

(* Mathematica notebook for
spectra. Following [Esarey]'s paper in sections A. and B.
date : 04/03/2019
author: Óscar L. Amaro
*)

A. Linear polarization p. 3007

```
(*Parameters*)
γ0 = 5; (*p. 48*)
a0 = 0.5;
N0 = 7;

β0 = √(1 - 1 / γ0^2); (*normalizations*)
c = 1;
ω0 = 1;
k0 = ω0 / c;

h0 = γ0 (1 + β0); (* p.3006 (8c) *)

k = ω / c; (*p.3007 (26) *)
L0 =  $\frac{2\pi}{\omega_0}$  * β0; (*much larger than 1/k0??*)
η0 = L0 / 2;

r1 = a0 / (h0 k0); (*p. 3006 (16a) *)
z1 = -a0^2 / (8 h0^2 k0);
β1 = (1 - 1 / M0) / 2;
M0 = h0^2 / (1 + a0^2 / 2);
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In[ ]:= (*Functions p. 3008*)
kbar = Function[{θ, n, k}, k (1 - β1 (1 + Cos[θ])) - n k0]; (* (30a) *)

(*alpha*)
αz = Function[{θ, φ, n},  $\frac{n a_0^2 (1 + \cos[\theta])}{8 h_0^2 (1 - \beta_1 (1 + \cos[\theta]))}$ ]; (* (38a) *)

αx = Function[{θ, φ, n},  $\frac{n a_0 \sin[\theta] \cos[\phi]}{h_0 (1 - \beta_1 (1 + \cos[\theta]))}$ ]; (* (38b) *)

(*C*)
sumlim = 10; (*parameter that controls the sum*)
Cx = Function[{θ, φ, n},
  k0 r1 Sum[(-1)^m BesselJ[m, αz[θ, φ, n]]
    (BesselJ[n - 2 m - 1, αx[θ, φ, n]] + BesselJ[n - 2 m + 1, αx[θ, φ, n]]),
    {m, -sumlim, sumlim}]]; (* (37a) *)
Cz = Function[{θ, φ, n},
  2 Sum[(-1)^m BesselJ[m, αz[θ, φ, n]] (β1 * BesselJ[n - 2 m, αx[θ, φ, n]] + k0 z1 (
    BesselJ[n - 2 m - 2, αx[θ, φ, n]] + BesselJ[n - 2 m + 2, αx[θ, φ, n]] ) ),
    {m, -sumlim, sumlim}]]; (* (37b) *)

(*main*)
dIdωdΩ = Function[{ω, θ, φ},
   $\frac{k^2}{4 \pi^2}$  Sum[ $\left( \frac{\sin[kbar[\theta, n, k] \eta_0]}{kbar[\theta, n, k] \eta_0} \right)^2 ((Cx[\theta, \phi, n]^2) (1 - \sin[\theta]^2 \cos[\phi]^2) +$ 
     $Cz[\theta, \phi, n]^2 \sin[\theta]^2 - Cx[\theta, \phi, n] \times Cz[\theta, \phi, n] \sin[2 \theta] \cos[\phi])$ 
    , {n, 1, 10}]]; (* (36) *)

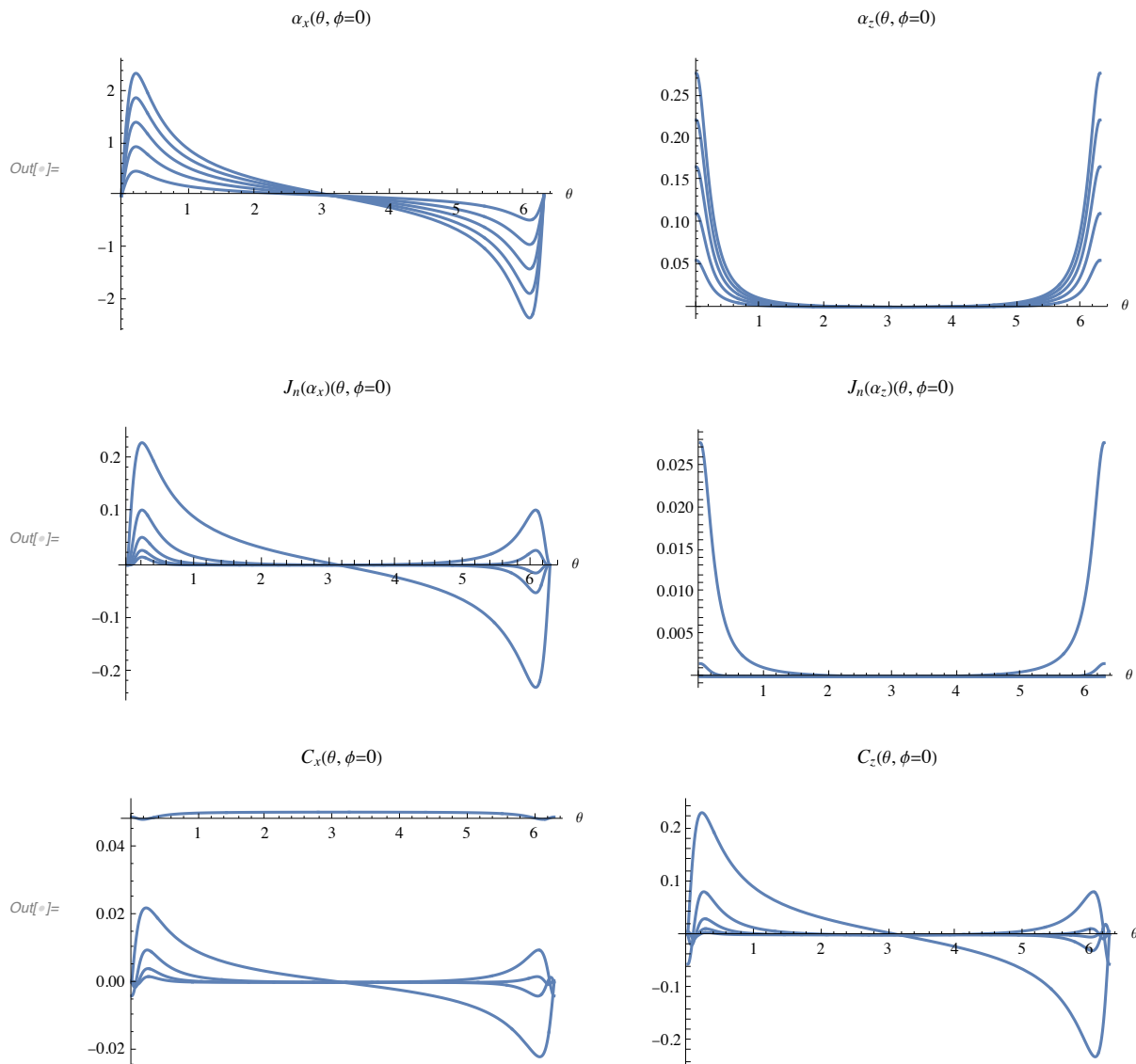
```

In[]:= (*Auxiliary functions*)

```
fig1 = Show[Table[Plot[ $\alpha_x[\theta, 0, n]$ , { $\theta, 0, 2\pi$ },
  PlotLabel → " $\alpha_x(\theta, \phi=0)$ ", PlotRange → All, AxesLabel → {" $\theta$ ", ""}], {n, 1, 5}]];
fig2 = Show[Table[Plot[ $\alpha_z[\theta, 0, n]$ , { $\theta, 0, 2\pi$ }, PlotLabel → " $\alpha_z(\theta, \phi=0)$ ",
  PlotRange → All, AxesLabel → {" $\theta$ ", ""}], {n, 1, 5}]];
GraphicsRow[{fig1, fig2}, ImageSize → 600]
```

```
fig1 = Show[Table[Plot[BesselJ[n,  $\alpha_x[\theta, 0, n]$ ], { $\theta, 0, 2\pi$ },
  PlotLabel → " $J_n(\alpha_x)(\theta, \phi=0)$ ", PlotRange → All, AxesLabel → {" $\theta$ ", ""}], {n, 1, 5}]];
fig2 = Show[Table[Plot[BesselJ[n,  $\alpha_z[\theta, 0, n]$ ], { $\theta, 0, 2\pi$ }, PlotLabel → " $J_n(\alpha_z)(\theta, \phi=0)$ ",
  PlotRange → All, AxesLabel → {" $\theta$ ", ""}], {n, 1, 5}]];
GraphicsRow[{fig1, fig2}, ImageSize → 600]
```

```
fig1 = Show[Table[Plot[ $C_x[\theta, 0, n]$ , { $\theta, 0, 2\pi$ },
  PlotLabel → " $C_x(\theta, \phi=0)$ ", PlotRange → All, AxesLabel → {" $\theta$ ", ""}], {n, 1, 5}]];
fig2 = Show[Table[Plot[ $C_z[\theta, 0, n]$ , { $\theta, 0, 2\pi$ }, PlotLabel → " $C_z(\theta, \phi=0)$ ",
  PlotRange → All, AxesLabel → {" $\theta$ ", ""}], {n, 1, 5}]];
GraphicsRow[{fig1, fig2}, ImageSize → 600]
```

