

# Extending Layerwise Relevance Propagation using Semiring Annotations

**Antoine Groudiev**  
L3, ENS Ulm

**Silviu Maniu** – Supervisor  
SLIDE Team, LIG

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# Plan

## Introduction

- Problem statement

- Layerwise Relevance Propagation

- Semiring-based provenance annotations

## Extending LRP

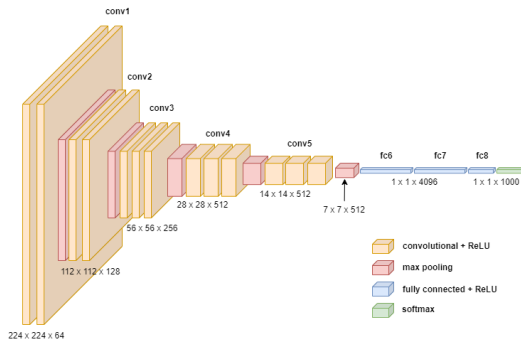
## Applications

- Image mask computation

- Network pruning using LRP ranking

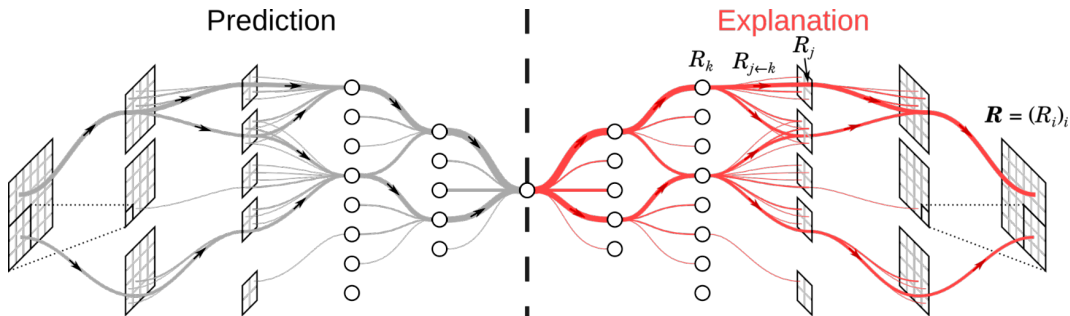
- Comparison to image perturbation

# Problem statement



"castle"

## Layerwise Relevance Propagation [5]



# Layerwise Relevance Propagation

## Initialization

Initialization:

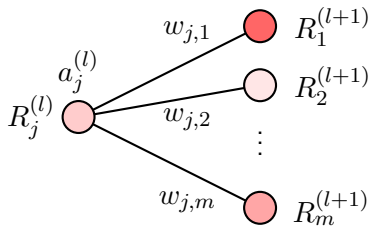
$$R_i^{(L)} = \begin{cases} a_i^{(L)} & \text{if } i = y \text{ (the class we want)} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$\rightarrow$ "goldfish"
$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$\rightarrow$ "street sign"
$\vdots$	
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\rightarrow$ "castle"
$\vdots$	
$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$\rightarrow$ "printer"

## Layerwise Relevance Propagation

LRP-0 rule:

$$R_j^{(l)} = \sum_k \frac{a_j^{(l)} w_{j,k}}{\sum_{j'} a_{j'}^{(l)} w_{j',k}} R_k^{(l+1)} \quad (2)$$



Other rules exist (LRP- $\epsilon$ , LRP- $\gamma$ ,  $z^B$ )

## Multilayer Perceptron on MNIST dataset

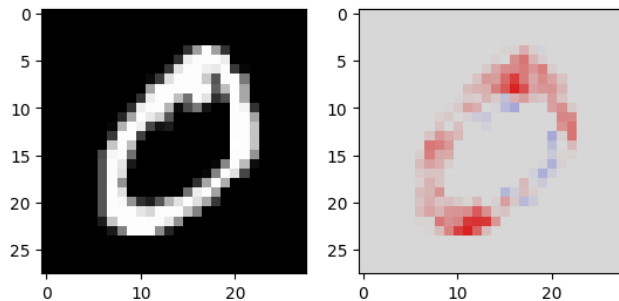


Figure: Reference image and relevance for the class 0

## VVG-16 on ImageNet dataset



Figure: Reference image

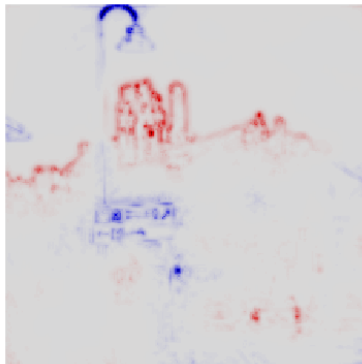


Figure: Relevance for the class "castle"





## Semiring-based provenance annotations [4, 6]

### Definition (Semiring)

A semiring  $(\mathbb{K}, \oplus, \otimes, \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{1})$  is such that:

- $\otimes$  distributes over  $\oplus$ ,
- $(\mathbb{K}, \oplus, \mathbf{0})$  is a commutative monoid,
- $(\mathbb{K}, \otimes, \mathbf{1})$  is a monoid such that  $\mathbf{0}$  is absorbing

