











TL2575, TL2575HV

SLVS638C - JANUARY 2006-REVISED NOVEMBER 2014

TL2575, TL2575HV 1-A Simple Step-Down Switching Voltage Regulators

Features

- Fixed 3.3-V, 5-V, 12-V, and 15-V Options with ±5% Regulation (Max) Over Line, Load, and Temperature Conditions
- Adjustable Option With a Range of 1.23 V to 37 V (57 V for HV Version) and ±4% Regulation (Max) Over Line, Load, and Temperature Conditions
- Specified 1-A Output Current
- Wide Input Voltage Range
 - 4.75 V to 40 V (60 V for HV Version)
- Requires Only Four External Components (Fixed Versions) and Uses Readily Available Standard Inductors
- 52-kHz (Typ) Fixed-Frequency Internal Oscillator
- TTL Shutdown Capability With 50-µA (Typ) Standby Current
- High Efficiency
 - As High as 88% (Typ)
- Thermal Shutdown and Current-Limit Protection with Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting

2 Applications

- Simple High-Efficiency Step-Down (Buck) Regulators
- Pre-Regulators for Linear Regulators
- On-Card Switching Regulators
- Positive-to-Negative Converters (Buck-Boost)

Functional Block Diagram

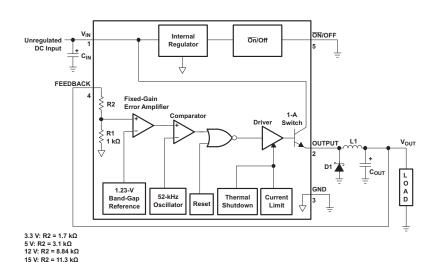
3 Description

The TL2575 and TL2575HV devices provide all the active functions needed for a step-down (buck) switching regulator in an integrated circuit. They require four to six external components for operation. They accept a wide input-voltage range of up to 60 V (TL2575-HV) and are available in fixed output voltages of 3.3 V, 5 V, 12 V, 15 V, or an adjustableoutput version. The TL2575 and TL2575HV devices have an integrated switch capable of delivering 1 A of load current, with excellent line and load regulation. device also offers internal compensation, a fixed-frequency oscillator, cycle-bycycle current limiting, and thermal shutdown. In addition, a manual shutdown is available via an external ON/OFF pin.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
	PDIP (16)	19.31 mm x 6.35 mm
TL2575, TL2575HV	TO-263 (5)	10.16 mm x 8.93 mm
	TO-220 (5)	10.16 mm x 8.82 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



Pin numbers are for the KTT (TO-263) package.



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5 Revision History

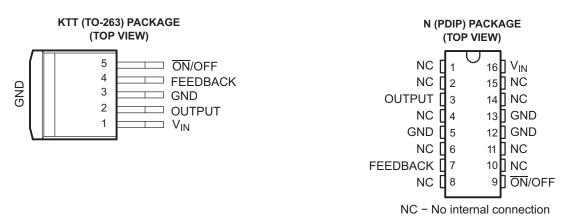
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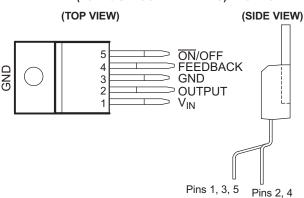
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6 Pin Configuration and Functions



KV (TO-220 STAGGERED LEADS) PACKAGE



Pin Functions

	F	PIN					
NAME KTT TO-263		N KV PDIP TO-220		TYPE	DESCRIPTION		
FEEDBACK	4	7	4	Input	Feedback pin. Connect to V_{OUT} for fixed-voltage TL2575. Connect between two adjustment resistors for adjustable-voltage TL2575.		
		5					
GND	3	12	3	_	Ground		
		13					
		1					
		2					
		4					
		6					
NC	_	8	_	_	No connect		
		10					
		11					
		14					
		15					
ON/OFF	5	9	5	Input	Manual shutdown pin		
OUTPUT	2	3	2	Output	Output pin		
V _{IN}	1	16	1	Input	Supply input pin		

Product Folder Links: TL2575 TL2575HV

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7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Cumply voltage	TL2575HV		60	\/
	Supply voltage	TL2575		42	V
	ON/OFF input voltage range		-0.3	V_{IN}	V
	Output voltage to GND (steady state)			-1	V
TJ	Maximum junction temperature			150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

7.2 Handling Ratings

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
T _{stg}	Storage temperature rang	torage temperature range			
V _(ESD)	Floatroctatio discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	0	2000	V
	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins (2)	0	1000	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN} Supply voltage	TL2575HV	4.75	60	V	
	Supply voltage	TL2575	4.75	40	V
TJ	Operating virtual junction temperature		-40	125	°C

7.4 Thermal Information

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	KTT	KV	N	LINUT
THERMAL METRIC***		5 PINS	5 PINS	16 PINS	UNIT
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	26.5	26.5	67	
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	31.8	31.8	57	°C/W
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	0.38	0.38	_	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report (SPRA953).

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⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



7.5 Electrical Characteristics — TL2575

 I_{LOAD} = 200 mA, V_{IN} = 12 V for 3.3-V, 5-V, and adjustable versions, V_{IN} = 25 V for 12-V version, V_{IN} = 30 V for 15-V version (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 11)

	DARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	_	-	TL2575		TUALL
	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TJ	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			V _{IN} = 12 V, I _{LOAD} = 0.2 A	25°C	3.234	3.3	3.366	
		TL2575-33	$4.75 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{IN} \le 40 \text{ V},$	25°C	3.168	3.3	3.432	
			0.2 A ≤ I _{LOAD} ≤ 1 A	Full range	3.135		3.465	
			V _{IN} = 12 V, I _{LOAD} = 0.2 A	25°C	4.9	5	5.1	
		TL2575-05	8 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 40 V,	25°C	4.8	5	5.2	
	Outrot valta na		$0.2 \text{ A} \le \text{I}_{\text{LOAD}} \le 1 \text{ A}$	Full range	4.75		5.25	\ /
V _{OUT}	Output voltage		V _{IN} = 25 V, I _{LOAD} = 0.2 A	25°C	11.76	12	12.24	V
		TL2575-12	15 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 40 V,	25°C	11.52	12	12.48	
			0.2 A ≤ I _{LOAD} ≤ 1 A	Full range	11.4		12.6	
			V _{IN} = 30 V, I _{LOAD} = 0.2 A	25°C	14.7	15	15.3	
		TL2575-15	18 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 40 V,	25°C	14.4	15	15.6	
			0.2 A ≤ I _{LOAD} ≤ 1 Å	Full range	14.25	15	15.75	
			V _{IN} = 12 V, V _{OUT} = 5 V, I _{LOAD} = 0.2 A	25°C	1.217	1.23	1.243	
	Feedback voltage	TL2575-ADJ	8 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 40 V, V _{OUT} = 5 V,	25°C	1.193	1.23	1.267	V
			0.2 A ≤ I _{LOAD} ≤ 1 A	Full range	1.18		1.28	
		TL2575-33	V _{IN} = 12 V, I _{LOAD} = 1 A			75%		
		TL2575-05	V _{IN} = 12 V, I _{LOAD} = 1 A			77%		
η	Efficiency	TL2575-12	V _{IN} = 15 V, I _{LOAD} = 1 A	25°C		88%		
'1	Emolority	TL2575-15	V _{IN} = 18 V, I _{LOAD} = 1 A	25 0		88%		
		TL2575-ADJ	$V_{IN} = 12 \text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{LOAD} = 1 \text{ A}$			77%		
	Foodbook biog our		V = F \/ (AD Lygraign enh)	25°C		50	100	~ ^
I _{IB}	Feedback bias curre	ent	V _{OUT} = 5 V (ADJ version only)	Full range			500	nA
4	Oscillator frequency	,(1)		25°C	47	52	58	kHz
f _o	Oscillator frequency	, (-)		Full range	42		63	KΠZ
V	Coturation valtage		I _{OUT} = 1 A ⁽²⁾	25°C		0.9	1.2	V
V_{SAT}	Saturation voltage		I _{OUT} = I A\\\\/	Full range			1.4	V
	Maximum duty cycle	e ⁽³⁾		25°C	93%	98%		
1	Switch pook ourrest	·(1)(2)		25°C	1.7	2.8	3.6	٨
I _{CL} Switch peak current ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾				Full range	1.3		4	Α
	Output lookooo	ront	$V_{IN} = 40^{(4)}$, Output = 0 V	25°C			2	m ^
IL	Output leakage curi	ent	$V_{IN} = 40^{(4)}$, Output = -1 V	25°C		7.5	30	mA
I_Q	Quiescent current ⁽⁴)		25°C		5	10	mA
I _{STBY}	Standby quiescent	current	OFF $(\overline{ON}/OFF = 5 \text{ V})$	25°C		50	200	μΑ

⁽¹⁾ In the event of an output short or an overload condition, self-protection features lower the oscillator frequency to ≈18 kHz and the minimum duty cycle from 5% to ≈2%. The resulting output voltage drops to ≈40% of its nominal value, causing the average power dissipated by the IC to lower.

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⁽²⁾ Output is not connected to diode, inductor, or capacitor. Output is sourcing current.

⁽³⁾ FEEDBACK is disconnected from output and connected to 0 V.

⁽⁴⁾ To force the output transistor off, FEEDBACK is disconnected from output and connected to 12 V for the adjustable, 3.3-V, and 5-V versions and to 25 V for the 12-V and 15-V versions.



Electrical Characteristics — TL2575 (continued)

 I_{LOAD} = 200 mA, V_{IN} = 12 V for 3.3-V, 5-V, and adjustable versions, V_{IN} = 25 V for 12-V version, V_{IN} = 30 V for 15-V version (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 11)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	_	TL2575			UNIT
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TJ	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
V	ON/OFF high-level logic	OFF (V	25°C	2.2	1.4		\/
V _{IH}	input voltage	OFF $(V_{OUT} = 0 V)$	Full range	2.4			V
V	ON/OFF low-level logic	ON ()/ nominal valtage)	25°C		1.2	1	\/
V _{IL}	input voltage	ON (V _{OUT} = nominal voltage)	Full range			0.8	V
I _{IH}	ON/OFF high-level input current	OFF (ON/OFF = 5 V)	25°C		12	30	μΑ
I_{IL}	ON/OFF low-level input current	ON $(\overline{ON}/OFF = 0 \text{ V})$	25°C		0	10	μΑ

7.6 Electrical Characteristics — TL2575HV

 I_{LOAD} = 200 mA, V_{IN} = 12 V for 3.3-V, 5-V, and adjustable versions, V_{IN} = 25 V for 12-V version, V_{IN} = 30 V for 15-V version (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 11)

	DADAMETER		TEST COMPITIONS	_	TL2575HV			
	PARAMETER	•	TEST CONDITIONS	TJ	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			V _{IN} = 12 V, I _{LOAD} = 0.2 A	25°C	3.234	3.3	3.366	
		TL2575HV-33	$4.75 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \le 60 \text{ V},$ $0.2 \text{ A} \le \text{I}_{\text{LOAD}} \le 1 \text{ A}$	25°C	3.168	3.3	3.450	
				Full range	3.135		3.482	
			$V_{IN} = 12 \text{ V}, I_{LOAD} = 0.2 \text{ A}$	25°C	4.9	5	5.1	
		TL2575HV-05	8 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 60 V,	25°C	4.8	5	5.225	
V	Output voltage		0.2 A ≤ I _{LOAD} ≤ 1 A	Full range	4.75		5.275	V
V _{OUT}	Output voltage		$V_{IN} = 25 \text{ V}, I_{LOAD} = 0.2 \text{ A}$	25°C	11.76	12	12.24	V
		TL2575HV-12	15 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 60 V,	25°C	11.52	12	12.54	
			0.2 A ≤ I _{LOAD} ≤ 1 A	Full range	11.4		12.66	
			$V_{IN} = 30 \text{ V}, I_{LOAD} = 0.2 \text{ A}$	25°C	14.7	15	15.3	
		TL2575HV-15	18 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 60 V,	25°C	14.4	15	15.68	
			0.2 A ≤ I _{LOAD} ≤ 1 A	Full range	14.25	15	15.83	
			$V_{IN} = 12 \text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 5 \text{ V},$ $I_{LOAD} = 0.2 \text{ A}$	25°C	1.217	1.23	1.243	
	Feedback voltage	TL2575HV-ADJ	$ 8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \le 60 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{\text{OUT}} = 5 \text{ V}, \\ 0.2 \text{ A} \le \text{I}_{\text{LOAD}} \le 1 \text{ A} $	25°C	1.193	1.23	1.273	V
				Full range	1.180		1.286	i
		TL2575HV-33	V _{IN} = 12 V, I _{LOAD} = 1 A			75%		
		TL2575HV-05	V _{IN} = 12 V, I _{LOAD} = 1 A			77%		
η	Efficiency	TL2575HV-12	V _{IN} = 15 V, I _{LOAD} = 1 A	25°C		88%		
'1	Lindoney	TL2575HV-15	V _{IN} = 18 V, I _{LOAD} = 1 A			88%		
		TL2575HV-ADJ	V _{IN} = 12 V, V _{OUT} = 5 V, I _{LOAD} = 1 A			77%		
	Feedback bias curre	-n+	V F.V.(AD Lygraign only)	25°C		50	100	nA
I _{IB}	reedback bias cum	ent	$V_{OUT} = 5 V (ADJ version only)$	Full range			500	ΠA
	Oscillator frequency	.(1)		25°C	47	52	58	kHz
f _o				Full range	42		63	KΠZ
1/	Coturation valtage		I _{OUT} = 1 A ⁽²⁾	25°C		0.9	1.2	\/
V_{SAT}	Saturation voltage		IOUT = T A'-'	Full range			1.4	V
	Maximum duty cycle	e ⁽³⁾		25°C	93%	98%		

⁽¹⁾ In the event of an output short or an overload condition, self-protection features lower the oscillator frequency to ≈18 kHz and the minimum duty cycle from 5% to ≈2%. The resulting output voltage drops to ≈40% of its nominal value, causing the average power dissipated by the IC to lower.