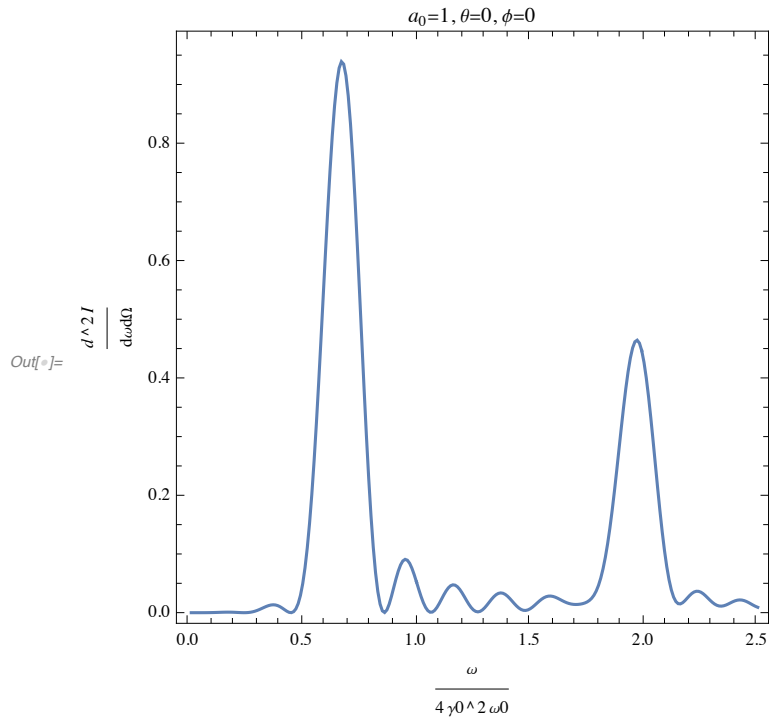


```

In[ ]:= (*1d*)
lst = Table[{y, dIdωdΩ[4 γ0^2 ω0 y, 0, 0] /. ω → (4 γ0^2 ω0 y)}, {y, 0.01, 2.5, 0.01}];

In[ ]:= ListPlot[lst, ImageSize → Medium, AspectRatio → 1,
  Joined → True, Frame → True, FrameLabel → {" $\frac{\omega}{4 \gamma_0^2 \omega_0}$ ", " $\frac{d^2 I}{d\omega d\Omega}$ "},
  PlotLabel → "a0=" <> ToString[a0] <> ", θ=0, φ=0", PlotRange → All]

```



```

In[ ]:= (*2d*)
tab = Table[{y, gθ, dIdωdΩ[4 γ0^2 ω0 y, gθ / γ0, 0] /. ω → (4 γ0^2 ω0 y)},
  {y, 0.01, 3, 0.05}, {gθ, 0, 1, 0.05}];
Dimensions[
  tab]
Out[ ]:= {60, 21, 3}

```

```

In[ ]:= ListPlot3D[Flatten[tab, 1], PlotLabel -> "a0=" <> ToString[a0] ,
  AxesLabel -> {" $\frac{\omega}{4 \gamma_0^2 \omega_0}$ ", " $\gamma_0 \theta$ ", " $\frac{d^2 I}{d\omega d\Omega}$ "}, PlotRange -> All]

```

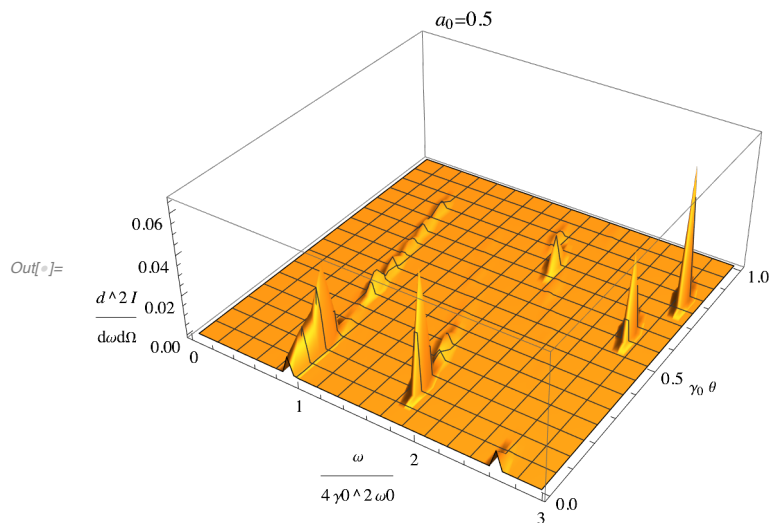


Fig 2: Normalized intensity ($a_0 = 5$, $N_0 = 7$, $\phi = 0$)

```

(*Solve for variable in horizontal axis. Keep the largest root.*)
Clear[y]
Solve[y == (a0^2 / 4) (1 + a0^2 / 2), a0][[4, 1, 2]] (*the article is somewhat ambiguous*)

Out[ ]:=  $\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{1 + 8 y}}$ 

In[ ]:= (*Define functions*)
Clear[n]
αn = Function[{n, a0}, (n a0^2 / 4) (1 + a0^2 / 2)];
Fn =
  Function[{n, a0}, n αn[n, a0] (BesselJ[ $\frac{n-1}{2}$ , αn[n, a0]] - BesselJ[ $\frac{n+1}{2}$ , αn[n, a0]])^2];

```

```
In[ ]:= (*Plot*)
```

```
Show[Table[Plot[Fn[n,  $\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{1 + 8 y}}$ ],  
  {y, 0, 0.5}, AspectRatio -> 1, Frame -> True, PlotRange -> All,  
  FrameLabel -> {" $(a_0^2 / 4) (1 + a_0^2 / 2)$ ", " $F_n(a_0)$ "}, {n, 1, 19, 2}]]
```

