IFCC

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1 Welcome to the Documentation	1
1.1 Overview	1
1.2 Features	1
1.3 How to Use	1
1.4 Dependencies	1
1.5 Project Structure	2
1.6 License	2
2 Hierarchical Index	3
2.1 Class Hierarchy	3
3 Class Index	5
3.1 Class List	5
4 Class Documentation	7
4.1 BaseIRInstr Class Reference	7
4.1.1 Detailed Description	8
4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	8
4.1.2.1 BaselRInstr()	8
4.1.3 Member Function Documentation	8
4.1.3.1 gen_asm()	8
4.1.3.2 getBB()	9
4.1.4 Member Data Documentation	9
4.1.4.1 bb	9
4.2 BasicBlock Class Reference	9
4.2.1 Detailed Description	10
4.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	10
4.2.2.1 BasicBlock()	10
4.2.3 Member Function Documentation	11
4.2.3.1 add_IRInstr()	11
4.2.3.2 gen_asm()	11
4.2.3.3 getCFG()	11
4.2.3.4 getExitFalse()	12
4.2.3.5 getExitTrue()	12
4.2.3.6 getInstr()	12
4.2.3.7 getLabel()	12
4.2.3.8 setExitFalse()	12
4.2.3.9 setExitTrue()	13
4.2.4 Member Data Documentation	13
4.2.4.1 cfg	13
4.2.4.2 exit_false	13
4.2.4.3 exit_true	13
4.2.4.4 instrs	13

4.2.4.5 label	14
4.3 CFG Class Reference	14
4.3.1 Detailed Description	15
4.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	15
4.3.2.1 CFG()	15
4.3.3 Member Function Documentation	15
4.3.3.1 add_bb()	15
4.3.3.2 create_new_tempvar()	16
4.3.3.3 gen_asm()	16
4.3.3.4 gen_asm_epilogue()	16
4.3.3.5 gen_asm_prologue()	17
4.3.3.6 gen_cfg_graphviz()	17
4.3.3.7 get_var_index()	17
4.3.3.8 getCurrentBasicBlock()	18
4.3.3.9 getLabel()	18
4.3.3.10 resetNextFreeSymbolIndex()	18
4.3.3.11 setCurrentBasicBlock()	18
4.3.4 Member Data Documentation	19
4.3.4.1 bbs	19
4.3.4.2 current_bb	19
4.3.4.3 initialTempPos	19
4.3.4.4 label	19
4.3.4.5 nextFreeSymbolIndex	19
4.3.4.6 SymbolIndex	19
4.4 CodeCheckVisitor Class Reference	20
4.4.1 Detailed Description	21
4.4.2 Member Function Documentation	21
4.4.2.1 getCurrentOffset()	21
4.4.2.2 getIsUsed()	22
4.4.2.3 getSymbolsTable()	22
4.4.2.4 visitAddsub()	22
4.4.2.5 visitAssign_stmt()	22
4.4.2.6 visitBitwise()	23
4.4.2.7 visitComp()	23
4.4.2.8 visitDecl_stmt()	23
4.4.2.9 visitExpr()	24
4.4.2.10 visitMuldiv()	24
4.4.2.11 visitPost()	25
4.4.2.12 visitPre()	25
4.4.2.13 visitUnary()	25
4.4.3 Member Data Documentation	26
4.4.3.1 currentOffset	26

4.4.3.2 hasAValue	26
4.4.3.3 isUsed	26
4.4.3.4 symbolsTable	26
4.5 IRInstrArithmeticOp Class Reference	26
4.5.1 Detailed Description	28
4.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	28
4.5.2.1 IRInstrArithmeticOp()	28
4.5.3 Member Function Documentation	28
4.5.3.1 gen_asm()	28
4.6 IRInstrBinaryOp Class Reference	
4.6.1 Detailed Description	30
4.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	30
4.6.2.1 IRInstrBinaryOp()	30
4.6.3 Member Function Documentation	31
4.6.3.1 gen_asm()	31
4.6.4 Member Data Documentation	31
4.6.4.1 firstOp	31
4.6.4.2 op	31
4.6.4.3 secondOp	31
4.7 IRInstrClean Class Reference	32
4.7.1 Detailed Description	33
4.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	33
4.7.2.1 IRInstrClean()	33
4.7.3 Member Function Documentation	33
4.7.3.1 gen_asm()	33
4.8 IRInstrComp Class Reference	34
4.8.1 Detailed Description	36
4.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	36
4.8.2.1 IRInstrComp()	36
4.8.3 Member Function Documentation	36
4.8.3.1 gen_asm()	36
4.9 IRInstrLoadConst Class Reference	37
4.9.1 Detailed Description	38
4.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	38
4.9.2.1 IRInstrLoadConst()	38
4.9.3 Member Function Documentation	38
4.9.3.1 gen_asm()	38
4.10 IRInstrMove Class Reference	39
4.10.1 Detailed Description	40
4.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	40
4.10.2.1 IRInstrMove()	40
4.10.3 Member Function Documentation	41

