Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname   Other names

Centre Number   Candidate Number

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level

Tuesday 9 May 2023

Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes) | **Paper reference** **WMA11/01**

Mathematics
International Advanced Subsidiary/Advanced Level
Pure Mathematics P1

You must have:
Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Yellow), calculator

Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
- – *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear.
- Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 10 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  – *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

Turn over ▶

Pearson

1. **In this question you must show all stages of your working.**

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

Solve the inequality

$$4x^2 - 3x + 7 \geqslant 4x + 9$$

(4)

Question 1 continued

(Total for Question 1 is 4 marks)

P 7 2 8 6 8 R R A 0 3 3 2

2. **In this question you must show all stages of your working.**

Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

A rectangular sports pitch has length x metres and width y metres, where $x > y$

Given that the perimeter of the pitch is $350\,\text{m}$,

(a) write down an equation linking x and y

(1)

Given also that the area of the pitch is $7350\,\text{m}^2$

(b) write down a second equation linking x and y

(1)

(c) hence find the value of x and the value of y

(4)

Question 2 continued

(Total for Question 2 is 6 marks)

3. (a) Express $3x^2 + 12x + 13$ in the form

$$a(x + b)^2 + c$$

where a, b and c are integers to be found.

(3)

(b) Hence sketch the curve with equation $y = 3x^2 + 12x + 13$

On your sketch show clearly

- the coordinates of the y intercept

- the coordinates of the turning point of the curve

(3)

Question 3 continued

(Total for Question 3 is 6 marks)

P7 2 8 6 8 R R A 0 7 3 2

4. **In this question you must show all stages of your working.**

(a) Write

$$y = \frac{5x^2 + \sqrt{x^3}}{\sqrt[3]{8x}}$$

in the form

$$y = Ax^p + Bx^q$$

where A, B, p and q are constants to be found.

(4)

(b) Hence find $\dfrac{dy}{dx}$ giving each coefficient in simplest form.

(3)

Question 4 continued

(Total for Question 4 is 7 marks)

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5.

Figure 1

Figure 1 shows the plan for a garden.

In the plan

- *OA* and *CD* are perpendicular to *OD*

- *AB* is an arc of the circle with centre *O* and radius 4 metres

- *BC* is parallel to *OD*

- *OD* is 6 metres, *OA* is 4 metres and *CD* is 1.5 metres

(a) Show that angle *AOB* is 1.186 radians to 4 significant figures.

(2)

(b) Find the perimeter of the garden, giving your answer in metres to 3 significant figures.

(4)

(c) Find the area of the garden, giving your answer in square metres to 3 significant figures.

(4)

Question 5 continued

Question 5 continued

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Question 5 continued

(Total for Question 5 is 10 marks)

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6. **In this question you must show all stages of your working.**

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

(a) Expand and simplify

$$\left(r - \frac{1}{r}\right)^2$$

(2)

(b) Express $\dfrac{1}{3 + 2\sqrt{2}}$ in the form $p + q\sqrt{2}$ where p and q are integers.

(2)

(c) Use the results of parts (a) and (b), or otherwise, to show that

$$\sqrt{3 + 2\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 + 2\sqrt{2}}} = 2$$

(3)

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Question 6 continued

P 7 2 8 6 8 R R A 0 1 5 3 2

Question 6 continued

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Question 6 continued

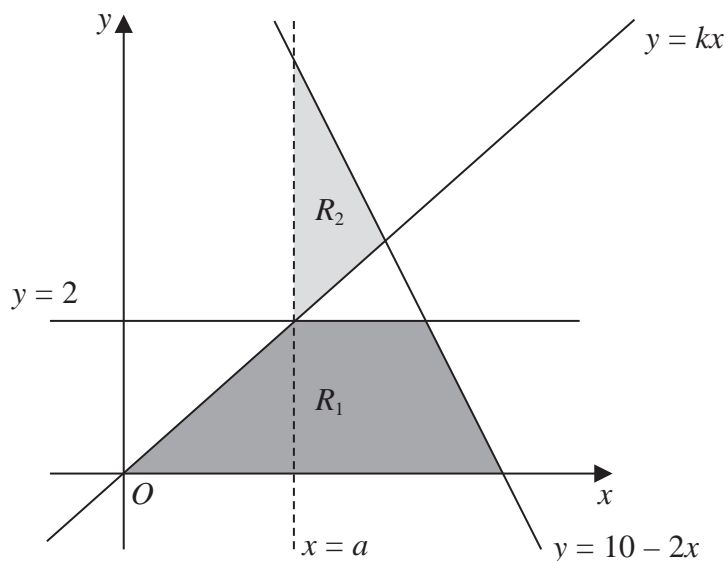(Total for Question 6 is 7 marks)

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7.

Figure 2

The region R_1, shown shaded in Figure 2, is defined by the inequalities

$$0 \leqslant y \leqslant 2 \qquad y \leqslant 10 - 2x \qquad y \leqslant kx$$

where k is a constant.

The line $x = a$, where a is a constant, passes through the intersection of the lines $y = 2$ and $y = kx$

Given that the area of R_1 is $\dfrac{27}{4}$ square units,

(a) find

  (i) the value of a

  (ii) the value of k

(4)

(b) Define the region R_2, also shown shaded in Figure 2, using inequalities.

(2)

Question 7 continued

(Total for Question 7 is 6 marks)

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8. **In this question you must show all stages of your working.**

Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

(a) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve with equation

$$y = \frac{1}{4}x^3 - 8x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

at the point $P(4,\ 12)$

Give your answer in the form $ax + by + c = 0$ where a, b and c are integers.

(5)

The curve with equation $y = f(x)$ also passes through the point $P(4,\ 12)$

Given that

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^3 - 8x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

(b) find $f(x)$ giving the coefficients in simplest form.

(5)

Question 8 continued

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Question 8 continued

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Question 8 continued
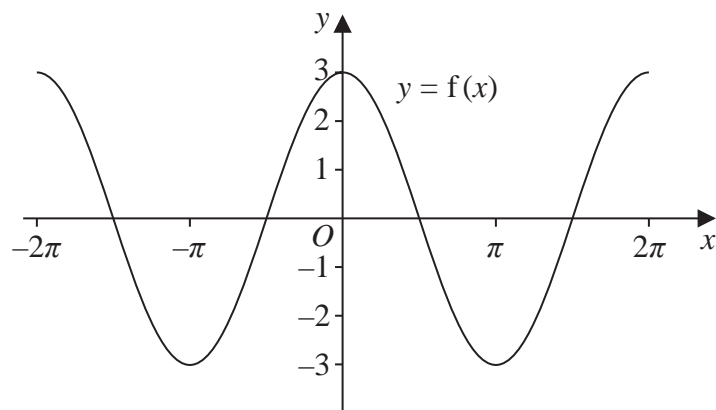
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9. (i)

Figure 3

Figure 3 shows part of the graph of the trigonometric function with equation $y = f(x)$

(a) Write down an expression for $f(x)$

(2)

On a separate diagram,

(b) sketch, for $-2\pi < x < 2\pi$, the graph of the curve with equation $y = f\left(x + \dfrac{\pi}{4}\right)$

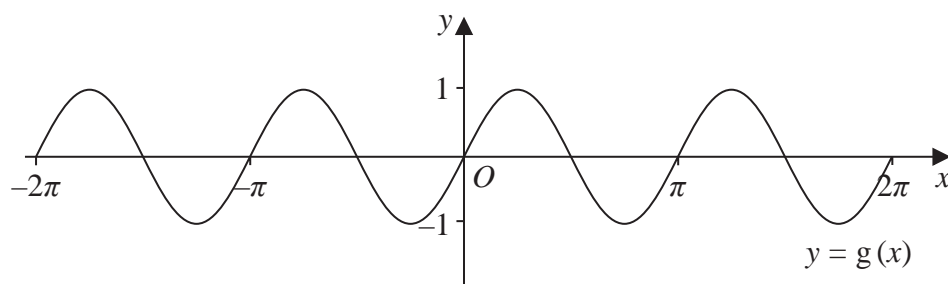Show clearly the coordinates of all the points where the curve intersects the coordinate axes.

(3)

(ii)

Figure 4

Figure 4 shows part of the graph of the trigonometric function with equation $y = g(x)$

(a) Write down an expression for $g(x)$

(2)

On a separate diagram,

(b) sketch, for $-2\pi < x < 2\pi$, the graph of the curve with equation $y = g(x) - 2$

Show clearly the coordinates of the y intercept.

(2)

Question 9 continued

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Question 9 continued

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Question 9 continued

$$\text{(Total for Question 9 is 9 marks)}$$

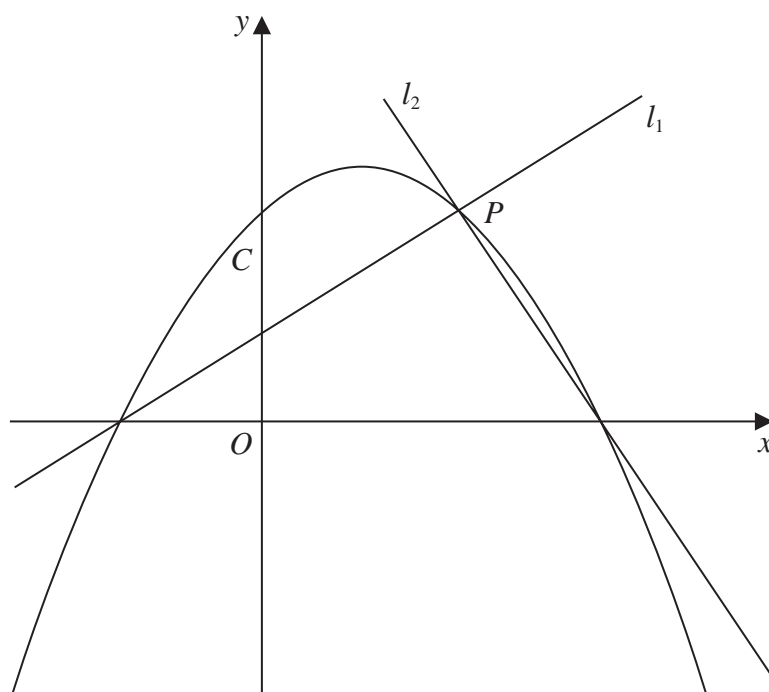P 7 2 8 6 8 R R A 0 2 7 3 2

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10.

Figure 5

Figure 5 shows a sketch of the quadratic curve C with equation

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}(x + 2)(x - b) \qquad \text{where } b \text{ is a positive constant}$$

The line l_1 also shown in Figure 5,

- has gradient $\frac{1}{2}$
- intersects C on the negative x-axis and at the point P

(a) (i) Write down an equation for l_1

(1)

   (ii) Find, in terms of b, the coordinates of P

(3)

Given that the line l_2 is perpendicular to l_1 and intersects C on the positive x-axis,

(b) find, in terms of b, an equation for l_2

(2)

Given also that l_2 intersects C at the point P

(c) show that another equation for l_2 is

$$y = -2x + \frac{5b}{2} - 4$$

(2)

(d) Hence, or otherwise, find the value of b

(2)

Question 10 continued

Question 10 continued

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Question 10 continued

P7 2 8 6 8 R R A 0 3 1 3 2

Question 10 continued

(Total for Question 10 is 10 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 75 MARKS