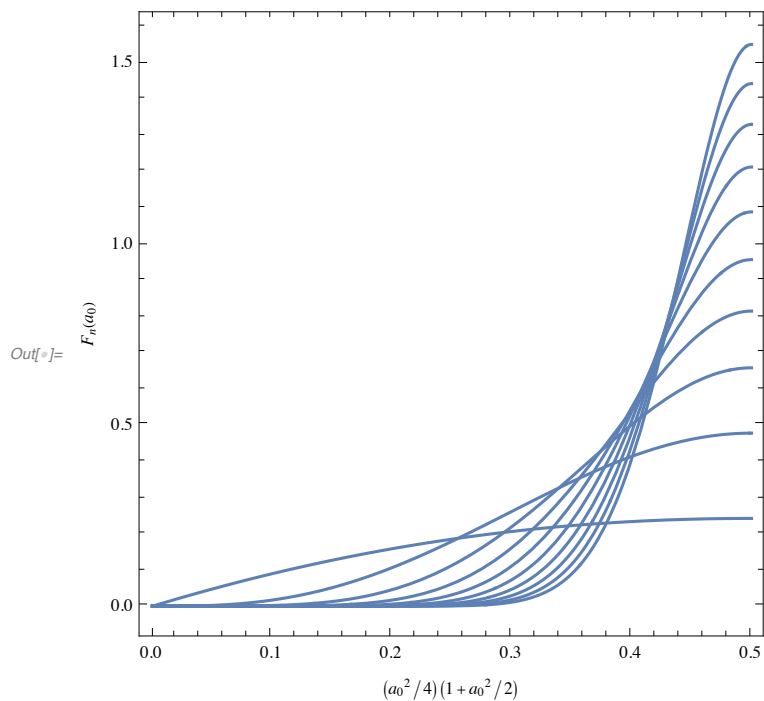


Fig 4: $F_n(a_0)$ as a function of $a_0^2 / 4 (1 + a_0^2 / 2)$

B. Circular polarization p. 3010

```
In[ ]:= Y = Function[  $\xi$ ,  $\xi^2 \text{BesselK}[2 / 3, \xi]^2$ ];
```

```

In[ ]:= LogLogPlot[Y[ξ], {ξ, 10^-1, 10^1}, AspectRatio -> 1,
Frame -> True, FrameLabel -> {"ξ=ω/ω_c", "Y(ξ)"}]

```

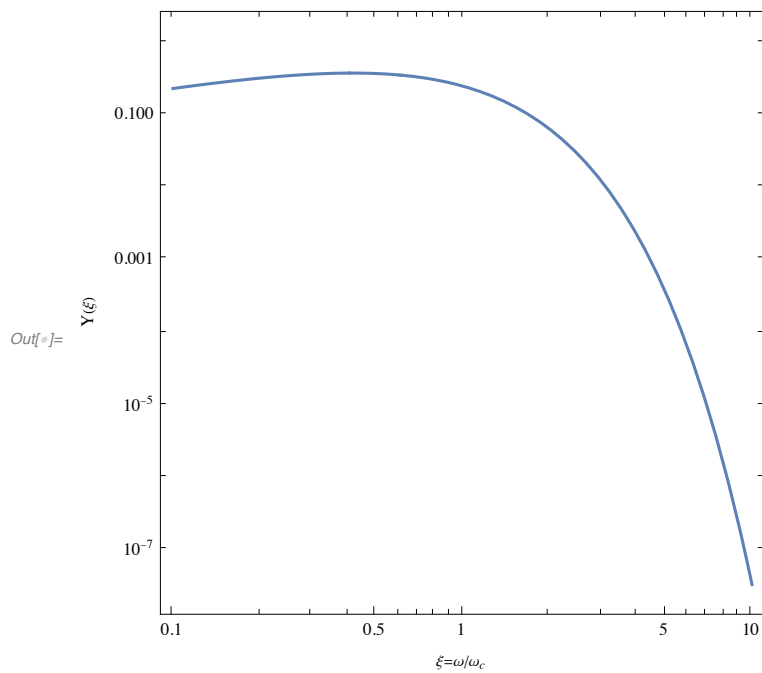


Fig 7: $Y = \xi^2 K_{2/3}(\xi)^2$

2. Linear polarization p. 3014

```

In[ ]:= (*FIG 8*)
Clear[a0]

h0 = 1; (*arbitrário?*)
ω0 = 1;
γ0 = 5;
M0 = 1; (*arbitrário?*)
nc = 3 a0^3 / (2 × √2); (*approx*)
γ =  $\frac{a0 (M0 + 1)}{2 \times (2 M0)^{0.5}}$ ;
ωc = nc (M0 + 1) ω0 / 2;
ξ =  $\frac{\omega}{\omega c} (1 + \gamma^2 \theta^2)^{1.5}$ ;
ωNOR =  $\frac{\omega}{\omega 0}$ ;
d2Idod0 = Function[{ωNOR, a1},
 $\frac{\gamma^2 \xi^2}{1 + \gamma^2 \theta^2} \left( \frac{\gamma^2 \theta^2}{1 + \gamma^2 \theta^2} \text{BesselK}[1/3, \xi]^2 + \text{BesselK}[2/3, \xi]^2 \right) /. a0 \rightarrow a1$ ];
θ = Pi / 2;
Plot[{d2Idod0[ωNOR, 6], d2Idod0[ωNOR, 4]}, {ω, 0, 250},
PlotRange → All, PlotLegends → Placed[{"a0=4", "a0=6"}, Above]]