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²⁾ Output is not connected to diode, inductor, or capacitor. Output is sourcing current.

⁽³⁾ FEEDBACK is disconnected from output and connected to 0 V.



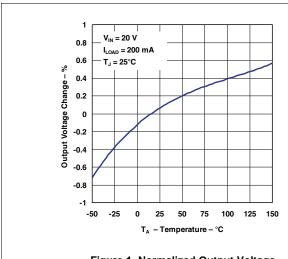
Electrical Characteristics — TL2575HV (continued)

 I_{LOAD} = 200 mA, V_{IN} = 12 V for 3.3-V, 5-V, and adjustable versions, V_{IN} = 25 V for 12-V version, V_{IN} = 30 V for 15-V version (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 11)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	_	TL	.2575HV		LINUT
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TJ	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	Switch peak current ⁽¹⁾ (2)		25°C	1.7	2.8	3.6	Α
I _{CL}	Switch peak current.	Full	Full range	1.3		4	А
	Output lookage output	V _{IN} = 60 ⁽⁴⁾ , Output = 0 V	25°C			2	A
IL	Output leakage current	$V_{IN} = 60^{(4)}$, Output = -1 V	25 0		7.5	30	mA
IQ	Quiescent current ⁽⁴⁾		25°C		5	10	mA
I _{STBY}	Standby quiescent current	OFF (ON/OFF = 5 V)	25°C		50	200	μA
V	ON/OFF high-level logic	OFF (V	25°C	2.2	1.4		V
V _{IH}	input voltage	OFF (V _{OUT} = 0 V)	Full range	2.4			V
.,	ON/OFF law laws laws is involved to as		25°C		1.2	1	V
V _{IL}	ON/OFF low-level logic input voltage	ON (V _{OUT} = nominal voltage)	Full range			0.8	V
I _{IH}	ON/OFF high-level input current	OFF (ON/OFF = 5 V)	0500		12	30	μA
I _{IL}	ON/OFF low-level input current	ON (ON/OFF = 0 V)	25°C		0	10	μΑ

⁽⁴⁾ To force the output transistor off, FEEDBACK is disconnected from output and connected to 12 V for the adjustable, 3.3-V, and 5-V versions and to 25 V for the 12-V and 15-V versions.

7.7 Typical Characteristics



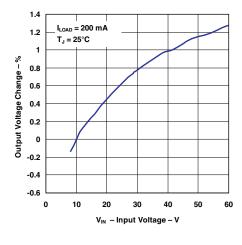
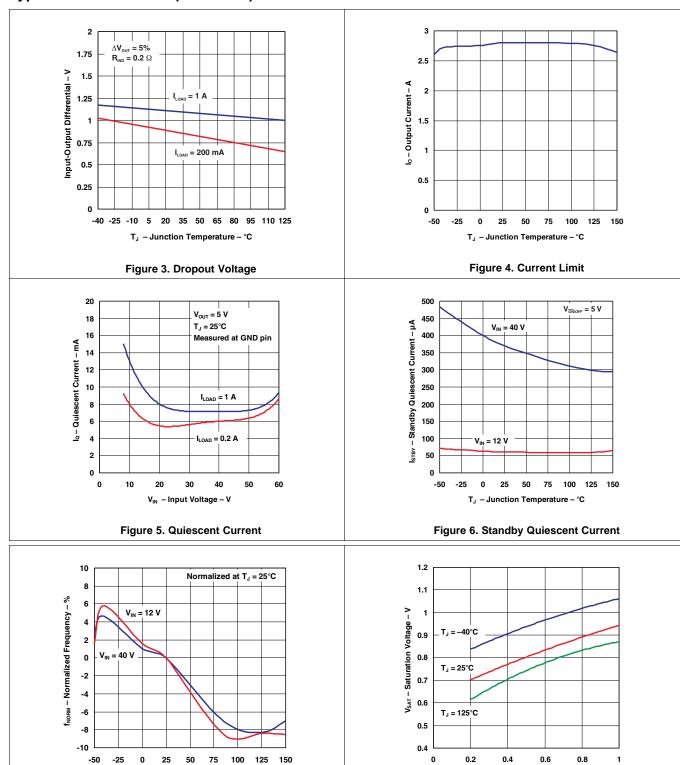


Figure 1. Normalized Output Voltage

Figure 2. Line Regulation



Typical Characteristics (continued)



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T_J - Junction Temperature - °C

Figure 7. Oscillator Frequency

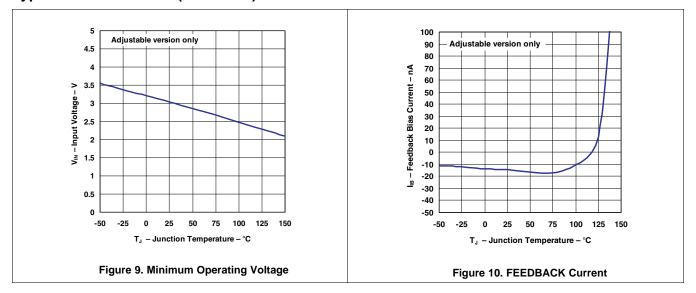
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- Switch Current - A

Figure 8. Switch Saturation Voltage



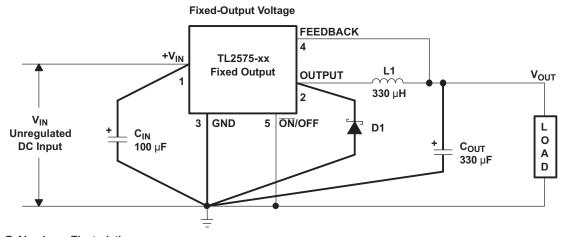
Typical Characteristics (continued)





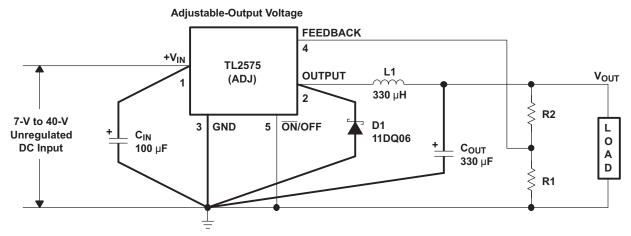
8 Parameter Measurement Information

8.1 Test Circuits



 C_{IN} = 100 μ F, Aluminum Electrolytic C_{OUT} = 330 μ F, Aluminum Electrolytic D1 = Schottky

L1 = 330 μH (for 5-V V_{IN} with 3.3-V $\text{V}_{\text{OUT}}\!,$ use 100 $\mu\text{H})$



 $V_{OUT} = V_{REF} (1 + R2 / R1) = 5 V$

 $V_{REF} = 1.23 V$ $R1 = 2 k\Omega$ $R2 = 6.12 k\Omega$

Pin numbers are for the KTT (TO-263) package.

Figure 11. Test Circuits and Layout Guidelines

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9 Detailed Description

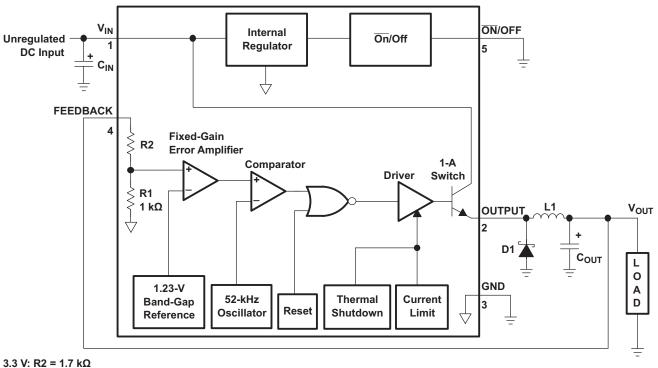
9.1 Overview

The TL2575 and TL2575HV devices greatly simplify the design of switching power supplies by conveniently providing all the active functions needed for a step-down (buck) switching regulator in an integrated circuit. Accepting a wide input-voltage range of up to 60 V (TL2575-HV) and available in fixed output voltages of 3.3 V, 5 V, 12 V, 15 V, or an adjustable-output version, the TL2575 and TL2575HV devices have an integrated switch capable of delivering 1 A of load current, with excellent line and load regulation. The device also offers internal frequency compensation, a fixed-frequency oscillator, cycle-by-cycle current limiting, and thermal shutdown. In addition, a manual shutdown is available via an external $\overline{\text{ON}}/\text{OFF}$ pin.

The TL2575 and TL2575HV devices represent superior alternatives to popular three-terminal linear regulators. Due to their high efficiency, the devices significantly reduce the size of the heatsink and, in many cases, no heatsink is required. Optimized for use with standard series of inductors available from several different manufacturers, the TL2575 and TL2575HV greatly simplify the design of switch-mode power supplies by requiring a minimal addition of only four to six external components for operation.

The TL2575 and TL2575HV devices are characterized for operation over the virtual junction temperature range of -40°C to 125°C.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram



5 V: R2 = 3.1 kΩ 12 V: R2 = 8.84 kΩ 15 V: R2 = 11.3 kΩ

ADJ: R1 = Open, R2 = 0Ω

Pin numbers are for the KTT (TO-263) package.



9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 Feedback Connection

For fixed-voltage options, FEEDBACK must be wired to V_{OUT} . For the adjustable version, FEEDBACK must be connected between the two programming resistors. Again, both of these resistors should be in close proximity to the regulator, and each should be less than 100 k Ω to minimize noise pickup.

9.3.2 ON/OFF Input

 $\overline{\text{ON}}/\text{OFF}$ should be grounded or be a low-level TTL voltage (typically < 1.6 V) for normal operation. To shut down the TL2575 or TL2575HV devices and place in standby mode, a high-level TTL or CMOS voltage should be supplied to this pin. $\overline{\text{ON}}/\text{OFF}$ should not be left open and safely can be pulled up to V_{IN} with or without a pullup resistor.

9.4 Device Functional Modes

9.4.1 Standby Mode

When a high-level TTL or CMOS voltage is applied to the \overline{ON}/OFF pin, the device enters standby mode, drawing a typical quiescent current of 50 μ A.

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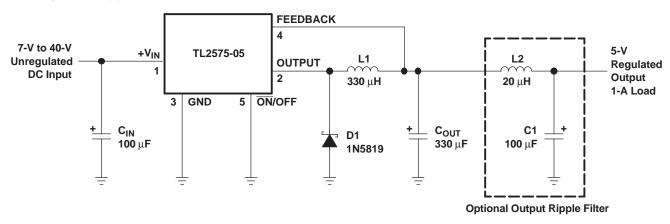


10 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

10.1 Typical Application



Pin numbers are for the KTT (TO-263) package.

Figure 12. Typical Application Circuit (Fixed Version)

10.1.1 Design Requirements

- · Input capacitor for stability
- Output capacitor for loop stability and ripple filtering
- Catch diode to filter noise
- Output inductor depending on the mode of operation

10.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

10.1.2.1 Input Capacitor (C_{IN})

For stability concerns, an input bypass capacitor (electrolytic, $C_{IN} \ge 47 \ \mu F$) needs to be located as close as possible to the regulator. For operating temperatures below $-25^{\circ}C$, C_{IN} may need to be larger in value. In addition, since most electrolytic capacitors have decreasing capacitances and increasing ESR as temperature drops, adding a ceramic or solid tantalum capacitor in parallel increases the stability in cold temperatures.

To extend the capacitor operating lifetime, the capacitor RMS ripple current rating should be calculated as shown in Equation 1.

$$I_{C,RMS} > 1.2 (t_{on} / T) I_{LOAD}$$

where

t_{on}/T = V_{OUT}/V_{IN} {buck regulator}

•
$$t_{on}/T = |V_{OUT}|/(|V_{OUT}| + V_{IN})$$
 {buck-boost regulator} (1)

10.1.2.2 Output Capacitor (C_{OUT})

For both loop stability and filtering of ripple voltage, an output capacitor is required, again in close proximity to the regulator. For best performance, low-ESR aluminum electrolytics are recommended, although standard aluminum electrolytics may be adequate for some applications as shown in Equation 2.

Output ripple voltage = (ESR of
$$C_{OUT}$$
) × (inductor ripple current)

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(2)



Typical Application (continued)

Output ripple of 50 mV to 150 mV typically can be achieved with capacitor values of 220 μ F to 680 μ F. Larger C_{OUT} can reduce the ripple 20 mV to 50 mV peak to peak. To improve further on output ripple, paralleling of standard electrolytic capacitors may be used. Alternatively, higher-grade capacitors such as high frequency, low inductance, or low ESR can be used.

