

## National University of Computer & Emerging Sciences, Karachi FAST, School of Computing,



## Spring, 2023 Mid Term-I

1st March, 2023, 10:00 am - 11:00am

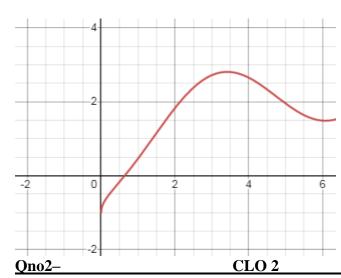
Course Code: CS 2008	Course Name: Numerical Computing
Instructor Names: Ms. Amber Shaikh, Mr. Usama Antuley, Mr Shahid Ashraf and	
Mr. Moheez	
Student Roll No:	Section :

## Instructions:

- Solve all questions and return the question paper.
- Read each question completely before answering it.
- This paper consists of 3 pages and 4 Questions.
- All the required formulas are on attached paper.

Time: 60 minutes. Total Marks:30

<u>Qno1 – CLO 1 2+2+1 Marks</u>



What will be the approximated root of above function by using only one iteration of given method on graph?

- a) Bisection method starting with [0,4] also indicate the interval after one iteration.
- b) False Position starting with [0,4] also indicate the interval after one iteration.
- c) Secant starting with [2,4].

a) Use Newton forward difference formula to construct interpolating polynomial of degree 2 and interpolate at x = 1.1

b) Use Newton backward difference formula to construct interpolating polynomial of degree 2 and interpolate at x=2.4

X	f(x)
1.5	22.0
2.0	17.8
2.5	14.2
1.0	38.3

5+5 Marks

<u>Qno3 – CLO 1 (6+4) Marks</u>

A data base file memory is related to time i.e,  $N(t) = t^3 + 4t^2$ , where N(t) represent number of bytes and t represents time.

a) Find the time at which file memory reach 10 bytes by using Fixed point iteration method?

formula for  $g(t) = t - \frac{t^3 + 4t^2 - 10}{3t^2 + 8t}$  with starting point t = 1.5 and absolute error < 0.00001.

**b**) Also show that g(t) is mapping on itself on the interval of [1,2] and |g'(t)| < 1.

Qno4 – CLO 3 (1+1+2+1) Marks

Below is the Python function to find the root of the equation  $f(x) = x^2 - 10Cos(x)$ 

- a) Write the lines of code that will be necessary to run the program and getting the output.
- **b**) Solve the program manually by taking starting point = 0 and tol=0.0001 with max iteration = 10 What will be the output (according to given code)
- **c**) Solve the program by taking starting point =1 and tol=0.0001 with max iteration=10. What will be the out put according to the given code.
- **d)** Identify the name of method, number of iterations (in step b and c) and root (in step b and c) if any.

```
import numpy as np
from tabulate import tabulate
def find root(func, dfunc, x0, tol, max iter):
    xr = x0
    data=[]
    iter = 0
    es = tol + 1
    for i in range(max_iter):
        iter+=1
        fx = func(xr)
        dx = dfunc(xr)
        if abs(dx) < tol:
           raise Exception("Derivative is close to zero!")
        xrold=xr
        xr = xr - fx/dx
        es=abs(func(xr))
        data.append([iter,xr,func(xr)])
        if es < tol:
           print(tabulate(data,headers=['Iteration','xr','f(xr)'],tablef))
             print('\nRoot of given function is x=%.9f in n=%d number of
                   iterations with a tolerence=%.4f' %(xr,iter,tol))
           return
      raise Exception("Max iterations reached")
```



## National University of Computer & Emerging Sciences, Karachi Department of Computer Science Formula Sheet



Secant Method

$$p_{n+1} = p_n - f(p_n) * \frac{p_n - p_{n-1}}{f(p_n) - f(p_{n-1})}$$

False Position Method

$$x_k = \frac{a * f(b) - b * f(a)}{f(b) - f(a)}$$

Forward Differnce

$$\begin{split} P_n(x) &= P_n(x_0 + sh) = f[x_0] + shf[x_0, x_1] + s(s-1)h^2f[x_0, x_1, x_2] + \\ &\quad s(s-1)(s-2)h^3f[x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3] + \dots \\ P_n(x) &= P_n(x_0 + sh) = y_0 + s\Delta(y_0) + \frac{s(s-1)}{2!}\Delta^2(y_0) + \frac{s(s-1)(s-2)}{3!}\Delta^3(y_0) \dots \end{split}$$

Backward Differnce

$$\begin{split} P_n(x) &= P_n(x_0 + sh) = f[x_n] + shf[x, x_{n-1}] + s(s+1)h^2f[x_n, x_{n-1}, x_{n-2}] + \\ & s(s+1)(s+2)h^3f[x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3] + \dots \\ P_n(x) &= P_n(x_0 + sh) = y_0 + s \bigtriangledown (y_0) + \frac{s(s+1)}{2!} \bigtriangledown^2(y_0) + \frac{s(s+1)(s+2)}{3!} \bigtriangledown^3(y_0) \dots \end{split}$$

THE END