```

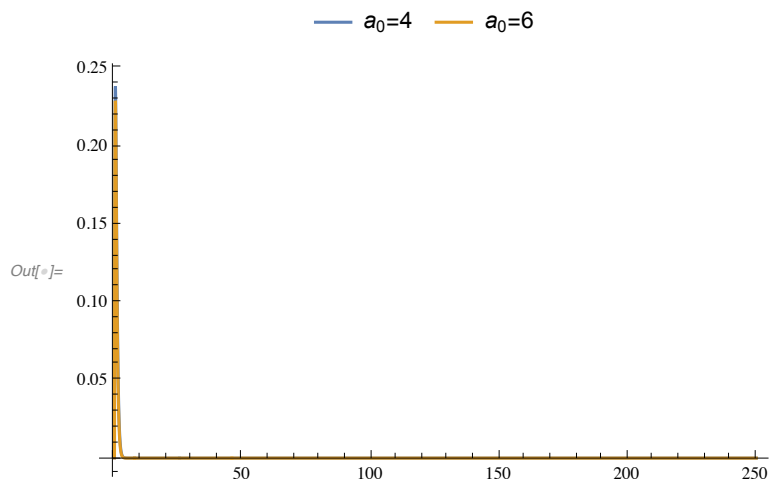


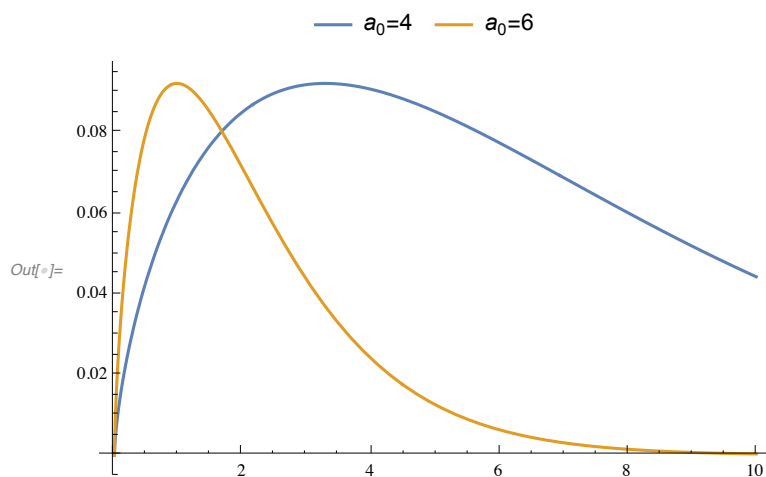
Fig 8:


```

Clear[a0]

h0 = 1; (*arbitrário?*)
ω0 = 1;
γ0 = 5;
M0 = 0.1; (*arbitrário?*)
nc = 3 a0^3 / 4; (*approx*)
γh = h0 / 2;
ωc = nc M0 ω0;
ξ =  $\frac{\omega}{\omega c} (1 + \gamma h^2 \theta^2)^{1.5}$ ;
ωNOR =  $\frac{\omega}{4 \gamma \theta^2 \omega_0^2}$ ;
d2Idod0 = Function[{ωNOR, a1},
   $\frac{\gamma h^2 \xi^2}{1 + \gamma h^2 \theta^2} \left( \frac{\gamma h^2 \theta^2}{1 + \gamma h^2 \theta^2} \text{BesselK}[1/3, \xi]^2 + \text{BesselK}[2/3, \xi]^2 \right) /. a0 \rightarrow a1$ ];
θ = 0;
Plot[{d2Idod0[ωNOR, 6], d2Idod0[ωNOR, 4]}, {ω, 0, 10},
  PlotRange → All, PlotLegends → Placed[{"a0=4", "a0=6"}, Above]]