The following should be taken into account when selecting C_{OUT}:

- At cold temperatures, the ESR of the electrolytic capacitors can rise dramatically (typically 3x nominal value at -25°C). Because solid-tantalum capacitors have significantly better ESR specifications at cold temperatures, they should be used at operating temperature lower than -25°C. As an alternative, tantalums can also be paralleled to aluminum electrolytics and should contribute 10% to 20% to the total capacitance.
- Low ESR for C_{OUT} is desirable for low output ripple. However, the ESR should be greater than 0.05 Ω to avoid the possibility of regulator instability. Hence, a sole tantalum capacitor used for C_{OUT} is most susceptible to this occurrence.
- The ripple current rating of the capacitor, 52 kHz, should be at least 50% higher than the peak-to-peak inductor ripple current.

10.1.2.3 Catch Diode

As with other external components, the catch diode should be placed close to the output to minimize unwanted noise. Schottky diodes have fast switching speeds and low forward voltage drops and, thus, offer the best performance, especially for switching regulators with low output voltages ($V_{OUT} < 5 \text{ V}$). If a high-efficiency, fast-recovery, or ultra-fast-recovery diode is used in place of a Schottky, it should have a soft recovery (versus abrupt turn-off characteristics) to avoid the chance of causing instability and EMI. Standard 50- to 60-Hz diodes, such as the 1N4001 or 1N5400 series, are not suitable.

10.1.2.4 Inductor

Proper inductor selection is key to the performance-switching power-supply designs. One important factor to consider is whether the regulator is used in continuous mode (inductor current flows continuously and never drops to zero) or in discontinuous mode (inductor current goes to zero during the normal switching cycle). Each mode has distinctively different operating characteristics and, therefore, can affect the regulator performance and requirements. In many applications, the continuous mode is the preferred mode of operation, since it offers greater output power with lower peak currents, and also can result in lower output ripple voltage. The advantages of continuous mode of operation come at the expense of a larger inductor required to keep inductor current continuous, especially at low output currents and/or high input voltages.

The TL2575 and TL2575HV devices can operate in either continuous or discontinuous mode. With heavy load currents, the inductor current flows continuously and the regulator operates in continuous mode. Under light load, the inductor fully discharges and the regulator is forced into the discontinuous mode of operation. For light loads (approximately 200 mA or less), this discontinuous mode of operation is perfectly acceptable and may be desirable solely to keep the inductor value and size small. Any buck regulator eventually operates in discontinuous mode when the load current is light enough.

The type of inductor chosen can have advantages and disadvantages. If high performance or high quality is a concern, then more-expensive toroid core inductors are the best choice, as the magnetic flux is contained completely within the core, resulting in less EMI and noise in nearby sensitive circuits. Inexpensive bobbin core inductors, however, generate more EMI as the open core does not confine the flux within the core. Multiple switching regulators located in proximity to each other are particularly susceptible to mutual coupling of magnetic fluxes from each other's open cores. In these situations, closed magnetic structures (such as a toroid, pot core, or E-core) are more appropriate.

Regardless of the type and value of inductor used, the inductor never should carry more than its rated current. Doing so may cause the inductor to saturate, in which case the inductance quickly drops, and the inductor looks like a low-value resistor (from the dc resistance of the windings). As a result, switching current rises dramatically (until limited by the current-by-current limiting feature of the TL2575 and TL2575HV devices) and can result in overheating of the inductor and the IC itself.

NOTE

Different types of inductors have different saturation characteristics.

Product Folder Links: TL2575 TL2575HV



Typical Application (continued)

10.1.2.5 Output Voltage Ripple and Transients

As with any switching power supply, the output of the TL2575 and TL2575HV devices have a sawtooth ripple voltage at the switching frequency. Typically about 1% of the output voltage, this ripple is due mainly to the inductor sawtooth ripple current and the ESR of the output capacitor (see Output Capacitor (C_{OUT})). Furthermore, the output also may contain small voltage spikes at the peaks of the sawtooth waveform. This is due to the fast switching of the output switch and the parasitic inductance of C_{OUT} . These voltage spikes can be minimized through the use of low-inductance capacitors.

There are several ways to reduce the output ripple voltage: a larger inductor, a larger C_{OUT} , or both. Another method is to use a small LC filter (20 μ H and 100 μ F) at the output. This filter can reduce the output ripple voltage by a factor of 10 (see Figure 11).

10.1.2.6 **Grounding**

The power and ground connections of the TL2575 and TL2575HV devices must be low impedance to help maintain output stability. For the 5-pin packages, both pin 3 and tab are ground, and either connection can be used as they are both part of the same lead frame. With the 16-pin package, all the ground pins (including signal and power grounds) should be soldered directly to wide PCB copper traces to ensure low-inductance connections and good thermal dissipation.

10.1.2.7 Reverse Current Considerations

There is an internal diode from the output to VIN. Therefore, the device does not protect against reverse current and care must be taken to limit current in this scenario.

10.1.2.8 Buck Regulator Design Procedure

PROCEDURE (Fixed Output)	EXAMPLE (Fixed Output)
Known:	Known:
V _{OUT} = 3.3 V, 5 V, 12 V, or 15 V	V _{OUT} = 5 V
V _{IN(Max)} = Maximum input voltage	$V_{IN(Max)} = 20 \text{ V}$
I _{LOAD(Max)} = Maximum load current	$I_{LOAD(Max)} = 1 A$
1. Inductor Selection (L1)	1. Inductor Selection (L1)
A. From Figure 13 through Figure 16, select the appropriate inductor code based on the intersection of $V_{\text{IN}(\text{Max})}$ and $I_{\text{LOAD}(\text{Max})}$.	A. From Figure 14 (TL2575-05), the intersection of 20-V line and 1-A line gives an inductor code of L330.
B. The inductor chosen should be rated for operation at 52-kHz and	B. L330 → L1 = 330 µH
have a current rating of at least 1.15 × I _{LOAD(Max)} to allow for the ripple current. The actual peak current in L1 (in normal operation)	Choose from:
can be calculated as follows:	34042 (Schott)
$I_{L1(pk)} = I_{LOAD(Max)} + (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times t_{on} / 2L1$	PE-52627 (Pulse Engineering)
Where $t_{on} = V_{OUT} / V_{IN} \times (1 / f_{osc})$	RL1952 (Renco)
2. Output Capacitor Selection (C _{OUT})	2. Output Capacitor Selection (C _{OUT})
A. The TL2575 control loop has a two-pole two-zero frequency response. The dominant pole-zero pair is established by C_{OUT} and L1. To meet stability requirements while maintaining an acceptable output ripple voltage ($V_{ripple} \neq 0.01 \times V_{OUT}$), the recommended range for a standard aluminum electrolytic C_{OUT} is between 100 μF and 470 μF .	A. C _{OUT} = 100-μF to 470-μF, standard aluminum electrolytic
B. C_{OUT} should have a voltage rating of at least 1.5 × V_{OUT} . But if a low output ripple voltage is desired, choose capacitors with a higher-voltage ratings than the minimum required, due to their typically lower ESRs.	B. Although a C_{OUT} rated at 8 V is sufficient for $V_{OUT} = 5$ V, a higher-voltage capacitor is chosen for its typically lower ESR (and hence lower output ripple voltage) \rightarrow Capacitor voltage rating = 20 V.
3. Catch Diode Selection (D1) (see Table 1)	3. Catch Diode Selection (D1) (see Table 1)

