings	
	Explain how Carmela could use a correlation to analyse her findings.	(3)
		(-)
-) (Outling and weakness of the correlation method that Carmela should have	
	Outline one weakness of the correlation method that Carmela should have considered in her research.	
		(2)
	(Total for Question D2 = 9	marks)

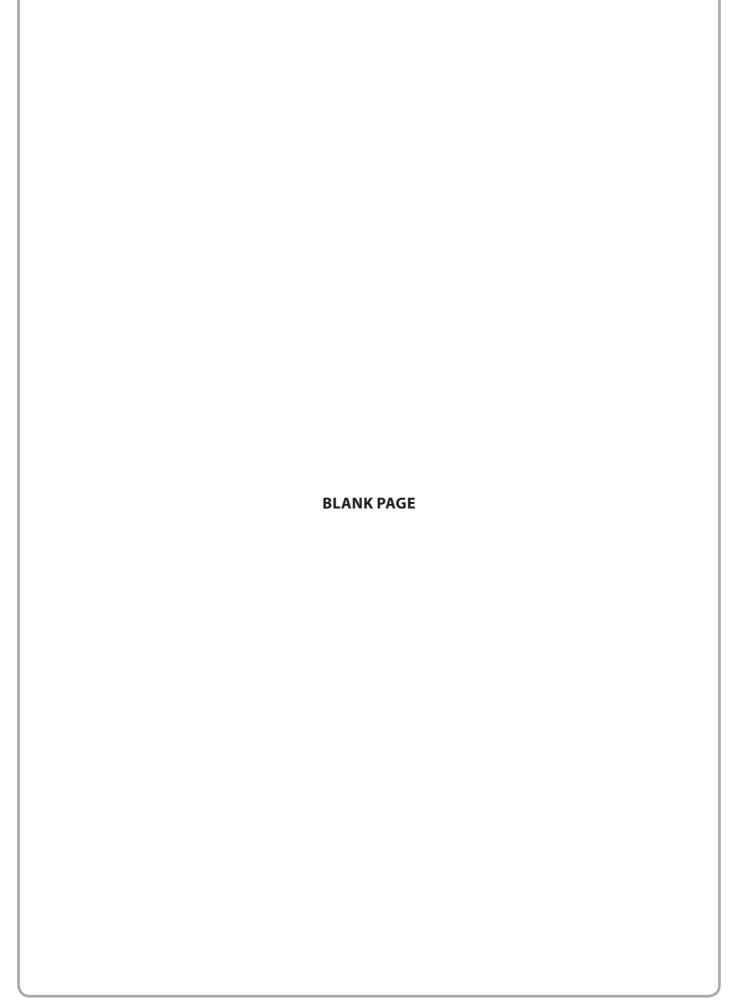


*D3	Describe and evaluate the Inverted U Hypothesis as an explanation used in Sport Psychology. In your evaluation you must compare the Inverted U Hypothesis with a different explanation of the effects of arousal, anxiety and/or the audience in Sport Psychology.	
		(12)



(Total for Question D3 = 12 marks)
TOTAL FOR SECTION D = 30 MARKS TOTAL FOR PAPER = 60 MARKS







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