```



(*where to look for harmonics*)

```

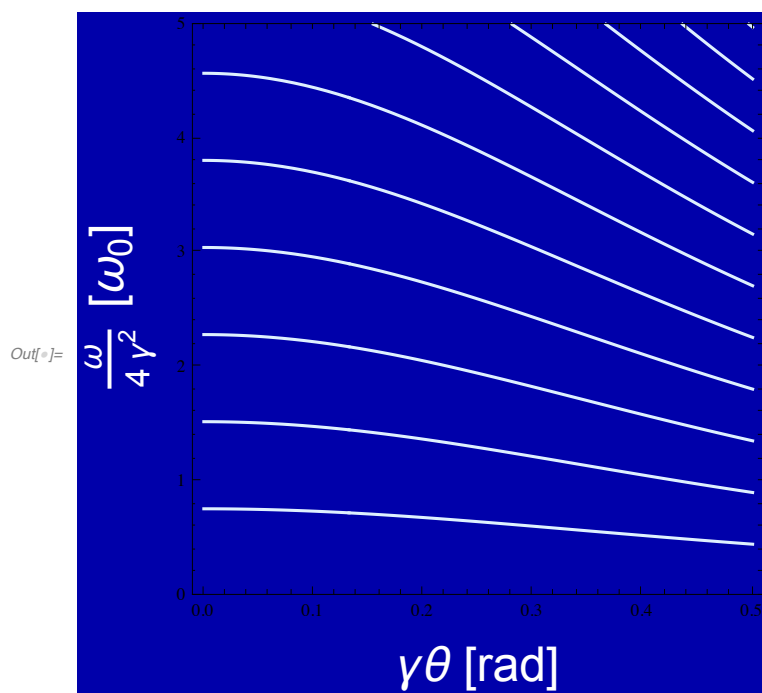
In[ ]:=  $\gamma\theta = 2;$ 
 $a\theta = 0.1;$ 

 $\omega\theta = 1;$ 
 $\beta\theta = \sqrt{1 - 1 / \gamma\theta^2};$ 
 $M\theta = \gamma\theta^2 (1 + \beta\theta^2)^2 / (1 + a\theta^2 / 2);$ 
 $\beta1 = (1 - 1 / M\theta) / 2;$ 

 $\omega n[\theta_, n_] := \frac{n \omega\theta}{1 - \beta1 (1 + \text{Cos}[\theta])}$ 

Show[ Table[Plot[ $\frac{\omega n[\theta, n]}{4 \gamma\theta^2}$ , { $\theta$ , 0, 1 /  $\gamma\theta$ }, PlotRange -> {0, 5},
  PlotStyle -> LightBlue, AspectRatio -> 1, Axes -> False, Frame -> True, FrameLabel ->
    {Text[Style[" $\gamma\theta$  [rad]", White, 25]], Text[Style[" $\frac{\omega}{4 \gamma^2}$  [ $\omega_0$ ]", White, 25]]},
  Background -> Darker[Blue]], {n, 1, 30, 1}] ]

```



lpw

(* Mathematica notebook for trajetory in linear polarized
plane wave. Following [Esarey]'s paper in section II. Electron
Motion in Intense Laser Fields (p. 3005) 1) Linear Polarization

