

# Ins & Outs



#### Facts to remember

- Nearly half of college students use illicit drugs.
- In 2020,
- 91,799 drug overdose deaths occurred in the United States
- In 2021,
- 107,622 drug overdose deaths in the US



#### Our take on the issue

• Find a way to lower the number of drugs consumers by assuming or predicting drugs consumption based by using IA aptitudes.

## Dataset

Our dataset is composed of 3 main types of columns :

- 1. Those describing the profile of the individuals
- 2. Those describing the personality of the individuals
- 3. Those describing the frequency of drug use of these individuals

personality

	Stress_score	escore	oscore	ascore	csore	impulsive_bis11	sensation_ImpSS
ID							
1	56.06	41.21	43.57	36.77	49.90	42.85	22.44
2	41.35	79.61	76.26	60.98	47.94	33.79	46.57
3	44.48	62.30	39.29	26.61	35.36	21.54	62.00

Dataset size:1885 x 32



	age	gender	education	country	ethnicity
ID					
1	[35, 45]	Female	Professional certificate/ diploma	UK	White- Asian
2	[25, 34]	Male	Doctorate degree	UK	White
3	[35, 45]	Male	Professional certificate/ diploma	UK	White

Frequency	of
drug use	

	alcohol	amphet	benzos	cannabis	coke	crack	ecstasy	heroin	ketamine	legalhigh	LSD	meth
ID												
1	LastWeek	LastDecade	LastDecade	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	NeverUsed
2	LastWeek	LastDecade	NeverUsed	LastMonth	LastYear	NeverUsed	LastMonth	NeverUsed	LastDecade	NeverUsed	LastDecade	LastYear
3	LastDay	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	LastYear	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	NeverUsed	NeverUsed

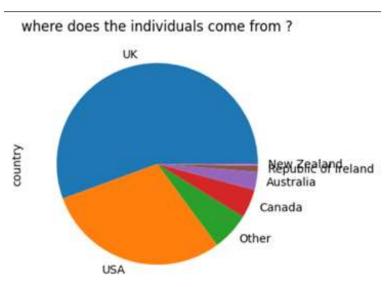
## Zoom on the profile of our population

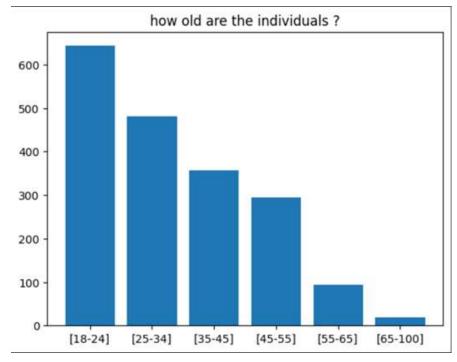


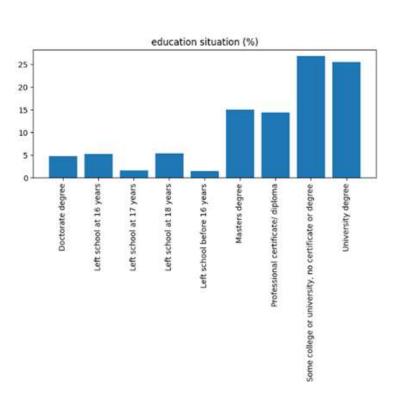


#### age

#### education level



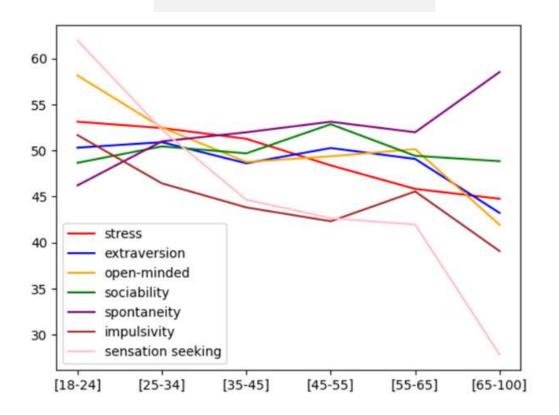




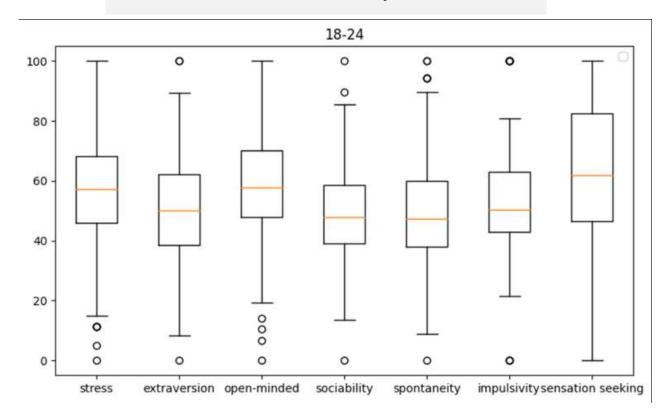
## Zoom on the personality of our population





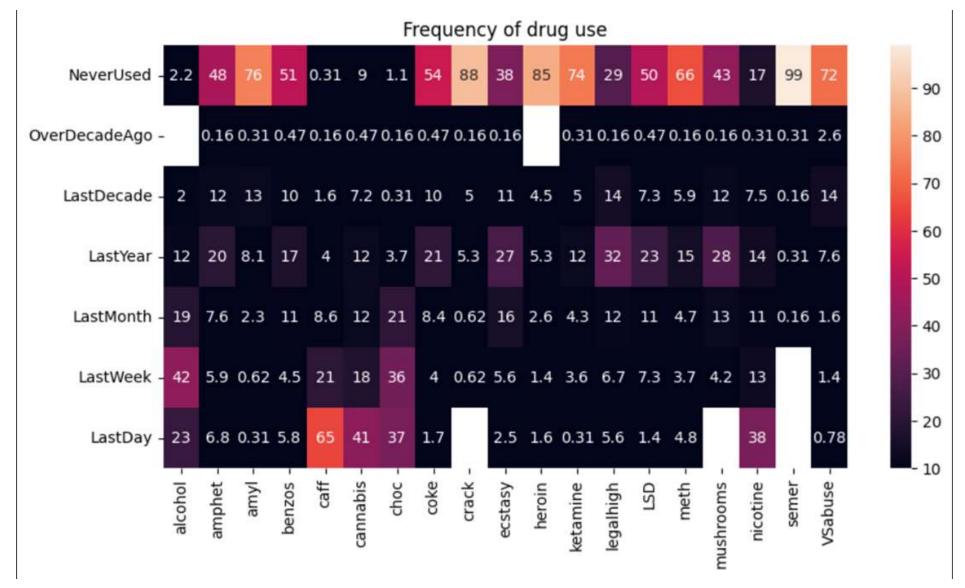


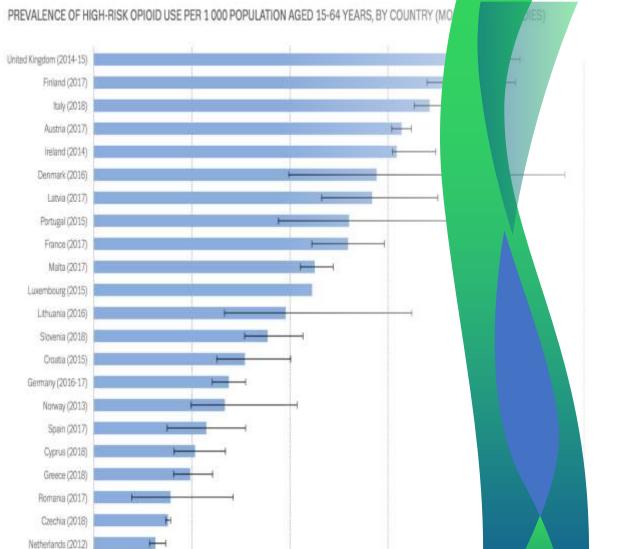
#### Focus on the 18-24 years olds



## Zoom on the drugs taken by our population







#### Prevalence per 1 000 population aged 15-64 years (with uncertainty intervals)

Slovaka (2018)

Poland (2014) Hungary (2010-11) H

## **Problematic**

How can we correlate our dataset and what we know about drug consumption



How can we assume or predict the drugs consumptions of young consumers to prevent drog abuse?

