```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

## Level 1: Data Loading and Basic Analysis

#### 1. Load the data into pandas dataframes

```
In [1]: df_sales=pd.read_csv("given_sales.csv")

df_customer=pd.read_csv("given_customers.csv")

df_regions=pd.read_csv("given_regions.csv")

df_products=pd.read_csv("given_products.csv")
```

In [5]: df\_sales

Out[5]:

	sales_id	product_id	customer_id	sales_amount	date	region_id
0	1	101	201	1000	01-01-2022	1
1	2	102	202	1500	02-01-2022	2
2	3	103	203	800	03-01-2022	1
3	4	104	204	1200	04-01-2022	3
4	5	105	205	2000	05-01-2022	1
•••						
95	96	196	296	1250	06-04-2022	9
96	97	197	297	850	07-04-2022	10
97	98	198	298	1950	08-04-2022	1
98	99	199	299	1300	09-04-2022	2
99	100	200	300	1750	10-04-2022	3

100 rows × 6 columns

In [6]: df\_products

	product_id	product_name	category	price
0	101	Product A	Electronics	500
1	102	Product B	Clothing	800
2	103	Product C	Home Decor	300
3	104	Product D	Electronics	1000
4	105	Product E	Beauty	1500
•••				
95	196	Product CR	Sports	850
96	197	Product CS	Clothing	650
97	198	Product CT	Electronics	1400
98	199	Product CU	Home Decor	1900
99	200	Product CV	Beauty	2400

100 rows × 4 columns

In [7]: df\_customer

Out[6]:

	customer_id	customer_name	email	address
0	201	John Doe	john@example.com	123 Main St, Anytown, USA
1	202	Jane Smith	jane@example.com	456 Elm St, Othertown, USA
2	203	Robert Brown	robert@example.com	789 Oak St, Anycity, USA
3	204	Lisa Johnson	lisa@example.com	321 Maple St, Somewhere, USA
4	205	Michael Wilson	michael@example.com	654 Pine St, Nowhere, USA
95	296	Amelia Foster	amelia@example.com	366 Oak St, Nowhere, USA
96	297	Oliver Reyes	oliver@example.com	586 Maple St, Anytown, USA
97	298	Sophia Gray	sophia@example.com	747 Pine St, Othertown, USA
98	299	Elijah Bryant	elijah@example.com	983 Cedar St, Somewhere, USA
99	300	Harper Watson	harper@example.com	624 Elm St, Nowhere, USA

100 rows × 4 columns

In [8]: df\_regions

	region_id	region_name
0	1	East Coast
1	2	West Coast
2	3	Midwest
3	4	South
4	5	Northeast
•••		
95	96	West Coast
96	97	Midwest
97	98	South
98	99	Northeast
99	100	Southwest

Out[8]:

100 rows × 2 columns

```
In [9]: merged_df = pd.merge(df_sales, df_products, on='product_id')
merged_df=pd.merge(merged_df, df_customer, on='customer_id')
merged_df=pd.merge(merged_df, df_regions, on='region_id')
```

```
In [12]: merged_df
```

Out[12]:		sales_id	product_id	customer_id	sales_amount	date	region_id	product_name	category
	0	1	101	201	1000	01-01-2022	1	Product A	Electronics
	1	3	103	203	800	03-01-2022	1	Product C	Home Decoi
	2	5	105	205	2000	05-01-2022	1	Product E	Beauty
	3	8	108	208	3000	08-01-2022	1	Product H	Home Decoi
	4	11	111	211	1300	11-01-2022	1	Product K	Sports
	•••								
	95	57	157	257	800	26-02-2022	10	Product BE	Clothing
	96	67	167	267	850	08-03-2022	10	Product BO	Clothing
	97	77	177	277	850	18-03-2022	10	Product BY	Clothing
	98	87	187	287	850	28-03-2022	10	Product CI	Clothing
	99	97	197	297	850	07-04-2022	10	Product CS	Clothing

100 rows × 13 columns

## 2. Display the first 5 rows of the database

In [13]: merged\_df.head(5)

Out[13]:		sales_id	product_id	customer_id	sales_amount	date	region_id	product_name	category
	0	1	101	201	1000	01-01-2022	1	Product A	Electronics
	1	3	103	203	800	03-01-2022	1	Product C	Home Decor
	2	5	105	205	2000	05-01-2022	1	Product E	Beauty
	3	8	108	208	3000	08-01-2022	1	Product H	Home Decor
	4	11	111	211	1300	11-01-2022	1	Product K	Sports

## 3. Check the shape of the database

In [14]: merged\_df.shape

In [16]: merged\_df.describe()

Out[14]: (100, 13)

### 4. Display basic statistics (mean, median, min, max, etc.) for Sales

 . Display bas	ic statistics (	incan, meai	an, min, max,	ctc.) for bales

In [15]:	merged_	_df.describe	(include=' <mark>a</mark>	11')					
Out[15]:		sales_id	product_id	customer_id	sales_amount	date	region_id product_na		
	count	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000	100	100.000000	100	
	unique	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	100	NaN	98	
	top	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	01-01-2022	NaN	Product CC	Е
	freq	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	1	NaN	2	
	mean	50.500000	150.500000	250.500000	1499.000000	NaN	4.780000	NaN	
	std	29.011492	29.011492	29.011492	510.593831	NaN	2.983388	NaN	
	min	1.000000	101.000000	201.000000	600.000000	NaN	1.000000	NaN	
	25%	25.750000	125.750000	225.750000	1100.000000	NaN	2.000000	NaN	
	50%	50.500000	150.500000	250.500000	1500.000000	NaN	4.000000	NaN	
	75%	75.250000	175.250000	275.250000	1850.000000	NaN	7.000000	NaN	
	max	100.000000	200.000000	300.000000	3000.000000	NaN	10.000000	NaN	

	sales_id	product_id	customer_id	sales_amount	region_id	price
count	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000	100.00000
mean	50.500000	150.500000	250.500000	1499.000000	4.780000	1366.00000
std	29.011492	29.011492	29.011492	510.593831	2.983388	591.68822
min	1.000000	101.000000	201.000000	600.000000	1.000000	300.00000
25%	25.750000	125.750000	225.750000	1100.000000	2.000000	887.50000
50%	50.500000	150.500000	250.500000	1500.000000	4.000000	1350.00000
75%	75.250000	175.250000	275.250000	1850.000000	7.000000	1800.00000
max	100.000000	200.000000	300.000000	3000.000000	10.000000	2500.00000

#### 5. Determine the number of unique products sold

Out[16]:

```
In [26]: # From above observation we can see that sales amount, region id, price have almost same media
              # data is normallized and not skewed
In [17]: merged_df.product_name.unique()
Out[17]: array(['Product A', 'Product C', 'Product E', 'Product H', 'Product K',
                        'Product N', 'Product Q', 'Product T', 'Product BB', 'Product LL',
                        'Product AV', 'Product BF', 'Product BP', 'Product BZ', 'Product CJ', 'Product CT', 'Product B', 'Product F', 'Product I',
                        'Product L', 'Product O', 'Product R', 'Product CC', 'Product MM', 'Product AW', 'Product BG', 'Product BQ', 'Product CA', 'Product CK', 'Product CU', 'Product D', 'Product G', 'Product J',
                        'Product M', 'Product P', 'Product S', 'Product DD', 'Product NN',
                        'Product AX', 'Product BH', 'Product BR', 'Product CB', 'Product CL', 'Product CV', 'Product U', 'Product EE',
                        'Product AO', 'Product AY', 'Product BI', 'Product BS', 'Product CM', 'Product V', 'Product FF', 'Product AP', 'Product AZ', 'Product BJ', 'Product BT', 'Product CD',
                        'Product CN', 'Product W', 'Product GG', 'Product AQ',
                        'Product BA', 'Product BK', 'Product BU', 'Product CE', 'Product CO', 'Product X', 'Product HH', 'Product AR',
                        'Product BL', 'Product BV', 'Product CF', 'Product CP', 'Product Y', 'Product II', 'Product AS', 'Product BC',
                        'Product BM', 'Product BW', 'Product CG', 'Product CQ',
                        'Product Z', 'Product JJ', 'Product AT', 'Product BD',
                        'Product BN', 'Product BX', 'Product CH', 'Product CR', 'Product AA', 'Product KK', 'Product AU', 'Product BE',
                        'Product BO', 'Product BY', 'Product CI', 'Product CS'],
                       dtype=object)
In [18]: merged_df['product_name'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[18]: Product CC
         Product BB
         Product A
         Product BK
         Product CF
                       1
         Product G
                       1
         Product D
                       1
         Product CU
                       1
         Product CK
         Product CS
                       1
         Name: product_name, Length: 98, dtype: int64
```

Level 2: Da#a Cleaning and Preprocessing

- 1. Handle missing values by flling +hem wi+h appropria+e values (e.g., mean or median).
- 2. Conver+ ca+egorical variables +o numerical represen+aAon using one-ho+ encoding or label

encoding. 3. Check :or and remove any duplica+e rows in +he da+ase+. 4. Normalize +he 'Sales' column +o a scale be+ween 0 and 1. 5. IdenA:y and remove ou+liers :rom +he da+ase+ using appropria+e +echniques.

### Level 2: Data Cleaning and Pre-processing

1. Handle missing values by filling hem wih appropriae values (e.g., mean or median)

```
In [19]: merged_df.isnull().sum()
Out[19]: sales id
                           0
                           0
         product_id
         customer_id
         sales_amount
         date
         region_id
                           0
         product_name
                           0
                           0
         category
         price
         customer_name
         email
                           0
         address
                           0
                           0
         region name
         dtype: int64
```

2. Convert categorical variables to numerical representation using one-hot encoding or label encoding.

In [200…	df1	.head()							
Out[200]:		sales_id	product_id	customer_id	sales_amount	date	region_id	product_name	category
	0	1	101	201	1000	01-01-2022	1	Product A	Electronics
	1	3	103	203	800	03-01-2022	1	Product C	Home Decor
	2	5	105	205	2000	05-01-2022	1	Product E	Beauty
	3	8	108	208	3000	08-01-2022	1	Product H	Home Decor
	4	11	111	211	1300	11-01-2022	1	Product K	Sports

## 3. Check for and remove any duplicate rows in the database

In [24]: duplicate\_val=df1.duplicated() duplicate\_val.value\_counts() #no duplicate #incase dulicate is there we can remove using following # df.drop\_duplicates(inplace=True)

Out[24]: False 100 dtype: int64

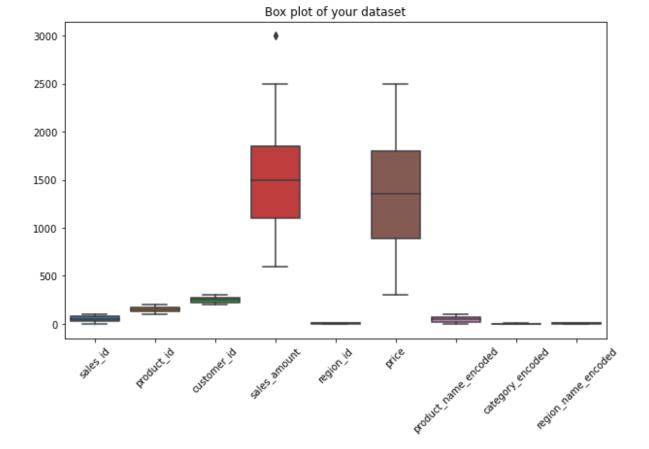
In [25]: df1

Out[25]:		sales_id	product_id	customer_id	sales_amount	date	region_id	product_name	category
	0	1	101	201	1000	01-01-2022	1	Product A	Electronics
	1	3	103	203	800	03-01-2022	1	Product C	Home Decoi
	2	5	105	205	2000	05-01-2022	1	Product E	Beauty
	3	8	108	208	3000	08-01-2022	1	Product H	Home Decoi
	4	11	111	211	1300	11-01-2022	1	Product K	Sports
	•••								••
	95	57	157	257	800	26-02-2022	10	Product BE	Clothing
	96	67	167	267	850	08-03-2022	10	Product BO	Clothing
	97	77	177	277	850	18-03-2022	10	Product BY	Clothing
	98	87	187	287	850	28-03-2022	10	Product CI	Clothing
	99	97	197	297	850	07-04-2022	10	Product CS	Clothing

100 rows × 16 columns

- 4. Normalize the 'Sales' column to a scale between 0 and 1.
- 5. Identify and remove outliers from the database using appropriate techniques.

