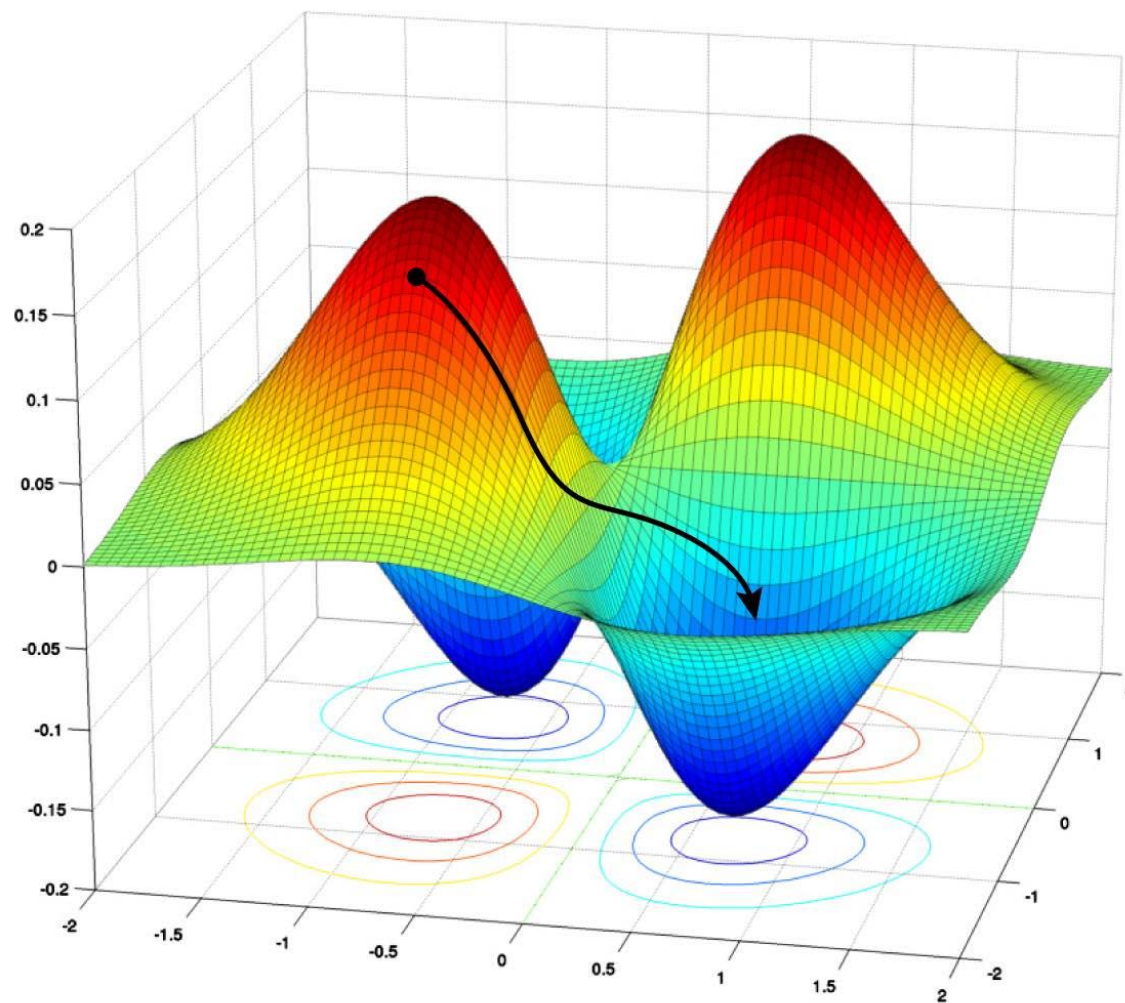


Gradient Descent



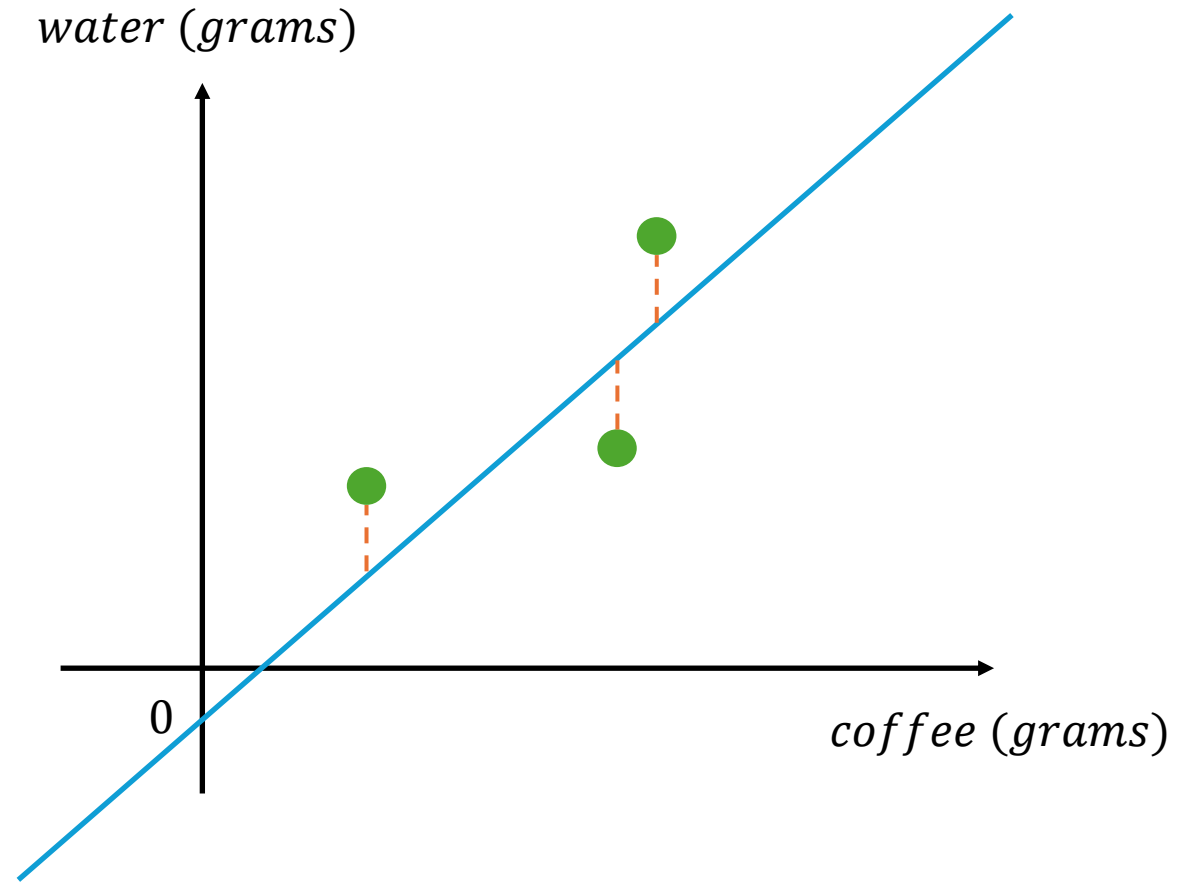
Coffee (grams)	Water (grams)
14	220
17	240
20	300