date : 17/01/2019

author: Óscar L. Amaro

*)

```

(*Parameters*)
N0 = 7;
dt = 0.1 / 8;
tmax = Round[N0 * 2 π / dt]; (* normalized time*)
η = Table[t * dt, {t, 1, tmax, 1}]; (*eta*)

a0 = 1; (*normalized amplitude*)
δp = 0; (*1-linear, 0-circular*)
γ0 = 5; (*initial gamma *)
γ0L =  $\frac{\gamma_0}{1 + \frac{a_0^2}{2}}$ ; (*average gamma *)
β0 = Sqrt[1 - 1 / (γ0 * γ0)]; (*initial β *)
h0 = γ0 (1 + β0);
k0 = 1;
M0 =  $\frac{h_0^2}{1 + a_0^2 / 2}$ ;

(*p.3006*)
r1 =  $\frac{a_0}{h_0 k_0}$ ;
z1 =  $\frac{-a_0^2}{8 h_0^2 k_0}$ ;
β1 =  $\frac{1 - 1 / M_0}{2}$ ;
β1avg =  $\frac{M_0 - 1}{M_0 + 1}$ ;

(*Arrays*)
a = Table[ $\frac{a_0}{\sqrt{2}} \{ (1 + \delta p)^{0.5} \cos[\eta[t]], (1 - \delta p)^{0.5} \sin[\eta[t]], 0 \}$ , {t, 1, tmax, 1}];
βz = Table[ $\frac{h_0^2 - (1 + \text{Norm}[a[t]]^2)}{h_0^2 + (1 + \text{Norm}[a[t]]^2)}$ , {t, 1, tmax, 1}];
γ = Table[ $\frac{h_0^2 + 1 + \text{Norm}[a[t]]^2}{2 h_0}$ , {t, 1, tmax, 1}];
βprp = Table[ $\left\{ \frac{a[t, 1]}{\gamma[t]}, \frac{a[t, 2]}{\gamma[t]} \right\}$ , {t, 1, tmax, 1}];

(*linear*)
x = Table[r1 Sin[k0 η[t]], {t, 1, tmax, 1}];
y = Table[0, {t, 1, tmax, 1}];
z = Table[β1 η[t] + z1 Sin[2 k0 η[t]], {t, 1, tmax, 1}];

(*circular*)
x = Table[ $\frac{r1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin[k_0 \eta[t]]$ , {t, 1, tmax, 1}];
y = Table[ $-\frac{r1}{\sqrt{2}} \cos[k_0 \eta[t]]$ , {t, 1, tmax, 1}];
z = Table[β1 η[t], {t, 1, tmax, 1}];

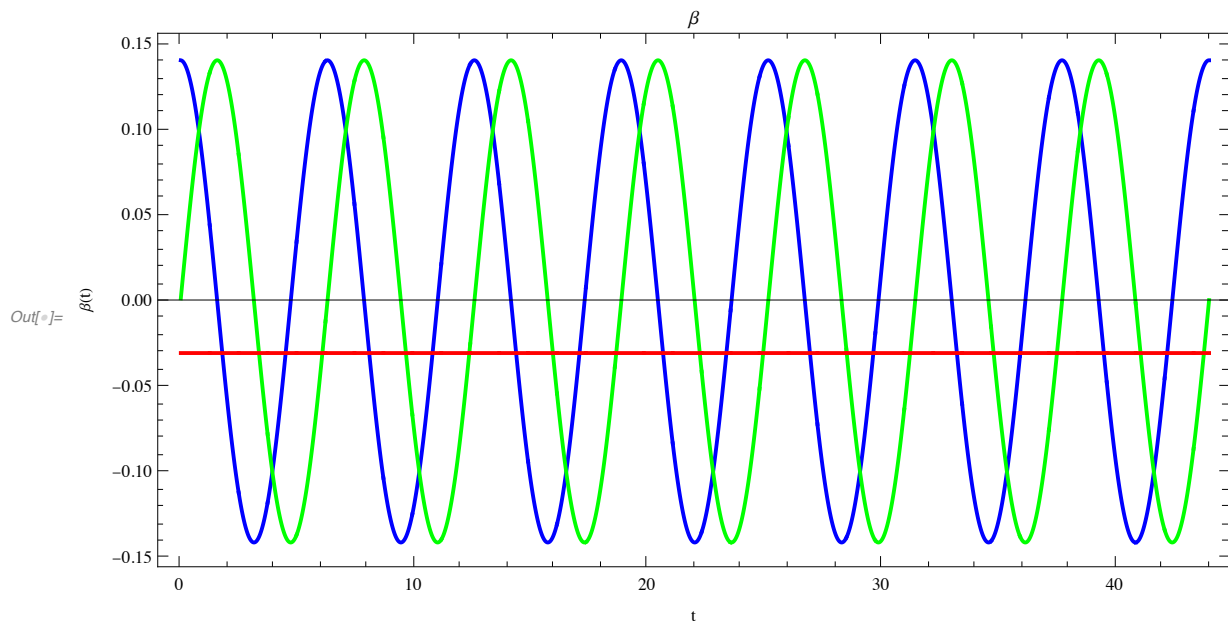
```