4.10.3.1 gen_asm()	. 41
4.11 IRInstrSet Class Reference	. 41
4.11.1 Detailed Description	. 42
4.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	. 43
4.11.2.1 IRInstrSet()	. 43
4.11.3 Member Function Documentation	. 43
4.11.3.1 gen_asm()	. 43
4.12 IRInstrUnaryOp Class Reference	. 43
4.12.1 Detailed Description	. 45
4.12.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	. 45
4.12.2.1 IRInstrUnaryOp()	. 45
4.12.3 Member Function Documentation	. 45
4.12.3.1 gen_asm()	. 45
4.12.4 Member Data Documentation	. 46
4.12.4.1 op	. 46
4.12.4.2 uniqueOp	. 46
4.13 IRVisitor Class Reference	. 46
4.13.1 Detailed Description	. 48
4.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	. 48
4.13.2.1 IRVisitor()	. 48
4.13.3 Member Function Documentation	. 48
4.13.3.1 gen_asm()	. 48
4.13.3.2 getCFGS()	. 49
4.13.3.3 getCurrentCFG()	. 49
4.13.3.4 setCurrentCFG()	. 49
4.13.3.5 visitAddsub()	. 49
4.13.3.6 visitAssign()	. 51
4.13.3.7 visitAssign_stmt()	. 51
4.13.3.8 visitBitwise()	. 51
4.13.3.9 visitComp()	. 52
4.13.3.10 visitDecl_stmt()	. 52
4.13.3.11 visitExpr()	. 53
4.13.3.12 visitMuldiv()	. 53
4.13.3.13 visitPost()	. 53
4.13.3.14 visitPre()	. 54
4.13.3.15 visitProg()	. 54
4.13.3.16 visitReturn_stmt()	. 54
4.13.3.17 visitUnary()	. 55
4.13.4 Member Data Documentation	. 55
4.13.4.1 cfgs	. 55
4.13.4.2 currentCEG	55

Index 57

Chapter 1

Welcome to the Documentation

1.1 Overview

This project implements a C compiler with a focus on generating Intermediate Representation (IR), performing code analysis, and generating assembly code. It includes functionalities such as syntax checking, control flow graph (CFG) generation, and code optimization.

1.2 Features

- C Syntax Analysis: Parses C source code and performs syntax checks.
- Intermediate Representation (IR): Generates and manipulates IR for code analysis.
- Assembly Generation: Converts IR into assembly code for various platforms.
- CFG Generation: Generates control flow graphs for visualizing program execution.
- Code Checking: Validates the code for errors and potential optimizations.

1.3 How to Use

To compile and run the compiler:

- 1. Clone or download the repository.
- 2. Set up the build environment.
- 3. Compile the source code using make or the appropriate build command.
- 4. Run the compiler with the C source file as an argument:
 - ./ifcc path/to/file.c

1.4 Dependencies

- ANTLR: For parsing C source code.
- Graphviz: For generating CFG visualizations.

1.5 Project Structure

- src/: Source code for the compiler.
- include/: Header files defining the compiler's functionality.
- test/: Test files for validating the compiler's correctness.
- docs/: Documentation for the project.
- **README.md:** Project overview and setup instructions.

1.6 License

This project is licensed under the BJAQPIG License.

Chapter 2

Hierarchical Index

2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

BaseIRInstr	7
IRInstrBinaryOp	29
IRInstrArithmeticOp	26
IRInstrComp	34
IRInstrClean	32
IRInstrLoadConst	
IRInstrMove	
IRInstrSet	
IRInstrUnaryOp	43
BasicBlock	
CFG	14
ccBaseVisitor	
CodeCheckVisitor	20
IRVisitor	46

4 Hierarchical Index

Chapter 3

Class Index

3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

BaselRInstr	
Represents a base class for intermediate representation instructions	7
BasicBlock	
Represents a basic block in the control flow graph (CFG)	9
CFG	
Represents a Control Flow Graph (CFG) in an Intermediate Representation (IR)	14
CodeCheckVisitor	
A visitor class for checking code correctness	20
IRInstrArithmeticOp	
Represents an arithmetic operation instruction in the intermediate representation	26
IRInstrBinaryOp	
Represents a binary operation instruction in the intermediate representation	29
IRInstrClean	
Represents a clean-up instruction in the intermediate representation	32
IRInstrComp	
Represents a comparison operation instruction in the intermediate representation	34
IRInstrLoadConst	
Represents an IR instruction for loading a constant into memory or a register	37
IRInstrMove	
Represents an IR instruction for moving a value between registers and memory	39
IRInstrSet	
Represents an instruction that sets a value in the intermediate representation	41
IRInstrUnaryOp	
Represents a unary operation instruction in the intermediate representation	43
IRVisitor (IR)	
A visitor class for generating Intermediate Representation (IR) during parsing	46

6 Class Index

Chapter 4

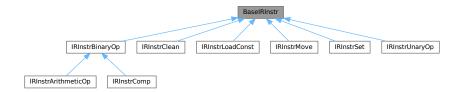
Class Documentation

4.1 BaselRInstr Class Reference

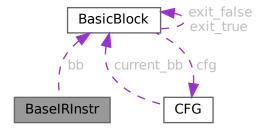
Represents a base class for intermediate representation instructions.

