## Mark Scheme (SAM)

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level in Biology

Unit 5: Energy, Exercise and Coordination

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## **General marking guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed-out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Mark schemes will indicate within the table where, and which strands of Quality of Written Communication, are being assessed. The strands are as follows:
  - i. ensure that text is legible and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate so that meaning is clear
  - ii. select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
  - iii. organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.

## **Using the Mark Scheme**

Examiners should NOT give credit for incorrect or inadequate answers, but allow candidates to be rewarded for answers showing correct application of principles and knowledge. Examiners should therefore read carefully and consider every response: even if it is not what is expected, it may still be creditworthy.

The mark scheme gives examiners:

- an idea of the types of response expected
- how individual marks are to be awarded
- the total mark for each question
- examples of responses that should NOT receive credit.

| /         | Means that the responses are alternatives and either answer should receive full credit.   |
|-----------|---|
| ()        | Means that a phrase/word is not essential for the award of the mark, but helps the examiner to get the sense of the expected answer.  |
| Bold      | Phrases/words in <b>bold</b> indicate that the meaning of the phrase or the actual word is <b>essential</b> to the answer.  |
| ecf/TE/cq | (error carried forward)(transfer error)(consequential) means that a wrong answer given in an earlier part of a question is used correctly in answer to a later part of the same question. |

Candidates must make their meaning clear to the examiner to gain the mark. Do not give credit for correct words/phrases which are put together in a meaningless manner. Answers must be in the correct context.

## **Quality of Written Communication**

Questions that involve the writing of continuous prose require candidates to:

- write legibly, with accurate use of spelling, grammar and punctuation in order to make the meaning clear
- select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
- organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.

Full marks will be awarded if the candidate has demonstrated the above abilities. Questions where Quality of Written Communication is likely to be particularly important are indicated (Quality of Written Communication) in the mark scheme, but this does not preclude others.

| Question<br>Number | Answer | Mark |
|--------------------|--------|------|
| 1(a)(i)            | В      | (1)  |
|                    |        |      |

| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional guidance                            | Mark |
|--------------------|---|--|------|
| 1(b)               | <ol> <li>I. Ideas of (muscles) work antagonistically</li> <li>Circular muscle relaxes</li> <li>Radial muscle contracts</li> </ol> | ACCEPT stretched.<br>IGNORE for mp3 constrict. | (2)  |

Total for Question 1 = 7 Marks

Question Number 1(a)(v)

Answer

| Question<br>Number | Answer   | Additional guidance   | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| 2(a)               | <ol> <li>CT therefore can only identify {larger/main} structures/MRI can identify smaller structures/eq</li> </ol> |   |      |
|                    | 2. Reference to tissue identified/eq   | ACCEPT both identify soft tissue, MRI better for soft tissue, CT for bone/tissues of different density, both for tumours. ACCEPT aligning hydrogen atoms for MRI. |      |
|                    | <ol> <li>MRI uses {radio waves/magnetic field}, CT uses X-rays/eq</li> </ol>                                       |   |      |
|                    | 4. Idea of both give {2D/3D} images  | ACCEPT easier to get 3D from MRI.   | (3)  |
|                    | 5. Limitation of MRI or CT   | ACCEPT MRI – noisy, need to keep still, not so good for people with metal implants, pacemakers.   |      |
|                    | 6. Idea of images for both are at one point in time  |   |      |
|                    | 7. Reference to comparative cost of use  | ACCEPT MRI more expensive than CT.  |      |

| Question Answer Number | Answer   | Additional guidance  | Mark |
|------------------------|--|--|------|
| 2(b)                   | 1. View brain activity directly/eq                     | ACCEPT MRI identifies active areas by greater blood                                    |      |
|                        |  | flow, greater oxygen uptake, presence of more  |      |
|                        | 2. Idea of seeing brain activity over a period of time | oxynaemoglobin in these areas.<br>ACCEPT see in real time, quotes figures such as fMRI | (    |
|                        |  | takes up to 4 frames a second or moving image, CT is                                   | (7)  |
|                        |  | still image.   |      |
|                        | 3. Safer as does not use X rays                        |  |      |
|                        |  |  |      |
|                        | 4. No need to use special dyes                         |  |      |

| Question Answer Number | Answer  | Additional guidance   | Mark |
|------------------------|---|---|------|
| 2(c)(i)                | 1. Idea that tumour tissue differs from brain tissue  | ACCEPT1 reference to relative densities, tumour growing/dividing/mutated cells. |      |
|                        | <ol> <li>Detail of effect on scan, e.g. {energy source/magnetic field/radio waves/eq}</li> <li>{absorbed/blocked/eq}</li> </ol> |   | (2)  |
|                        | 3. Reference to difference in blood supply  | ACCEPT reference to oxygen presence.  |      |

| Question Answer Number | Answer  | Additional guidance                                    | Mark |
|------------------------|---|--|------|
| 2(c)(ii)               | 1. Idea that (treatment) has been partially successful                                  |  |      |
|                        | 2. Tumour reduced/eq  |  | (2)  |
|                        | 3. Reduction qualified, e.g. in contact with less brain tissue or size reduction quoted | ACCEPT affecting less brain tissue.<br>Halved in size. |      |

| Question Answer Number | Answer  | Additional guidance  | Mark |
|------------------------|---|--|------|
| 2(c)(iii)              | <ol> <li>and 2. Two appropriate functions given, e.g. think, learn, show emotions, memory, personality, reasoning, eq</li> <li>associations (combining information from rest of cortex), ability to carry out different movements IGNORE control/coordinates movement.</li> </ol> | ACCEPT decision making, problem solving, planning, intelligence, controls voluntary behaviour, forming associations (combining information from rest of cortex), ability to carry out different movements IGNORE control/coordinates movement. | (3)  |
|                        | <ol><li>Because tumour is situated in the frontal lobe/cerebral hemispheres/cerebrum</li></ol>  | ACCEPT frontal cortex.   |      |

Total for Question 2 = 12 Marks

| Question<br>Number | Answer   | Additional guidance  | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--|------|
| 3(a)               | <ol> <li>Idea an enzyme converts a named substrate<br/>into named product, e.g. enzyme 1 converts P</li> </ol> | ACCEPT answers in context of respiration.  |      |
|                    | to Q   | ACCEPT reference to an enzyme converting one named intermediate to the next, e.g. {named enzyme/enzyme} used to convert hexose to phosphorylated hexose or enzyme converts 6C compound to 5C compound (in Krebs cycle) |      |
|                    | <ol><li>Idea that this product becomes the substrate of<br/>next step</li></ol>                                | ACCEPT respiration example given, e.g. pyruvate from glycolysis is substrate/intermediate for lactate formation. ACCEPT this product can be used by the next enzyme.   | (4)  |
|                    | 3. Idea of specificity   | ACCEPT description of specificity, e.g. active site of enzyme 1 only accepts substance P or in context of named respiratory intermediate   |      |
|                    | 4. {Controls/eq} the conversion/eq   | ACCEPT regulates, one enzyme may limit the rate of   |      |
|                    | 5. Speeds up the conversion/eq   | process.<br>ACCEPT catalvsis/enzvme acts as a catalvst   |      |
|                    | 6. By reducing activation energy/eq  |  |      |
|                    | 7. Credit reference to control of whole process  | ACCEPT end product inhibition or description.  |      |

| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional guidance  | Mark |
|--------------------|---|--|------|
| 3(b)(i)            | 1. $W = \{NAD/NAD^{+}/NAD_{ox}/eq\}$  |  |      |
|                    | Any two of the following:   |  |      |
|                    | <ol><li>2. (Due to) reduced NAD {releasing/eq}<br/>{electrons/eq}</li></ol> | ACCEPT being oxidized.<br>Releasing hydrogen (atoms), H <sup>+</sup> /protons <sup>-</sup> | (3)  |
|                    | 3. Idea of electrons go to {carrier A/ETC/eq}                               | ACCEPT $1^{\rm st}$ electron carrier/correctly named carrier, e.g. FAD, flavoprotein, ETC. |      |
|                    | 4. Idea of H <sup>+</sup> moved into inter-membranal space                  | ACCEPT released to matrix, pumped through the inner membrane.                              |      |

| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional guidance   | Mark |
|--------------------|---|---|------|
| 3(b)(ii)           | 1. Substance <b>X</b> is ATP                                    |   |      |
|                    | Any two of the following:                                       |   |      |
|                    | 2. Due to H <sup>+</sup> pass through {stalked particle/ATPase} | ACCEPT ATP synthase.  |      |
|                    | 3. (H <sup>+</sup> passes) down an electrochemical gradient     | ACCEPT 3 description of electrochemical                     | (3)  |
|                    | 4. (Sufficient) energy is {released/eq}                         | gradient/rererence to electronnotive force  NOT 4 produced. |      |
|                    | 5. To join ADP and {Pi/eq}                                      | ACCEPT phosphorylation of ADP but not reference to          |      |
|                    | 6. Reference to chemiosmosis                                    | pnospnorus (P).   |      |

