# EFAtools: An R package with fast and flexible implementations of exploratory factor analysis tools

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## Summary

In the social sciences, factor analysis is a widely used tool to identify latent constructs underlying task performance or the answers to questionnaire items. Exploratory factor analysis (EFA) is a data-driven approach to factor analysis and is used to extract a smaller number of common factors that represent or explain the common variance of a larger set of manifest variables (see Costello and Osborne 2005; and Watkins 2018 for an overview). Several decisions have to be made in advance when performing an EFA, including the number of factors to extract, and the extraction and rotation method to be used. After a factor solution has been found, especially for data structures in the field of intelligence research where usually high, positive factor intercorrelations occur, it is useful to subject the resulting factor solution to an orthogonalization procedure to achieve a hierarchical factor solution with one general and several specific factors. From this orthogonalized, hierarchical solution, the variance can then be partitioned to estimate the relative importance of the general versus the specific factors using omega reliability coefficients (e.g., McDonald 1999).

EFAtools is an R package (R Core Team 2019) that enables fast and flexible analyses in an EFA framework, from tests for suitability of the data for factor analysis and factor retention criteria to hierarchical factor analysis with Schmid-Leiman transformation (Schmid and Leiman 1957) and McDonald's omegas (e.g., McDonald 1999). The package's core functionalities are listed in Table 1.

#### Statement of Need

Compared to other R packages with which EFA can be performed, EFA tools has several advantages, including fast implementations using Rcpp (Eddelbuettel and Balamuta 2017; Eddelbuettel and Sanderson 2014), more flexibility in the adjustment of implementation features, the ability to reproduce the R psych (Revelle 2019) and SPSS (IBM 2015) implementations of some analyses methods, as well as the inclusion of recommended implementations for these methods based on simulation analyses (see Grieder and Steiner 2020). Finally, the package includes the implementation of the, as of yet, most comprehensive set of factor retention criteria in R, including recently developed criteria such as the Hull method (Lorenzo-Seva, Timmerman, and Kiers 2011), comparison data (Ruscio and Roche 2012), and the empirical Kaiser criterion (Braeken and van Assen 2016). As recommended by Auerswald and Moshagen (2019), multiple factor retention criteria should be examined simultaneously to check their convergence, which now is easily possible with a comprehensive function in EFAtools incorporating all implemented factor retention criteria for simultaneous application. Minor advantages over and above the existing implementations in R include that when intending to perform a Schmid-Leiman transformation, this can be done on an obliquely rotated solution obtained with functions from the EFAtools or the psych package instead of being forced to perform the whole EFA procedure again. Moreover, our implementation of McDonald's omegas calculations include the possibility of manual variable-to-factor correspondences (as are needed for variance partitioning for predetermined / theoretical composites) in addition to automatically determined variable-to-factor correspondences (as done, for example, in the psych package). Further, the EFAtools function to compute McDonald's omegas can easily be applied on *EFAtools* and *psych* Schmid-Leiman solutions as well as on *lavaan* (Rosseel 2012) bifactor or single factor solutions (including solutions from multiple group analyses).

## Development and Purpose

EFAtools was designed for use in the social sciences in general and is especially suitable for research on cognitive abilities or other hierarchically organized constructs as well as for more time-consuming applications such as in simulation analyses. Its development arose from the need for a tool for easy replication and comparison of EFA solutions from different programs, namely R and SPSS (see Grieder and Steiner 2020 for the comparability of R and SPSS EFA solutions), and has already been used in another publication (Grieder and Grob 2019). The package was then expanded for a broader, easy, fast, and flexible use of EFA tools such that it is now suitable for most projects within the EFA framework.

Table 1: Core functionalities of *EFAtools*.

Topic	Method	Function
Suitability for factor analysis	Bartlett's test of sphericity	BARTLETT()
	Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin criterion	KMO()
Factor retention criteria	Comparison data	CD()
	Empirical Kaiser criterion	EKC()
	Hull method	HULL()
	Kaiser-Guttman criterion	KGC()
	Parallel analysis	PARALLEL()
	Scree plot	SCREE()
	Sequential model tests	SMT()
	RMSEA lower bound criterion	SMT()
	AIC criterion	SMT()
Factor extraction methods	Principal axis factoring	EFA()
	Maximum likelihood	EFA()
	Unweighted least squares	EFA()
Rotation methods	Orthogonal: Varimax, equamax,	EFA()
	quartimax, geominT, bentlerT, bifactorT	
	Oblique: Promax, oblimin, quartimin,	EFA()
	simplimax, bentlerQ, geominQ, bifactorQ	
Hierarchical factor analysis	Schmid-Leiman transformation	SL()
	McDonald's omegas	OMEGA()

Note. All functions for suitability for factor analysis and factor retention criteria can be called in any desired combination using the  $N_FACTORS()$  function.

#### Installation

The *EFAtools* package can be installed from CRAN using install.packages("EFAtools"). Moreover, the development version can be installed from GitHub (https://github.com/mdsteiner/EFAtools) using devtools::install\_github("mdsteiner/EFAtools", build\_vignettes = TRUE).

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