



# Lecture – 15

## Strings in Java



# List of Concepts Involved:

- Way to compare
- Inbuilt methods in String class
- Concatenation

# Topics covered Yesterday's Session:

- String introduction
- Types of String
- Immutable Strings and Memory Map



# Different ways of Comparison

To compare 2 Strings in java we use following approach

- == operator

It compares the reference of the Object.

- equals()

It compares the contents of two Object.

# Important methods of String

- `public char charAt(int index)`
- `public String concat(String str)`
- `public boolean equals(Object o)`
- `public boolean equalsIgnoreCase(String s)`
- `public String subString(int begin)`
- `public String subString(int begin,int end)`
- `public int length()`



# Important methods of String

- `public String replace(char old, char new)`
- `public String toLowerCase()`
- `public String toUpperCase()`
- `public int indexOf(char ch)`
- `public int lastIndexOf(char ch)`

# Concatenation

The technique of connecting two or more strings together to create a new string is known as string concatenation. Various approaches to concatenating a string in Java include the following:

- + operator
- String.concat() method



# Next Lecture

- Reversing String Different cases
- Palindrome
- Anagram program
- Pangram program





▶ THANK YOU ◀