

~\Documents\documents_general\structured_courses\math564\evaluations\projects
p04\solve4.py

```
1  #!/usr/bin/env python3
2  # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
3  """
4  script for solving the liver disease project
5  Version: Aug 14, 2023
6  Author: Tom Asaki
7  """
8
9  import numpy as np
10 import optimize as opt
11 import pandas as pd          # type: ignore
12
13 # read in raw data, drop rows with any missing data
14 B=pd.read_csv('liver.csv').dropna().to_numpy()
15 r,c=B.shape
16 # set 'Male' to 0 and 'Female' to 1
17 for k in range(r):
18     B[k,1]=(len(B[k,1])-4)/2
19 A=np.zeros((r,c))
20 for k in range(c):
21     A[:,k]=B[:,k]
22
23
24 # data class vector
25 data_class=A[:,c-1]-1
26
27 # normalize data values to be 0 <= val <= 1
28 data_values=A[:,0:c-1]
29 maxval=np.array(list(max(data_values[:,k]) for k in range(c-1)))
30 minval=np.array(list(min(data_values[:,k]) for k in range(c-1)))
31 data_values=(data_values-minval)/(maxval-minval)
32
33 # separate into training and testing data
34 numtrain=200
35 idx=np.random.permutation(r)
36 idx=np.arange(200)
37 train_data=data_values[idx[0:numtrain],]
38 train_class=np.array([data_class[idx[0:numtrain]]]).reshape(-1,1)
39 test_data=data_values[idx[numtrain:r],]
40 test_class=np.array([data_class[idx[numtrain:r]]]).reshape(-1,1)
41
42 # set up optimization problem
43 # training data    corresponding class    layer sizes    task
44 p=[train_data.T , (train_class.T)*(1/3)+(1/3), [10,10,10,1] , 'train']
45
46 # set up initial weights
47 sz=np.sqrt(p[2][0])
48 NumWeights=0
49 for k in range(len(p[2])-1):
50     NumWeights+=p[2][k]*p[2][k+1]
51 x0=sz*np.random.randn(NumWeights).reshape((NumWeights,1))
```

```
52
53
54 from objective import nnloss as obj
55
56 alg=dict(obj      = obj,
57          x0       = x0,
58          params    = p,
59          method    = 'LBFGS',
60          maxiter   = 20000,
61          ngtol     = 1E-10,
62          dftol     = 1E-10,
63          dxtol     = 1E-10,
64          Lambda    = 1,
65          Lambdamax = 100,
66          linesearch = 'StrongWolfe',
67          c1        = 0.0001,
68          c2        = 0.9,
69          progress  = 1000
70          )
71
72 res=opt.minimize(alg)
73
74 alg['params'][3]='classify'
75 fitclass=obj(res['x'][:,[-1,]],p,1)
76
77 comp=np.abs(np.round(fitclass)-train_class.T)
78 print('Training Misclassification Rate = %3.1f%%' % (np.sum(comp)/np.size(comp)
79 *100))
80
81
```