## T-test

**H**<sub>a</sub>: μ ≠ μ -> t-value > t-critical -> Alternative hypothesis true

 $H_0$ :  $\mu = \mu$  -> t-value < t-critical -> Null hypothesis true

α: 0.05 or 0.01 Accuracy of our conclusion -> Significance level

df: N - 1 or N - 2 Degrees of freedom **T-critical** (depends on  $\alpha$ )  $\frac{\alpha}{2} = 0.005$ = 0.005 $t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} = 5.841$ Reject  $H_0$ Reject  $H_0$ T-test when:

- Normally distributed populations
- Small sample sizes

T = 0.877