|   | Moven   | Movement of coloured liquid | oured       |
|---|---------|-----------------------------|-------------|
|   | towards | towards towards             | does        |
|   | ⋖       | ω                           | not<br>move |
| Screw clip is open  |         |                             | X           |
| Screw clip is closed  | ×       |                             |             |
| Potassium hydroxide is replaced with water and screw clip is closed |         |                             | ×           |
|   |         |                             |             |

Total for Question 3 = 13 Marks

| Question Answer Number | Answer   |  | Mark |
|------------------------|--|--|------|
| 4(a)(i)                | 1. (protein in thin filament) - actin/G actin  |  | (2)  |
|                        | 2. (protein in thick filament) - myosin  |  |      |
|                        |  |  |      |
| Question<br>Number     | Answer   | Additional guidance                    | Mark |
| 4(a)(ii)               | 1. {Ca <sup>2+/</sup> calcium ions} bind to troponin   |  |      |
|                        | 2. Troponin {changes shape/moves/eq}   |  | (5)  |
|                        | 3. This displaces tropomyosin (away from myosin)/eq   ACCEPT pulls/shifts/moves tropomyosin. | ACCEPT pulls/shifts/moves tropomyosin. |      |

| Question<br>Number | Answer   | Additional guidance                                  | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--|------|
| 4(b)               | 1. The higher troponin T, the longer the stay/eq                             | ACCEPT 1 converse.                                   |      |
|                    | 2. Reliability of prediction decreases as troponin T concentration increases | ACCEPT 2 converse, less reliable at high troponin T. |      |
|                    | 3. Because {range/eq} increases  | ACCEPT 3 range of the length of stay, range of data. |      |
|                    | 4. Least reliable for 6.0+ as range is largest                               | ACCEPT 4 converse for 1.0-3.9/4.0-5.9.               |      |
|                    | 5. One range stated, e.g. for 6.0+ it is 7 to 11 days                        |  | (3)  |
|                    | 6. Reference to range overlapping between 4.0-5.9 and 6.0+                   |  |      |
|                    | 7. Idea that 6.0+ is too wide a category for concentration of troponin T     |  |      |
|                    | 8. Idea that the higher the troponin T, the greater the damage to the heart  |  |      |

Total for Question 4 = 8 Marks

| Question<br>Number | Answer   | Additional guidance   | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| 5(a)               | <b>A</b> - cell body <b>B</b> - axon   | Accept axoplasm.  | (2)  |
| Question<br>Number | Answer   | Additional guidance   | Mark |
| 5(b)(i)            | 1. Increasing Eugenol concentration increases percentage inhibition /positive correlation  |   |      |
|                    | 2. Description of non-linear correlation   | IGNORE any references to rate. ACCEPT for example greatest increase in inhibition is between eugenol concentration of 0.2 and 0.4 mmol dm <sup>-3</sup> , least increase in inbitition/inhibition plateaus above 0.8 eugenol concentration. | (2)  |
|                    | 3. Credit correct manipulation of the data, e.g. between 0.1 and 1.0 mmol $\mathrm{dm}^3$ percentage inhibition to increase by 55% |   |      |

| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional guidance  | Mark |
|--------------------|---|--|------|
| 5(a)               | <b>A</b> - cell body <b>B</b> - axon  | Accept axoplasm.   | (2)  |
| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional guidance  | Mark |
| 5(b)(i)            | <ol> <li>Increasing Eugenol concentration increases percentage inhibition /positive correlation</li> <li>Description of non-linear correlation</li> </ol> | IGNORE any references to rate. ACCEPT for example greatest increase in inhibition is                 | 5    |
|                    |   | dm <sup>-3</sup> , least increase in inbitition/inhibition plateaus above 0.8 eugenol concentration. | 3    |
|                    | 3. Credit correct manipulation of the data, e.g. between $0.1$ and $1.0$ mmol $\mathrm{dm}^3$ percentage inhibition to increase by $55\%$                 |  |      |

