CSC 220 Data Structures

Program #8 - HARDER

Advanced Sorting Algorithms

Your objective is to implement the following three algorithms:

• From the list of quadratic time algorithms: Cocktail Sort

• From the list of linearithmic time algorithms: Quick Sort

• From the list of linear time algorithms: Counting Sort

All of these algorithms are explained in detail in the notes and some or all of the pseudocode behind them is given. You will create a public class called SortAlgs inside of the given SortAlgs.java file. Inside this class will be three public methods, <code>cocktailSort</code>, <code>quickSort</code> and <code>countingSort</code>. Each of these public methods take in one, and only one parameter - that being an array of <code>Container</code> objects (which is described below). The methods do not return anything as they either modify the list "in-place" or generate a new sorted list then copy it over into the given list parameter. You are free to have as many private helper methods as you wish. The compiled <code>Container</code> class is provided as Container.class. The following class diagram shows the relevant members of the <code>Container</code> class:

Container
- key : int
+ Container(key : int)
+ getKey() : int

The Container class field called "key" is what you will be using to sort. In other words, an array of Container objects are sorted by their key field. Use getKey() to retrieve this field and use the constructor to set this field.

You must have a public class in its own file called Main. This public class will contain the entry point which must do the following:

- First generate an array of 20 Container objects, each with a random key ranging from 0 to 150 (inclusively)
 - You will need to look online to figure out how to generate random numbers in a range with Java
- Make three exact copies of that array
- Send each sorting method its own copy
 - This is so each sorting algorithm can start with the same array contents
- Print out the original array of Container objects (only printing the key of each)
- Print out the sorted array of Container objects (only printing the key of each) after applying each sorting method
 - See the Sample Output below for more clarification
 - This is used so I can make sure your sorting algorithms work

- Now generate an array of 20,000 Container objects each with keys within the same value range as above (i.e. 0 to 150)
 - o There will be duplicate keys, but this should not pose a problem for your algorithms
- Make three exact copies of this large array
- Now use Java to time each algorithm as it runs through its copy of the array
 - You are going to have to look up online how to use Java to get the exact runtime of a block of code
 - O It is VERY IMPORTANT that you do NOT include the allocation, initialization or cloning of the array of Container objects in your timing. The only thing I want you to time is the sorting algorithm itself (and maybe the function call to the sorting algorithm). When the algorithm is done (function returns back to main), record the time and move on to timing the next algorithm.
- Show the times each algorithm took (in milliseconds)
 - Obviously, we should see Cocktail sort taking the longest amount of time while counting sort takes the least. Quick sort should be somewhat close to the runtime of counting sort.

Sample Output:

Your output should look exactly like the following (albeit with different numbers for your list and different numbers for your times). Your timings might be different, but they should still be within reason. For example, I expect Cocktail to be in the triple digits, Quick to be in the single or low double digits, and Counting to be the fastest in the mid to low single digits. If your timings do not fall within this range, this is an indication that something is not working right or you aren't timing right. Please ask me for help if you can't figure it out. The spacing, values for n, text, etc must be the same.

Note:

Use the demo_all.jar file on Moodle for help (labelled as "for all other data structures and algs" in the Visualizations section). Run it with java -jar demo_all.jar and play around with the different sorting methods (mainly cocktail, quick and counting for this assignment). Make sure you fully understand the algorithms. You **cannot** even begin to properly implement something until you fully understand it. Blindly converting the pseudocode from the notes into Java will not be enough.

The sorting algorithms I am asking you to implement are decently popular. It is possible that you can find Java implementations already online. Let me be clear about this. If you grab an implementation from an

online source and try to pass it off as your own, you will receive the penalty for cheating on this assignment. You are to write each sort yourself following the algorithm from the lecture notes.

For submission:

Put your Main.java and SortAlgs.java files into a zip folder and submit the zip. Do not submit any .class nor .jar files.

Rubric:

#	ITEM	POINTS
1	Cocktail sort works	7
2	Quick sort works	7
3	Counting sort works	7
4	Cocktail sort time is reasonable	4
5	Quick sort time is reasonable	4
6	Counting sort time is reasonable	4
7	Output matches	4
8	All directions followed	3
	TOTAL	40

#	PENALTIES	POINTS
1	Doesn't compile	-50%
2	Doesn't execute once compiled (i.e. it crashes)	-25%
3	Late up to 1 day	-25%
4	Late up to 2 days	-50%
5	Late after 2 days	-100%