#include <BaseIRInstr.h>

Inheritance diagram for BaseIRInstr:



Collaboration diagram for BaseIRInstr:



Public Member Functions

BaseIRInstr (BasicBlock *bb_)

Constructs an instruction for a given basic block.

BasicBlock * getBB ()

Gets the basic block that this instruction belongs to.

• virtual void gen_asm (ostream &o)=0

Generates the assembly code for this instruction.

Protected Attributes

BasicBlock * bb

The basic block that this instruction belongs to.

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Represents a base class for intermediate representation instructions.

This class serves as the base for all instruction types in the intermediate representation (IR). It provides a basic structure for handling assembly generation and access to the basic block that the instruction belongs to.

4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.1.2.1 BaselRInstr()

```
BaseIRInstr::BaseIRInstr ( {\tt BasicBlock} \ * \ bb\_ \ ) \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Constructs an instruction for a given basic block.

Initializes the instruction with the basic block it belongs to.

Parameters

```
bb

The basic block to which this instruction belongs.
```

4.1.3 Member Function Documentation

4.1.3.1 gen_asm()

Generates the assembly code for this instruction.

This is a pure virtual function that must be implemented by derived classes to generate the specific assembly code for each type of instruction.

Parameters

o The output stream where the generated assembly code will be written.

Implemented in IRInstrArithmeticOp, IRInstrUnaryOp, IRInstrComp, IRInstrLoadConst, IRInstrMove, and IRInstrBinaryOp.

4.1.3.2 getBB()

```
BasicBlock * BaseIRInstr::getBB ( )
```

Gets the basic block that this instruction belongs to.

Returns

The basic block associated with this instruction.

4.1.4 Member Data Documentation

4.1.4.1 bb

```
BasicBlock* BaseIRInstr::bb [protected]
```

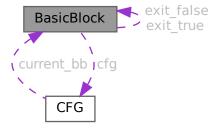
The basic block that this instruction belongs to.

4.2 BasicBlock Class Reference

Represents a basic block in the control flow graph (CFG).

```
#include <BasicBlock.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for BasicBlock:



Public Member Functions

BasicBlock (CFG *cfg, string entry_label)

Constructs a BasicBlock with the given CFG and entry label.

void gen_asm (ostream &o)

Generates the assembly code for this basic block.

void add IRInstr (BaseIRInstr *instr)

Adds an instruction to the basic block.

CFG * getCFG ()

Gets the CFG associated with this basic block.

• string getLabel ()

Retrieves the label associated with the current block.

vector< BaselRInstr * > getInstr ()

Retrieves the list of instructions within the current block.

void setExitTrue (BasicBlock *bb)

Sets the "true" exit point for the current block.

void setExitFalse (BasicBlock *bb)

Sets the "false" exit point for the current block.

BasicBlock * getExitTrue ()

Retrieves the "true" exit point of the current block.

BasicBlock * getExitFalse ()

Retrieves the "false" exit point of the current block.

Protected Attributes

- BasicBlock * exit true
- BasicBlock * exit false
- · string label

The label for the basic block, also used as the label in the generated assembly code.

• CFG * cfg

The control flow graph to which this basic block belongs.

vector< BaselRInstr * > instrs

A vector of instructions that belong to this basic block.

4.2.1 Detailed Description

Represents a basic block in the control flow graph (CFG).

A basic block is a sequence of instructions with a single entry point and a single exit point. This class is responsible for managing the instructions in the block and generating the assembly code.

4.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.2.2.1 BasicBlock()

Constructs a BasicBlock with the given CFG and entry label.

Initializes a new basic block with a label and associates it with a specific control flow graph (CFG).

Parameters

cfg	The CFG where this basic block belongs.
entry_label	The entry label for the basic block.

4.2.3 Member Function Documentation

4.2.3.1 add_IRInstr()

Adds an instruction to the basic block.

This method adds a new intermediate representation instruction (IRInstr) to the basic block.

Parameters

	instr	A pointer to the instruction to add.	
--	-------	--------------------------------------	--

4.2.3.2 gen_asm()

Generates the assembly code for this basic block.

This method generates the x86 assembly code for all the instructions in the basic block.

Parameters

o The output stream where the assembly code will be written.

4.2.3.3 getCFG()

```
CFG * BasicBlock::getCFG ( )
```

Gets the CFG associated with this basic block.

This method retrieves the CFG to which this basic block belongs.

Returns

A pointer to the CFG associated with this basic block.

4.2.3.4 getExitFalse()

```
BasicBlock * BasicBlock::getExitFalse ( )
```

Retrieves the "false" exit point of the current block.

This function returns the basic block representing the "false" exit point in the control flow. It is used to identify where the program flow should continue if a condition evaluates to false.

Returns

A pointer to the BasicBlock representing the "false" exit.

4.2.3.5 getExitTrue()

```
BasicBlock * BasicBlock::getExitTrue ( )
```

Retrieves the "true" exit point of the current block.

This function returns the basic block representing the "true" exit point in the control flow. It is used to identify where the program flow should continue if a condition evaluates to true.

Returns

A pointer to the BasicBlock representing the "true" exit.

4.2.3.6 getInstr()

```
vector< BaseIRInstr * > BasicBlock::getInstr ( )
```

Retrieves the list of instructions within the current block.

This function returns a vector containing all the instructions present in this block. Each instruction represents a basic operation in the program's flow, used in program analysis or code generation.

Returns

A vector of BaseIRInstr * representing the instructions in the block.

4.2.3.7 getLabel()

```
string BasicBlock::getLabel ( )
```

Retrieves the label associated with the current block.

This function returns the label associated with this particular control flow block. The label is typically used to uniquely identify this block in control flow analysis.

Returns

A string representing the label of this control flow block.

4.2.3.8 setExitFalse()

Sets the "false" exit point for the current block.

This function sets the block that serves as the "false" exit in the control flow of the program. This is typically used for conditional branches, where the program flow follows one path if a condition is true, and another path if it is false.

Parameters

bb A pointer to the BasicBlock that represents the "false" exit of the current block.

4.2.3.9 setExitTrue()

Sets the "true" exit point for the current block.

This function sets the block that serves as the "true" exit in the control flow of the program. This is often used when there is a conditional branch and the flow of execution diverges depending on the outcome of a condition.

Parameters

bb A pointer to the BasicBlock that represents the "true" exit of the current block.

4.2.4 Member Data Documentation

4.2.4.1 cfg

```
CFG* BasicBlock::cfg [protected]
```

The control flow graph to which this basic block belongs.

4.2.4.2 exit false

```
BasicBlock* BasicBlock::exit_false [protected]
```

Pointer to the basic block representing the "false" exit. This is used for the branch or conditional statement when the condition is false. It can be null if no "false" exit exists.

4.2.4.3 exit_true

```
BasicBlock* BasicBlock::exit_true [protected]
```

Pointer to the basic block representing the "true" exit. This is used for the branch or conditional statement when the condition is true. It can be null if no "true" exit exists.

4.2.4.4 instrs

```
vector<BaseIRInstr *> BasicBlock::instrs [protected]
```

A vector of instructions that belong to this basic block.

4.2.4.5 label

string BasicBlock::label [protected]

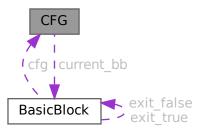
The label for the basic block, also used as the label in the generated assembly code.

4.3 CFG Class Reference

Represents a Control Flow Graph (CFG) in an Intermediate Representation (IR).

#include <CFG.h>

Collaboration diagram for CFG:



Public Member Functions

• CFG (string label, map< string, int > SymbolIndex, int initialNextFreeSymbolIndex)

Constructs a CFG with the given label and symbol index information.

void add bb (BasicBlock *bb)

Adds a basic block to the control flow graph.

void gen_asm (ostream &o)

Generates the assembly code for the entire control flow graph.

void gen_asm_prologue (ostream &o)

Generates the assembly prologue for the control flow graph.

• void gen_asm_epilogue (ostream &o)

Generates the assembly epilogue for the control flow graph.

• string create_new_tempvar ()

Creates a new temporary variable in the control flow graph.

• int get var index (string name)

Retrieves the index of a variable by its name.

BasicBlock * getCurrentBasicBlock ()

Retrieves the current basic block in the control flow graph.

void setCurrentBasicBlock (BasicBlock *bb)

Sets the current basic block in the control flow graph.

void resetNextFreeSymbolIndex ()

Resets the next free symbol index to its initial value.

• void gen_cfg_graphviz (ostream &o)

Generates the Graphviz representation of the control flow graph (CFG).

• string getLabel ()

Retrieves the label associated with the control flow graph (CFG).

4.3 CFG Class Reference 15

Protected Attributes

map< string, int > SymbolIndex

A map of symbol names to their respective indices.

int nextFreeSymbolIndex

The next available symbol index.

const int initialTempPos

The initial value for the next free symbol index.

vector< BasicBlock * > bbs

A vector containing all the basic blocks in the control flow graph.

• BasicBlock * current_bb

A pointer to the current basic block being processed.

string label

The label associated with the control flow graph.

4.3.1 Detailed Description

Represents a Control Flow Graph (CFG) in an Intermediate Representation (IR).

A CFG consists of basic blocks and represents the flow of control in a program. This class is responsible for managing the basic blocks and generating assembly code corresponding to the control flow graph.

4.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.3.2.1 CFG()

Constructs a CFG with the given label and symbol index information.

Initializes the control flow graph with a label and symbol index, and sets the initial index for the next free symbol.