```
In [29]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    sns.boxplot(data=df1)
    plt.title('Box plot of your dataset')
    plt.xticks(rotation=45) # Rotate x-axis labels for better readability
    plt.show()
```

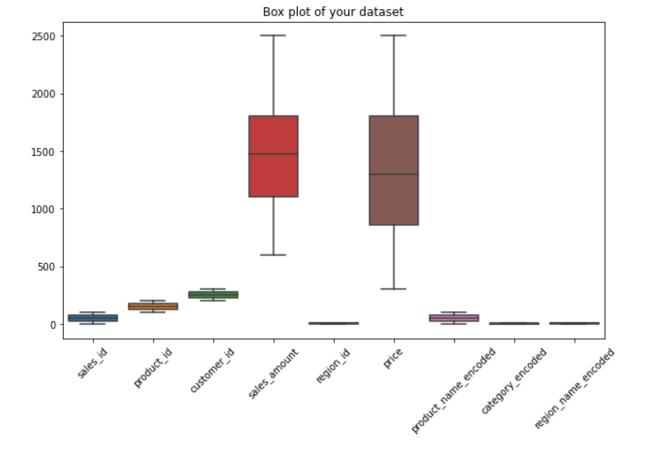


Out[45]:		sales_id	product_id	customer_id	sales_amount	date	region_id	product_name	category
	0	1	101	201	1000	01-01-2022	1	Product A	Electronics
	1	3	103	203	800	03-01-2022	1	Product C	Hom€ Decoi
	2	5	105	205	2000	05-01-2022	1	Product E	Beauty
	4	11	111	211	1300	11-01-2022	1	Product K	Sports
	5	14	114	214	1700	14-01-2022	1	Product N	Home Decoi
	•••								•••
	95	57	157	257	800	26-02-2022	10	Product BE	Clothinç
	96	67	167	267	850	08-03-2022	10	Product BO	Clothing
	97	77	177	277	850	18-03-2022	10	Product BY	Clothing
	98	87	187	287	850	28-03-2022	10	Product CI	Clothing
	99	97	197	297	850	07-04-2022	10	Product CS	Clothing

98 rows × 16 columns

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=cleaned_sales)
plt.title('Box plot of your dataset')
plt.xticks(rotation=45) # Rotate x-axis labels for better readability
plt.show()

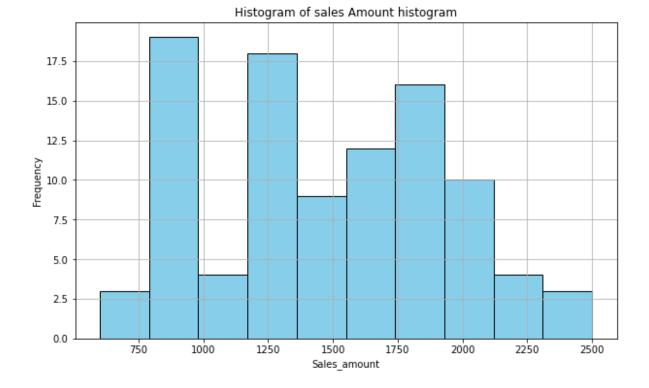
# we can see that two rows has been removed and the two outlier values has been removed
```



Level 3: Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

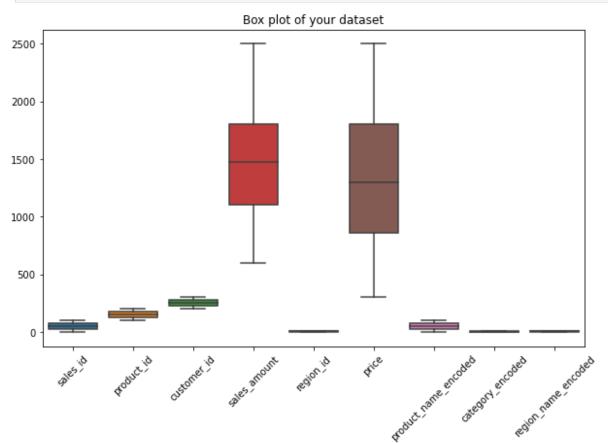
1. Visualize the distribution of sales amounts using a histogram

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.hist(df['sales_amount'], bins=10, color='skyblue', edgecolor='black') # Adjust the number
plt.title('Histogram of {}'.format('sales Amount histogram'))
plt.xlabel('Sales_amount')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



