INDEXACIÓN Y SLICING EN PANDAS

Selección de datos de Pandas

Hay varias formas de seleccionar e indexar filas y columnas en Pandas :

- Seleccionar datos por posición (.iloc)
- Seleccionar datos por etiqueta o por una declaración condicional (.loc)

Para verificar la estructura que devuelve la selección (Series o Dataframe) asignar a una variable la selección y posteriormente aplicar type().

SLICING EN PANDAS CON ILOC

Indexación en Pandas

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

print(datos)

>>> import pandas as pd											
>>>	>>> datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')										
>>>	print(d	atos)									
	order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary				
0	1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750				
1	2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200				
2	3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750				
3	4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000				
4	5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500				
392	393	Prof	Α	33	30	Male	103106				
393	394	Prof	Α	31	19	Male	150564				
394	395	Prof	Α	42	25	Male	101738				
395	396	Prof	Α	25	15	Male	95329				
396	397	AsstProf	Α	8	4	Male	81035				
[397 rows x 7 columns]											

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000
7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000
8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147769
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	11980
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	7980
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	7770
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	7800
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800

Índice de columnas

El dataset que se utuliza en los ejemplos tiene 397 filas

Seleccionar una fila

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
print(datos)

datos.iloc[4]

En esta selección pandas devuelve una Serie

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	Índice de columnas								
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order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary			
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750			
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200			
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750			
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000			
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500			
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000			
7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000			
8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765			
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250			
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000			
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800			
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800			
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700			
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000			
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800			

Seleccionar última fila

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
print(datos)

datos.iloc[-1]

podemos ingresar una lista, con un solo índice entero, # cuando usamos iloc. Esto indexará una fila, pero la salida # será diferente en comparación con el ejemplo anterior: datos.iloc[[-1]]

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	Índice de columnas								
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order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary			
383	AssocProf	Α	8	5	Male	86895			
384	Prof	Α	44	44	Male	105000			
385	Prof	Α	27	21	Male	125192			
386	Prof	Α	15	9	Male	114330			
387	Prof	Α	29	27	Male	139219			
388	Prof	Α	29	15	Male	109305			
389	Prof	Α	38	36	Male	119450			
390	Prof	Α	33	18	Male	186023			
391	Prof	Α	40	19	Male	166605			
392	Prof	Α	30	19	Male	151292			
393	Prof	Α	33	30	Male	103106			
394	Prof	Α	31	19	Male	150564			
395	Prof	Α	42	25	Male	101738			
396	Prof	Α	25	15	Male	95329			
397	AsstProf	Α	8	4	Male	81035			

Seleccionar una celda específica

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

print(datos)

datos.iloc[9,5]

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	Índice de columnas								
0	1	2	3	4	5	6			
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary			
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750			
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200			
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750			
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000			
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500			
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000			
7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000			
8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765			
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250			
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000			
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800			
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800			
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700			
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000			
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800			

Seleccionar múltiples filas

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
print(datos)
datos.iloc[[7, 2, 0]]

En esta selección pandas devuelve un Dataframe

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Indice de columnas									
0		1	2	3	4	5	6		
order		rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary		
	1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750		
	2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200		
	3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750		
	4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000		
	5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500		
	6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000		
	7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000		
	8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	14776 5		
	9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250		
	10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000		
	11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800		
	12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800		
	13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700		
	14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000		
	15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800		

Seleccionar parte de los datos de una fila

```
Import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
print(datos)
datos.iloc[3, [1, 2, 3]]
```

En esta selección pandas devuelve una Serie

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	Índice de columnas							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6		
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary		
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750		
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200		
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750		
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000		
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500		
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000		
7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000		
8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765		
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250		
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000		
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800		
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800		
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700		
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000		
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800		

Seleccionar rango de filas y todas las columnas

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

print(datos)

datos.iloc[8:13]

Al seleccionar varias columnas o varias filas, las filas / columnas seleccionadas se ejecutarán desde el primer número hasta *uno menos* del segundo valor, por ejemplo, [1: 5] será 1, 2, 3, 4.