Parameters

label	The label for the CFG.
SymbolIndex	A map that maps symbol names to their respective indices.
initialNextFreeSymbolIndex	The initial value for the next free symbol index.

4.3.3 Member Function Documentation

4.3.3.1 add_bb()

Adds a basic block to the control flow graph.

This method adds a new basic block to the vector of basic blocks that make up the CFG.

Parameters

```
bb A pointer to the basic block to add.
```

4.3.3.2 create_new_tempvar()

```
string CFG::create_new_tempvar ( )
```

Creates a new temporary variable in the control flow graph.

This method creates a new temporary variable with a unique name and returns the name of the variable.

Returns

The name of the new temporary variable.

4.3.3.3 gen_asm()

Generates the assembly code for the entire control flow graph.

This method generates the assembly code for all basic blocks in the CFG.

Parameters

o The output stream where the assembly code will be written.

4.3.3.4 gen asm epilogue()

Generates the assembly epilogue for the control flow graph.

This method generates the final assembly code that cleans up the environment after the program has executed.

Parameters

o The output stream where the epilogue will be written.

4.3 CFG Class Reference 17

4.3.3.5 gen_asm_prologue()

Generates the assembly prologue for the control flow graph.

This method generates the initial assembly code that sets up the environment for the program to start execution.

Parameters

o The output stream where the prologue will be written.

4.3.3.6 gen_cfg_graphviz()

Generates the Graphviz representation of the control flow graph (CFG).

This function generates a Graphviz-compatible .dot file that visualizes the control flow of the program. The .dot file describes the nodes (representing basic blocks or instructions) and edges (representing the flow of control between the blocks) of the control flow graph.

The generated Graphviz representation is written to the provided output stream.

Parameters

o The output stream to which the Graphviz .dot representation of the CFG is written. This is typically a file stream (e.g., ofstream) that writes to a .dot file.

4.3.3.7 get_var_index()

Retrieves the index of a variable by its name.

This method retrieves the index of the variable in the symbol table.

Parameters

name The name of the variable.

Returns

The index of the variable, or -1 if the variable does not exist.

4.3.3.8 getCurrentBasicBlock()

```
BasicBlock * CFG::getCurrentBasicBlock ( )
```

Retrieves the current basic block in the control flow graph.

This method returns a pointer to the current basic block being processed.

Returns

A pointer to the current basic block.

4.3.3.9 getLabel()

```
string CFG::getLabel ( )
```

Retrieves the label associated with the control flow graph (CFG).

This function returns a string label that represents the name or identifier associated with the current control flow graph. The label can be used to identify different parts of the program, such as functions or basic blocks.

The label is typically used for naming the nodes and edges in the Graphviz .dot representation or for other program analysis purposes.

Returns

A string representing the label of the control flow graph. This could be a function name, block identifier, or any other relevant label.

4.3.3.10 resetNextFreeSymbolIndex()

```
void CFG::resetNextFreeSymbolIndex ( )
```

Resets the next free symbol index to its initial value.

This method resets the index for the next free symbol to its initial state.

4.3.3.11 setCurrentBasicBlock()

Sets the current basic block in the control flow graph.

This method sets the basic block that is currently being processed in the CFG.

Parameters

bb A pointer to the basic block to set as the current block.

4.3 CFG Class Reference

4.3.4 Member Data Documentation

4.3.4.1 bbs

```
vector<BasicBlock *> CFG::bbs [protected]
```

A vector containing all the basic blocks in the control flow graph.

4.3.4.2 current_bb

```
BasicBlock* CFG::current_bb [protected]
```

A pointer to the current basic block being processed.

4.3.4.3 initialTempPos

```
const int CFG::initialTempPos [protected]
```

The initial value for the next free symbol index.

4.3.4.4 label

```
string CFG::label [protected]
```

The label associated with the control flow graph.

4.3.4.5 nextFreeSymbolIndex

```
int CFG::nextFreeSymbolIndex [protected]
```

The next available symbol index.

4.3.4.6 Symbolindex

```
map<string, int> CFG::SymbolIndex [protected]
```

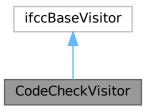
A map of symbol names to their respective indices.

4.4 CodeCheckVisitor Class Reference

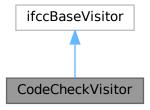
A visitor class for checking code correctness.

#include <CodeCheckVisitor.h>

Inheritance diagram for CodeCheckVisitor:



Collaboration diagram for CodeCheckVisitor:



Public Member Functions

- antlrcpp::Any visitProg (ifccParser::ProgContext *ctx) override
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitAssign_stmt (ifccParser::Assign_stmtContext *ctx) override Visits an assignment statement in the parsed code.
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitDecl_stmt (ifccParser::Decl_stmtContext *ctx) override Visits a declaration statement in the parsed code.
- antlrcpp::Any visitExpr (ifccParser::ExprContext *expr)

Visits any expression in the parsed code.

- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitAddsub (ifccParser::AddsubContext *ctx) override
 Visits an addition or subtraction expression.
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitMuldiv (ifccParser::MuldivContext *ctx) override Visits a multiplication or division expression.
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitBitwise (ifccParser::BitwiseContext *ctx) override

Visits a bitwise operation expression.

• virtual antlrcpp::Any visitComp (ifccParser::CompContext *ctx) override

Visits a comparison expression.

• virtual antlrcpp::Any visitUnary (ifccParser::UnaryContext *ctx) override

Visits a unary expression.

• virtual antlrcpp::Any visitPre (ifccParser::PreContext *ctx) override

Visits a pre-unary operation (e.g., prefix increment/decrement).

• virtual antlrcpp::Any visitPost (ifccParser::PostContext *ctx) override

Visits a post-unary operation (e.g., postfix increment/decrement).

map< string, int > getSymbolsTable () const

Retrieves the symbols table, which holds variable names and their associated offsets.

map< string, bool > getIsUsed () const

Retrieves the map indicating whether variables are used in the code.

• int getCurrentOffset () const

Retrieves the current offset used in the variable symbol table.

Protected Attributes

• map< string, int > symbolsTable

The symbols table containing variable names and their offsets.

• map< string, bool > isUsed

A map indicating if a variable has been used in the code.

• map< string, bool > hasAValue

A map to track whether a variable has been assigned a value.

• int currentOffset = 0

The current offset value used for the symbols table.

4.4.1 Detailed Description

A visitor class for checking code correctness.

This class extends the ifccBaseVisitor and is responsible for checking various aspects of code correctness, including variable declarations, assignments, and expressions, during the parsing phase of the compiler.

4.4.2 Member Function Documentation

4.4.2.1 getCurrentOffset()

```
int CodeCheckVisitor::getCurrentOffset ( ) const [inline]
```

Retrieves the current offset used in the variable symbol table.

Returns

The current offset value.

4.4.2.2 getIsUsed()

```
map< string, bool > CodeCheckVisitor::getIsUsed ( ) const [inline]
```

Retrieves the map indicating whether variables are used in the code.

Returns

The map of variables and their usage status.

4.4.2.3 getSymbolsTable()

```
map< string, int > CodeCheckVisitor::getSymbolsTable ( ) const [inline]
```

Retrieves the symbols table, which holds variable names and their associated offsets.

Returns

The symbols table as a map of variable names and their associated offsets.

4.4.2.4 visitAddsub()

Visits an addition or subtraction expression.

This method processes expressions involving addition or subtraction and checks for correctness in terms of variable usage.

Parameters

ctx The context for the addition or subtraction expression.

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.4.2.5 visitAssign_stmt()

Visits an assignment statement in the parsed code.

This method checks whether variables are assigned values correctly and whether the variables involved are defined.

Parameters

ctx The context for the assignment statement.

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.4.2.6 visitBitwise()

Visits a bitwise operation expression.

This method processes bitwise operations like AND, OR, XOR, etc., and ensures that all variables in these operations are declared.

Parameters

ctx The context for the bitwise operation expression.

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.4.2.7 visitComp()

Visits a comparison expression.

This method processes comparison operations like equality, inequality, greater than, less than, etc., and checks for any correctness issues regarding the variables used.

Parameters

ctx The context for the comparison expression.

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.4.2.8 visitDecl_stmt()

Visits a declaration statement in the parsed code.

This method ensures that the variable being declared is correctly handled, ensuring no variable is declared multiple times, or is used before being declared.

Parameters

```
ctx The context for the declaration statement.
```

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.4.2.9 visitExpr()

Visits any expression in the parsed code.

This method processes expressions and checks whether variables in expressions are valid and properly declared.

Parameters

expr	The expression context to check.
------	----------------------------------

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.4.2.10 visitMuldiv()

Visits a multiplication or division expression.

This method processes multiplication and division expressions and checks whether variables involved are correctly declared.

Parameters

```
ctx The context for the multiplication or division expression.
```

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.4.2.11 visitPost()

Visits a post-unary operation (e.g., postfix increment/decrement).

This method processes post-unary operations and checks for correctness in usage.

Parameters

```
ctx The context for the post-unary expression.
```

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.4.2.12 visitPre()

Visits a pre-unary operation (e.g., prefix increment/decrement).

This method checks for correctness in expressions involving pre-unary operations.

Parameters

```
ctx The context for the pre-unary expression.
```

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.4.2.13 visitUnary()

Visits a unary expression.

This method processes unary expressions (e.g., negation or logical NOT) and ensures that all variables in the expression are valid.

Parameters

```
ctx The context for the unary expression.
```

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.4.3 Member Data Documentation

4.4.3.1 currentOffset

```
int CodeCheckVisitor::currentOffset = 0 [protected]
```

The current offset value used for the symbols table.

4.4.3.2 hasAValue

```
map<string, bool> CodeCheckVisitor::hasAValue [protected]
```

A map to track whether a variable has been assigned a value.