$$y = mx + c$$

where

***m**: slope*

***c**: y – intercept*



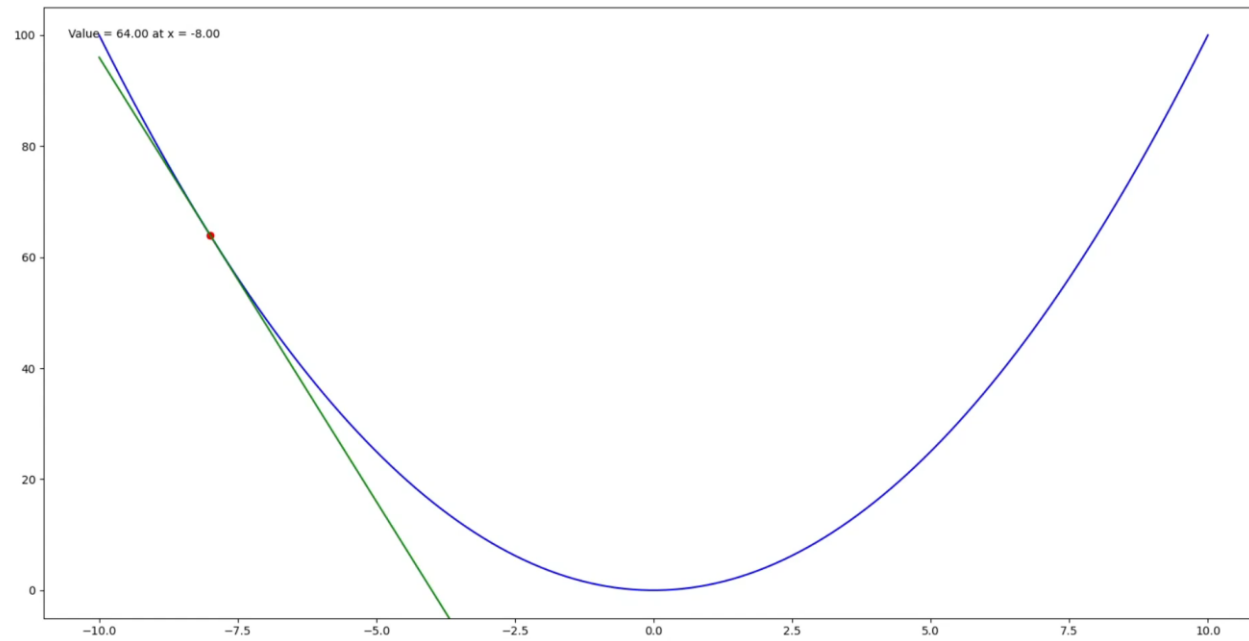
Linear Regression

How to find
Slope and Y-Intercept ?????

**Using Gradient Descent
to Optimize this.**

Gradient Descent

$$\theta_{new} = \theta_{current} - \alpha \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta}$$



Current Parameter

$$\theta_{new} = \theta_{current} - \alpha \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta}$$