### 2. Create a boxplot to identify any outliers in the sales data.

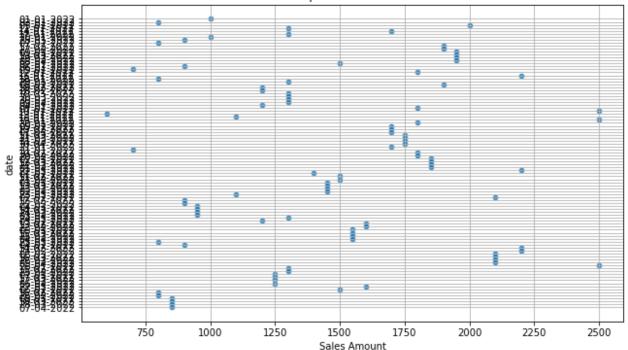
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=cleaned_sales)
plt.title('Box plot of your dataset')
plt.xticks(rotation=45) # Rotate x-axis labels for better readability
plt.show()
```

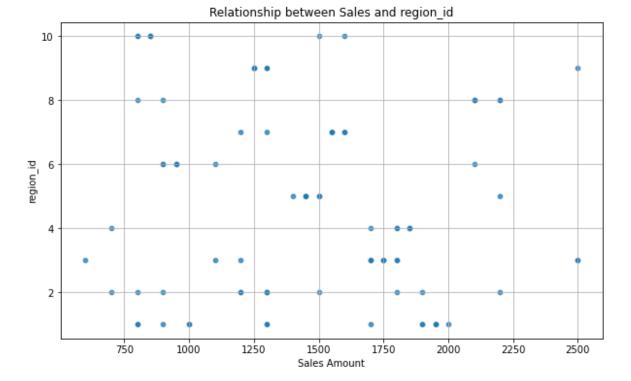


# 3. Explore the relationship between sales and other variables using scatter plots.

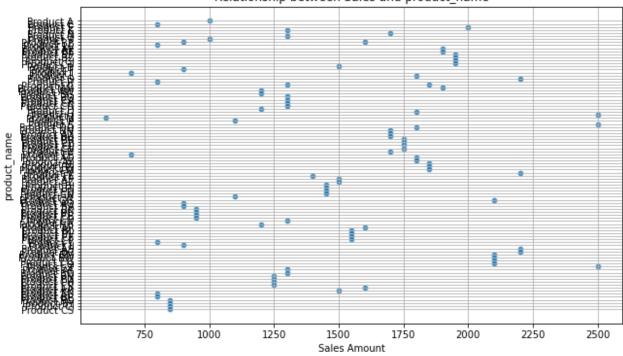
```
In [186...
         # Define the required columns for scatter plots
         required_columns = ['date', 'region_id', 'product_name','category','region_name']
         # Create scatter plots for each combination of sales and other variables
         for column in required_columns:
             plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
             # Scatter plot between sales and the current variable
             sns.scatterplot(data=cleaned_sales, x='sales_amount', y=column, alpha=0.8)
             # Set plot labels and title
             plt.title(f'Relationship between Sales and {column}')
             plt.xlabel('Sales Amount')
             plt.ylabel(column)
             # Show grid
             plt.grid(True)
             # Show plot
             plt.show()
```

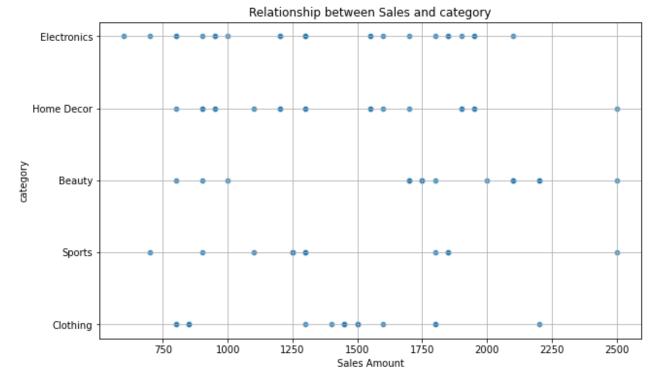


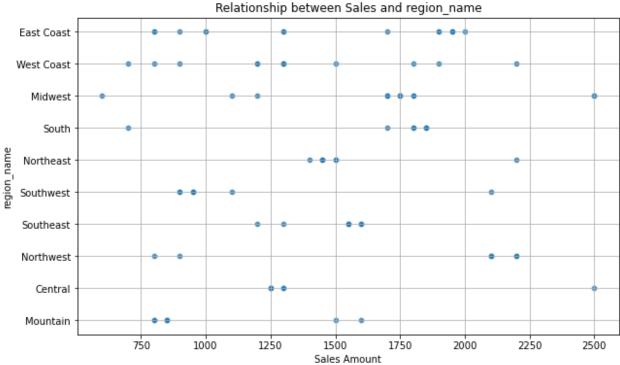








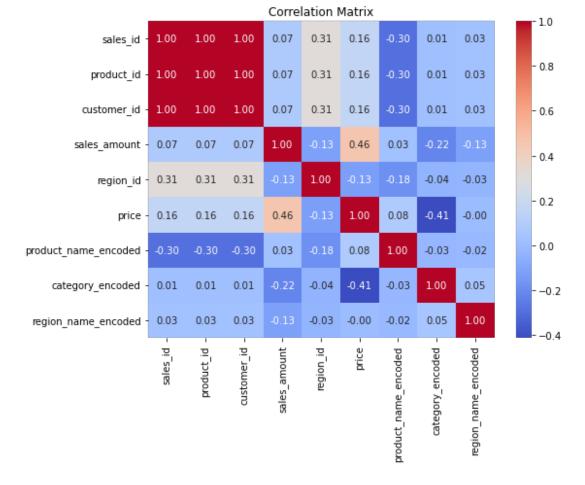




# 4. Calculate and visualize the correlation matrix between numerical variables.

```
In [184... # Calculate the correlation matrix
    correlation_matrix = cleaned_sales.corr()

# Visualize the correlation matrix using a heatmap
    import seaborn as sns
    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', fmt=".2f")
    plt.title('Correlation Matrix')
    plt.show()
```



5. Analyze the sales trend over time using line plots or time series plots

### Level 4: Data Aggretation and Grouping

1. Group the sales data by product category and calculate the total sales amount for each category.

2. Group the sales data by month and year and calculate the average sales amount for each month.

```
In [190... sales_data=cleaned_sales.copy()
    sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
    sales_data['month'] = sales_data['date'].dt.to_period('M')
    sales_data['year']=sales_data['date'].dt.to_period('Y')
    monthly_average_sales = sales_data.groupby('month')['sales_amount'].mean()
    yearly_average_sales = sales_data.groupby('year')['sales_amount'].mean()
```

```
ing '14-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
  sales data['date'] = pd.to datetime(sales data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '17-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '20-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '28-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '17-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales data['date'] = pd.to datetime(sales data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '27-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '19-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '29-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '15-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '18-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
  sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '29-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '18-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
  sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '28-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '20-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
  sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '30-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '13-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
```

C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars

```
sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '16-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '19-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
  sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '30-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '19-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '21-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '31-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '21-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
  sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '31-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '20-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '22-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
  sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '22-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '21-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '13-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '23-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '23-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '22-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
```

```
sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '14-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '24-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
  sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '24-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '13-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
  sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '23-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '15-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '25-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
  sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '25-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '14-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '24-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
  sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '16-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '26-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '26-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '15-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '25-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '17-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
```

```
sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '27-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '27-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
  sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '16-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '26-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
  sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '18-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2032175852.py:3: UserWarning: Pars
ing '28-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 sales_data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['date'])
```

#### In [191... print(monthly\_average\_sales, yearly\_average\_sales)

```
month
2022-01
           1436.956522
2022-02
           1540.000000
2022-03
           1415.217391
2022-04
           1150.000000
2022-05
           1883.333333
2022-06
           1437.500000
2022-07
           1175.000000
2022-08
           1566.666667
2022-09
           1412.500000
2022-10
           1837,500000
2022-11
           1516.666667
2022-12
           1516.666667
Freq: M, Name: sales_amount, dtype: float64 year
        1468.367347
Freq: A-DEC, Name: sales_amount, dtype: float64
```

#### 3. Aggregate the sales data by region and calculate the total sales amount for each region.