Smoking, alcohol and drug use is an important risk factor for early death: 11.4 million die prematurely as a result each year. Over 350,000 die from overdoses (alcohol and illicit drug use disorders) each year.







In order to highlight the information that interests us and have a coherent result at the end of the analysis, we must follow specific steps.

# Unsupervised learning

Kmeans

# **Supervised learning**

Choose the model depending on its accuracy

#### **Visualization**



Getting an overview of our data

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### **Pre-Processing**



- Preparing the data for our problematic

# Steps we followed

12/9/2022

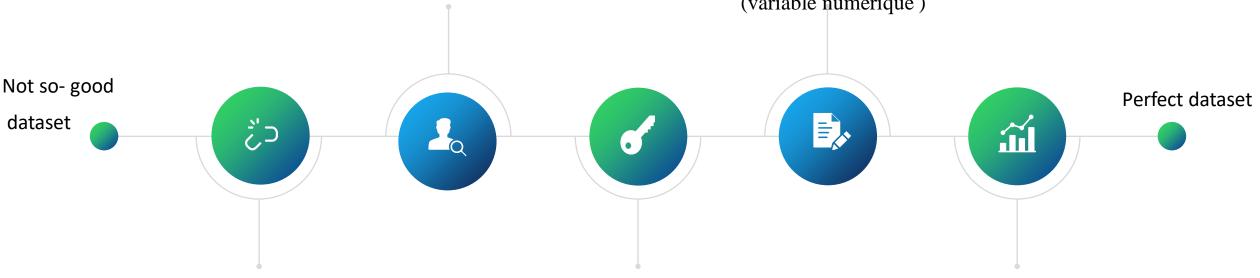
## Important parts of the Pre-processing

#### **Outliers**

- Example : Incoherent value CL1 for young consumers

# Modified variables

Example : age - >
distribution gaussienne
(variable numérique )



Data not correlated with our problematic

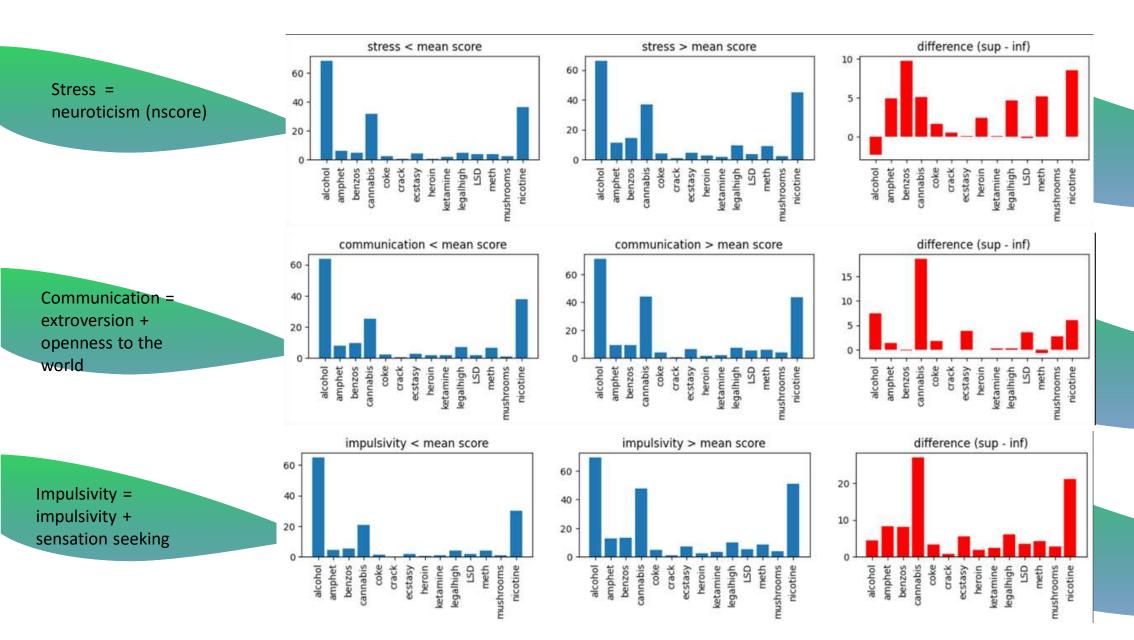
- Our target is not stopping people from eating chocolate or drinking coffee