Interested Function

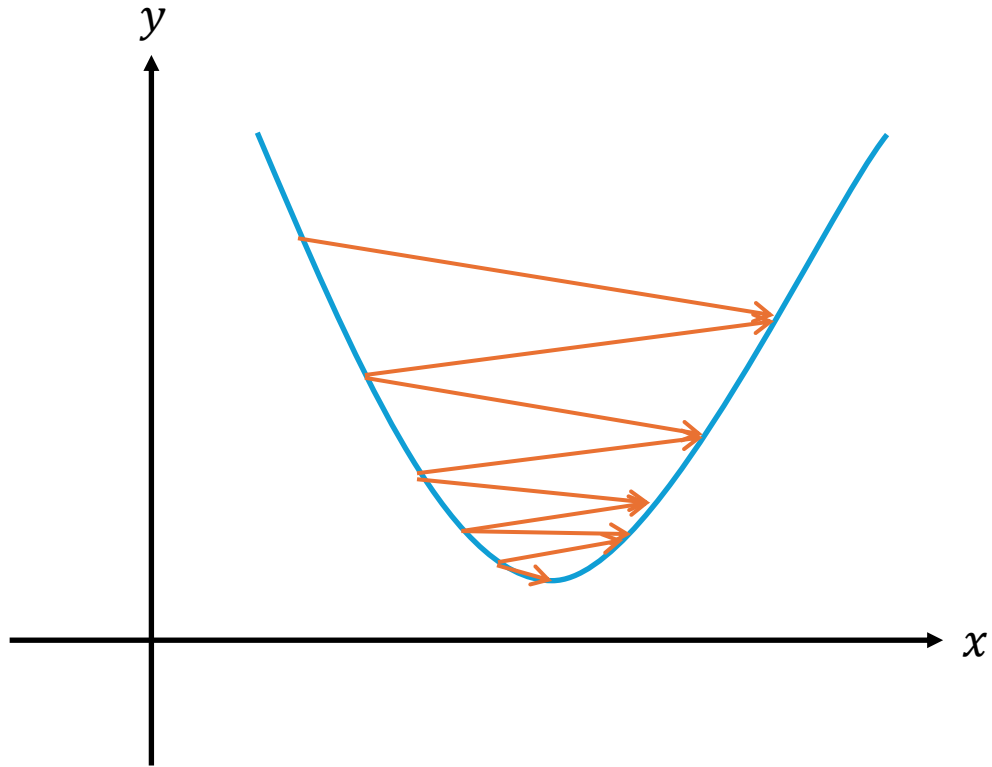
Learning Rate

New Parameter

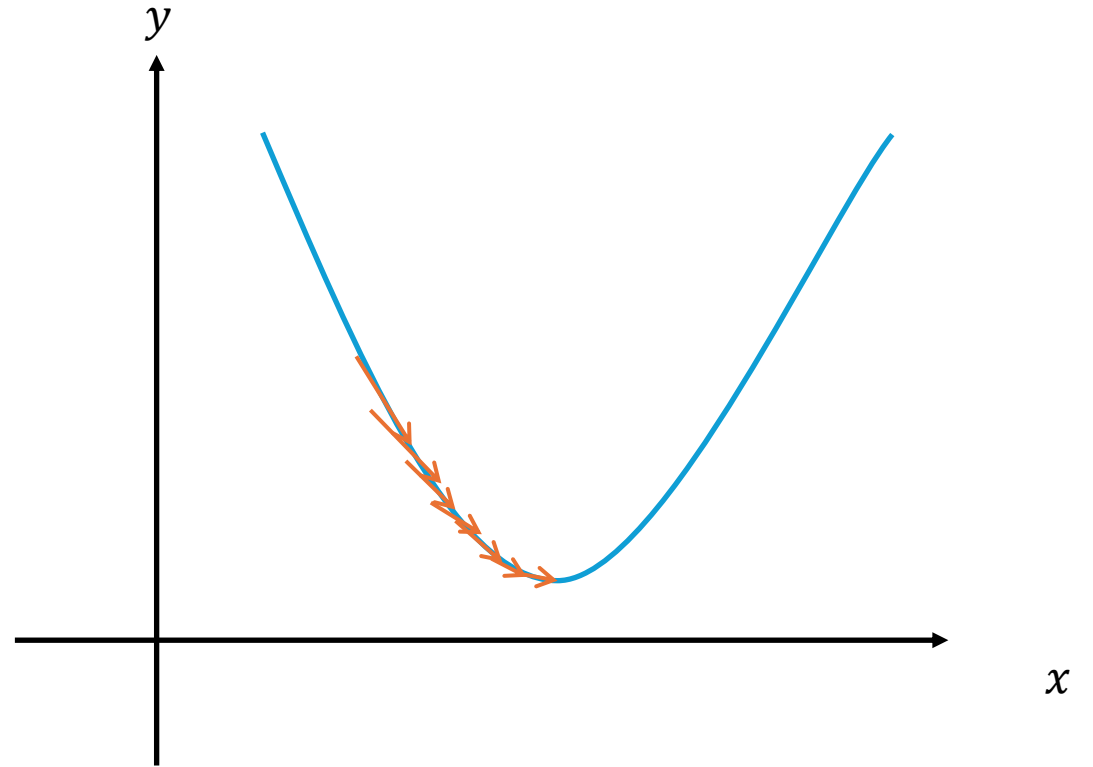
This is what we want!!!