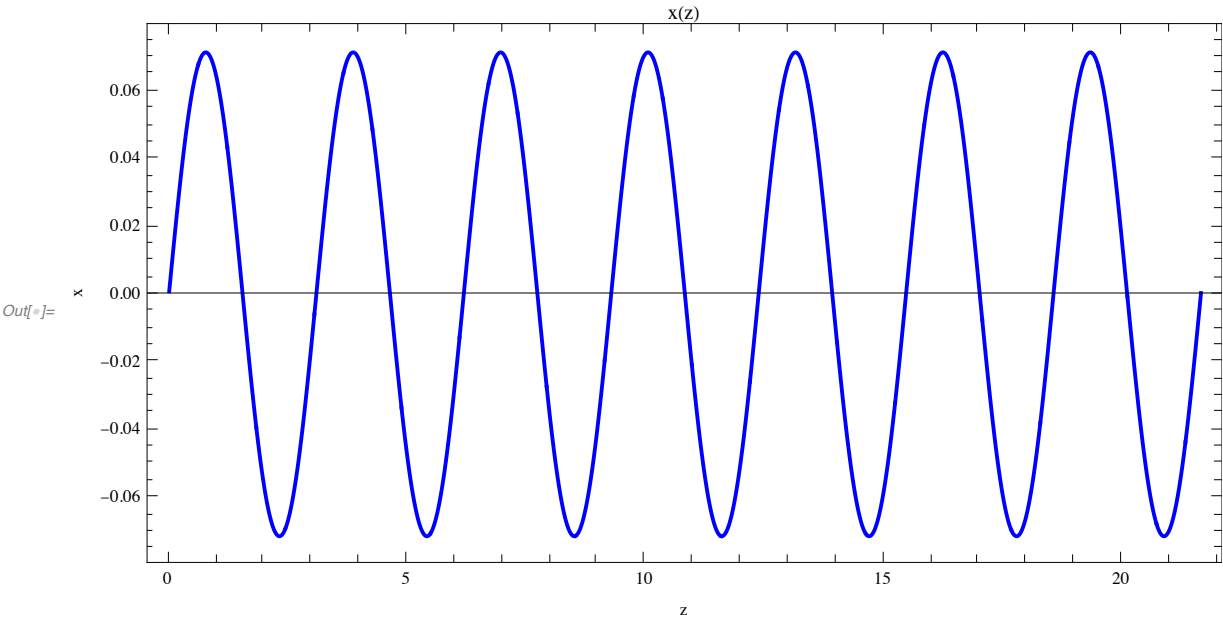
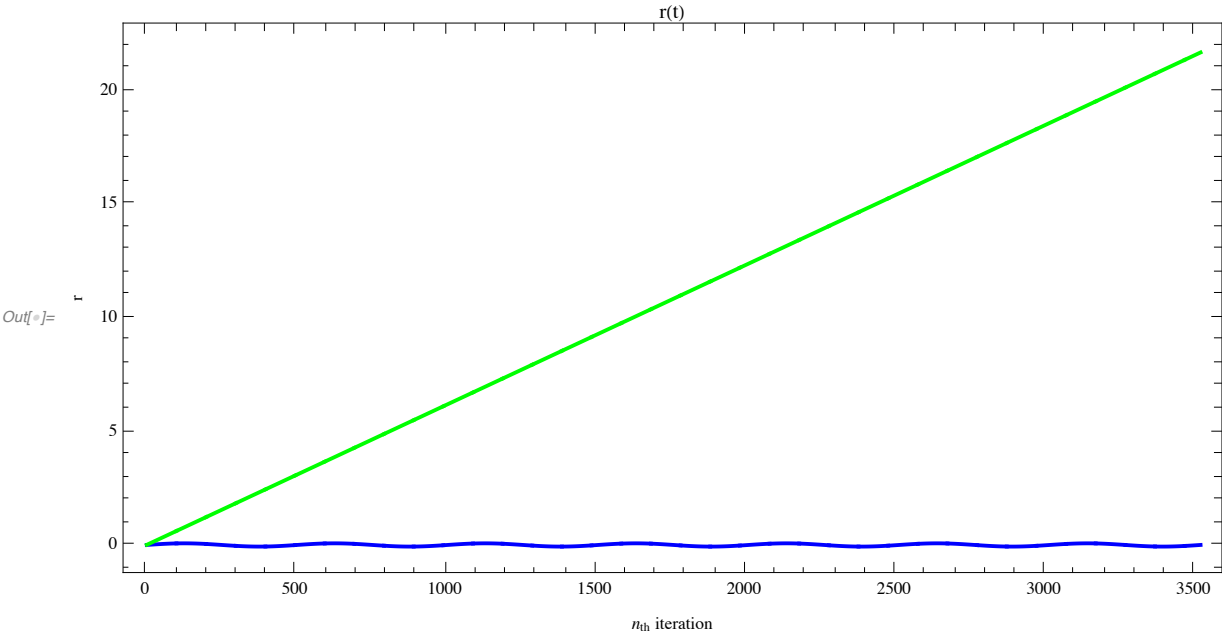
In[]:= (*Plot*)

```
ListPlot[{Transpose[{ $\eta$ ,  $\beta_{prp}[\text{All}, 1]$ ]}],
  Transpose[{ $\eta$ ,  $\beta_{prp}[\text{All}, 2]$ ]}],
  Transpose[{ $\eta$ ,  $\beta_z - 1$ ]}],
  PlotStyle → {Directive[Thick, Blue], Directive[Thick, Green], Directive[Thick, Red]},
  Joined → True, AspectRatio → 0.5, ImageSize → 600, Frame → True,
  FrameLabel → {"t", " $\beta(t)$ "}, PlotRange → All, PlotLabel → " $\beta$ "]
```

```
ListPlot[{x, z},
  PlotStyle → {Directive[Thick, Blue], Directive[Thick, Green], Directive[Thick, Red]},
  Joined → True, AspectRatio → 0.5, ImageSize → 600, Frame → True,
  FrameLabel → {"nth iteration", "r"}, PlotRange → All, PlotLabel → "r(t)"]
```

```
ListPlot[Transpose[{z, x}],
  PlotStyle → {Directive[Thick, Blue], Directive[Thick, Green], Directive[Thick, Red]},
  Joined → True, AspectRatio → 0.5, ImageSize → 600, Frame → True,
  FrameLabel → {"z", "x"}, PlotRange → All, PlotLabel → "x(z)"]
```





```
In[ ]:= (*Export*)
lst =  $\eta$ ;
Dimensions[lst]
Export["dataT.txt", lst, "Table"]

lst = Transpose[{ $\beta$ prp[All, 1],  $\beta$ prp[All, 2],  $\beta$ z}];
Dimensions[lst]
Export["dataBETA.txt", lst, "Table"]

lst = Transpose[{x, y, z}];
Dimensions[lst]
Export["dataR.txt", lst, "Table"]

Out[ ]:= {3519}
Out[ ]:= dataT.txt
Out[ ]:= {3519, 3}
Out[ ]:= dataBETA.txt
Out[ ]:= {3519, 3}
Out[ ]:= dataR.txt
```