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order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000
7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000
8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800

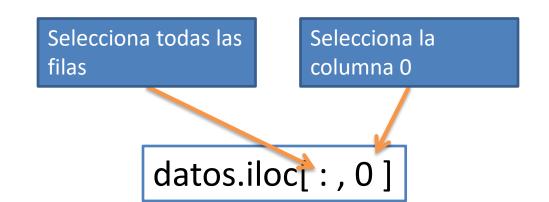
Seleccionar columnas

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

print(datos)

datos.iloc[:, 0]



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order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000
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8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar columnas

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

print(datos)

datos.iloc[:, -1]

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order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000
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8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar parte de filas y una columna

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
print(datos)

datos.iloc[1:5, 3]

En esta selección pandas devuelve una Serie

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order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000
7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000
8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar todas las filas y un rango de columnas

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

print(datos)

datos.iloc[:, 1:6]

En esta selección pandas devuelve un Dataframe

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order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750	
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200	
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750	
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000	
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500	
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000	
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8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765	
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250	
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000	
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800	
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800	
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700	
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000	
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800	

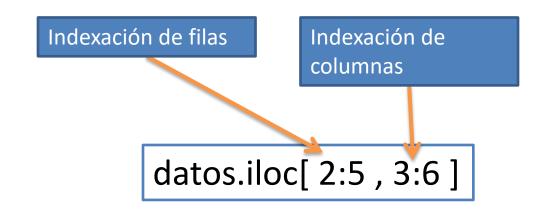
Seleccionar subconjuntos de celdas

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

print(datos)

datos.iloc[2:5, 3:6]



		0	1	2	3	4	5	6
		order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
	0	1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750
	1	2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200
	2	3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750
	3	4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000
	4	5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500
as	5	6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000
iii a	6	7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000
ğ	7	8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765
Índice de filas	8	9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250
₹	9	10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000
	10	11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800
	11	12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800
	12	13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700
	13	14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000
	14	15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800

SLICING EN PANDAS CON LOC

Seleccionar fila

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

print(datos)

datos.loc[3]
datos.loc[[3]]

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Indice de columnas									
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order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary			
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750			
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200			
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750			
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000			
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500			
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000			
7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000			
8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765			
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250			
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000			
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800			
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800			
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700			
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000			
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800			

Seleccionar subconjunto

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

print(datos)

datos.loc[1:5]

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6		
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary		
1	Prof	В	19		Male	139750		
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200		
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750		
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000		
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500		
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000		
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8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765		
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12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800		
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700		
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000		
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800		

Seleccionar filas alternadas

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

print(datos)

datos.loc[[1, 3, 7, 10, 13]]

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Índice de columnas								
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order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary		
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750		
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200		
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750		
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000		
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500		
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000		
7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000		
8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765		
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250		
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000		
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800		
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800		
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700		
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000		
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800		

Seleccionar con nombres de columnas

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

datos.loc[:, 'rank']

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order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary			
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750			
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200			
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750			
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000			
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500			
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000			
7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000			
8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765			
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250			
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000			
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800			
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800			
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700			
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000			
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800			

Seleccionar con nombres de columnas

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

datos.loc[1:5, ['rank', 'yrs.service']]

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Índice de columnas									
0 1 2 3 4 5									
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary			
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750			
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200			
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750			
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000			
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500			
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8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765			
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250			
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000			
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800			
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800			
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700			
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000			
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800			

Seleccionar con nombres de columnas

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

datos.loc[1:5, 'rank':'yrs.service']

	0
	1
	2
	3
	4
SB	5
ndice de filas	6
ğ	7
ë	8
트	9
	10
	11
	12
	13
	14

Índice de columnas								
0	1	2	3	4	5	6		
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary		
1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750		
2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200		
3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750		
4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000		
5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500		
6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000		
7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000		
8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765		
9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250		
10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000		
11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800		
12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800		
13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700		
14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000		
15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800		