| Question<br>Number         | Answer   | Additional guidance   | Mark |
|----------------------------|--|---|------|
| *5(b)(ii)<br>Quality<br>of | (Quality of Written Communication – Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence.) |   |      |
| Communi                    | 1. {reduced/eq} Ca <sup>2+</sup> enters { <i>presynaptic membrane</i> /into <i>sensory neurone</i> }                                     | ACCEPT into <i>synaptic</i> knob/pre-synaptic neurone Allow reference to no calcium ions also calcium . |      |
|                            | 2. Due to $Ca^{2+}$ channel not opening/decreased sensitivity of <i>membrane</i> to $Ca^{2+}$  |   |      |
|                            | 3. Fewer <i>vesicles</i> {move towards/fuse} with <i>presynaptic membrane</i>  | ACCEPT (and for 4 and 5) none as alternative to less.   |      |
|                            | 4. Less <i>neurotransmitter</i> {released into/less diffuses across} { <i>synaptic</i> gap/eq}   | ACCEPT named neurotransmitter example.<br>ACCEPT no diffusion of neurotransmitter.                      | (9)  |
|                            | 5. Less <i>neurotransmitter</i> binds to receptors on { <i>post- synaptic membrane</i> /adjacent neurone}                                | ACCEPT so less neurotransmitter to allow receptors on post-synaptic membrane to be                      |      |
|                            | 6. Idea of reduced depolarisation/less Na <sup>+</sup> or cation channels open   | stimulated.   |      |
|                            | 7. Idea of {threshold intensity/action potential/impulse} less likely to occur   | ACCEPT not reached as alternative to less likely to be reached.   |      |
|                            | 8. Idea of pain not being sensed as impulse {stopped before entering CNS/leaving the <i>sensory neurone</i> }                            |   |      |

Total for Question 5 = 10 Marks

| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional guidance                              | Mark           |
|--------------------|---|--|----------------|
| 6(a) (i)           | (Cut shoot) without IAA present/without agar blocks | ACCEPT agar block with no IAA, empty agar block, |                |
|                    |   | agar block with water.                           | <del>(</del> 1 |
|                    |   | ACCEPT auxin(s) as alternative to IAA.           |                |

| Question<br>Number | Answer   | Additional guidance  | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--|------|
| 6(a) (ii)          | 1. (Both sides of) shoot taller/eq   | ACCEPT auxin as alternative to IAA throughout.<br>ACCEPT grow {taller/faster /higher/up/ towards the |      |
|                    | 2. Than the control/eq   | lignt.j.   |      |
|                    | <ol> <li>Both IAA's diffuse {down/out of agar/to zone of elongation}/eq</li> </ol> | ACCEPT away from the light/agar block.   | (6)  |
|                    | 4. Reference to cell elongation/eq   |  | (e)  |
|                    | 5. Details of cell elongation/eq   |  |      |
|                    | 6. Shoot bends to the right/eq   | ACCEPT bends away from side with artificial IAA.   |      |
|                    | 7. (Due to) more growth on {left side of shoot/side with artificial IAA}/eq        |  |      |

| Question<br>Number | Answer   | Additional guidance   | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| (q)9               | 1. Idea that IAA enters the cell   | ACCEPT auxin as alternative to IAA throughout.                        |      |
|                    | 2. Reference to movement within cell/IAA in cytoplasm to nucleus   |   |      |
|                    | 3. Effect when binds to transcription factor, e.g. forms a transcription initiation complex or countering an inhibitor | ACCEPT joins to promoter region or activates<br>transcription factor. | (4)  |
|                    | 4. Reference to switching on gene  |   |      |
|                    | 5. Activity at promoter region/eq  | ACCEPT reference to RNA polymerase activity.                          |      |
|                    | 6. Allows formation of (m)RNA/eq   | ACCEPT RNA/preRNA for Mrna.   |      |
|                    | 7. Idea of translation produces protein  | IGNORE LEIGHT TO TRIVE.   |      |