4.4.3.3 isUsed

```
map<string, bool> CodeCheckVisitor::isUsed [protected]
```

A map indicating if a variable has been used in the code.

4.4.3.4 symbolsTable

```
map<string, int> CodeCheckVisitor::symbolsTable [protected]
```

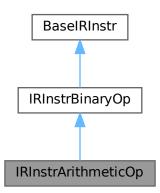
The symbols table containing variable names and their offsets.

4.5 IRInstrArithmeticOp Class Reference

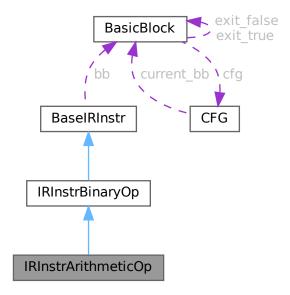
Represents an arithmetic operation instruction in the intermediate representation.

```
#include <IRInstrArithmeticOp.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for IRInstrArithmeticOp:



Collaboration diagram for IRInstrArithmeticOp:



Public Member Functions

- IRInstrArithmeticOp (BasicBlock *bb_, string firstOp, string secondOp, string op)
 Constructs an arithmetic operation instruction.
- virtual void gen_asm (ostream &o)

Generates the assembly code for this arithmetic operation instruction.

Public Member Functions inherited from IRInstrBinaryOp

• IRInstrBinaryOp (BasicBlock *bb_, string firstOp, string secondOp, string op)

Constructs a binary operation instruction.

Public Member Functions inherited from BaselRInstr

• BaselRInstr (BasicBlock *bb)

Constructs an instruction for a given basic block.

• BasicBlock * getBB ()

Gets the basic block that this instruction belongs to.

Additional Inherited Members

Protected Attributes inherited from IRInstrBinaryOp

string firstOp

The first operand for the binary operation.

string secondOp

The second operand for the binary operation.

• string op

The binary operation (e.g., '+', '-', '*', '/',").

Protected Attributes inherited from BaselRInstr

BasicBlock * bb

The basic block that this instruction belongs to.

4.5.1 Detailed Description

Represents an arithmetic operation instruction in the intermediate representation.

This class handles the generation of intermediate representation instructions for arithmetic operations, such as addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, modulo, and bitwise operations. It extends the IRInstrBinaryOp class and provides specialized methods for handling these operations.

4.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.5.2.1 IRInstrArithmeticOp()

```
IRInstrArithmeticOp::IRInstrArithmeticOp (
    BasicBlock * bb_,
    string firstOp,
    string secondOp,
    string op ) [inline]
```

Constructs an arithmetic operation instruction.

Initializes the instruction with a basic block, two operands, and the arithmetic operation.

Parameters 4 8 1

bb_	The basic block to which the instruction belongs.
firstOp	The first operand of the arithmetic operation.
secondOp	The second operand of the arithmetic operation.
ор	The arithmetic operation (e.g., '+', '-', '*', '/', ").

4.5.3 Member Function Documentation

4.5.3.1 gen_asm()

Generates the assembly code for this arithmetic operation instruction.

This method generates the appropriate assembly code based on the specific arithmetic operation (e.g., addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, modulo, or bitwise operations).

Parameters

o The output stream where the generated assembly code will be written.

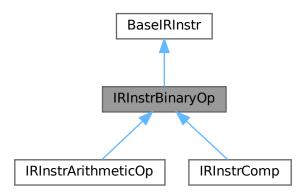
Implements IRInstrBinaryOp.

4.6 IRInstrBinaryOp Class Reference

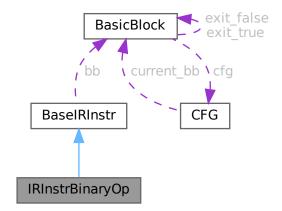
Represents a binary operation instruction in the intermediate representation.

#include <IRInstrBinaryOp.h>

Inheritance diagram for IRInstrBinaryOp:



Collaboration diagram for IRInstrBinaryOp:



Public Member Functions

• IRInstrBinaryOp (BasicBlock *bb_, string firstOp, string secondOp, string op)

Constructs a binary operation instruction.

• virtual void gen_asm (ostream &o)=0

Generates the assembly code for this binary operation instruction.

Public Member Functions inherited from BaselRInstr

• BaselRInstr (BasicBlock *bb_)

Constructs an instruction for a given basic block.

BasicBlock * getBB ()

Gets the basic block that this instruction belongs to.

Protected Attributes

string firstOp

The first operand for the binary operation.

string secondOp

The second operand for the binary operation.

string op

The binary operation (e.g., '+', '-', '*', '/',").

Protected Attributes inherited from BaselRInstr

BasicBlock * bb

The basic block that this instruction belongs to.

4.6.1 Detailed Description

Represents a binary operation instruction in the intermediate representation.

This class serves as the base class for binary operation instructions such as addition, subtraction, multiplication, etc. It provides a structure for managing two operands and the operation itself, and it also handles the generation of the corresponding assembly code for binary operations.

4.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.6.2.1 IRInstrBinaryOp()

Constructs a binary operation instruction.

Initializes the instruction with a basic block, two operands, and the binary operation.

Parameters

bb_	The basic block to which the instruction belongs.
firstOp	The first operand of the binary operation.
secondOp	The second operand of the binary operation.
ор	The binary operation (e.g., '+', '-', '*', '/').

4.6.3 Member Function Documentation

4.6.3.1 gen_asm()

Generates the assembly code for this binary operation instruction.

This method must be implemented by derived classes to generate the appropriate assembly code based on the specific binary operation.

Parameters

o The output stream where the generated assembly code will be written.

Implements BaseIRInstr.

Implemented in IRInstrArithmeticOp, and IRInstrComp.

4.6.4 Member Data Documentation

4.6.4.1 firstOp

