

Scalable Multi-Period Optimal Power Flow for Active Power Distribution Systems

or simply, Scalable MP-OPF in ADS

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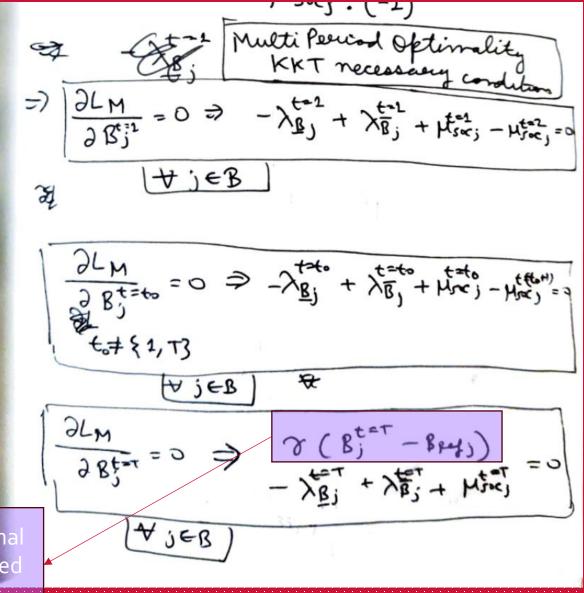
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Multi Period Optimality KKT Necessary Conditions

For a 'solution' to be even considered to be MPoptimal, it must meet this mathematical condition.

[NOT dependent on the optimization method.]

Note: All following results are for the terminal SOC constraint relaxed condition. This will be the case until DDP is corrected.



Not present if terminal SOC condition relaxed $(\gamma = 0)$

 $ADS10_{1ph},$ T = 12

Dual Variables Comparison

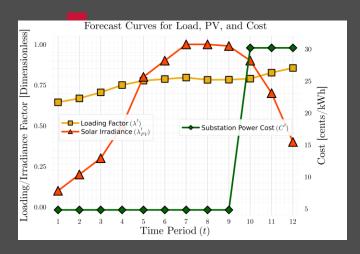
Terminal SOC Constraint Relaxed

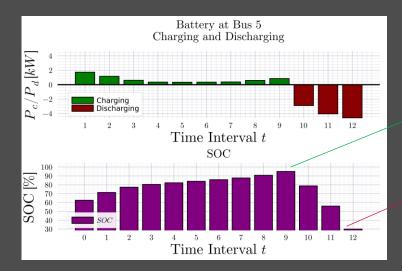
Note: Barely any difference between batteries (So results for only 1 battery given here, wlog)

Dual Variables (lambda) for SOC Limits:
lambda_lower[5, 1] = -3.263538340425111e-5

lambda_upper[5, 1] = -6.788109657727584e-5

BruteForced (BF)







lambda lower[5, 2] = -2.784895835889937e-5 lambda_upper[5, 2] = -9.387853866423375e-5 lambda lower[5, 3] = -2.640980970675628e-5lambda_upper[5, 3] = -0.00011506812384869328 lambda lower[5. 4] = -2.5885533908337213e-5 lambda upper[5, 4] = -0.00013190912244960535 lambda_lower[5, 5] = -2.5443349086610042e-5 lambda_upper[5, 5] = -0.00015277338881313946 lambda lower[5, 6] = -2.5001739348928766e-5 lambda_upper[5, 6] = -0.00018263129405474802 lambda_lower[5, 7] = -2.454107427717885e-5 lambda_upper[5, 7] = -0.00023119555932828552 lambda_lower[5, 8] = -2.371467359027666e-5 lambda_upper[5, 8] = -0.0003987000657502746 lambda lower[5, 9] = -2.2618498893528976e-5 lambda lower[5, 10] = -3.005489164962771e-5 lambda_upper[5, 10] = -9.212602697621761e-5 lambda_lower[5, 11] = -5.6288881190885126e-5 lambda_upper[5, 11] = -3.789059831586417e-5 lambda_upper[5, 12] = -2.2618498503044483e-5