```
In [193...
         region_sales = sales_data.groupby('region_name')['sales_amount'].sum()
         region_sales
Out[193]: region_name
                        10100
          Central
          East Coast
                        22400
          Midwest
                        23600
          Mountain
                         8100
          Northeast
                        12400
          Northwest
                        14500
          South
                        13400
          Southeast
                        11900
          Southwest
                         8800
          West Coast
                        18700
          Name: sales_amount, dtype: int64
```

4. Group the sales data by customer segment and calculate the average sales amount for each segment.

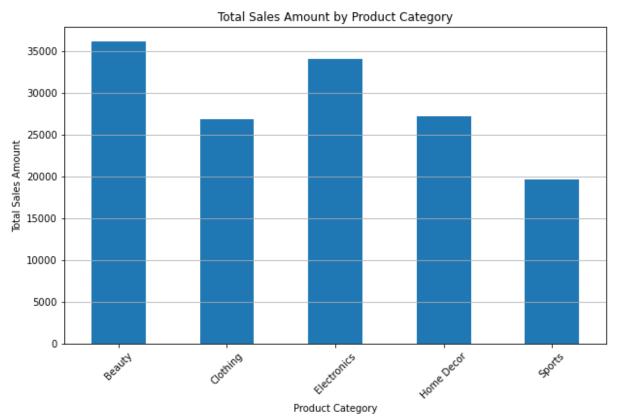
```
sales_data['customer_segment'] = sales_data['customer_name'].apply(lambda x: x.split()[0])
segment_average_sales = sales_data.groupby('customer_segment')['sales_amount'].mean()
```

5. Aggregate the sales data by sales representative and calculate the total sales amount for each representative

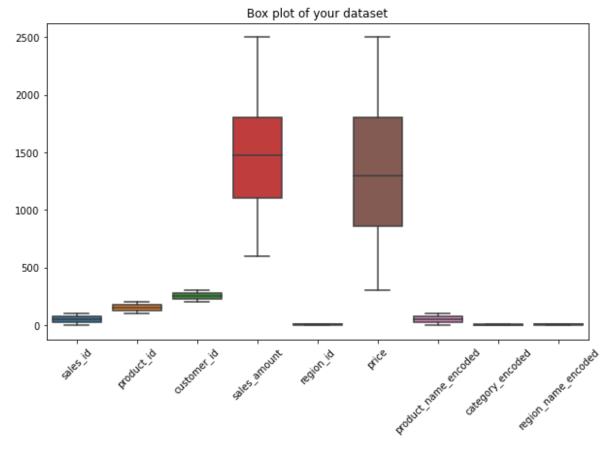
```
In []:
```

### Level 5: Data Visualization with Matplotlib

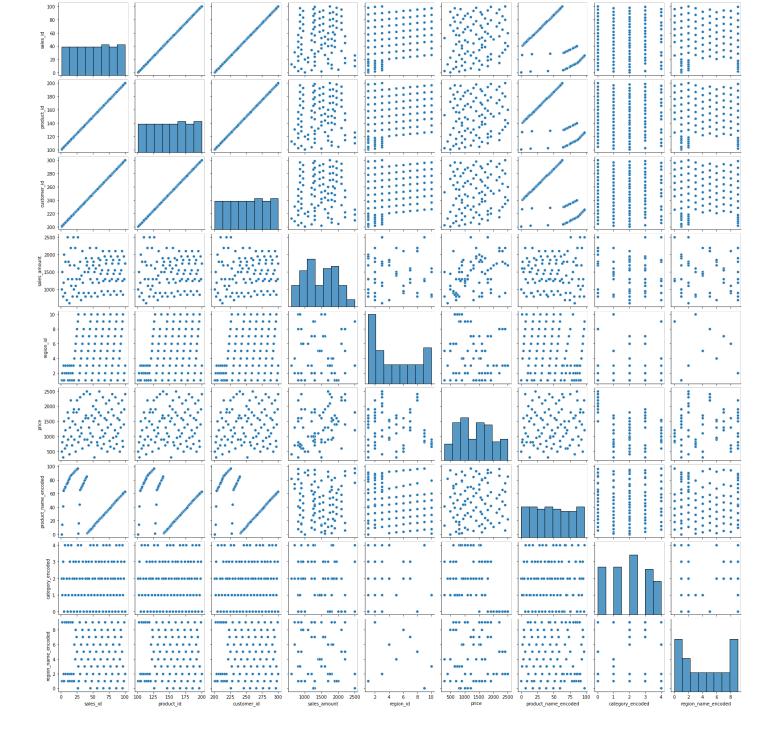
1. Create a bar chart to visualize the total sales amount by product category.



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=cleaned_sales)
plt.title('Box plot of your dataset')
plt.xticks(rotation=45) # Rotate x-axis labels for better readability
plt.show()
```



```
In [85]: sns.pairplot(df)
plt.show()
```



### 2. Generate a line plot to show the sales trend over time

```
In [98]: df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
# converted the date column so that we can use for time series analysis
df
```

```
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '14-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '17-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '20-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '28-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '17-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '27-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '19-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '29-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '15-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '18-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '29-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '18-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '28-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '20-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '30-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '13-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
```

```
df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '16-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '19-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '30-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '19-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '21-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '31-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '21-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '31-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '20-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '22-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '22-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '21-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '13-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '23-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '23-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '22-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer datetime format=True
```

for consistent parsing.

```
df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '14-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '24-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '24-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '13-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '23-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '15-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '25-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '25-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '14-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '24-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '16-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '26-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '26-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '15-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '25-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '17-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer datetime format=True
for consistent parsing.
```

```
df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '27-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '27-01-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '16-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '26-02-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '18-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
 df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
C:\Users\piyush thakur\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 32880\2777264012.py:1: UserWarning: Pars
ing '28-03-2022' in DD/MM/YYYY format. Provide format or specify infer_datetime_format=True
for consistent parsing.
```

df['date'] = pd.to\_datetime(df['date'])

Out[98]:		sales_id	product_id	customer_id	sales_amount	date	region_id	product_name	category
	0	1	101	201	1000	2022-01-01	1	Product A	Electronics
	1	3	103	203	800	2022-03-01	1	Product C	Home Decoi
	2	5	105	205	2000	2022-05-01	1	Product E	Beauty
	4	11	111	211	1300	2022-11-01	1	Product K	Sports
	5	14	114	214	1700	2022-01-14	1	Product N	Home Decoi
	•••								•••
	95	57	157	257	800	2022-02-26	10	Product BE	Clothing
	96	67	167	267	850	2022-08-03	10	Product BO	Clothing
	97	77	177	277	850	2022-03-18	10	Product BY	Clothing
	98	87	187	287	850	2022-03-28	10	Product CI	Clothing
	99	97	197	297	850	2022-07-04	10	Product CS	Clothing

