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# INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, GUWAHATI

CE 607 – Random Vibration Date of submission: 20<sup>th</sup> March 2016 Total Marks: 80

Note: Submit report & codes. Assume any other data that you feel relevant and clearly mention in the report.

### **Problem 1**

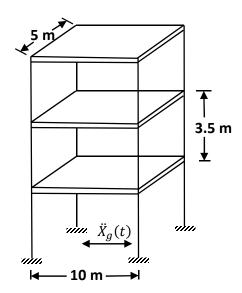


Figure 1

Above frame has 100mm thick slab with grade of concrete M25. The column size is 200mm\*200mm.  $\ddot{X}_g(t)$  is modelled as zero mean Gaussian process with Kanai-Tajimi spectrum with  $\omega_g = 20 \, rad/s$  and  $\xi_g = 20\%$ 

- a) Check the base column against shear and evaluate the failure probability.
- b) Design the column against inter-story drift for a  $p_f = 0.001$ . Allowable inter story drift is h/250.
- c) Validate all your results using time domain simulation.

## Problem 2

1. 
$$y(t) = \cos 5t$$

2. 
$$y(t) = e^{-0.5t} (\sin 10t + \cos 15t)$$

3. 
$$y(t) = \text{Band limited white noise}$$

4. 
$$y(t) = e^{-0.5t}$$

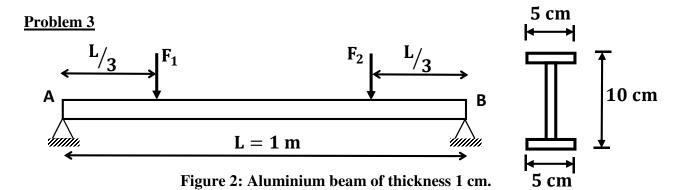
Evaluate the auto correlation in each case and plot them. Select band width of your choice.



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 $F_1$  and  $F_2$  are modelled as a un-correlated Gaussian white noise of intensity I and 0.75I respectively. Develop the model for bending stress and shear stress. Design the intensity of the load for a  $p_f$  of  $10^{-4}$ .

#### **Problem 4**

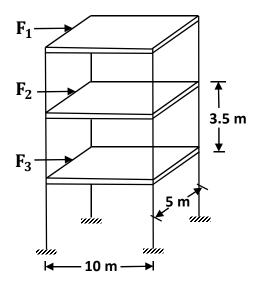


Figure 3

Evaluate peak rms value of the combined shear and bending stress at the base column of the frame shown in figure 3 and compare with time history simulation. Loads are zero mean Gaussian white noise of equal intensity. Design the structure for a failure probability of 1E-4. (Note: shear building assumption is not enough). Other properties are same as on Figure 1.