Total for Question 6 = 10 Marks

| Question<br>Number | Answer   | Additional guidance   | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| 7(a)               | 1. Alpha glucose in starch and beta glucose in cellulose   | ACCEPT symbols for alpha and beta.  |      |
|                    |  | ACCEPT starch can be spiralled.   |      |
|                    | <ol><li>Only {starch/amylopectin} can be<br/>branched/cellulose only a linear molecule</li></ol>   |   |      |
|                    |  | ACCEPT 3 the two named molecules of starch –                                |      |
|                    | 3. Starch contains two types of molecule, cellulose only one                                       | amylose and amylopectin.  | (2)  |
|                    |  |   |      |
|                    | 4. Alternate monomers rotated through $180^{\circ}$ in cellulose only                              |   |      |
|                    |  |   |      |
|                    | 5. Only {amylopectin/starch} can have 1-6 glycosidic bonds/cellulose has 1-4 glycosidic bonds only | ACCEPT starch can have 1-6 and 1-4 glycosidic bonds but cellulose only 1-4. |      |
|                    |  | ACCEPT starch has alpha 1-4 glycosidic bonds and                            |      |
|                    |  | cellulose beta 1-4.   |      |

| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional guidance                                   | Mark |
|--------------------|---|---|------|
| 7(b)(i)            | 1. Thermoreceptors in hypothalamus/eq                 | ACCEPT receptors in hypothalamus.                     |      |
|                    | 2. Detect the increase in (core) blood temperature/eq |   |      |
|                    | 3. Reference to heat loss centre activated            |   |      |
|                    | 4. Reference to autonomic nervous system              | ACCEPT sympathetic.                                   | (4)  |
|                    | 5. Reference to impulses down motor neurones          | ACCEPT effector neurone for motor neurone.            |      |
|                    | 6. To {effectors/named effector}/eq                   |   |      |
|                    | 7. Detail of method of heat loss/eq                   | ACCEPT vasodilation of blood vessels, sweat released, |      |
|                    |   | IGNORE – reference to hair erector muscles.           |      |

| Question Answer Number | Answer  | Additional guidance                         | Mark |
|------------------------|---|---|------|
| 7(b) (ii)              | <b>7(b) (ii)</b> 1. (Shivering) is muscle contraction | IGNORE movement.                            |      |
|                        | 2. Which uses {respiration/ATP/eq}                    | ACCEPT oxidative phosphorylation, ATP being | (2)  |
|                        | 3. Which release heat (to warm body)/eq               | נסוואפונפת נס אסר מוומ דו.                  |      |

| Question Answer<br>Number | Answer   | Additional guidance   | Mark |
|---------------------------|--|---|------|
| (c)                       | 1. (Cancer causing) gene identified/eq   | ACCEPT screen for the gene.   |      |
|                           | 2. Gene {cut/isolated/eq} from DNA/eq  |   |      |
|                           | 3. Using a {restriction/eq} enzyme/eq  |   | (3)  |
|                           | 4. Gene in {vector/named vector}   | ACCEPT named examples – retrovirus, virus,  |      |
|                           | 5. Mechanism for getting {gene/vector} into host cells (of naked mole rats)/eq | ACCEPT reference to (micro)injection, microprojectiles, electroporation, gene gun, inhaler. |      |

| Question<br>Number     | Answer   | Additional guidance  | Mark |
|------------------------|--|--|------|
| *7(d)<br>Quality<br>of | (Quality of Written Communication – Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence.) | Quality of Written Communication to emphasis<br>logical sequence.      |      |
| Communi                | 1. Idea that this air has higher ${\sf CO}_2$ content  |  |      |
|                        | 2. $\{CO_2 \text{ level in blood increases/pH of blood falls/eq}\}$  | ACCEPT high, higher.   |      |
|                        | <ol> <li>Change detected by chemoreceptors in {carotid body/carotid artery/aortic body/aorta/medulla}</li> </ol>                         |  | (5)  |
|                        | 4. Reference to {ventilation centre/eq} (in medulla)   | ACCEPT respiratory centre, inspiratory centre for ventilation centre.  |      |
|                        | 5. Sends more impulses along neurones/eq   | ACCEPT impulses sent more often.<br>ACCEPT reference to phrenic nerve. |      |
|                        | 6. To intercostal muscles/diaphragm/eq   | IGNORE reference to faster.  |      |
|                        | 7. Causing an increased {ventilation rate/rate of breathing/depth of breathing}/eq   |  |      |

| Question Answer Number | Answer   | Additional guidance                 | Mark |
|------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|------|
| <b>7(e)</b>            | <ol> <li>Naked mole rat's {incisors/eq} grow through<br/>{skin/lip} without {damage/eq}</li> </ol> |                                     |      |
|                        | <ol><li>Lead to new {coatings/permanent seal /eq} at {skin/bone/metal} interface</li></ol>         |                                     | (5)  |
|                        | <ol> <li>So soft tissue is {not damaged/eq}(by the prosthetic)/eq}</li> </ol>                      | ACCEPT chance of infection reduced. |      |