### Example

The following structures are semirings:

- Real semiring:  $(\mathbb{R}, +, \times, 0, 1)$
- Boolean semiring:  $(\{\perp, \top\}, \vee, \wedge, \perp, \top)$
- Counting semiring:  $(\mathbb{N}, +, \times, 0, 1)$
- Viterbi semiring:  $([0, 1], \max, \times, 0, 1)$

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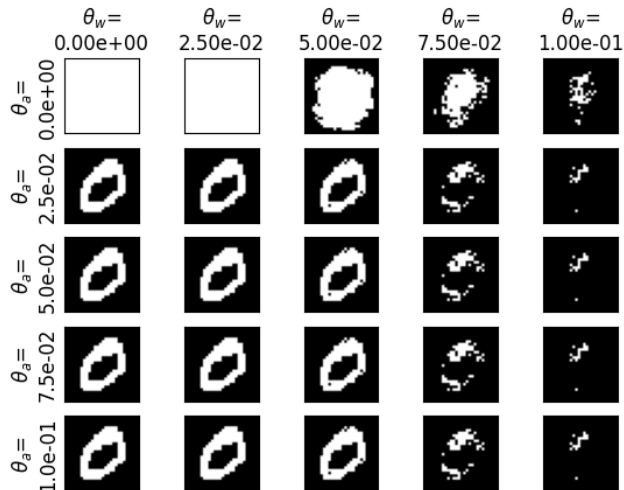
Comparison to image perturbation







## Influence of the thresholds





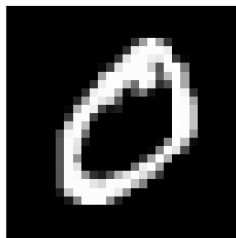


## Viterbi Semiring

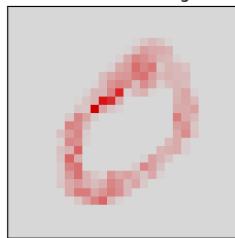
$([0, 1], \max, \times, 0, 1)$

$$R_j^{(l)} = \max_k \underbrace{\left( \frac{|a_j^{(l)} w_{j,k}^{(l)}|}{\max_{j'} |a_{j'}^{(l)} w_{j',k}^{(l)}|} \right)}_{\in [0,1]} \cdot R_k^{(l+1)}$$

## Reference



## Viterbi semiring



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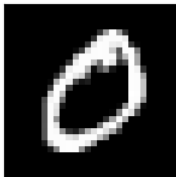
Image mask computation

Network pruning using LRP ranking

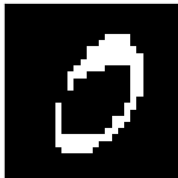
Comparison to image perturbation

## Class-wise mask – Boolean semiring

## Reference



### Class-wise AND (5 examples)



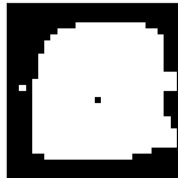
Class-wise OR  
(5 examples)



Class-wise AND  
(100 examples)

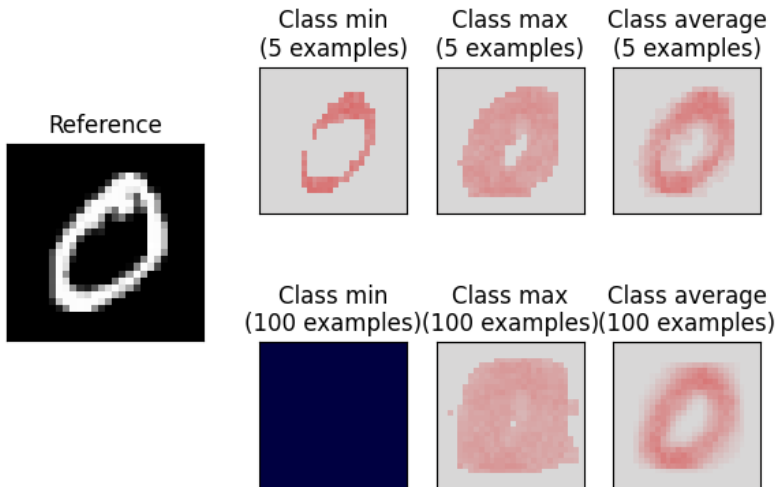


Class-wise OR  
(100 examples)





## Class-wise mask – Counting semiring

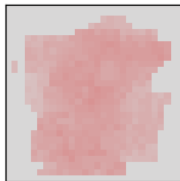


## All classes mask – Counting semiring

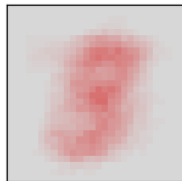
All classes min  
(50 examples)



All classes max  
(50 examples)



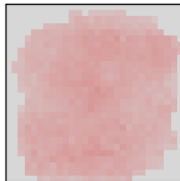
All classes average  
(50 examples)



All classes min  
(1000 examples)



