

# **LESSON 2 – Comparison Operators & Functions**

**Background:** For this lesson, we will be reviewing the comparison operators used in Python syntax. As well as, their ability to be applied within functions using 'if-elseif-else' statements, 'for' loops, and 'while' loops.

#### **SECTION 1 – If-Else Statements**

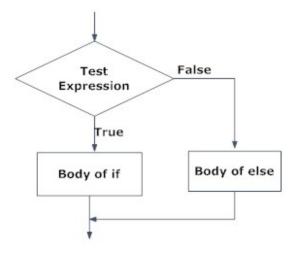


Fig: Operation of if...else statement

if test expression:
 Body of if
else:
 Body of else

### **SECTION 2 - If-Elself-Else Statements**

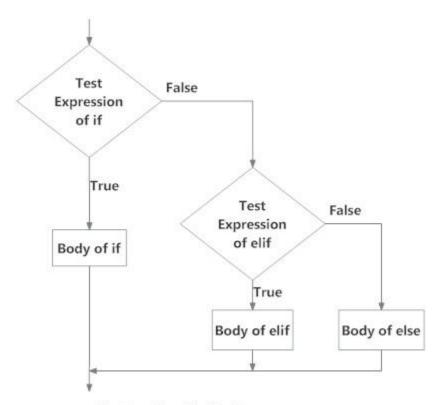


Fig: Operation of if...elif...else statement

```
if test expression:
    Body of if
elif test expression:
    Body of elif
else:
    Body of else
```

**CONTINUE BELOW...** 

### **SECTION 3 – Comparison & Logical Operators**

#### **Comparison Operators**

Operator	What it means
==	Equal to
!=	Not equal to
<	Less than
>	Greater than
<=	Less than or equal to
>=	Greater than or equal to

#### **Logical Operators**

Operator	What it means	What it looks like
and	True if both are true	x and y
or	True if at least one is true	x or y
not	True only if false	not x

```
# logical example
print((-0.2 > 1.4) and (0.8 < 3.1)) # One original expression is False
print((7.5 == 8.9) or (9.2 != 9.2)) # Both original expressions are False
print(not(-5.7 <= 0.3)) # The original expression is True

# conditional comparison example
if foo == 'abc' and bar == 'bac' or zoo == '123':
    # do something</pre>
```

### **SECTION 4 - Loops**

### For Loops

```
for each
# List of numbers
                                                                   item in
                                                                   sequence
numbers = [6, 5, 3, 8, 4, 2, 5, 4, 11]
# Variable to store the sum
                                                                 Last
                                                                            Yes
sum = 0
                                                                 item
                                                               reached?
# Iterate over the list
for val in numbers:
                                                                   No
       sum = sum + val
                                                              Body of for
# Output: The sum is 48
print("The sum is", sum)
                                                                        Exit loop
                                                             Fig: operation of for loop
# List of strings
genre = ['pop', 'rock', 'jazz']
# Range function
# Iterate over the list using index
for i in range(len(genre)):
       print("I like", genre[i])
# Output:
# I like pop
# I like rock
# I like jazz
```

## While Loops

```
n = 10
                                                                  Enter while loop
# initialize sum and counter
sum = 0
                                                                           False
                                                                Test
i = 1
                                                              Expression
while i <= n:
                                                                   True
    sum = sum + i
    i = i+1  # update counter
                                                               Body of
                                                                while
# print the sum
print("The sum is", sum)
                                                                       Exit loop
```

Fig: operation of while loop

## **SECTION 5 – Defining Functions**

```
name = 'Billy'
def greet(name):
    """This function greets
    the person whose name
    was passed in as a parameter."""
    print("Hello, " + name + ". Good morning!")
def functionName():
    .....

functionName();
```

## **SECTION 6 - Exercise Your Python**

1. Write a Python program to print only the even numbers from the provided list.

Sample List: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

Expected Result: [2, 4, 6, 8]

2. Write a Python function that checks whether a string is a palindrome or not.

Note: A palindrome is a word, phrase, or sequence that reads the same backward as forward (i.e. "madam" or "nurses run")

#### **BONUS**

Write a Python function that prints out the first *n* rows of Pascal's triangle.

Sample Pascal's Triangle:

