#### **ANALYTICALLY**

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## **The Problem**

According to a study by the American Medical Association, primary care physicians, or people qualified to practice medicine, spend almost **6 out of their 11 hour workday** on data entry. Another study found that for every hour physicians were spending seeing patients, they were spending an additional two hours doing paperwork. The study also found that EHRs that after doctors go home, they then spend another 1-2 hours each night on EHR tasks. In short, the amount of documentation doctors have to do is outrageous.

All this paperwork leads to two primary issues: doctors burning out and less time with patients. According to the Harvard School of Public Health, **78% of doctors reported feeling burned out**, with research done by the American Medical Association identifying EHRs as the leading cause of this burnout. This burnout has a tangible impact, as it costs the medical industry **\$4.6 billion dollars** each year (NPR). There is also projected to be a shortfall of over 100,000 physicians by 2030. Reducing the time doctors have to spend doing paperwork means far less doctors would be needed, and at the same time, would prevent doctors from feeling burned out. Meanwhile, only 11% of patients feel that they get enough time with their doctors, an alarming number considering that a doctor's primary job is to help patients. These issues also have an impact on patient lives, as 400,000 people die each year from medical errors, something these problems largely are responsible for.

Additionally, most doctors struggle to actually use their EHRs(the electronic systems they use for paperwork), further hindering them on a daily basis. According to a recent Medical Economics report, 57% of doctors said they **would not** recommend their system to fellow physicians, showing that a clear need exists to make EHR's easy to use. Doctor Karla Dick elaborates in an article, "The interfaces are just so confusing and clunky. They invite error." A study published in the journal Health Affairs found that 36% of the medication errors at pediatric hospitals they studied were due to EHR usability issues. The other part of the issue is software glitches. An investigation by KHN and Fortune has found that alarming reports of patient deaths, serious injuries, and near misses—thousands of them—tied to software glitches, user errors, or other flaws have piled up.

Overall, according to a national survey by Medical Economics, more than 65% of doctors say EHRs have actually resulted in financials losses, and less than 11% of doctors reported savings. In the end, a system meant to save doctors time and simplify the process has instead done the exact opposite.

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# **The Solution**

Our app, **Analytically**, is a mobile EHR that solves the problem doctors face by reducing the time doctors have to spend with EHRs and providing an easy-to-use interface that contains no errors, making EHRs a tool that empowers doctors instead of hindering them.

Firstly, Analytically reduces errors and EHR difficulties by employing a clean interface without any system errors. Our modern interface ensures the doctors will be able to access the information they need quickly and without problems. Secondly, Analytically saves doctors time in two key ways. As of now, typing clinical notes, which doctors have to do each meeting with a patient, accounts for over 50% of the time doctors spend on their EHRs. Analytically reduces this time by allowing doctors to dictate their clinical notes instead of having to type it out. Studies have found speaking to be 3 times faster then typing, meaning that we save doctors more then one hour each day just with this feature. Analytically also saves doctors time by reducing the time doctors spend on creating a plan for patients. One of our most defining features, we use ML and AI to detect the disease patients have based on the data doctors put in. We take the data, send it to a server, run the python program on it, get it sent back to the server, then have it determine the likeliness of the patient having that specific data. Aside from saving doctors time, this feature also makes it possible for doctors to know immediately what issues the patient is having and how to treat it. These various features massively improve the EHR experience for doctors, and is something doctors have definitely stated they would be interested in.

### **Future Plans**

In the future, we hope to implement a variety of other features that reduce the time doctors have to spend with EHRs. We have already written python code that would take the clinical note the doctor generates and then isolate the prescriptions the doctor wants to order, the scans the doctor wants to order, along with the next appointment the patient wants to set. We also have the code written to go ahead and automatically fill out the form in our app based on the data extracted. With this itself estimated to completely eliminate doctors 30% of the total time doctor's spend on EHRs, this would be transformational. To provide more clarity, the statistics page employs PUT and GET requests between the iOS application and the Heroku- driven REST API. After inputting the patient's cardiovascular values into the view, the API implements machine learning (Random Forest Classification) to calculate whether or not the patient has risk of heart disease. This boolean value is returned to the iOS application in the form of a GET request once the doctor refreshes the Statistics page.

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# **Technologies used**

- Heroku's cloud services were used to host the REST API carrying patients' heart information (database managed by PostgreSQL) and outputting the machine learning-driven data regarding patients' risk of heart disease.
- The pandas and scikit-learn Python libraries were utilized to implement Random Forest Classification on the heart data to output risk information.
- Apple libraries were implemented for biometric authentication (Touch ID, Face ID) and speech-totext technology.
- Several third-party libraries, including iOSDropDown and FoldingCell, were utilized to improve user experience within the iOS application.

## Installation

- Open Xcode, select 'Open another project', and open the file titled 'Speakably.xcworkspace'
- Click on the blue file at the top left, titled 'Speakably', and go to Signing and Capabilities
- Change the provisional profile to your developer account and edit the bundle identifier
- If there are further issues, follow these instructions.
- On the top left corner of Xcode, select 'Speakably' as the scheme and 'iPhone 11' because the app has been specifically designed for this device.
- For optimal user experience and application design, test the app on dark mode. Do this by accessing Settings > Developer > Dark Appearance.
- For the first login page, select California as the hospital state, as hospital options have only been listed for California.
- Enter any credentials for the three login pages. (For Simulator) Before pressing 'Continue' on the third login page, go to Features > Face ID and press 'Enrolled'. When prompted with the Face ID animation, go to Features > Face ID and press 'Matching Face'.
- On the 'Patients' page of the application, select the patient 'Jerry Saunders,' as the remainder of the user experience has been designed for this particular patient.
- On the 'Statistics' page of the patient UX, press 'Refresh' to view updated heart-disease risk after inputting cardiovascular data.

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