#### New variables

- Number of drugs taken
- Global scores

Encoding and normalizing

## Link between personality and frequent drug use (at least once a week)

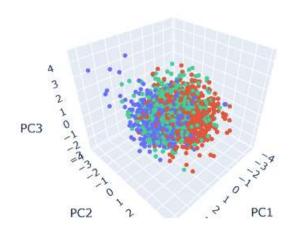


## Unsupervised models

PCA

K-means

Total Explained Variance: 22.86%





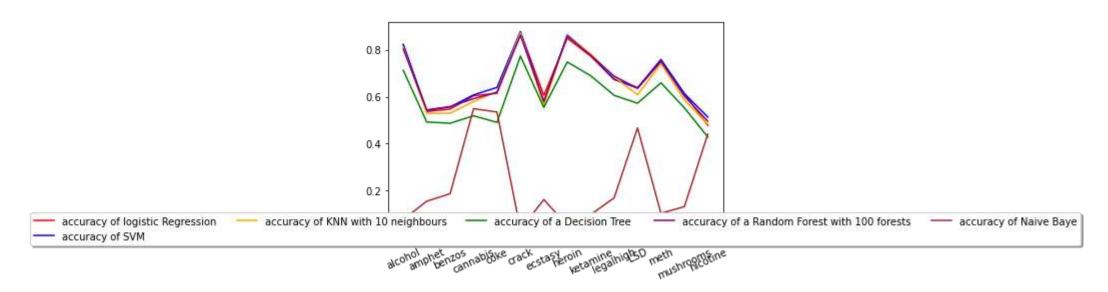
	Stress_score	cscore	communicative_score	impulsive_score	age	cannabis
Cluster						
0	46.0	58.0	48.0	33.0	39.0	1.0
1	44.0	52.0	62.0	65.0	27.0	2.0
2	66.0	38.0	47.0	56.0	28.0	1.0

Result: 750 out of 1869 samples were correctly labeled. Accuracy score: 0.40

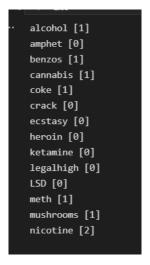


3 types of consumers -> we can reduce the number of labels for the drugs columns

## Supervised models



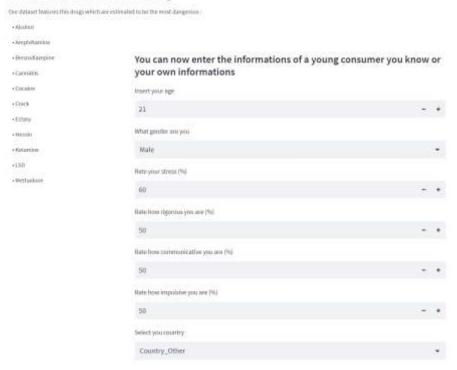
	age	gender	Stress_score	cscore	communicative_score	impulsive_score
0	21	1	60	70	60	40



## How the API looks

#### Information section

We will explore the dataset "drugs consumers" to predict if a young consumer is taking drugs currently or will use it eventually



#### Prediction section

You will now have to choose the model you want to use to predict the frequence of consumptions of a consumer you know

You can see here the accuracy of each model