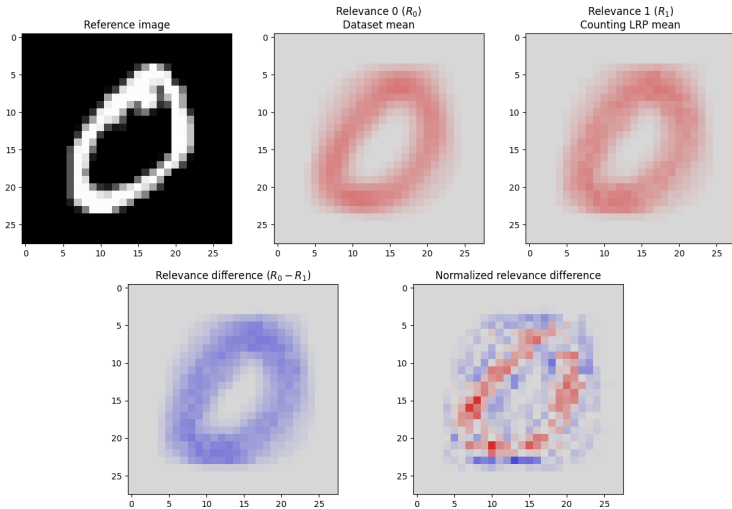
All classes max  
(1000 examples)



All classes average  
(1000 examples)



## Comparison to dataset mean



## Network pruning using LRP ranking

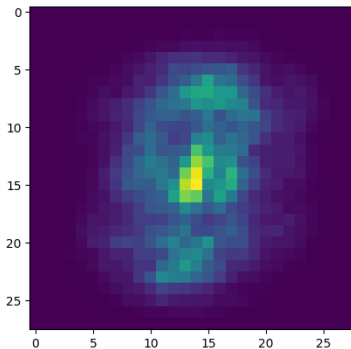
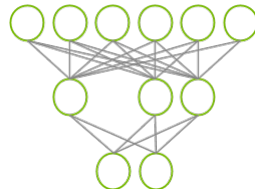
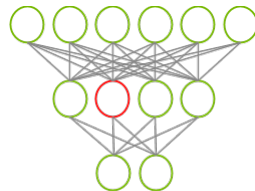
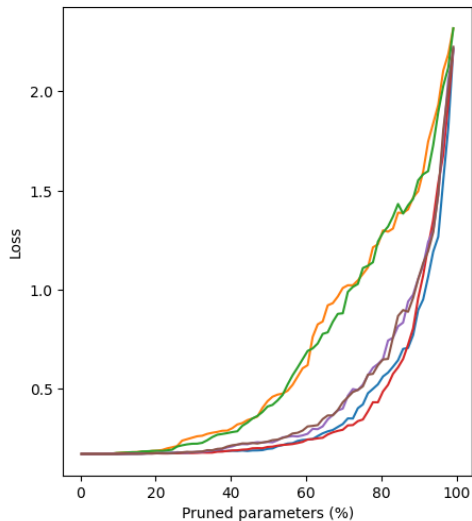


Figure: Relevance mean over the training dataset  
(Input layer)

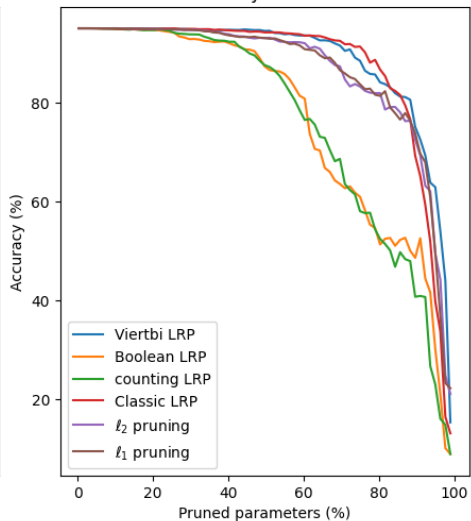




Loss evolution



Accuracy evolution



## Comparison to image perturbation [2]

Accuracies per attack zone  
Kernel size: 4 — Step: 1

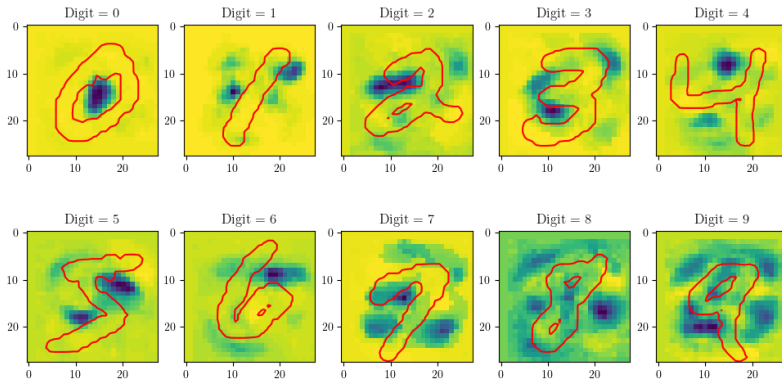


Figure: Accuracies per attack zone

