Write your name here			
Surname		Other names	
Edexcel GCE	Centre Number		Candidate Number
Psycholo Advanced Subsidia Unit 1: Social and	ary	ycholo	ogy
Wednesday 25 May 2011 Time: 1 hour 20 minutes			Paper Reference 6PS01/01
You do not need any other r	materials.		Total Marks

# **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.

# Information

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Questions labelled with an asterisk (\*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed
  - you should take particular care with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression, on these questions.

#### **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.





#### **SECTION A**

Answer ALL questions. You are advised to spend approximately 15 minutes on Section A.

In Section A put a cross in each correct box  $\boxtimes$  to indicate your answer. If you change your mind, put a line through the box  $\boxtimes$  and then put a cross in another box  $\boxtimes$ .

Questions 1-4 relate to the investigation below.

Mr Swain decides to investigate whether giving feedback via e-mail to his students about their work will improve their performance on future tests. He selects two of his classes and decides to give class **A** feedback and class **B** no feedback.

### For questions 1 and 2 choose ONE answer from A, B, C or D.

1	Which type o	of design is	being used	l in this stu	dy?
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- A Repeated measures
- B Independent groups
- C Matched pairs
- D Correlation

(Total for Question 1 = 1 mark)

2 The students in class **B** are told that neither class will get feedback.

Which ethical guideline is being broken here?

- A Right to withdraw
- **B** Consent
- C Deception
- D Confidentiality

(Total for Question 2 = 1 mark)

#### For question 3 choose ONE answer from A, B or C.

**3** Mr Swain devises the following hypothesis for his study: 'Students who receive feedback about their work will do better on future tests than those who receive no feedback'.

Which of the following types of hypothesis is this an example of?

- A Directional (one-tailed)
- **B** Non directional (two-tailed)
- C Null

(Total for Question 3 = 1 mark)

Fo	For questions 4–11 choose ONE answer from A, B, C or D.					
4	Class <b>B</b> , which receives no feedback, is also known as the					
	×	A	experimental group			
	×	В	control group			
	X	C	independent group			
	X	D	laboratory group			
			(Total for Question 4 = 1 mark)			
5	Qualita	ativ	<b>re</b> data is normally gathered in the form of			
	×	A	percentages			
	×	В	numbers			
	X	C	words			
	×	D	graphs			
			(Total for Question 5 = 1 mark)			
6	Which o	of t	he following may be seen as an advantage of the matched pairs design?			
	X	A	Full control of variables.			
	×	В	No order effects.			
	×	C	High in ecological validity.			
	$\times$	D	Needs fewer participants than other designs.			
			(Total for Question 6 = 1 mark)			
7	The ext	en	t to which research conditions represent real life is known as			
	$\times$	A	experimenter realism			
	×	В	experimental realism			
	×	C	participant validity			
	×	D	ecological validity			
			(Total for Question 7 = 1 mark)			

			(Total for Question 11 = 1 mark)
	×	D	rehearsing information to keep it for a short time
	×	C	deeper consideration of information
	×	В	delaying recall of information after learning it
	×	A	learning and recalling information in the same environment
	Elabor	ativ	e rehearsal refers to
11			anted to make sure her presentation was word-perfect and decided to use e rehearsal to help.
			(Total for Question 10 = 1 mark)
	×	D	storage
	$\times$	C	encoding
	$\times$	В	forgetting
	$\times$	A	retrieval
10	) Holdir	ng a	nd keeping information in memory is known as
_			(Total for Question 9 = 1 mark)
	$\times$	D	asking for volunteers from the university
	×	C	advertising in a local newspaper
	$\times$	В	putting posters up in parks
	$\bowtie$	A	recruiting men from a local factory
9	Milgra	m r	ecruited the sample for his original study of obedience by
			(Total for Question 8 = 1 mark)
	×		social identification
	×		social loafing
	×		social comparison
	×		social categorisation
			example of
8	-	_	llege break Ash and her friends sit together on the balcony. Ash chooses to ack just like they do.



# **SECTION B**

<b>12</b> (a) Describe how Hofling et al (1966) set up their study on obedience so that nurses		
were likely to break hospital regulations.		
	(4)	



		(2)	)
	(Total for Ques	tion 12 = 6 marks)	)
	(Total Tot Ques		<u></u>

<b>13</b> (a) Describe <b>one</b> theory of forgetting you have studied within cognitive psychology <b>other than</b> the cue dependent theory.		
	(4)	
Name of theory		



(b) Outline <b>one</b> strength and <b>one</b> weakness of the theory	you described in (a).	
Strength		
Weakness		
(Tot	al for Question 13 = 8 marks)	
(100	,	

<b>14</b> (a) Outline <b>two</b> ethical issues with Milgram's original study.	(4)
1	
2	
(b) Outline how the findings from Milgram's original study of obedience might be applied to real life.	(2)
(Total for Question 14 = 6 ma	nrks)



15 Mrs Smith took over Mrs Jones's Psychology class in January because Mrs Jones went on maternity leave. Mr Brown's class was not affected by staff change. Researchers decided to use this as a natural experiment to discover whether the students' level of attendance is affected by staff change part way through the year.

Figure 1: Table of Results to show class attendance throughout the year

	Mrs Smith's & Mrs Jones's class	Mr Brown's class
Class attendance (%) before January	80%	95%
Class attendance (%) from January onwards	92%	93%

(a) Define what is meant by natural experiment.	(2)
(b) Identify both the independent variable (IV) and the dependent variable (DV) in this experiment.	(2)
Independent variable (IV)	
 Dependent variable (DV)	
(c) Write a suitable <b>null</b> hypothesis for this experiment.	(2)

(d) Using the table in Figure 1, describe the resu	lts of this experiment. (3)
(e) Identify <b>one</b> participant or situational (extrar suggest how it may have affected the results	
	(2)
	(Total for Question 15 = 11 marks)
	TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 31 MARKS



# **SECTION C**

<b>Answer ALL questions.</b>	You are advised to sp	end approximately	y 25 minutes on 1	Section C.

Answer ALL questions. You are advised to spend approximately 25 minutes on	section C.
16 There has been a long running conflict between the two neighbouring countries of Ranzea and Gofani. The president of Ranzea has ordered the invasion of Gofani to take control of the country. There have been reports of soldiers from Ranzea carryin out atrocities in Gofani villages.	
Use your understanding of prejudice and/or obedience to explain these events.	
	(6)



(Total for Ouestion 16 - 6 marks)
(Total for Question 16 = 6 marks)
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*17 Describe and evaluate the Levels of Processing model of memory.	(12)





(Total for Question 17 = 12 marks)
TOTAL FOR SECTION C = 18 MARKS TOTAL FOR PAPER = 60 MARKS