98 rows × 16 columns

```
#sorted the date data for time series analysis

df_sort=df.sort_values('date')

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

plt.plot(df_sort['date'], df_sort['sales_amount'], marker='o', linestyle='-')

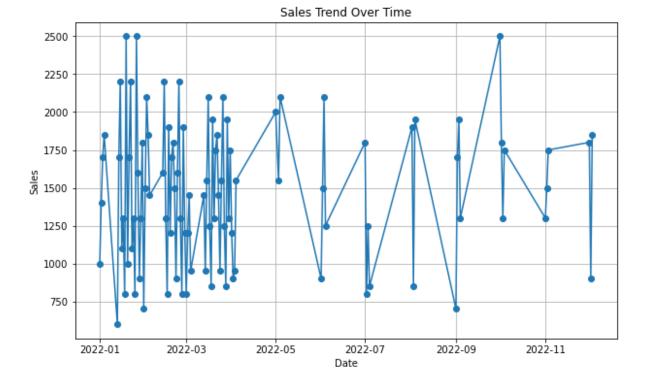
plt.title('Sales Trend Over Time')

plt.xlabel('Date')

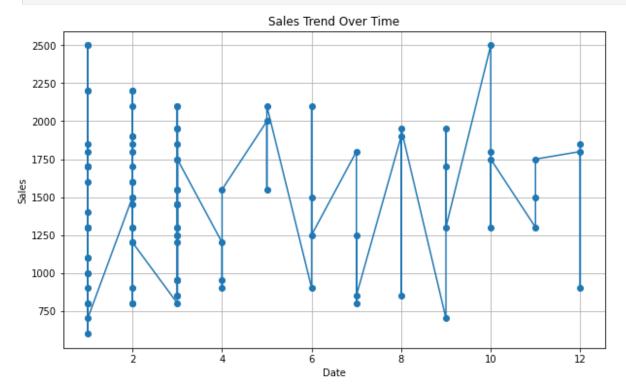
plt.ylabel('Sales')

plt.grid(True)

plt.show()
```



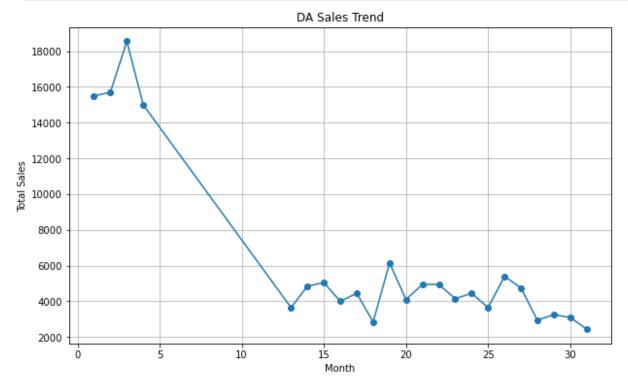
```
In [116... df_sort=df.sort_values('date')
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    plt.plot(df_sort['month'], df_sort['sales_amount'], marker='o', linestyle='-')
    plt.title('Sales Trend Over Time')
    plt.xlabel('Date')
    plt.ylabel('Sales')
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.show()
```



```
In [119... df_sort['day'] = df_sort['date'].dt.day

daily_sales = df_sort.groupby('day')['sales_amount'].sum()

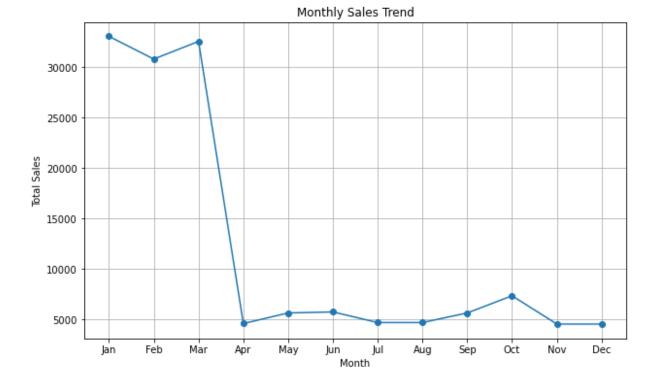
# Create a line plot for sales trend over months
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(daily_sales.index, daily_sales.values, marker='o', linestyle='-')
plt.title('DA Sales Trend')
plt.xlabel('Month')
plt.ylabel('Total Sales')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



```
In [117... df_sort['month'] = df_sort['date'].dt.month

monthly_sales = df_sort.groupby('month')['sales_amount'].sum()

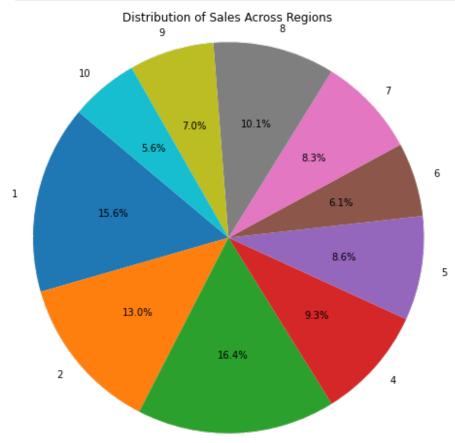
monthly_sales
# Create a line plot for sales trend over months
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(monthly_sales.index, monthly_sales.values, marker='o', linestyle='-')
plt.title('Monthly Sales Trend')
plt.xlabel('Month')
plt.ylabel('Total Sales')
plt.xticks(range(1, 13), ['Jan', 'Feb', 'Mar', 'Apr', 'May', 'Jun', 'Jul', 'Aug', 'Sep', 'Or plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



# 3. Create a pie chart to represent the distribution of sales across different regions.

```
In [122... sales_by_region=df_sort.groupby('region_id')['sales_amount'].sum()

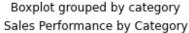
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
plt.pie(sales_by_region, labels=sales_by_region.index, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=140)
plt.title('Distribution of Sales Across Regions')
plt.axis('equal') # Equal aspect ratio ensures that pie is drawn as a circle.
plt.show()
```

