

NURSING CARE PLAN

ASSESSMENT	NURSING DIAGNOSIS	INFERENCE	PLANNING	INTERVENTION	RATIONALE	EVALUATION
<p>Subjective Data: “Unsaon nako pag atiman ani saakong anak” as verbalized by the mother</p> <p>Objective Data: Lack of knowledge on hyperbilirubinemia</p>	Knowledge Deficit related to hyperbilirubinemia management in a newborn.	It is identified based on the understanding that parents of a newborn with hyperbilirubinemia may lack the necessary knowledge regarding the condition, its causes, signs, and management.	After 4 hours of nursing intervention the mother will verbalize understanding of the cause, treatment, and possible outcomes of hyperbilirubinemia.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Assess the family situation and support systems. - Assess the client's and family members' knowledge and level of understanding - Provide parents with an appropriate written explanation of home phototherapy, listing technique and potential problems, and safety precautions. - Provide information about the types of jaundice, pathophysiological factors, and future implications of hyperbilirubinemia - Provide information about maintaining milk supply through a breast pump 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.To facilitate the development of a tailored care plan. 2.To ensure information is provided at an appropriate level and addressing specific gaps in understanding 3.To ensures that parents have a comprehensive reference for home phototherapy, including techniques, potential issues, and safety precautions. 4.To empowers parents with a holistic understanding of hyperbilirubinemia 5.To ensures that parents are equipped with the knowledge and skills necessary for sustaining breastfeeding. 	<p>After 4 hours of nursing intervention the mother can identify, verbalize and understand of the cause, treatment, and possible outcomes of hyperbilirubinemia</p> <p>..</p>