SOC hits Upper Limit

SOC hits Lower Limit

```
Checking for KKT Necessary Condition (\nabla L_{B_j}^t) = \emptyset \ \forall \ j \in B, \ t \in \tau:
\nabla L \{B_j^t\}  for [5, 1]: 0.0
\nabla L_{B_j^t}  for [5, 2]: 0.0
VL {B_j^t} for [5, 3]: 0.0
VL_{B_j^t} for [5, 4]: -7.105427357601002e-15
VL_{B_j^t} for [5, 5]: 7.105427357601002e-15
\nabla L_{B_j^t} for [5, 6]: -7.105427357601002e-15
\nabla L_{B_j^*t} for [5, 7]: 7.105427357601002e-15
\nabla L_{B_j^t}  for [5, 8]: 0.0
                                                   KKT Necessary Conditions
\nabla L_{B_j^t}  for [5, 9]: 0.0
                                                   for Multi Period Optimality
\nabla L_{B_j^t}  for [5, 10]: 0.0
                                                              Hold!
\nabla L_{B_j^t}  for [5, 11]: 0.0
\nabla L_{B_j^t}  for [5, 12]: 0.0
```

 $ADS10_{1ph},$ T = 12

Dual Variables Comparison

Terminal SOC Constraint Relaxed

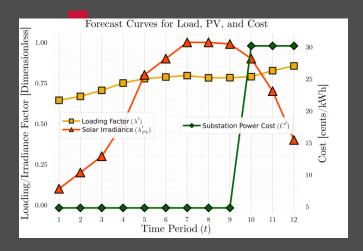
Note: Barely any difference between batteries (So results for only 1 battery given here, wlog)

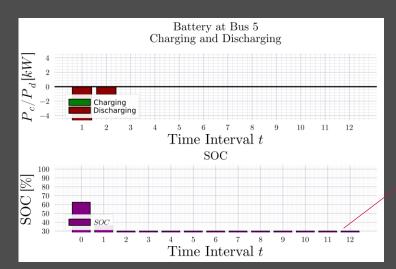
Dual Variables (lambda) for SOC Limits:

lambda_lower[5, 1] = -7.877127945239953e-5

lambda_upper[5, 1] = -8.282358791502784e-6

DDP







lambda_lower[5, 2] = -93.50576722727318
lambda_upper[5, 2] = -7.494368422792878e-6
lambda_lower[5, 3] = -96.48674559345247
lambda_upper[5, 3] = -7.494368404391746e-6
lambda_lower[5, 4] = -96.48907501910134
lambda_upper[5, 4] = -7.4943684043728156e-6
lambda_lower[5, 5] = -96.48931050157213
lambda_upper[5, 5] = -7.494368404371317e-6
lambda_lower[5, 6] = -96.48943818244867
lambda_lower[5, 6] = -7.494368404371064e-6
lambda_lower[5, 7] = -96.48919385020083
lambda_upper[5, 7] = -7.494368404376815e-6
lambda_lower[5, 7] = -7.494368404376815e-6
lambda_lower[5, 8] = -96.52099113324216
lambda_lower[5, 9] = -349.9508389435478
lambda_lower[5, 9] = -2.2613566825548438e-5
lambda_lower[5, 10] = -603.5097669411317
lambda_upper[5, 10] = -603.5097669411317
lambda_upper[5, 11] = -603.8889783036826
lambda_lower[5, 11] = -603.8889783036826
lambda_lower[5, 12] = -302.05355107390548
lambda_upper[5, 12] = -2.2618498409570715e-5

50 Ents Lower Limit

KKT Conditions for t = T is implicitly taken care of.