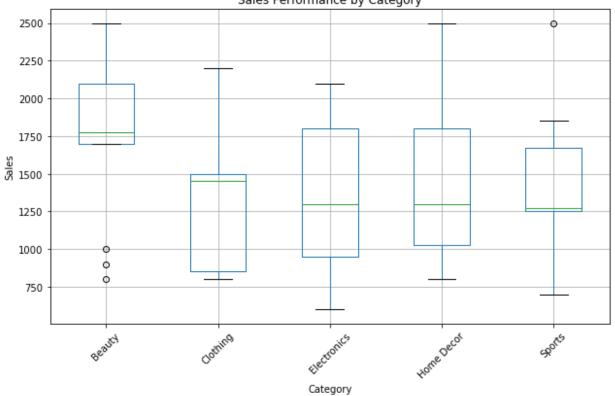


# 4. Generate a boxplot to compare the sales performance of different customer segments.

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    df.boxplot(column='sales_amount', by='category', figsize=(10, 6))
    plt.title('Sales Performance by Category')
    plt.xlabel('Category')
    plt.ylabel('Sales')
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.show()
```

<Figure size 720x432 with 0 Axes>

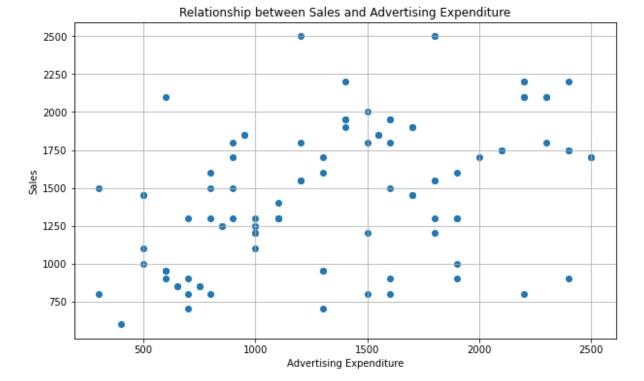




In [128… #Beauty product data is heavily skewed and mostly has high end products but there are some of the walued products, whereas Electronics, Home Decor, and sports has average value products.

# 5. Visualize the relationship between sales and advertising expenditure using a scatter plot.

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
  plt.scatter(df_sort['price'], df_sort['sales_amount'])
  plt.title('Relationship between Sales and Advertising Expenditure')
  plt.xlabel('Advertising Expenditure')
  plt.ylabel('Sales')
  plt.grid(True)
  plt.show()
```



In [133... # there is no some sort of relationship between price and the sales\_amount, but it has weak
In [132... df

Out[132]:		sales_id	product_id	customer_id	sales_amount	date	region_id	product_name	categor
	0	1	101	201	1000	2022-01-01	1	Product A	Electronic
	1	3	103	203	800	2022-03-01	1	Product C	Hom Deco
	2	5	105	205	2000	2022-05-01	1	Product E	Beaut
	4	11	111	211	1300	2022-11-01	1	Product K	Sport
	5	14	114	214	1700	2022-01-14	1	Product N	Hom Decc
	•••								
	95	57	157	257	800	2022-02-26	10	Product BE	Clothin
	96	67	167	267	850	2022-08-03	10	Product BO	Clothin
	97	77	177	277	850	2022-03-18	10	Product BY	Clothin
	98	87	187	287	850	2022-03-28	10	Product CI	Clothin
	99	97	197	297	850	2022-07-04	10	Product CS	Clothin

98 rows × 18 columns

## Level 6: Advanced Data Manipulation with Numpy

In [135... np.mean(df\_sort)

C:\Users\piyush thakur\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\numpy\core\fromnumeric.py:3430: FutureWar
ning: In a future version, DataFrame.mean(axis=None) will return a scalar mean over the enti
re DataFrame. To retain the old behavior, use 'frame.mean(axis=0)' or just 'frame.mean()'
 return mean(axis=axis, dtype=dtype, out=out, \*\*kwargs)

C:\Users\piyush thakur\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\numpy\core\fromnumeric.py:3430: FutureWar ning: DataFrame.mean and DataFrame.median with numeric\_only=None will include datetime64 and datetime64tz columns in a future version.

return mean(axis=axis, dtype=dtype, out=out, \*\*kwargs)

C:\Users\piyush thakur\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\numpy\core\fromnumeric.py:3430: FutureWar ning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with 'numeric\_only=None') is dep recated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before ca lling the reduction.

return mean(axis=axis, dtype=dtype, out=out, \*\*kwargs)

```
Out[135]: sales_id
                                     51.081633
          product_id
                                    151.081633
          customer_id
                                    251.081633
          sales_amount
                                   1468.367347
          region_id
                                      4.775510
          price
                                   1359.183673
                                     47.591837
          product_name_encoded
          category_encoded
                                      1.867347
          region_name_encoded
                                      4.418367
          month
                                      3.918367
                                     12.989796
          day
          dtype: float64
```

## 1. Use Numpy to calculate the mean, median, and standard deviation of the sales data.

```
In [152... np.median(df.sales_id),np.median(df.product_id),np.median(df.sales_amount),np.median(df.reg.
```

Out[152]: (51.5, 151.5, 1475.0, 4.0, 1300.0)

```
In [153... np.std(df_sort)
```

C:\Users\piyush thakur\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\numpy\core\fromnumeric.py:3571: FutureWar ning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with 'numeric\_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.

return std(axis=axis, dtype=dtype, out=out, ddof=ddof, \*\*kwargs)

```
28.798269
Out[153]: sales_id
          product_id
                                                     28.798269
          customer_id
                                                     28.798269
          sales_amount
                                                    465.240105
          date
                                   90 days 16:47:50.182474781
                                                      2.943449
          region_id
                                                    591.191591
          price
          product_name_encoded
                                                     28.222092
          category_encoded
                                                      1.329706
          region_name_encoded
                                                      3.003139
          month
                                                      3.186942
          day
                                                     10.293147
          dtype: object
```

