```
In [6]: # STACK
        class Stack:
            def init (self, MAX):
                self.top=-1
                self.size=MAX
                self.arr=[None]*MAX # or [None for i in range(MAX):]
            def push(self,item):
                if (self.top==self.size-1): #Overflow Condition
                     print("\n Stack is Full!")
                else:
                     self.top=self.top+1
                     self.arr[self.top]=item
            def pop(self):
                if self.top==-1: #Underflow Condition
                     print("\n Stack is Empty!")
                else:
                     x=self.arr[self.top]
                    self.top=self.top-1
                    return x
            def display(self):
                if self.top==-1:
                     print("\n Stack is Empty!")
                else:
                     print("\n Elements in the Stack are: ")
                    for i in range(0, self.top+1):
                        print(self.arr[i], end=" ")
        if __name__=="__main__":
            obj=Stack(5)
            obj.display()
            obj.push(10)
            obj.push(20)
            obj.push(30)
            obj.display()
            print("\n The first deleted element is: ", obj.pop())
            print("\n The second deleted element is: ", obj.pop())
            obj.display()
            obj.push(40)
            obj.display()
        Stack is Empty!
        Elements in the Stack are:
       10 20 30
        The first deleted element is: 30
        The second deleted element is: 20
        Elements in the Stack are:
       10
        Elements in the Stack are:
       10 40
```

```
In [1]: # LINEAR QUEUE
        class Queue:
            def init (self, MAX):
                self.front=-1
                self.rear=-1
                self.size=MAX
                self.arr=[None]*MAX
            def enqueue(self,item):
                if self.rear==self.size-1:
                     print("\n The Queue is Full!")
                elif self.front==self.rear==-1:
                    self.front=self.rear=0
                     self.arr[self.rear]=item
                else:
                    self.rear=self.rear+1
                     self.arr[self.rear]=item
            def dequeue(self):
                if self.front==-1:
                     print("\n Queue is Empty!")
                elif (self.front==self.rear):
                    x=self.arr[self.front]
                    self.front=self.rear=-1
                     return x
                else:
                    x=self.arr[self.front]
                    self.front=self.front+1
                     return x
            def display(self):
                if (self.front==-1):
                     print("\n Queue is Empty!")
                else:
                     print("\n Elements in the Queue are: ")
                    for i in range(self.front,self.rear+1):
                         print(self.arr[i], end=" ")
        if __name__=="__main__":
            obj=Queue(5)
            obj.display()
            obj.enqueue(10)
            obj.enqueue(20)
            obj.enqueue(30)
            obj.display()
            print("\n The first deleted element is: ", obj.dequeue())
            print("\n The second deleted element is: ", obj.dequeue())
            print("\n The third deleted element is: ", obj.dequeue())
            obj.display()
            obj.enqueue(40)
            obj.display()
```

```
Queue is Empty!
         Elements in the Queue are:
        10 20 30
         The first deleted element is: 10
         The second deleted element is: 20
         The third deleted element is: 30
         Queue is Empty!
         Elements in the Queue are:
        40
In [23]: # Drawback of Linear Queue:
         # In linear queue it is not possible to insert any more new elements
         # through the rear end, although sufficient memory spaces are available
         # from the front end.
         # this problem of linear queue can be overcome through the concept of circular queue
 In [ ]: #Circular Queue (INCOMPLETE)
         class Queue:
              def init (self, MAX):
                  self.front=-1
                  self.rear=-1
                  self.size=MAX
                  self.arr=[None]*MAX
              def enqueue(self, item):
                  if front=(rear+1)%MAX:
                      print("\n Queue is Full!")
                  elif self.front==self.rear==-1:
                      self.front=self.rear=0
                      self.arr[self.rear]=item
                  else:
                      (self.rear=self.rear+1)%MAX
                      self.arr[self.rear]=item
              def dequeue(self):
                  if self.front==-1:
                      print("\n Queue is Empty!")
                  elif (self.front==self.rear):
                      x=self.arr[self.front]
                      self.front=self.rear=-1
                      return x
                  else:
                      x=self.arr[self.front]
                      (self.front=self.front+1)%MAX
                      return x
              def display(self):
                  if (self.front==-1):
                      print("\n Elements in the Queue are: ")
                      for i in range(self.front,self.rear+1):
                          print(self.arr[i], end=" ")
```