Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Rayvan Sanjai

Email: 240701425@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 2116240701425 Phone: 9380572043

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FD

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 4_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. Insertion and deletion operation in the queue is known as

Answer

Enqueue and Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. After performing this set of operations, what does the final list look to contain?

InsertFront(10); InsertFront(20); InsertRear(30); DeleteFront(); InsertRear(40);

```
InsertRear(10);
      DeleteRear();
    InsertRear(15);
      display();
      Answer
      10 30 40 15
      Status: Correct
      3. What will be the output of the following code?
      #include <stdio.h>
      #define MAX_SIZE 5
    typedef struct {
        int arr[MAX_SIZE];
        int front;
        int rear;
        int size;
      } Queue;
      void enqueue(Queue* queue, int data) {
        if (queue->size == MAX_SIZE) {
          return;
        }^\^
        queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
        queue->arr[queue->rear] = data;
        queue->size++;
      int dequeue(Queue* queue) {
        if (queue->size == 0) {
          return -1;
        int data = queue->arr[queue->front];
        queue->front = (queue->front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
        queue->size--;
        return data;
int main() {
```

Marks: 1/1

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```
Queue queue;
queue.front = 0;
   queue.rear = -1;
   queue.size = 0;
   enqueue(&queue, 1);
   enqueue(&queue, 2);
   enqueue(&queue, 3);
   printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
   printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
   enqueue(&queue, 4);
   enqueue(&queue, 5);
   printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
   printf("%d", dequeue(&queue));
  return 0;
 Answer
 1234
```

4. What does the front pointer in a linked list implementation of a queue contain?

Marks: 1/1

Answer

Status: Correct

The address of the first element

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. Front and rear pointers are tracked in the linked list implementation of a queue. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into the EMPTY queue?

Answer

Both front and rear pointer

Status: Correct N

6. What are the applications of dequeue?

Answer

All the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. What will the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct {
  int* arr;
  int front:
  int rear:
  int size:
} Queue:
Queue* createQueue() {
  Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
  queue->arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
  queue->front = 0;
  queue->rear = -1;
  queue->size = 0;
  return queue;
int main() {
  Queue* queue = createQueue();
  printf("%d", queue->size);
  return 0;
}
Answer
0
Status: Correct
```

8. The process of accessing data stored in a serial access memory is similar to manipulating data on a

Marks: 1/1

Answer

Queue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. Which of the following properties is associated with a queue?

Answer

First In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. In what order will they be removed If the elements "A", "B", "C" and "D" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time

Answer

ABCD

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. In linked list implementation of a queue, the important condition for a queue to be empty is?

Answer

FRONT is null

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. Which operations are performed when deleting an element from an

array-based queue?

Answer

Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. Which of the following can be used to delete an element from the front end of the queue?

Answer

public Object deleteFront() throws emptyDEQException{if(isEmpty())throw new emptyDEQException("Empty");else{Node temp = head.getNext();Node cur = temp.getNext();Object e = temp.getEle();head.setNext(cur);size--;return e;}}

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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15. What is the functionality of the following piece of code?

```
public void function(Object item)
{
    Node temp=new Node(item,trail);
    if(isEmpty())
    {
        head.setNext(temp);
        temp.setNext(trail);
    }
    else
    {
        Node cur=head.getNext();
        while(cur.getNext()!=trail)
        {
            cur=cur.getNext();
        }
        cur.setNext(temp);
    }
    size++;
}
```

Insert at the rear end of the dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
  int* arr;
  int front;
int rear:
  int size:
} Queue:
Queue* createQueue() {
  Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
  queue->arr = (int*)malloc(MAX_SIZE * sizeof(int));
  queue->front = -1;
  queue->rear = -1;
  queue->size = 0;
  return queue;
int is Empty(Queue* queue) {
return (queue->size == 0);
int main() {
  Queue* queue = createQueue();
  printf("Is the queue empty? %d", isEmpty(queue));
  return 0;
}
Answer
Compilation Error
Status: Wrong
```

Marks: 0/1

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17. When new data has to be inserted into a stack or queue, but there is no available space. This is known as

Answer

overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX_SIZE, gets full when

Answer

Rear = MAX_SIZE - 1

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. In a linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into a non-empty queue?

Answer

Only rear pointer

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1

20. The essential condition that is checked before insertion in a queue is?

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1