2. Perform element-wise arithmeAc operations on the sales data (e.g., addition, subtraction, multiplication).

```
# Convert the sales data to a NumPy array
         sales_array = np.array(df_sort['sales_amount'])
         # Example values for operations
         value to add = 10
         value_to_subtract = 5
         value_to_multiply = 2
         # Perform element-wise arithmetic operations
         sales_added = sales_array + value_to_add
         sales_subtracted = sales_array - value_to_subtract
         sales multiplied = sales array* value to multiply
In [161... print(sales_added,sales_subtracted,sales_multiplied)
        [1010 1410 1710 1860 610 1710 2210 1110 1310 810 2510 1010 1710 2210
         1110 1310
                   810 2510 1610 910 1310 1810 710 1510 2110 1860 1460 1610
         2210 1310 810 1910 1210 1710 1810 1510 910 1610 2210 1310
                                                                     810 1910
         1210 810 1210 1460 960 1460
                                       960 1560 2110 1260 860 1960 1310 1760
         1860 1460 960 1560 2110 1260 860 1960 1310 1760 1210
                                                               910
                                                                     960 1560
         2010 1560 2110 910 1510 2110 1260 1810 810 1260 860 1910
                                                                     860 1960
          710 1710 1960 1310 2510 1810 1310 1760 1310 1510 1760 1810
                                                                     910 1860] [ 995 1395 1695 1845
        595 1695 2195 1095 1295 795 2495
                                          995 1695 2195
         1095 1295
                   795 2495 1595 895 1295 1795
                                                 695 1495 2095 1845 1445 1595
                   795 1895 1195 1695 1795 1495 895 1595 2195 1295
         1195 795 1195 1445
                            945 1445
                                       945 1545 2095 1245
                                                          845 1945 1295 1745
         1845 1445 945 1545 2095 1245
                                       845 1945 1295 1745 1195
                                                               895
                                                                     945 1545
         1995 1545 2095 895 1495 2095 1245 1795
                                                 795 1245
                                                           845 1895
                                                                     845 1945
         695 1695 1945 1295 2495 1795 1295 1745 1295 1495 1745 1795
                                                                     895 1845] [2000 2800 3400 3700
        1200 3400 4400 2200 2600 1600 5000 2000 3400 4400
         2200 2600 1600 5000 3200 1800 2600 3600 1400 3000 4200 3700 2900 3200
         4400 2600 1600 3800 2400 3400 3600 3000 1800 3200 4400 2600 1600 3800
         2400 1600 2400 2900 1900 2900 1900 3100 4200 2500 1700 3900 2600 3500
         3700 2900 1900 3100 4200 2500 1700 3900 2600 3500 2400 1800 1900 3100
         4000 3100 4200 1800 3000 4200 2500 3600 1600 2500 1700 3800 1700 3900
         1400 3400 3900 2600 5000 3600 2600 3500 2600 3000 3500 3600 1800 3700]
```

#### 3. Use Numpy to reshape the sales data into a different dimension.

#### 4. Apply broadcasting to perform operations on arrays with different shapes.

```
In [168... four_dim=sales_reshaped
  one_dim=sales_array

result=four_dim+one_dim
  result.shape
```

Out[168]: (1, 1, 1, 98)

5. Use Numpy to perform matrix multiplication on sales data arrays.

```
In [176... mult_dim=np.dot(four_dim,one_dim)
    mult_dim.shape

Out[176]: (1, 1, 1)
```

#### Level 7: Advanced Pandas Queries

1. Use Pandas to filter the sales data for a specific time period (e.g., quarter or year).

```
Filtered Sales Data for Quarter 1 of Year 2022:
    sales_id
             product_id
                            customer_id
                                          sales_amount
                                                                     region_id
                                                               date
0
                       101
                                     201
                                                   1000 2022-01-01
1
           3
                      103
                                     203
                                                    800 2022-03-01
                                                                              1
5
          14
                      114
                                     214
                                                   1700 2022-01-14
                                                                              1
          17
                                     217
                                                   1300 2022-01-17
                                                                              1
6
                      117
7
                                                                              1
          20
                      120
                                     220
                                                   1000 2022-01-20
          . . .
                                                    . . .
                                                                            . . .
92
          27
                      127
                                     227
                                                   1600 2022-01-27
                                                                             10
94
          47
                      147
                                     247
                                                    800 2022-02-16
                                                                             10
          57
95
                      157
                                     257
                                                    800 2022-02-26
                                                                             10
97
          77
                      177
                                     277
                                                    850 2022-03-18
                                                                             10
98
          87
                                                    850 2022-03-28
                                                                             10
                      187
                                     287
   product_name
                     category
                                price
                                            customer_name
                                                                             email
0
      Product A
                  Electronics
                                  500
                                                  John Doe
                                                                 john@example.com
1
      Product C
                   Home Decor
                                  300
                                             Robert Brown
                                                               robert@example.com
5
      Product N
                   Home Decor
                                 1300
                                              Rachel Hall
                                                               rachel@example.com
                                           Michelle Perez
6
      Product Q
                     Clothing
                                  700
                                                            michelle@example.com
7
      Product T
                                 1900
                                               Brian Hall
                                                                brian@example.com
                        Beauty
                                  . . .
                                                             isabella@example.com
92
     Product AA
                     Clothing
                                  800
                                        Isabella Martinez
94
     Product AU
                     Clothing
                                  800
                                             Abigail King
                                                              abigail@example.com
95
     Product BE
                                  700
                                            Grace Ramirez
                     Clothing
                                                                grace@example.com
97
     Product BY
                     Clothing
                                  650
                                             Sophia Reyes
                                                               sophia@example.com
98
                                  750
     Product CI
                                           Harper Coleman
                                                               harper@example.com
                     Clothing
                            address region_name
                                                  product_name_encoded
0
                                     East Coast
        123 Main St, Anytown, USA
1
         789 Oak St, Anycity, USA
                                     East Coast
                                                                      41
5
       852 Cedar St, Nowhere, USA
                                     East Coast
                                                                      84
6
    357 Spruce St, Othertown, USA
                                                                      88
                                     East Coast
7
         159 Elm St, Nowhere, USA
                                                                      91
                                     East Coast
                                                                      . . .
. .
92
     587 Maple St, Somewhere, USA
                                        Mountain
                                                                       1
94
     587 Maple St, Somewhere, USA
                                                                       8
                                       Mountain
95
       586 Maple St, Anytown, USA
                                                                      19
                                        Mountain
       586 Maple St, Anytown, USA
97
                                        Mountain
                                                                      39
98
     587 Maple St, Somewhere, USA
                                                                      50
                                        Mountain
    category_encoded
                       region_name_encoded
                                              month
                                                      year
0
                    2
                                           1
                                                   1
                                                      2022
                                                                   1
1
                    3
                                           1
                                                                   1
                                                   3
                                                      2022
5
                    3
                                                                   1
                                           1
                                                   1
                                                      2022
                    1
6
                                           1
                                                   1
                                                      2022
                                                                   1
7
                    0
                                           1
                                                   1
                                                      2022
                                                                   1
                                                 . . .
                                                       . . .
                                           3
92
                    1
                                                   1
                                                      2022
                                                                   1
94
                    1
                                           3
                                                   2
                                                      2022
                                                                   1
                    1
                                                                   1
95
                                           3
                                                   2
                                                      2022
                    1
                                                                   1
97
                                           3
                                                   3
                                                      2022
98
                    1
                                           3
                                                   3
                                                      2022
                                                                   1
```

[66 rows x 19 columns]

2. Apply boolean indexing to select rows based on multiple conditions.

In [ ]: # done in earlier sections as part of the problem

3. Use Pandas groupby and aggregate functions to calculate custom metrics.

In []: # done in earlier sections as part of the problem

## Combine multiple DataFrames using merge or join operations.

In [ ]: # done in earlier sections as part of the problem