Please check the examination deta	ails below b	efore entering	your candidate information
Candidate surname		Oth	ner names
Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level	Centre N	Number	Candidate Number
Wednesday 9	Oc	tobe	r <b>2019</b>
Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minute	es)	Paper Refere	ence WMA11/01
Mathematics			
International Advance Pure Mathematics P1	d Subs	sidiary/A	dvanced Level
You must have: Mathematical Formulae and Star	tistical Ta	bles (Lilac),	calculator Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

## **Instructions**

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
   there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

## Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 11 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

## **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

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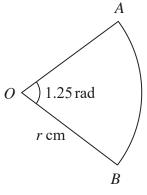


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sector AOB of a circle with centre O and radius r cm.

The angle AOB is 1.25 radians.

Given that the area of the sector AOB is 15 cm<sup>2</sup>

(a) find the exact value of r,

**(2)** 

(b) find the exact length of the perimeter of the sector. Write your answer in simplest form.

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2.	A tree was planted in the ground.
	Exactly 2 years after it was planted, the height of the tree was 1.85 m.
	Exactly 7 years after it was planted, the height of the tree was 3.45 m.
	Given that the height, $H$ metres, of the tree, $t$ years after it was planted in the ground, can be modelled by the equation
	H = at + b
	where $a$ and $b$ are constants,
	(a) find the value of a and the value of b.
	(4)
	(b) State, according to the model, the height of the tree when it was planted. (1)



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3. In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

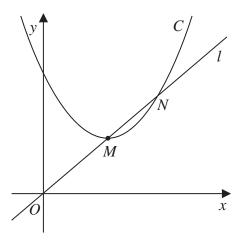


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of the curve C with equation  $y = x^2 - 5x + 13$ 

The point M is the minimum point of C.

The straight line l passes through the origin O and intersects C at the points M and N as shown.

Find, showing your working,

(a) the coordinates of M,

(3)

(b) the coordinates of N.

**(5)** 

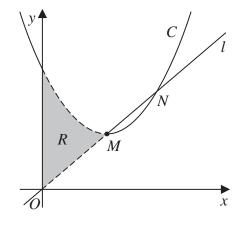


Figure 3

Figure 3 shows the curve C and the line l. The finite region R, shown shaded in Figure 3, is bounded by C, l and the y-axis.

(c) Use inequalities to define the region R.

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4.	A parallelogram ABCD has area 40 cm <sup>2</sup>	
4.	A parametogram ADCD has area 40 cm	
	Given that AB has length 10 cm, BC has length 6 cm and angle DAB is obtuse, find	
	(a) the size of angle <i>DAB</i> , in degrees, to 2 decimal places,	
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	(b) the length of diagonal BD, in cm, to one decimal place.	
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5. A curve has equation

$$y = \frac{x^3}{6} + 4\sqrt{x} - 15 \qquad x \geqslant 0$$

(a) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ , giving the answer in simplest form.

(3)

The point  $P\left(4,\frac{11}{3}\right)$  lies on the curve.

(b) Find the equation of the normal to the curve at P. Write your answer in the form ax + by + c = 0, where a, b and c are integers to be found.

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**6.** The curve C has equation  $y = \frac{4}{x} + k$ , where k is a positive constant.

(a) Sketch a graph of C, stating the equation of the horizontal asymptote and the coordinates of the point of intersection with the x-axis.

(3)

The line with equation y = 10 - 2x is a tangent to C.

(b) Find the possible values for k.

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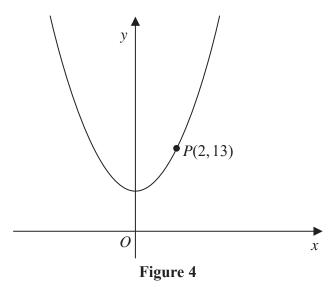


Figure 4 shows part of the curve with equation  $y = 2x^2 + 5$ 

The point P(2,13) lies on the curve.

(a) Find the gradient of the tangent to the curve at P.

**(2)** 

The point Q with x coordinate 2 + h also lies on the curve.

(b) Find, in terms of h, the gradient of the line PQ. Give your answer in simplest form. **(3)** 

(c) Explain briefly the relationship between the answer to (b) and the answer to (a). **(1)** 

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8.	Solve,	using	algebra,	the	equation
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$$x - 6x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 4 = 0$$

Fully simplify your answers	, writing them	in the form	$a + b\sqrt{c}$ ,	where $a$ ,	b and $c$ and	re
integers to be found.						

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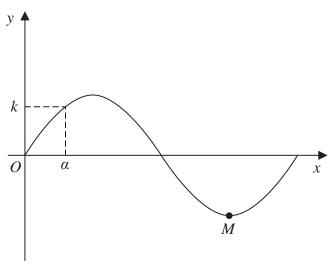


Figure 5

Figure 5 shows a sketch of part of the curve C with equation  $y = \sin\left(\frac{x}{12}\right)$ , where x is measured in radians. The point M shown in Figure 5 is a minimum point on C.

(a) State the period of C.

**(1)** 

(b) State the coordinates of M.

**(1)** 

The smallest positive solution of the equation  $\sin\left(\frac{x}{12}\right) = k$ , where k is a constant, is  $\alpha$ . Find, in terms of  $\alpha$ ,

- (c) (i) the negative solution of the equation  $\sin\left(\frac{x}{12}\right) = k$  that is closest to zero,
  - (ii) the smallest positive solution of the equation  $\cos\left(\frac{x}{12}\right) = k$ .





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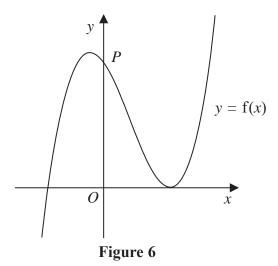


Figure 6 shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation y = f(x), where

$$f(x) = (2x + 5)(x - 3)^2$$

(a) Deduce the values of x for which  $f(x) \le 0$ 

**(2)** 

The curve crosses the y-axis at the point P, as shown.

(b) Expand f(x) to the form

$$ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$$

where a, b, c and d are integers to be found.

**(3)** 

- (c) Hence, or otherwise, find
  - (i) the coordinates of P,
  - (ii) the gradient of the curve at P.

**(2)** 

The curve with equation y = f(x) is translated two units in the positive x direction to a curve with equation y = g(x).

- (d) (i) Find g(x), giving your answer in a simplified factorised form.
  - (ii) Hence state the y intercept of the curve with equation y = g(x).

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11. A curve has equation y = f(x).

The point  $P\left(4, \frac{32}{3}\right)$  lies on the curve.

Given that

- $\bullet \quad f''(x) = \frac{4}{\sqrt{x}} 3$
- f'(x) = 5 at P

find

(a) the equation of the tangent to the curve at P, writing your answer in the form y = mx + c, where m and c are constants to be found,

**(2)** 

(b) f(x).

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