Please check the examination det	ails below	before ente	ering your candidate information
Candidate surname			Other names
Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level	Centre	e Number	Candidate Number
Thursday 7 Ja	anu	ary	2021
Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minute	es)	Paper R	eference WMA14/01
Mathematics			
International Advance Pure Mathematics P4	ed Suk	osidiar	y/Advanced Level
You must have: Mathematical Formulae and Sta	tistical	Tables (Lil	ac), calculator

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

## **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
   there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

## Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 10 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

## **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

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1. (a) Find the first 4 terms, in ascending powers of x, of the binomial expansion of

$$\left(\frac{1}{4} - 5x\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \qquad |x| < \frac{1}{20}$$

giving each coefficient in its simplest form.

**(5)** 

By substituting  $x = \frac{1}{100}$  into the answer for (a),

(b) find an approximation for  $\sqrt{5}$ 

Give your answer in the form  $\frac{a}{b}$  where a and b are integers to be found.

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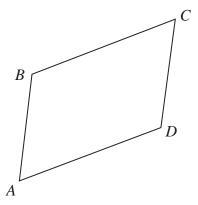


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of parallelogram ABCD.

Given that  $\overrightarrow{AB} = 6\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$  and  $\overrightarrow{BC} = 2\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j} + 8\mathbf{k}$ 

(a) find the size of angle ABC, giving your answer in degrees, to 2 decimal places.

**(3)** 

**(2)** 

(b) Find the area of parallelogram ABCD, giving your answer to one decimal place.

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3. Prove by contradiction that there is no greatest odd integer.	(2)

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**4.** The curve C is defined by the parametric equations

$$x = \frac{1}{t} + 2$$
  $y = \frac{1 - 2t}{3 + t}$   $t > 0$ 

(a) Show that the equation of C can be written in the form y = g(x) where g is the function

$$g(x) = \frac{ax+b}{cx+d} \qquad x > k$$

where a, b, c, d and k are integers to be found.

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(b) Hence, or otherwise, state the range of g.

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**(8)** 

5. In this question you should show all stages of your working. Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

Using the substitution  $u = 3 + \sqrt{2x - 1}$  find the exact value of

$$\int_{1}^{13} \frac{4}{3 + \sqrt{2x - 1}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

giving your answer in the form  $p + q \ln 2$ , where p and q are integers to be found.


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A curve has equation

$$4y^2 + 3x = 6ye^{-2x}$$

(a) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  in terms of x and y.

**(5)** 

The curve crosses the y-axis at the origin and at the point P.

(b) Find the equation of the normal to the curve at P, writing your answer in the form

**4**)

y = mx + c where $m$ and $c$ are constant	mx + c where m and c are constants to be found.		
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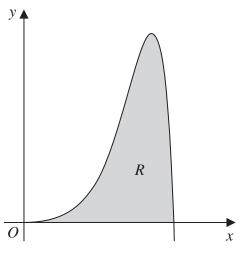


Figure 2

(a) Find 
$$\int e^{2x} \sin x \, dx$$

**(5)** 

Figure 2 shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation

$$y = e^{2x} \sin x \qquad x \geqslant 0$$

The finite region *R* is bounded by the curve and the *x*-axis and is shown shaded in Figure 2.

(b) Show that the exact area of *R* is  $\frac{e^{2\pi} + 1}{5}$ 

 $(Solutions\ relying\ on\ calculator\ technology\ are\ not\ acceptable.)$ 

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**(6)** 

**8.** With respect to a fixed origin O, the lines  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  are given by the equations

$$l_1: \quad \mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} -1\\5\\4 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 2\\-1\\5 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad l_2: \quad \mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\-2\\-5 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} 4\\-3\\b \end{pmatrix}$$

where  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  are scalar parameters and b is a constant.

Prove that for all values of  $b \neq 7$ , the lines  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  are skew.




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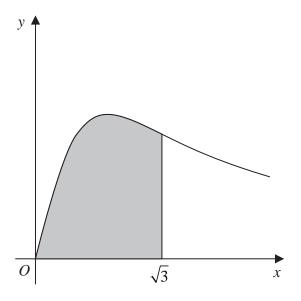


Figure 3

Figure 3 shows a sketch of part of the curve with parametric equations

$$x = \tan \qquad y = 2\sin 2 \qquad \geqslant 0$$

The finite region, shown shaded in Figure 3, is bounded by the curve, the *x*-axis and the line with equation  $x = \sqrt{3}$ 

The region is rotated through  $2\pi$  radians about the x-axis to form a solid of revolution.

(a) Show that the exact volume of this solid of revolution is given by

$$\int_0^k p(1-\cos 2) d$$

where p and k are constants to be found.

(b) Hence find, by algebraic integration, the exact volume of this solid of revolution. (3)

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**10.** (a) Write  $\frac{1}{(H-5)(H+3)}$  in partial fraction form.

**(3)** 

The depth of water in a storage tank is being monitored.

The depth of water in the tank, H metres, is modelled by the differential equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}H}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\frac{(H-5)(H+3)}{40}$$

where t is the time, in days, from when monitoring began.

Given that the initial depth of water in the tank was 13 m,

(b) solve the differential equation to show that

$$H = \frac{10 + 3e^{-0.2t}}{2 - e^{-0.2t}} \tag{7}$$

(c) Hence find the time taken for the depth of water in the tank to fall to 8 m.

(Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.)

**(3)** 

According to the model, the depth of water in the tank will eventually fall to k metres.

(d) State the value of the constant k.

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