# EE5327 Optimization

Anshika Chaurasia Razat Shanker

EE18MTECH11017 EE18MTECH11016

28 Feb 2019

# Question 51

Q. Maximize

$$w = 11x - z$$

with constraints

$$10x + y - z \le 1$$
$$2x + 2y + z \le 2$$
$$x, y, z \ge 0$$

Then, the maximum value of w is equal to .....



Adding slack variables s<sub>1</sub>, s<sub>2</sub>

$$\begin{aligned} &10x + y - z + s_1 = 1 \\ &2x - 2y + z + s_2 = 2 \\ &\text{Objective function } f(x) = 11x + 0y - z + 0s_1 + 0s_2 \end{aligned}$$

### Initial Simplex Table

	$C_j$	11	0	-1	0	0		
		×	у	z	s <sub>1</sub>	s <sub>2</sub>	RHS	$\theta$
0	s <sub>1</sub>	10	1	-1	1	0	1	$\frac{1}{10} \rightarrow$
0	s <sub>2</sub>	2	-2	1	0	1	2	1
	$C_j - w_j$	11 ↑	0	-1	0	0	$w_{RHS} = 0$	

x - Entering Variable

 $s_1$  - Leaving variable

10 - pivot



$$\begin{aligned} w_1 &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ w_2 &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \\ w_3 &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ w_4 &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ w_5 &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$w_{RHS} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} . \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\theta = RHSValue}{\text{Corresponding value in columns of x}}$$

#### First iteration

$$R_1 \rightarrow \frac{R_1}{10}$$

$$R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 2R_1$$

$$R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 11R_1$$

	$C_j$	11	0	-1	0	0		
		×	у	Z	s <sub>1</sub>	s <sub>2</sub>	RHS	$\theta$
11	Х	1	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{-1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	0	$\frac{1}{10}$	-
0	s <sub>2</sub>	0	<u>-11</u> 5	<u>6</u> 5	$\frac{-1}{5}$	1	<u>9</u> 5	$\frac{3}{2} \rightarrow$
	$C_j - w_j$	11 ↑	0	-1	0	0	$W_{RHS} = \frac{11}{10}$	

x - Entering Variable

 $s_1$  - Leaving variable

 $\frac{6}{5}$ - Pivot

#### Second iteration:

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{R}_2 \to \mathsf{R}_2 x \frac{5}{6} \\ \mathsf{R}_1 \to \mathsf{R}_1 + \frac{R_2}{10} \\ \mathsf{R}_3 \to \mathsf{R}_3 - \frac{R_2}{10} \end{array}$$

	$C_j$	11	0	-1	0	0	
		Х	у	Z	s <sub>1</sub>	s <sub>2</sub>	RHS
11	×	1	$\frac{-1}{12}$	0	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{4}$
-1	Z	0	$\frac{-11}{6}$	1	$\frac{-1}{6}$	<u>5</u>	$\frac{3}{2}$
	$C_j - w_j$	0	$\frac{-11}{12}$	0	$\frac{-13}{12}$	$\frac{-1}{12}$	$W_{RHS} = \frac{5}{4}$

Here all  $C_j - w_j$  values are either zero or negative.

So, maximum value of 
$$w = w_{RHS} = \frac{5}{4}$$
 for  $x = 1$  and  $z = -1$ .

# Question 51

Q. Use cvxopt to obtain a solution to problem 51.

$$\min_{x} c^{T}x$$

subject to  $Ax \leq b$ 

$$c = \begin{bmatrix} -11 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -2 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

#### Code:

cost function=
[[1.25000003]]

```
from cvxopt import matrix, solvers
A = matrix([10.0, 1.0, -1.0], [2.0, -2.0, 1.0], [-1.0, 0.0, 0.0],
             [0.0, -1.0, 0.0], [0.0, 0.0, -1.0]])
b = matrix([1.0, 2.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0])
c = matrix([-11.0, 0.0, 1.0])
sol = solvers.lp(c, A.T, b)
print(sol['x'])
print("cost function=")
print(-1 * np.dot(np.reshape(c,(1,3)),sol['x']))
 Optimal solution found.
  [ 2.50e-01]
  [-3.88e-08]
   1.50e+00]
```