Seleccionar con el nombre de una columna un dato determinado

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

datos.loc[datos['rank'] == 'Prof']

		marce de columnas							
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
		order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
	0	1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750	
	1	2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200	
	2	3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750	
	3	4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000	
	4	5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500	
filas	5	6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000	
=	6	7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000	
e de	7	8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	147765	
Índice	8	9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250	
₹	9	10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000	
	10	11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800	
	11	12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800	
	12	13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700	
	13	14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000	
	14	15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800	

Seleccionar filas usando múltiples condiciones

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

datos.loc[(datos['yrs.service'] > 25) & (datos['rank'] == 'AssocProf')]

		Índice de columnas							
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
		order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
		187	AssocProf	В	13	10	Female	10375	
			Prof	В	18		Male	10750	
1	188	189	AssocProf	В	28	28	Male	10630	
			Prof	В	25	19	Male	15375	
								4004	
			Prof	В	19		Male	12210	
			AssocProf	В	19		Male	8625	
1	194		AssocProf	В	48		Male	9000	
			AssocProf	В	9		Male	11360	
		197	AsstProf	В	4	4	Male	9270	
		259	AsstProf	Α	9	3	Male	7380	
		260	Prof	Α	32	30	Male	9255	
- 2	260	261	AssocProf	Α	41	33	Male	8860	
		262	Prof	Α	45	45	Male	1075	
		263	Prof	Α	31	26	Male	12120	
		284	Prof	Α	45	43	Male	15586	
		285	AssocProf	Α	8	6	Male	8865	
- 2	285	286	AssocProf	Α	49	49	Male	8180	
			Prof	Α	28	27	Male	11580	
		288	AsstProf	Α	2	0	Male	8500	
		298	Prof	Α	17	11	Male	14880	
			Prof	Α	49		Male	7230	
- 2	299		AssocProf	A	45		Male	7070	
			Prof	Α	39		Male	8860	
			Prof	Α	27		Male	12710	

Seleccionar filas usando múltiples condiciones

import pandas as pd

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

datos.loc[(datos['yrs.service'] > 25) & (datos['rank'] == 'AssocProf'), 'yrs.since.phd': 'sex']

	Índice de columnas							
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
	order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
	187	AssocProf	В	13	10	Female	103750	
		Prof	В	18		Male	107500	
188		AssocProf	В	28		Male	106300	
		Prof	В	25		Male	153750	
		Prof	В	19		Male	122100	
	194	AssocProf	В	19	19	Male	86250	
194	195	AssocProf	В	48	53	Male	90000	
	196	AssocProf	В	9	7	Male	113600	
	197	AsstProf	В	4	4	Male	92700	
	259	AsstProf	Α	9	3	Male	73800	
	260	Prof	Α	32	30	Male	92550	
260	261	AssocProf	A	41	33	Male	88600	
	262	Prof	Α	45	45	Male	107550	
	263	Prof	Α	31	26	Male	121200	
	284	Prof	A	45	43	Male	155865	
	285	AssocProf	A	8	6	Male	88650	
285	286	AssocProf	A	49	49	Male	81800	
	287	Prof	A	28	27	Male	115800	
	288	AsstProf	Α	2	0	Male	85000	
	298	Prof	A	17	11	Male	148800	
	299	Prof	A	49	43	Male	72300	
299	300	AssocProf	A	45	39	Male	70700	
	301	Prof	A	39	36	Male	88600	
	302	Prof	Α	27	16	Male	127100	