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Typical Application (continued)

PROCEDURE (Fixed Output)	EXAMPLE (Fixed Output)
A. In normal operation, the catch diode requires a current rating of at least 1.2 × $I_{LOAD(Max)}$. For the most robust design, D1 should be rated to handle a current equal to the TL2575 maximum switch peak current; this represents the worst-case scenario of a continuous short at V_{OUT} .	G
B. The diode requires a reverse voltage rating of at least $1.25 \times V_{\text{IN(Max)}}$.	B. Pick 30-V rated Schottky diode (1N5821, MBR330, 31QD03, or SR303) or 100-V rated Fast Recovery diode (31DF1, MURD310, or HER302).
4. Input Capacitor (C _{IN})	4. Input Capacitor (C _{IN})
An aluminum electrolytic or tantalum capacitor is needed for input bypassing. Locate C_{IN} as close to the V_{IN} and GND pins as possible.	C_{IN} = 100 μF , 25 V, aluminum electrolytic

PROCEDURE (Adjustable Output)	EXAMPLE (Adjustable Output)							
	()							
Known:	Known:							
V _{OUT(Nom)}	$V_{OUT} = 10 \text{ V}$							
V _{IN(Max)} = Maximum input voltage	$V_{IN(Max)} = 25 V$							
I _{LOAD(Max)} = Maximum load current	I _{LOAD(Max)} = 1 A							
1. Programming Output Voltage (Selecting R1 and R2)	1. Programming Output Voltage (Selecting R1 and R2)							
Referring to Figure 2, V _{OUT} is defined by:	Select R1 = 1 k Ω							
$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left(1 + \frac{R2}{R1} \right)$ where $V_{REF} = 1.23 \text{ V}$	R2 = 1 (10 / 1.23 – 1) = 7.13 k Ω Select R2 = 7.15 k Ω (closest 1% value)							
Choose a value for R1 between 1 $k\Omega$ and 5 $k\Omega$ (use 1% metal-film	(**************************************							
resistors for best temperature coefficient and stability over time).								
$R2 = R1 \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}} - 1 \right)$								
2. Inductor Selection (L1)	2. Inductor Selection (L1)							
A. Calculate the "set" volts-second (E × T) across L1:	A. Calculate the "set" volts-second (E x T) across L1:							
$E \times T = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times t_{on}$	$E \times T = (25 - 10) \times (10 / 25) \times (1000 / 52) [V \times \mu s]$							
$E \times T = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times (V_{OUT} / V_{IN}) \times \{1000 / f_{osc}(in kHz)\} [V \times \mu s]$	E x T = 115 V x μs							
NOTE: Along with I_{LOAD} , the "set" volts-second (E \times T) constant establishes the minimum energy storage requirement for the inductor.								
B. Using Figure 17, select the appropriate inductor code based on the intersection of E \times T value and $I_{LOAD(Max)}$.	B. Using Figure 17, the intersection of 115 V • μs and 1 A corresponds to an inductor code of H470.							
C. The inductor chosen should be rated for operation at 52-kHz and	C. H470 → L1 = 470 μH							
have a current rating of at least 1.15 x I _{LOAD(Max)} to allow for the	Choose from:							
ripple current. The actual peak current in L1 (in normal operation) can be calculated as follows:	34048 (Schott)							
$I_{L1(pk)} = I_{LOAD(Max)} + (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times t_{on} / 2L1$	PE-53118 (Pulse Engineering)							
Where $t_{on} = V_{OUT} / V_{IN} \times (1 / f_{osc})$	RL1961 (Renco)							
3. Output Capacitor Selection (C _{OUT})	3. Output Capacitor Selection (C _{OUT})							
A. The TL2575 control loop has a two-pole two-zero frequency response. The dominant pole-zero pair is established by C_{OUT} and L1. To meet stability requirements, C_{OUT} must meet the following requirement: $C_{OUT} \geq 7758 \ \frac{V_{IN(Max)}}{V_{OUT} \cdot L1(\mu H)} (\mu F)$	A. C_{OUT} ≥ 7785 × 25 / (10 × 470) [μF] C_{OUT} ≥ 41.4 μF To obtain an acceptable output voltage ripple → C_{OUT} = 220 μF electrolytic							
However, C_{OUT} may need to be several times larger than the calculated value above in order to achieve an acceptable output ripple voltage of $\sim 0.01 \times V_{OUT}$.								

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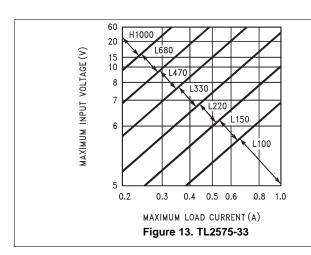
PROCEDURE (Adjustable Output)	EXAMPLE (Adjustable Output)
B. C_{OUT} should have a voltage rating of at least 1.5 × V_{OUT} . But if a low output ripple voltage is desired, choose capacitors with a higher voltage ratings than the minimum required due to their typically lower ESRs.	
4. Catch Diode Selection (D1) (see Table 1)	4. Catch Diode Selection (D1) (see Table 1)
A. In normal operation, the catch diode requires a current rating of at least 1.2 × $I_{LOAD(Max)}$. For the most robust design, D1 should be rated for a current equal to the TL2575 maximum switch peak current; this represents the worst-case scenario of a continuous short at V_{OUT} .	A. Pick a diode with a 3-A rating.
B. The diode requires a reverse voltage rating of at least 1.25 \times V _{IN(Max)} .	B. Pick a 40-V rated Schottky diode (1N5822, MBR340, 31QD04, or SR304) or 100-V rated Fast Recovery diode (31DF1, MURD310, or HER302)
5. Input Capacitor (C _{IN})	5. Input Capacitor (C _{IN})
An aluminum electrolytic or tantalum capacitor is needed for input bypassing. Locate C_{IN} as close to V_{IN} and GND pins as possible.	C_{IN} = 100 μ F, 35 V, aluminum electrolytic

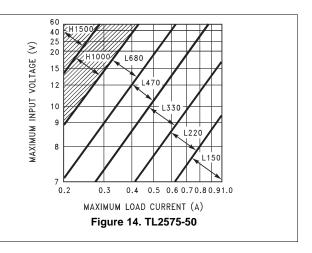
Table 1. Diode Selection Guide

V	SCHO	тткү	FAST RE	COVERY		
V _R	1A	3A	1A	3A		
20 V	1N5817 MBR120P SR102	1N5820 MBR320 SR302				
30 V	1N5818 MBR130P 11DQ03 SR103	1N5821 MBR330 31DQ03 SR303	The following diodes	The following diodes		
40 V	1N5819 MBR140P 11DQ04 SR104	IN5822 MBR340 31DQ04 SR304	are all rated to 100 V: 11DF1 MUR110 HER102	are all rated to 100 V: 31DF1 MURD310 HER302		
50 V	MBR150 11DQ05 SR105	MBR350 31DQ05 SR305				
60 V	MBR160 11DQ06 SR106	MBR360 31DQ06 SR306				

