Practical implementation of minist classifier is:

import tensorflow as tf

from tensorflow import keras

import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

Load the dataset

fashion_mnist = keras.datasets.fashion_mnist(train_images,train_labels),(test_images, test_labels) = fashion_mnist.load_data()

Normalize the images

train_images = train_images / 255.0 test_images = test_images / 255.0

Define the model

model=keras.Sequential([keras.layers.Flatten(input_shape=(28,28)),keras.layers.Dens e(128,activation='relu'),keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')])

Compile the model

model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',metrics=['accuracy'])

Train the model

model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=10)

Evaluate the model

test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels)
print('Test accuracy:', test_acc)

Make predictions

predictions = model.predict(test_images)
predicted_labels = np.argmax(predictions, axis=1)

Show some example images and their predicted labels

 $num_rows = 5$ $num_cols = 5$

```
\label{eq:num_images} num\_rows * num\_cols plt.figure(figsize=(2 *2 * num\_cols, 2 * num\_rows)) \\ for i in range(num\_images): \\ plt.subplot(num\_rows, 2 * num\_cols, 2 * i + 1) \\ plt.imshow(test\_images[i], cmap='gray') plt.axis('off') \\ plt.subplot(num\_rows, 2 * num\_cols, 2 * i + 2) \\ plt.bar(range(10), predictions[i]) \\ plt.xticks(range(10)) \\ plt.ylim([0, 1]) \\ plt.tight\_layout() \\ plt.title(f"Predicted label: {predicted\_labels[i]}") \\ plt.show() \\ \\ \end{aligned}
```