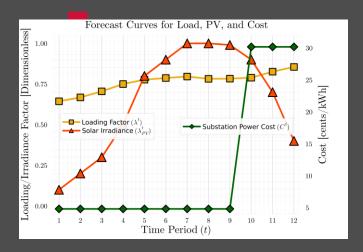
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Checking for KKT Necessary Condition (∇L_{B_j^t} = 0 ∀ j ∈ B, t ∈ τ):
∇L_{B_j^t} for [5, 1]: 90.52694913685445
∇L_{B_j^t} for [5, 2]: 96.48457032896636
∇L_{B_j^t} for [5, 3]: 96.48890586916869
∇L_{B_j^t} for [5, 4]: 96.48922918032919
∇L_{B_j^t} for [5, 5]: 96.489376834085
∇L_{B_j^t} for [5, 6]: 96.48948454204557
∇L_{B_j^t} for [5, 7]: 96.48888816959337
∇L_{B_j^t} for [5, 8]: 96.55307910826428
∇L_{B_j^t} for [5, 9]: 603.3485535510304
∇L_{B_j^t} for [5, 10]: 603.6709350793694
∇L_{B_j^t} for [5, 11]: 604.1069762411129
∇L_{B_j^t} for [5, 12]: 0.0
```

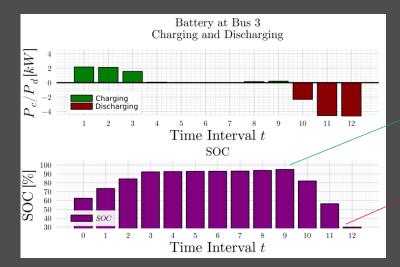
 $IEEE123_{1ph}$, T = 12

Dual Variables Comparison

Terminal SOC Constraint Relaxed

BruteForced (BF)





```
Dual Variables (mu) for SOC Constraints:
mu[3, 1] = -51.47912927835636
mu[3, 2] = -51.47916410870037
mu[3, 3] = -51.47927547171397
mu[3, 4] = -51.47979639288445
mu[3, 5] = -51.480402702928195
mu[3, 6] = -51.48106844789614
mu[3, 7] = -51.48179472081694
mu[3, 8] = -51.48258643895679
mu[3, 9] = -51.48394320815712
mu[3. 10] = -288.1055274967737
mu[3, 11] = -288.10561230031226
mu[3, 12] = -288.10559440070483
```

Note: Barely any difference between batteries (So results for only 1 battery given here, wlog)

```
Dual Variables (lambda) for SOC Limits:
lambda lower[3, 1] = -3.375000973885286e-5
lambda_upper[3, 1] = -6.858035375130018e-5
lambda lower[3, 2] = -2.7049990227478815e-5
lambda_upper[3, 2] = -0.00013841300381912304
lambda lower[3, 3] = -2.360072201052958e-5
lambda_upper[3, 3] = -0.0005445218924953236
lambda_lower[3, 4] = -2.3463299423242045e-5
lambda upper[3, 4] = -0.0006297733431677343
lambda_lower[3, 5] = -2.3388430649040002e-5
lambda_upper[3, 5] = -0.0006891333985970901
lambda lower[3, 6] = -2.3324499896775117e-5
lambda_upper[3, 6] = -0.0007495974206967307
lambda lower[3, 7] = -2.3265732522803616e-5
lambda_upper[3, 7] = -0.0008149838723687847
lambda_lower[3, 8] = -2.299668154787931e-5
lambda_upper[3, 8] = -0.001379765881875642
lambda_lower[3, 9] = -2.261849887789704e-5
lambda\_upper[3, 9] = -236.62160690711545
lambda_lower[3, 10] = -2.8275277261864143e-5
lambda_upper[3, 10] = -0.00011307881582905362
lambda_lower[3, 11] = -5.589309240391531e-5
lambda upper[3, 11] = -3.799348496793565e-5
```

lambda_upper[3, 12] = -2.2618498491535494e-5

50Chits Upper Limit 50Chits Lower Limit

