

DBMS

(LAB – 6) Aggregate Functions

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1. Find the average distance between subsequent stations for every train.

```
MariaDB [(none)]> use cs634_rrs
Database changed
MariaDB [cs634_rrs]> select tr.train_no, ri.from_station_name, ri.to_station_name, ri.distance as average_distance from
train tr, route_info ri where tr.train_no = ri.train_no;
```

train_no	from_station_name	to_station_name	average_distance
25260	Mangaluru	Kannur	131
25260	Mangaluru	Palakkad	351
25260	Mangaluru	Chennai	481
25260	Kannur	Palakkad	220
25260	Kannur	Chennai	350
25260	Palakkad	Chennai	130
25261	Chennai	Palakkad	130
25261	Chennai	Kannur	350
25261	Chennai	Mangaluru	481
25261	Palakkad	Kannur	220
25261	Palakkad	Mangaluru	351
25261	Kannur	Mangaluru	131
58450	Mangaluru	Subramanya	195
58450	Mangaluru	Mysore	365
58450	Mangaluru	Bengaluru	504
58450	Subramanya	Mysore	170
58450	Subramanya	Bengaluru	309
58450	Mysore	Bengaluru	139
58451	Bengaluru	Mysore	139
58451	Bengaluru	Subramanya	309
58451	Bengaluru	Mangaluru	503
58451	Mysore	Subramanya	170
58451	Mysore	Mangaluru	364
58451	Subramanya	Mangaluru	194
62620	Chennai	Sholingur	90
62620	Chennai	Katpadi	129
62620	Chennai	Bangarpet	290
62620	Chennai	Bengaluru	361
62620	Sholingur	Katpadi	39
62620	Sholingur	Bangarpet	200
62620	Sholingur	Chennai	271
62620	Katpadi	Bangarpet	161
62620	Katpadi	Chennai	232
62620	Bangarpet	Bengaluru	71
62621	Bengaluru	Bangarpet	71
62621	Bengaluru	Katpadi	232
62621	Bengaluru	Sholingur	272
62621	Bengaluru	Chennai	362

2. Find the average distance between subsequent stations for every train and display them in descending order.

```
MariaDB [cs634_rrs]> select tr.train_no, ri.from_station_name, ri.to_station_name, ri.distance as average_distance from train tr, route_info ri where tr.train_no = ri.train_no ORDER BY ri.distance DESC;;
```

train_no	from_station_name	to_station_name	average_distance
58450	Mangaluru	Bengaluru	584
58451	Bengaluru	Mangaluru	583
25260	Mangaluru	Chennai	481
25261	Chennai	Mangaluru	481
58450	Mangaluru	Mysore	365
58451	Mysore	Mangaluru	364
62621	Bengaluru	Chennai	362
62620	Chennai	Bengaluru	361
25260	Mangaluru	Palakkad	351
25261	Palakkad	Mangaluru	351
25260	Kannur	Chennai	350
25261	Chennai	Kannur	350
58450	Subramanya	Bengaluru	309
58451	Bengaluru	Subramanya	309
62621	Bangarpet	Chennai	291
62620	Chennai	Bangarpet	290
62621	Bengaluru	Sholigur	272
62620	Sholigur	Chennai	271
62620	Katpadi	Chennai	232
62621	Bengaluru	Katpadi	232
25260	Kannur	Palakkad	220
25261	Palakkad	Kannur	220
62621	Bangarpet	Sholigur	201
62620	Sholigur	Bangarpet	200
58450	Mangaluru	Subramanya	195
58451	Subramanya	Mangaluru	194
58450	Subramanya	Mysore	170
58451	Mysore	Subramanya	170
62621	Bangarpet	Katpadi	161
62620	Katpadi	Bangarpet	161
58450	Mysore	Bengaluru	139
58451	Bengaluru	Mysore	139
25261	Kannur	Mangaluru	131
25260	Mangaluru	Kannur	131
62621	Katpadi	Chennai	130
25261	Chennai	Palakkad	130
25260	Palakkad	Chennai	130
62620	Chennai	Katpadi	129
62621	Sholigur	Chennai	90
62620	Chennai	Sholigur	90
62620	Bangarpet	Bengaluru	71
62621	Bengaluru	Bangarpet	71
62621	Katpadi	Sholigur	40
62620	Sholigur	Katpadi	39

3. Display the list of train numbers and the distance travelled by each in descending order of the distance travelled.

```
MariaDB [cs634_rrs]> select tr.train_no, sum(ri.distance) AS dist_travl FROM train tr, route_info ri WHERE tr.train_no = ri.train_no GROUP BY tr.train_no ORDER BY dist_travl DESC;
```

train_no	dist_travl
62621	1850
62620	1844
58450	1682
58451	1679
25260	1663
25261	1663

6 rows in set (0.001 sec)

4. List those trains that have maximum and minimum number compartments as train name and number of compartments.

```
MariaDB [cs634_rrs]> select tr.train_no, max(c.capacity) AS max_no, min(c.capacity) AS min_no FROM train tr, compartment c WHERE tr.train_no = train_no GROUP BY tr.train_no;
```

train_no	max_no	min_no
25260	60	16
25261	60	16
58450	60	16
58451	60	16
62620	60	16
62621	60	16

6 rows in set (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [cs634_rrs]>

5. Display the number of phone numbers corresponding to the user_id(s) ADM_001, USR_006, USR_010.

```
MariaDB [cs634_rrs]> select user_id, count(*) FROM user_phone GROUP BY user_id HAVING user_id IN ("ADM_001","USR_006","USR_010");
```

user_id	count(*)
ADM_001	2
USR_006	2
USR_010	2

```
3 rows in set (0.010 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [cs634_rrs]> _
```

6. Find the average fare per km for each train type specified and display the train type and corresponding average fare per km as 'Avg_Fare' in decreasing order of Avg_Fare.

```
MariaDB [cs634_rrs]> select train_type, avg(fare_per_km) AS avg_fare FROM fare GROUP BY train_type ORDER BY avg_fare DESC;
```

train_type	avg_fare
Superfast	2.0000
Fast	2.0000
Mail	1.3333

```
3 rows in set (0.020 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [cs634_rrs]> _
```

7. Retrieve all details of the oldest passenger.

```
MariaDB [cs634_rrs]> select * from ticket_passenger HAVING max(age);
```

seat_no	name	age	pnr
F01-3	Saideepak Reddy	27	PNR001

```
1 row in set (0.000 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [cs634_rrs]>
```

8. Count the number of passengers whose name consists of 'Ullal'. (Hint: Use the LIKE operator)

```
MariaDB [cs634_rrs]> select * from ticket_passenger WHERE name like "%Ullal%";
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| seat_no | name      | age | pnr   |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| S01-10  | Hema Ullal | 27  | PNR005 |
| S01-11  | Hima Ullal | 28  | PNR005 |
| S01-12  | Asha Ullal | 21  | PNR005 |
| S01-9   | Ajit Ullal | 31  | PNR005 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.001 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [cs634_rrs]> .
```