Agregando columna y dato según una condición

import pandas as pd

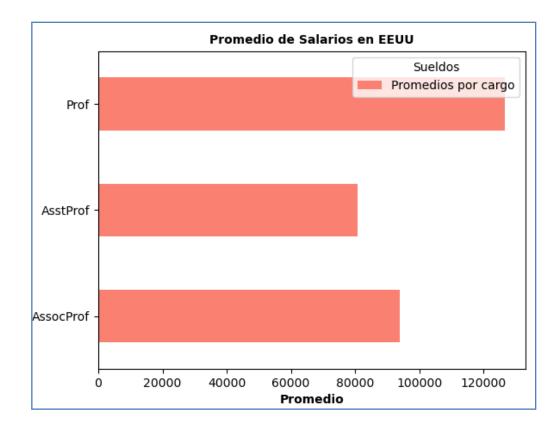
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

datos.loc[datos['yrs.service'] > 25, 'Antigüedad'] = 'Jubilable' datos.loc[datos['yrs.service'] > 25, 'yrs.since.phd':'Antigüedad']

		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
		order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	Antigüedad
Índice de filas	0	1	Prof	В	19	18	Male	139750	NaN
	1	2	Prof	В	20	16	Male	173200	NaN
	2	3	AsstProf	В	4	3	Male	79750	NaN
	3	4	Prof	В	45	39	Male	115000	Jubilable
	4	5	Prof	В	40	41	Male	141500	Jubilable
	5	6	AssocProf	В	6	6	Male	97000	NaN
	6	7	Prof	В	30	23	Male	175000	NaN
	7	8	Prof	В	45	45	Male	1477 65	Jubilable
	8	9	Prof	В	21	20	Male	119250	NaN
	9	10	Prof	В	18	18	Female	129000	NaN
	10	11	AssocProf	В	12	8	Male	119800	NaN
	11	12	AsstProf	В	7	2	Male	79800	NaN
	12	13	AsstProf	В	1	1	Male	77700	NaN
	13	14	AsstProf	В	2	0	Male	78000	NaN
	14	15	Prof	В	20	18	Male	104800	NaN

Gráfico agrupando datos

plt.show()

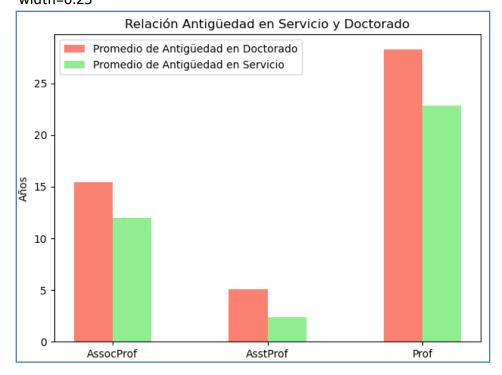


Graficando con valores de columnas aplicando funciones

import pandas as pd import matplotlib import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import numpy as np

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
cargos = ['AssocProf', 'AsstProf','Prof']
phd_means = pd.Series(datos.groupby('rank')['yrs.since.phd'].mean())
serv means = pd.Series(datos.groupby('rank')['yrs.service'].mean())

#Obtenemos la posicion de cada etiqueta en el eje de X
x = np.arange(len(cargos))
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
width=0.25



#Generamos las barras para el conjunto de promedios de sala rios

ax.bar(x -

width/2, phd_means, width, label='Promedio de Antigüedad en Doctorado',color='salmon')

#Generamos las barras para el conjunto de promedios de anti güedad

ax.bar(x + width/2, serv_means, width, label='Promedio de A ntigüedad en Servicio',color='lightgreen')

#Agregamos las etiquetas de identificación de valores en el gr afico

ax.set_ylabel('Años')

ax.set title('Relación Antigüedad en Servicio y Doctorado')

ax.set_xticks(x)

ax.set xticklabels(cargos)

#Agregamos legen() para mostrar con colores a que pertence cada valor.

ax.legend()

fig.tight_layout()

plt.show()

https://pandas.pydata.org/pandasdocs/stable/reference/api/pandas.DataFrame.html

https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html

https://pandas.pydata.org/pandasdocs/stable/reference/api/pandas.DataFrame.plot.barh.html