| Question Answer Number | Answer   | Additional guidance  | Mark |
|------------------------|--|--|------|
| 7(f)                   | Gonadotrophin-releasing (hormone) and anterior pituitary/gonadotrophins and {ovaries/testes} | ACCEPT testosterone and testes. ACCEPT gonads for testes or ovaries. | (1)  |
|                        |  |  |      |
| Question<br>Number     | Answer   | Additional guidance  | Mark |
| 7(9)                   |  | Context is structural.   |      |
|                        | 1. Idea of irregularity of flagellum   | ACCEPT no or more than one flagellum.<br>ACCEPT tail for flagellum.  | (2)  |
|                        | 2. Idea of irregularity associated with mid-region   | ACCEPT mitochondria non-functional, less effective,                  |      |

| Question<br>Number | Answer   | Additional guidance  | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--|------|
| 7(h)               | 1. Idea of high levels of inbreeding   | ACCEPT accept idea in context of only one queen/female breeds.                               |      |
|                    | 2. Low level of genetic diversity/eq   | ACCEPT restricted gene pool, low genetic variation Ignore reference to biodiversity for Mp2. |      |
|                    | 3. Idea that there is some variation because more than one male is involved in |  | (3)  |
|                    | 4. Unfamiliar males used as mates (by queen)/eq                                |  |      |
|                    | 5. Fusion of colonies/eq   |  |      |
|                    | <ol> <li>Arrival of a dispersal phenotype (from a different colony)</li> </ol> |  |      |
|                    | 7. Mutations/eq  |  |      |

| Question<br>Number | Answer   | Additional guidance  | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--|------|
| 7(i)               | 1. Reduces inbreeding (depression)/eq          | ACCEPT less genetic drift.   |      |
|                    | 2. Increases outbreeding/outbreeding qualified | ACCEPT disperser/new comer more likely to breed.                                 |      |
|                    | 3. (Leading to) increase in genetic diversity  | ACCEPT increased genetic variation, increase in                                  | S    |
|                    | 4. Idea of colony size regulation              | עמופרץ טו מופופט פרכ.  | (4)  |
|                    | 5. Idea of increase in fecundity               |  |      |
|                    | 6. Idea of increased chance of survival        | ACCEPT appropriate reference to natural selection, due to environmental changes. |      |

| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional guidance  | Mark |
|--------------------|---|--|------|
| 7(j)               | Paired responses:   |  |      |
|                    | <ol> <li>Reduced sensitivity to chemical pain/disconnection<br/>of 'pain nerves'</li> </ol> | ACCEPT lack or receptor for chemical pain.   |      |
|                    | 2. High CO <sub>2</sub> in air (of tunnels)   |  |      |
|                    | <ol> <li>Haemoglobin has higher affinity for oxygen/brain<br/>can tolerate eq</li> </ol>    | ACCEPT reference to brain's hypoxia response, neurones or brain resistance to hypoxia. |      |
|                    | 4. Low $O_2$ levels (in tunnels)/eq   |  |      |
|                    | 5. Increased number of oxytocin receptors in brain  |  |      |
|                    | 6. Overcrowding/eq  |  |      |
|                    | 7. Non-pigmented  | ACCEPT hairless, naked.  |      |
|                    | 8. Lack of UV light   |  |      |
|                    | <ol> <li>Outbreeding mechanisms such as dispersal phenotype</li> </ol>                      | ACCEPT size of colony.   |      |
|                    | 10.Low genetic diversity  |  |      |
|                    | 11.Hairless/naked/reduction of sweat gland/loose skin/no insulating layer/poikilothermic    | ACCEPT ectothermic for poikilothermic, or a description.                               |      |
|                    | 12.Due to nature of its temperature environment/eq  |  |      |

| Question<br>Number | Question Answer<br>Number   | Additional guidance             | Mark |
|--------------------|---|---------------------------------|------|
| 7(j)<br>continued  | 13.teeth arrangement/eq:  | ACCEPT forward of lips or long. |      |
|                    | <ul><li>a) for digging underground</li><li>b) keen sense of smell/reduce eyesight/reference</li><li>to circadian rhythms dark conditions.</li></ul> |                                 | 4    |

Total for Question 7 = 30 Marks

Total for Paper = 90 Marks