10.1.2.9 Inductor Selection Guide

Inductor Value Selection Guide for Continuous-Mode Operation

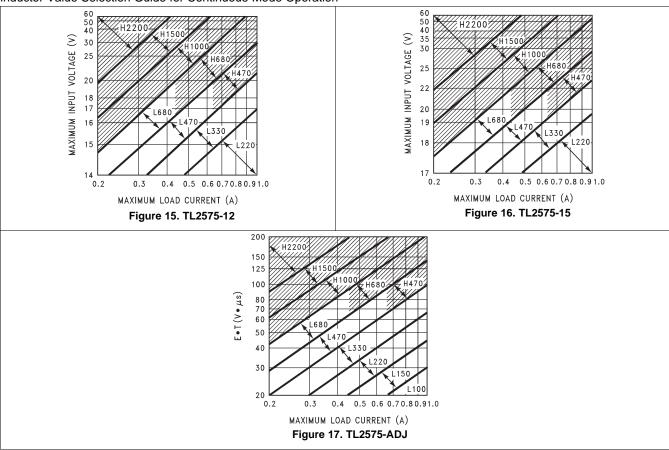




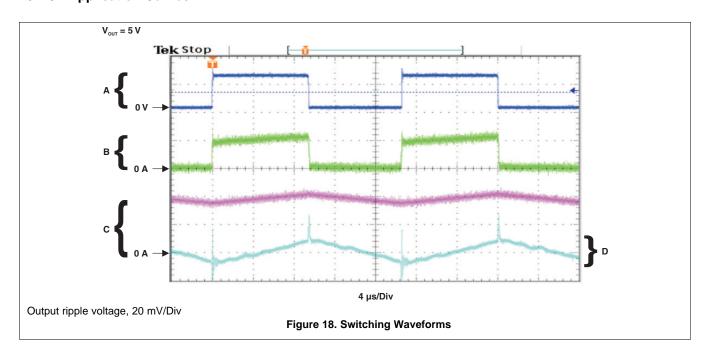
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Inductor Value Selection Guide for Continuous-Mode Operation



10.1.3 Application Curves

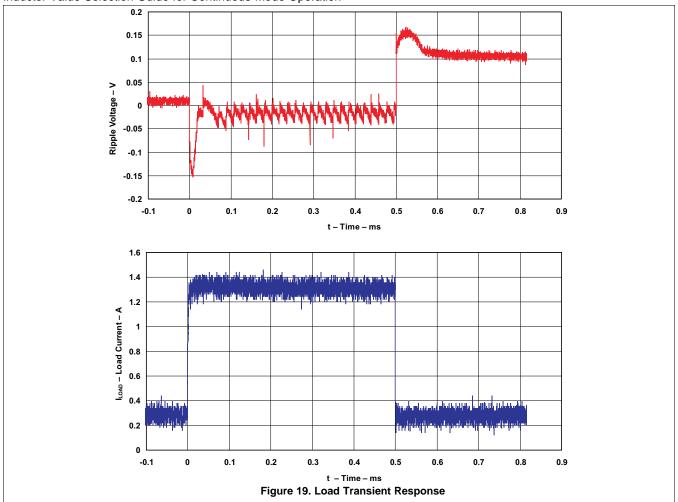


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Inductor Value Selection Guide for Continuous-Mode Operation





11 Power Supply Recommendations

This device operates with a power supply range of 4.75 V to 40 V (60 V for the TL2575-HV). A 100-μF decoupling capacitor is recommended on the input to filter noise.

12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

With any switching regulator, circuit layout plays an important role in circuit performance. Wiring and parasitic inductances, as well as stray capacitances, are subjected to rapidly switching currents, which can result in unwanted voltage transients. To minimize inductance and ground loops, the length of the leads indicated by heavy lines should be minimized. Optimal results can be achieved by single-point grounding (see Figure 11) or by ground-plane construction. For the same reasons, the two programming resistors used in the adjustable version should be located as close as possible to the regulator to keep the sensitive feedback wiring short.

12.2 Layout Example

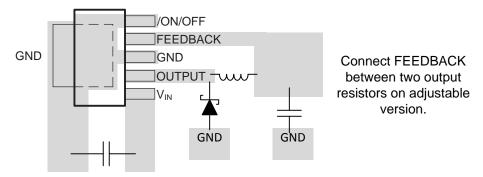


Figure 20. Layout Diagram (KV Package)

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13 Device and Documentation Support

13.1 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

Table 2. Related Links

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
TL2575	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TL2575HV	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

13.2 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

13.3 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

13.4 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

Product Folder Links: TL2575 TL2575HV



14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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1-Jan-2016

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Sample
TL2575-05IKTTR	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-245C-168 HR	-40 to 125	TL2575-05I	Sample
TL2575-05IKTTRG3	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-245C-168 HR -40 to 125		TL2575-05I	Sample
TL2575-05IKV	ACTIVE	TO-220	KV	5	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575-05I	Sample
TL2575-05IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575-05IN	Sample
TL2575-12IKTTR	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-245C-168 HR	-40 to 125	TL2575-12l	Sample
TL2575-12IKV	ACTIVE	TO-220	KV	5	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575-12l	Sample
TL2575-12IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575-12IN	Sample
TL2575-15IKTTR	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-245C-168 HR	-40 to 125	TL2575-15I	Sample
TL2575-15IKV	ACTIVE	TO-220	KV	5	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575-15I	Sample
TL2575-15IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575-15IN	Sample
TL2575-33IKTTR	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-245C-168 HR	-40 to 125	TL2575-33I	Sample
TL2575-33IKV	ACTIVE	TO-220	KV	5	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575-33I	Sample
TL2575-33IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575-33IN	Sample
TL2575-ADJIKTTR	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-245C-168 HR -40 to 125 TL257		TL2575ADJI	Sample
TL2575-ADJIKTTRG3	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	CU SN Level-3-245C-168 HR -40 to 125 TL2575ADJI		TL2575ADJI	Sampl
TL2575-ADJIKV	ACTIVE	TO-220	KV	5	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575ADJI	Sampl
TL2575-ADJIN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575-ADJIN	Sampl