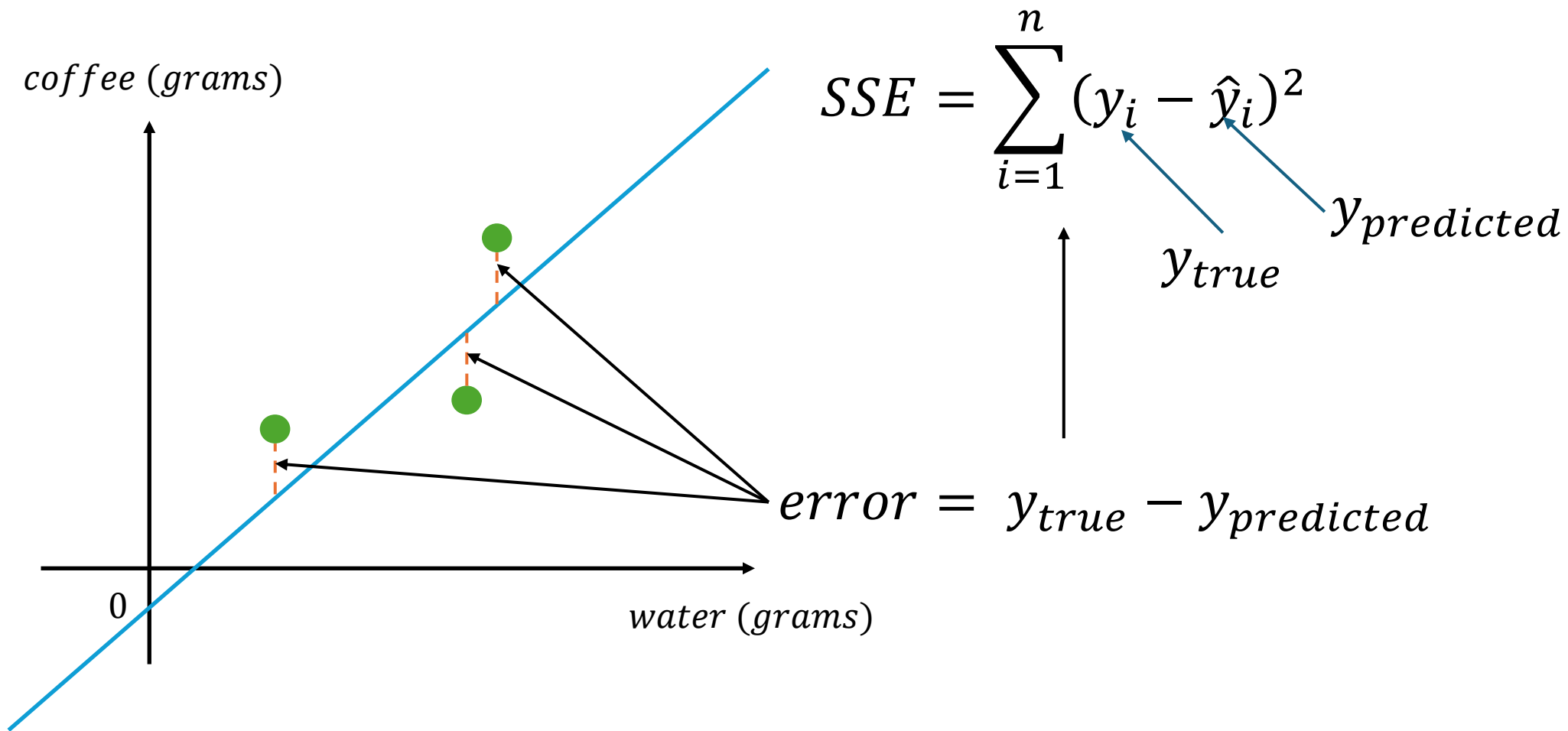
Learning Rate

Huge Learning Rate



Small Learning Rate





$$SSE = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$\theta_{new} = \theta_{current} - \alpha \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta}$$

$$y = mx + c$$

Hey!, I didn't see this in SSE.

Chain Rule!!!

Slope

$$\frac{\partial SSE}{\partial m} = \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial \hat{y}} \cdot \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial m}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{\partial \hat{y}} \cdot \frac{\partial (mx + c)}{\partial m}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n -2x_i(y_i - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$= -2x_1(y_1 - \hat{y}_1) - 2x_2(y_2 - \hat{y}_2) + \dots - 2x_i(y_i - \hat{y}_i)$$

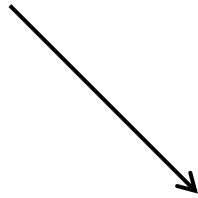
Y-Intercept

$$\frac{\partial SSE}{\partial c} = \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial \hat{y}} \cdot \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial c}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{\partial \hat{y}} \cdot \frac{\partial (mx + c)}{\partial c}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n -2(y_i - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$\theta_{new} = \theta_{current} - \alpha \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta}$$



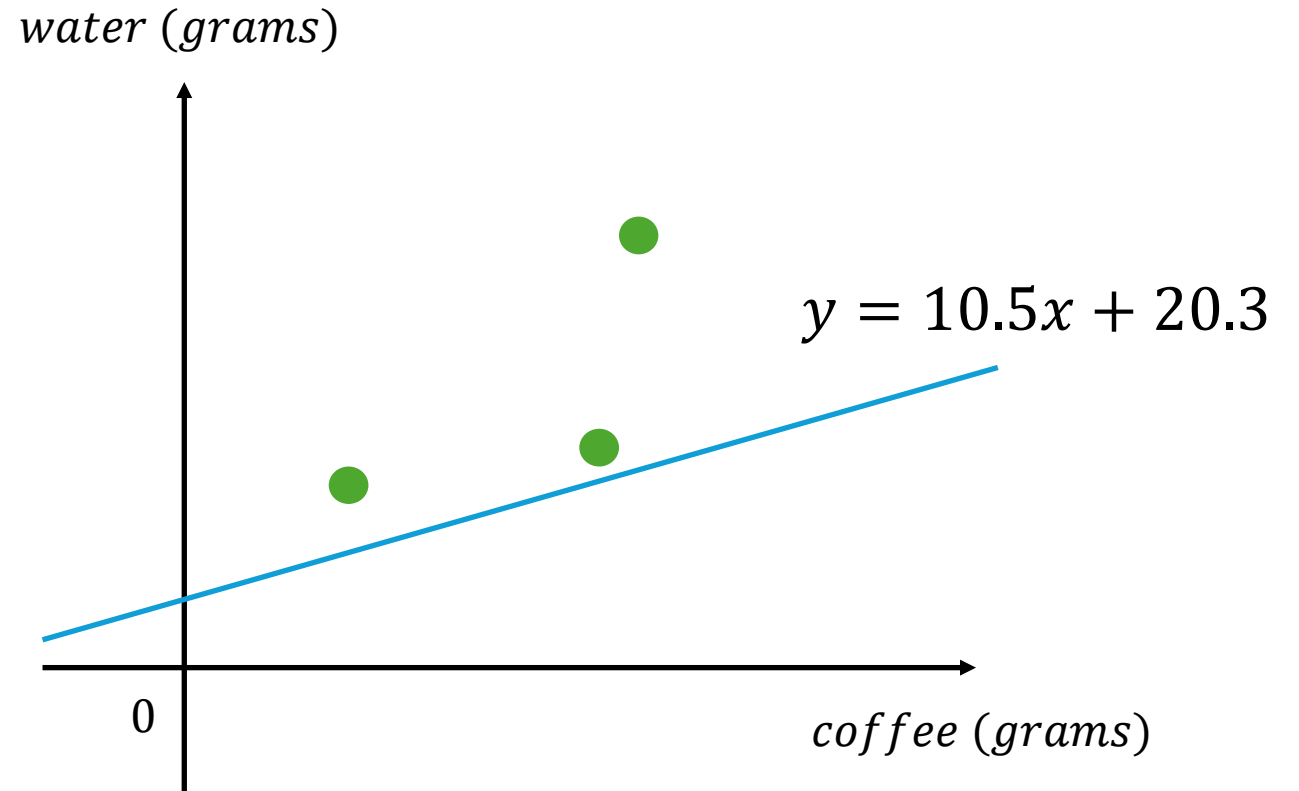
$$\begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{current} - \alpha \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial m} \\ \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial c} \end{bmatrix}$$

Define: $\alpha = 0.001$

Iteration 1:

Coffee (grams)	Water (grams)
14	220
17	240
20	300

$$\begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{current} - \alpha \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial m} \\ \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial c} \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} 10.5 \\ 20.3 \end{bmatrix}_{current} - (0.001) \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial m} \\ \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial c} \end{bmatrix}$$



Iteration 1:

Coffee (grams)	Water (grams)
14	220
17	240
20	300

Slope

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial m}$$

$$= -2x_1(y_1 - \hat{y}_1) - 2x_2(y_2 - \hat{y}_2) - 2x_3(y_3 - \hat{y}_3)$$

$$= -2x_1(y_1 - (10.5x_1 + 20.3)) - 2x_2(y_2 - (10.5x_2 + 20.3)) - 2x_3(y_3 - (10.5x_3 + 20.3))$$

$$= -2(14)((220) - (10.5(14) + 20.3)) - 2(17)((240) - (10.5(17) + 20.3)) - 2(20)((300) - (10.5(20) + 20.3))$$

$$= -5664.4 \frac{\text{grams}}{\text{grams}}$$

Iteration 1:

Coffee (grams)	Water (grams)
14	220
17	240
20	300

Y-Intercept

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial c}$$

$$= -2(y_1 - \hat{y}_1) - 2(y_2 - \hat{y}_2) - 2(y_3 - \hat{y}_3)$$

$$= -2(y_1 - (10.5x_1 + 20.3)) - 2(y_2 - (10.5x_2 + 20.3)) - 2(y_3 - (10.5x_3 + 20.3))$$

$$= -2((220) - (10.5(14) + 20.3)) - 2((240) - (10.5(17) + 20.3)) - 2((300) - (10.5(20) + 20.3))$$

$$= -327.2 \text{ grams}$$

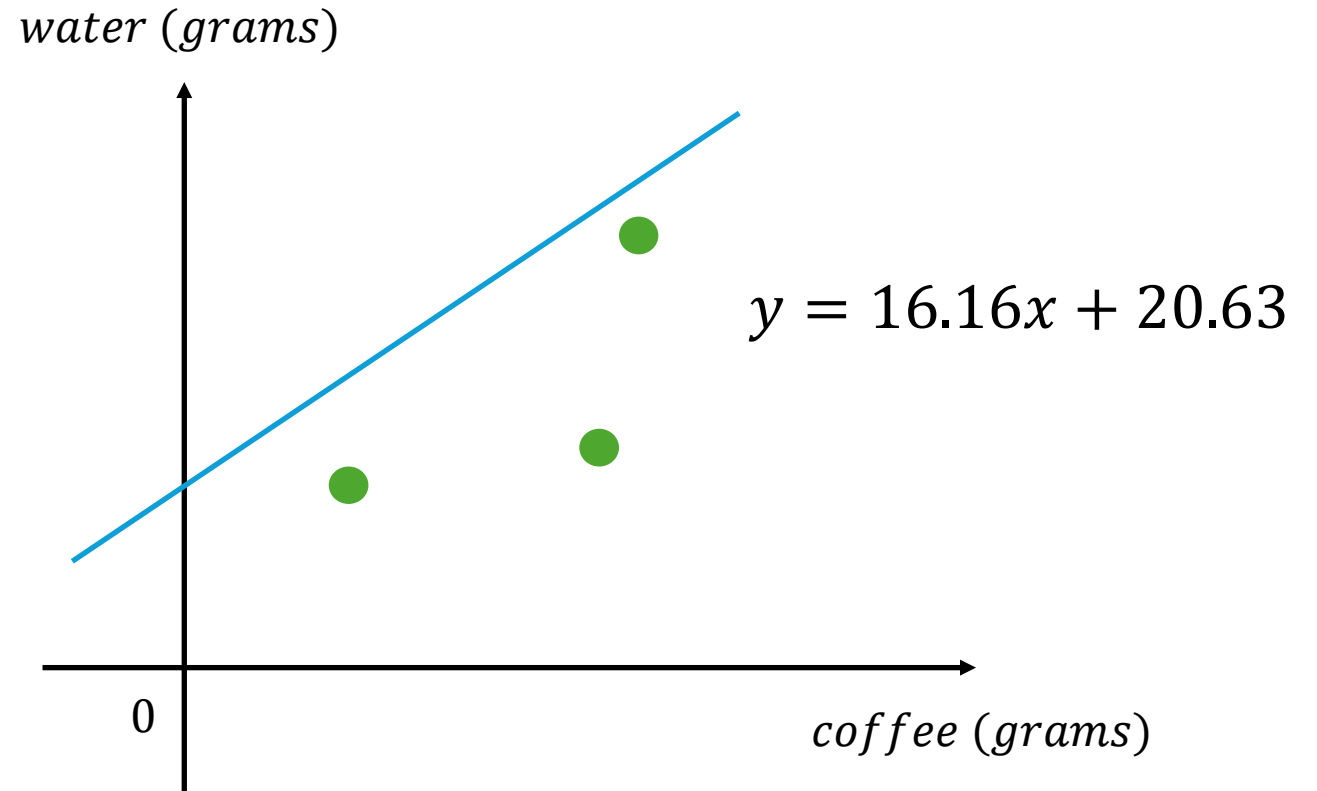
Iteration 1:

Coffee (grams)	Water (grams)
14	220
17	240
20	300

$$\begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} 10.5 \\ 20.3 \end{bmatrix}_{current} - (0.001) \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial m} \\ \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial c} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} 10.5 \\ 20.3 \end{bmatrix}_{current} - (0.001) \begin{bmatrix} -5664.4 \\ -327.2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} 16.16 \\ 20.63 \end{bmatrix}$$



Iteration 1:

Coffee (grams)	Water (grams)
14	220
17	240
20	300

$$y = 16.16x + 20.63$$

$$SSE = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$= (y_1 - \hat{y}_1)^2 + (y_2 - \hat{y}_2)^2 + (y_3 - \hat{y}_3)^2$$

$$= (y_1 - (16.16x_1 + 20.63))^2 + (y_2 - (16.16x_2 + 20.63))^2 + (y_3 - (16.16x_3 + 20.63))^2$$

$$= ((220) - (16.16(14) + 20.63))^2 + ((240) - (16.16(17) + 20.63))^2 + ((300) - (16.16(20) + 20.63))^2$$

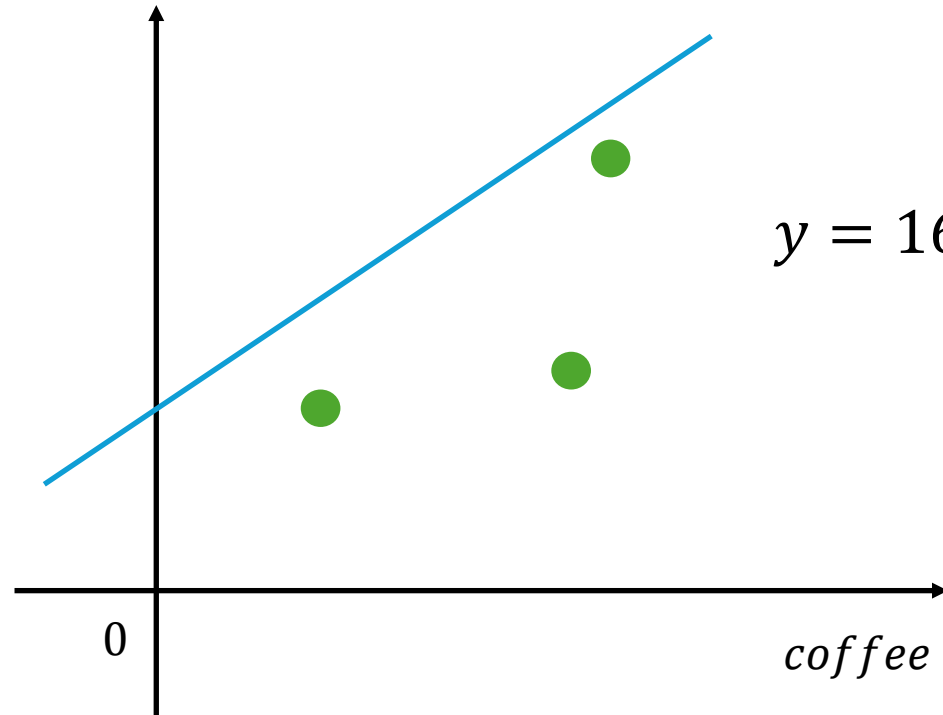
$$= 5706.6883$$

$$\textit{error} = \sqrt{5706.6883} \approx 75.54$$

Iteration 2:

Coffee (grams)	Water (grams)
14	220
17	240
20	300

water (grams)



$$y = 16.16x + 20.63$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{current} - \alpha \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial m} \\ \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial c} \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} 16.16 \\ 20.63 \end{bmatrix}_{current} - (0.001) \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial m} \\ \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial c} \end{bmatrix}$$

Iteration 2:

Coffee (grams)	Water (grams)
14	220
17	240
20	300

Slope

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial m}$$

$$= -2x_1(y_1 - \hat{y}_1) - 2x_2(y_2 - \hat{y}_2) - 2x_3(y_3 - \hat{y}_3)$$

$$= -2x_1(y_1 - (16.16x_1 + 20.63)) - 2x_2(y_2 - (16.16x_2 + 20.63)) - 2x_3(y_2 - (16.16x_3 + 20.63))$$

$$= -2(14)((220) - (16.16(14) + 20.63)) - 2(17)((240) - (16.16(17) + 20.63)) - 2(20)((300) - (16.16(20) + 20.63))$$

$$= 4387.46 \frac{\text{grams}}{\text{grams}}$$

Iteration 2:

Coffee (grams)	Water (grams)
14	220
17	240
20	300

Y-Intercept

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial c}$$

$$= -2(y_1 - \hat{y}_1) - 2(y_2 - \hat{y}_2) - 2(y_3 - \hat{y}_3)$$

$$= -2(y_1 - (16.16x_1 + 20.63)) - 2(y_2 - (16.16x_2 + 20.63)) - 2(y_3 - (16.16x_3 + 20.63))$$

$$= -2((220) - (16.16(14) + 20.63)) - 2((240) - (16.16(17) + 20.63)) - 2((300) - (16.16(20) + 20.63))$$

$$= 252.1 \text{ grams}$$

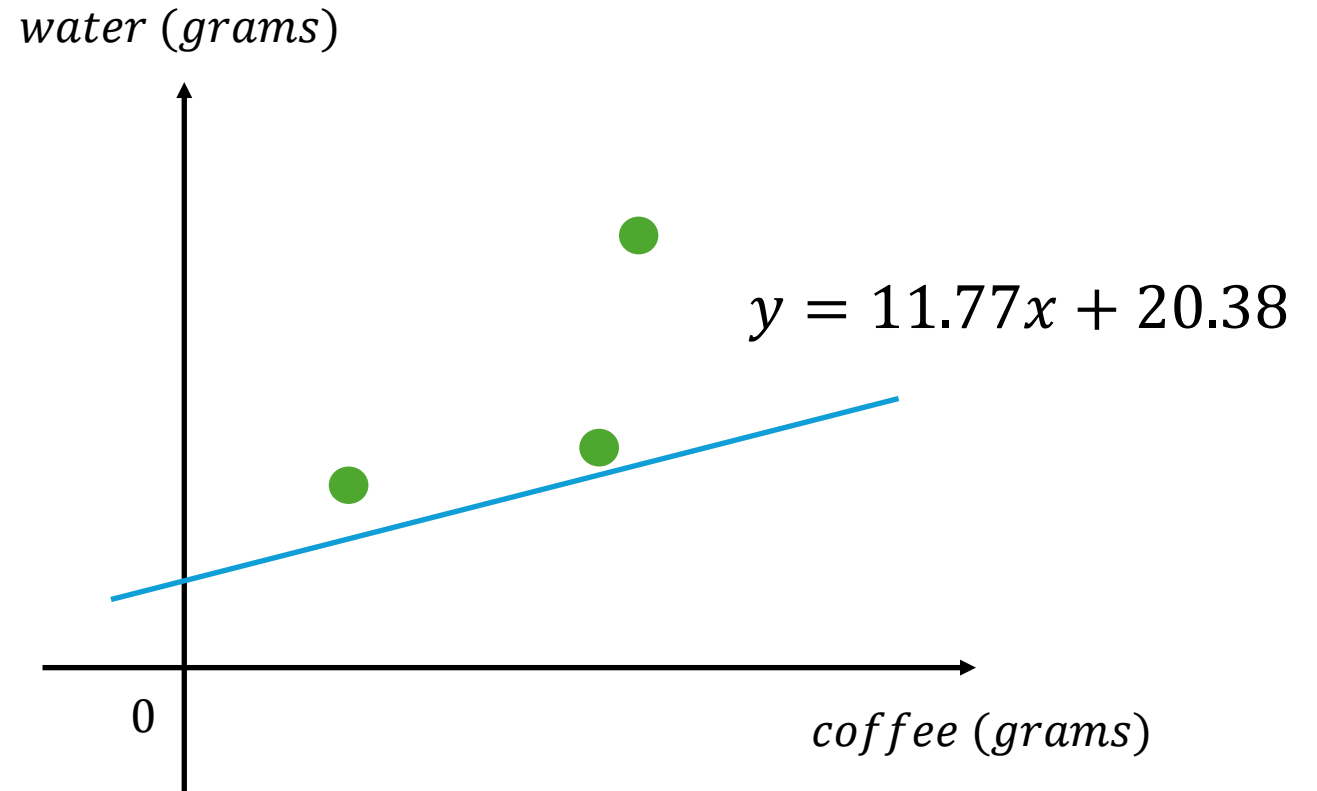
Iteration 2:

Coffee (grams)	Water (grams)
14	220
17	240
20	300

$$\begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} 16.16 \\ 20.63 \end{bmatrix}_{current} - (0.001) \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial m} \\ \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial c} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} 16.16 \\ 20.63 \end{bmatrix}_{current} - (0.001) \begin{bmatrix} 4387.46 \\ 252.1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} 11.77 \\ 20.38 \end{bmatrix}$$



Iteration 2:

Coffee (grams)	Water (grams)
14	220
17	240
20	300

$$y = 16.16x + 20.63$$

$$SSE = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$= (y_1 - \hat{y}_1)^2 + (y_2 - \hat{y}_2)^2 + (y_3 - \hat{y}_3)^2$$

$$= (y_1 - (11.77x_1 + 20.38))^2 + (y_2 - (11.77x_2 + 20.38))^2 + (y_3 - (11.77x_3 + 20.38))^2$$