```
Checking for KKT Necessary Condition (\nabla L_{B_j}^t) = \emptyset \ \forall \ j \in B, \ t \in \tau:
VL_{B_j^t} for [3, 1]: -7.105427357601002e-15
\nabla L_{B_j^t} for [3, 2]: 7.105427357601002e-15
\nabla L_{B_j^t}  for [3, 3]: 0.0
\nabla L_{B_j^*t} for [3, 4]: 0.0
\nabla L_{B_j^t} for [3, 5]: 0.0
\nabla L \{B j^t\} \text{ for } [3, 6]: 0.0
\nabla L \{B j^t\} \text{ for } [3, 7]: 0.0
\nabla L_{B_j^t} for [3, 8]: 7.105427357601002
                                                    KKT Necessary Conditions
\nabla L_{B_j^t}  for [3, 9]: 0.0
                                                    for Multi Period Optimality
VL {B j^t} for [3, 10]: 0.0
                                                               Hold!
\nabla L_{B_j^t}  for [3, 11]: 0.0
VL {B j^t} for [3, 12]: -5.684341886080802e-14
```

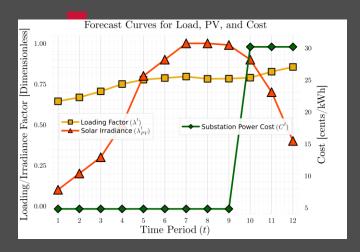
 $IEEE123_{1ph},$ T = 12

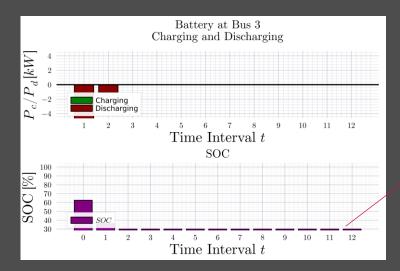
Dual Variables Comparison

Terminal SOC Constraint Relaxed

Note: Barely any difference between batteries (So results for only 1 battery given here, wlog)

DDP







Dual Variables (lambda) for SOC Limits:
lambda_lower[3, 1] = -7.87712804120792e-5
lambda_upper[3, 1] = -8.282358780893312e-6
lambda_lower[3, 2] = -94.20476661583947
lambda_upper[3, 2] = -7.494368418451643e-6
lambda_lower[3, 3] = -97.08375935799877
lambda_upper[3, 3] = -7.494368400771288e-6
lambda_lower[3, 4] = -97.10388947625516
lambda_lower[3, 4] = -7.494368400651356e-6
lambda_lower[3, 5] = -97.10944968830422
lambda_upper[3, 5] = -7.494368400618239e-6
lambda_lower[3, 6] = -97.11259432068344
lambda_upper[3, 6] = -7.494368400599511e-6
lambda_lower[3, 7] = -97.1073383865863
lambda_upper[3, 7] = -7.4943684006308146e-6
lambda_lower[3, 8] = -7.494368400484733e-6
lambda_lower[3, 8] = -7.494368400484733e-6
lambda_lower[3, 9] = -2.3613899613003058e-5
lambda_lower[3, 10] = -607.5934702271825
lambda_lower[3, 10] = -2.370357607050999e-5
lambda_lower[3, 11] = -608.2110851150433
lambda_upper[3, 11] = -2.3794156211883116e-5
lambda_lower[3, 12] = -304.2644090981295
lambda_upper[3, 12] = -2.2618498397230813e-5

SOC hits Lower Limit

KKT Conditions for t = T is implicitly taken care of.

```
Checking for KKT Necessary Condition (∇L_{B_j^t} = 0 ∀ j ∈ B, t ∈ τ):
∇L_{B_j^t} for [3, 1]: 91.342119729056
∇L_{B_j^t} for [3, 2]: 97.06739851388701
∇L_{B_j^t} for [3, 3]: 97.10010521336818
∇L_{B_j^t} for [3, 4]: 97.10765875044817
∇L_{B_j^t} for [3, 5]: 97.11122563733912
∇L_{B_j^t} for [3, 6]: 97.11394801536298
∇L_{B_j^t} for [3, 7]: 97.10071376904017
∇L_{B_j^t} for [3, 8]: 97.16301249710209
∇L_{B_j^t} for [3, 9]: 607.2935433612146
∇L_{B_j^t} for [3, 10]: 607.8933496849847
∇L_{B_j^t} for [3, 11]: 608.5287729585486
∇L_{B_j^t} for [3, 12]: -5.684341886080802e-14
```

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