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Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	-	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
TL2575-ADJINE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575-ADJIN	Sample
TL2575HV-05IKTTR	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-245C-168 HR	-40 to 125	2BHV-05I	Sample
TL2575HV-05IKTTRG3	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-245C-168 HR	-40 to 125	2BHV-05I	Sample
TL2575HV-05IKV	ACTIVE	TO-220	KV	5	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575HV-05I	Sample
TL2575HV-05IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575HV-05IN	Sample
TL2575HV-12IKTTR	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-245C-168 HR	-40 to 125	2BHV-12I	Sample
TL2575HV-12IKTTRG3	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-245C-168 HR	-40 to 125	2BHV-12I	Sample
TL2575HV-12IKV	ACTIVE	TO-220	KV	5	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575HV-12I	Sample
TL2575HV-12IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575HV-12IN	Sample
TL2575HV-15IKTTR	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-245C-168 HR	-40 to 125	2BHV-15I	Sample
TL2575HV-15IKV	ACTIVE	TO-220	KV	5	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575HV-15I	Sample
TL2575HV-15IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575HV-15IN	Sample
TL2575HV-33IKTTR	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-245C-168 HR	-40 to 125	2BHV-33I	Sample
TL2575HV-33IKV	ACTIVE	TO-220	KV	5	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575HV-33I	Sample
TL2575HV-33IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type -40 to 125		TL2575HV-33IN	Sample
TL2575HV-ADJIKTTR	ACTIVE	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-245C-168 HR -40 to 125		2BHV-ADJI	Sample
TL2575HV-ADJIKV	ACTIVE	TO-220	KV	5	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575HVADJI	Sample
TL2575HV-ADJIN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TL2575HV-ADJIN	Sample

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM



1-.lan-2016

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TL2575HV-05, TL2575HV-33:

Automotive: TL2575HV-05-Q1, TL2575HV-33-Q1



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

1-Jan-2016

NOTE: Qualified \	Version	Definitions:
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• Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 3-May-2017

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



TAPE DIMENSIONS Ф $\phi \phi \phi$ Ф Cavity -→ A0 ←

A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



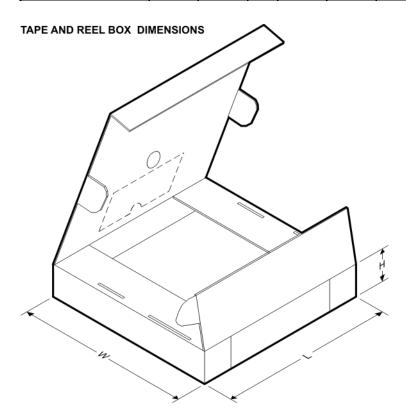
*All dimensions are nominal

Il dimensions are nominal		•		1								
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadran
TL2575-05IKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.3	5.11	16.0	24.0	Q2
TL2575-05IKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.1	4.9	16.0	24.0	Q2
TL2575-12IKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.3	5.11	16.0	24.0	Q2
TL2575-15IKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.3	5.11	16.0	24.0	Q2
TL2575-33IKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.1	4.9	16.0	24.0	Q2
TL2575-33IKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.3	5.11	16.0	24.0	Q2
TL2575-ADJIKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.3	5.11	16.0	24.0	Q2
TL2575-ADJIKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.1	4.9	16.0	24.0	Q2
TL2575HV-05IKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.3	5.11	16.0	24.0	Q2
TL2575HV-12IKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.3	5.11	16.0	24.0	Q2
TL2575HV-15IKTTR	DDPAK/	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.3	5.11	16.0	24.0	Q2

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
	TO-263											
TL2575HV-33IKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.1	4.9	16.0	24.0	Q2
TL2575HV-33IKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.3	5.11	16.0	24.0	Q2
TL2575HV-ADJIKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.1	4.9	16.0	24.0	Q2
TL2575HV-ADJIKTTR	DDPAK/ TO-263	KTT	5	500	330.0	24.4	10.8	16.3	5.11	16.0	24.0	Q2



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TL2575-05IKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	340.0	340.0	38.0
TL2575-05IKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	350.0	334.0	47.0
TL2575-12IKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	340.0	340.0	38.0
TL2575-15IKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	340.0	340.0	38.0
TL2575-33IKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	350.0	334.0	47.0
TL2575-33IKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	340.0	340.0	38.0
TL2575-ADJIKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	340.0	340.0	38.0
TL2575-ADJIKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	350.0	334.0	47.0
TL2575HV-05IKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	340.0	340.0	38.0



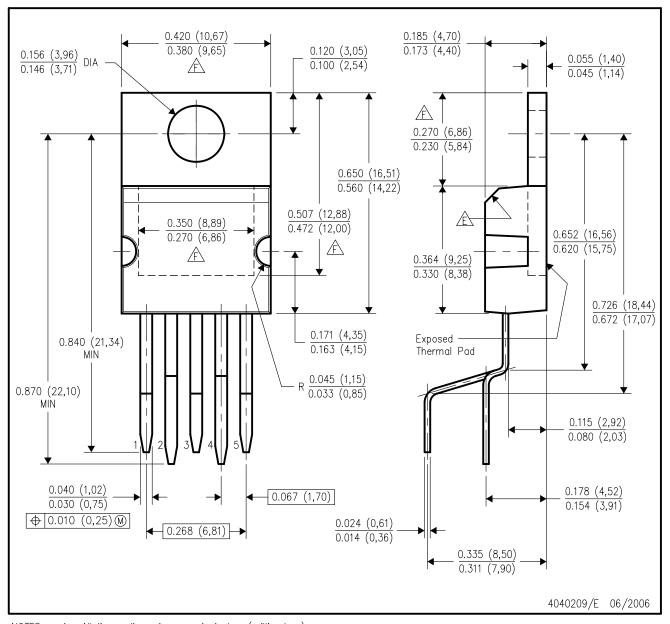
PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TL2575HV-12IKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	340.0	340.0	38.0
TL2575HV-15IKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	340.0	340.0	38.0
TL2575HV-33IKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	350.0	334.0	47.0
TL2575HV-33IKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	340.0	340.0	38.0
TL2575HV-ADJIKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	350.0	334.0	47.0
TL2575HV-ADJIKTTR	DDPAK/TO-263	KTT	5	500	340.0	340.0	38.0

KV (R-PZFM-T5)

PLASTIC FLANGE-MOUNT PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. All lead dimensions apply before solder dip.
- D. The center lead is in electrical contact with the mounting tab.

The chamfer is optional.

Thermal pad contour optional within these dimensions.



N (R-PDIP-T**)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE

16 PINS SHOWN



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
- The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.



KTT (R-PSFM-G5)

PLASTIC FLANGE-MOUNT PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.005 (0,13) per side.
- Falls within JEDEC T0—263 variation BA, except minimum lead thickness, maximum seating height, and minimum body length.





NOTES: A.

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-SM-782 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release.

 Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.
- F. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to the Product Datasheet for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended thermal pad size. For thermal pad sizes larger than shown a solder mask defined pad is recommended in order to maintain the solderable pad geometry while increasing copper area.



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