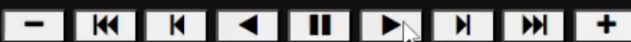
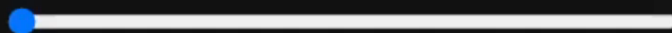
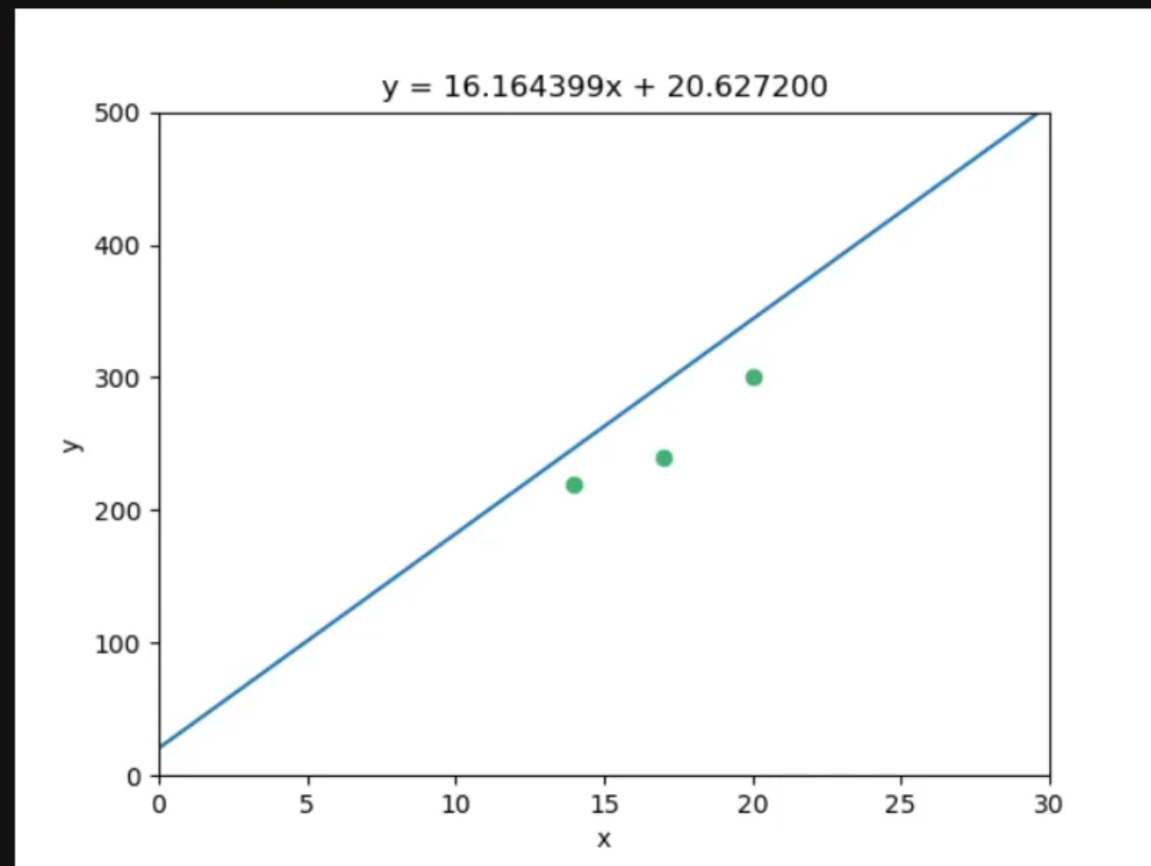
$$= ((220) - (11.77(14) + 20.38))^2 + ((240) - (11.77(17) + 20.38))^2 + ((300) - (11.77(20) + 20.38))^2$$

$$= 3550.65$$

$$error = \sqrt{3550.65} \approx 59.59$$

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HTML(ani.to_jshtml())
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]:
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Stochastic Gradient Descent

$$\begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{new} = \begin{bmatrix} m \\ c \end{bmatrix}_{current} - \alpha \begin{bmatrix} \cancel{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial m}} \\ \cancel{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial c}} \end{bmatrix}$$

Change from all train data to just random as
a batch or just 1 sample/optimize

Taylor Series Approximation

HISTORICAL BIOGRAPHIES

Brook Taylor
(1685–1731)

Colin Maclaurin
(1698–1746)

DEFINITIONS Let f be a function with derivatives of all orders throughout some interval containing a as an interior point. Then the **Taylor series generated by f at $x = a$** is

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(k)}(a)}{k!} (x - a)^k = f(a) + f'(a)(x - a) + \frac{f''(a)}{2!} (x - a)^2 + \cdots + \frac{f^{(n)}(a)}{n!} (x - a)^n + \cdots.$$

The **Maclaurin series generated by f** is

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(k)}(0)}{k!} x^k = f(0) + f'(0)x + \frac{f''(0)}{2!} x^2 + \cdots + \frac{f^{(n)}(0)}{n!} x^n + \cdots,$$

the Taylor series generated by f at $x = 0$.

Derivative Definition

$$\frac{df(x)}{dx} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + h) - f(x)}{h}$$

Thomas' Calculus Early Transcendentals Instructor's Edition 12th Ed.

$$f'(x) = \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{(x - a)} = \frac{f(x) - f(x_{i+1})}{(x - x_{i+1})} = \frac{f(x) - f(x + \Delta x)}{(x - (x + \Delta x))}$$

$$\Delta x = 0.000001$$

$$f(x) = x^2$$

$$f'(x) = 2x$$

$$f'(2) = 2(2) = 4$$

Using Taylor Series Approximation

$$f'(x) = \frac{f(x) - f(x + \Delta x)}{(x - (x + \Delta x))}$$

$$f'(2) = \frac{f(2) - f(2 + 0.000001)}{(2 - (2 + 0.000001))} = 4.000001$$