```
string IRInstrBinaryOp::firstOp [protected]
```

The first operand for the binary operation.

4.6.4.2 op

```
string IRInstrBinaryOp::op [protected]
```

The binary operation (e.g., '+', '-', '*', '/',").

4.6.4.3 secondOp

```
string IRInstrBinaryOp::secondOp [protected]
```

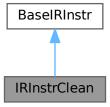
The second operand for the binary operation.

4.7 IRInstrClean Class Reference

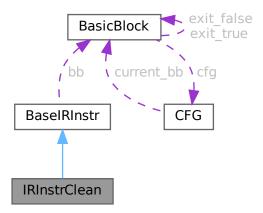
Represents a clean-up instruction in the intermediate representation.

#include <IRInstrClean.h>

Inheritance diagram for IRInstrClean:



Collaboration diagram for IRInstrClean:



Public Member Functions

• IRInstrClean (BasicBlock *bb_)

Constructs an IRInstrClean object.

• virtual void gen_asm (std::ostream &o) override

Generates assembly code for the IRInstrClean instruction.

Public Member Functions inherited from BaselRInstr

BaseIRInstr (BasicBlock *bb_)

Constructs an instruction for a given basic block.

BasicBlock * getBB ()

Gets the basic block that this instruction belongs to.

• virtual void gen_asm (ostream &o)=0

Generates the assembly code for this instruction.

Additional Inherited Members

Protected Attributes inherited from BaselRInstr

BasicBlock * bb

The basic block that this instruction belongs to.

4.7.1 Detailed Description

Represents a clean-up instruction in the intermediate representation.

The IRInstrClean class is a subclass of BaseIRInstr. It represents a clean-up instruction, typically used to deallocate resources or reset values within a basic block during intermediate representation generation. The main responsibility of this class is to generate the corresponding assembly code for the clean-up operation.

4.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.7.2.1 IRInstrClean()

Constructs an IRInstrClean object.

This constructor initializes an IRInstrClean instance with a reference to the basic block where this clean-up instruction resides.

Parameters

```
bb↔ A pointer to the BasicBlock to which this instruction belongs.
```

4.7.3 Member Function Documentation

4.7.3.1 gen_asm()

Generates assembly code for the IRInstrClean instruction.

This function generates the assembly code corresponding to the clean-up operation represented by this instruction and writes it to the provided output stream.

The generated assembly code typically involves operations to reset, deallocate, or clean up resources associated with the instruction.

Parameters

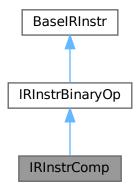
o The output stream to which the generated assembly code will be written.

4.8 IRInstrComp Class Reference

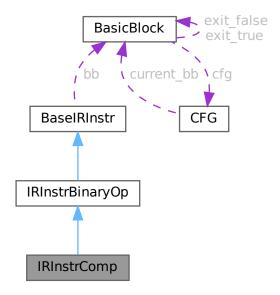
Represents a comparison operation instruction in the intermediate representation.

#include <IRInstrComp.h>

Inheritance diagram for IRInstrComp:



Collaboration diagram for IRInstrComp:



Public Member Functions

- IRInstrComp (BasicBlock *bb_, string firstOp, string secondOp, string op)
 Constructs a comparison operation instruction.
- virtual void gen_asm (ostream &o) override
 Generates the assembly code for this comparison operation instruction.

Public Member Functions inherited from IRInstrBinaryOp

• IRInstrBinaryOp (BasicBlock *bb_, string firstOp, string secondOp, string op)

Constructs a binary operation instruction.

Public Member Functions inherited from BaselRInstr

- BaselRInstr (BasicBlock *bb)
 - Constructs an instruction for a given basic block.
- BasicBlock * getBB ()

Gets the basic block that this instruction belongs to.

Additional Inherited Members

Protected Attributes inherited from IRInstrBinaryOp

- string firstOp
 - The first operand for the binary operation.
- string secondOp

The second operand for the binary operation.

• string op

The binary operation (e.g., '+', '-', '*', '/',").

Protected Attributes inherited from BaselRInstr

• BasicBlock * bb

The basic block that this instruction belongs to.

4.8.1 Detailed Description

Represents a comparison operation instruction in the intermediate representation.

This class handles the generation of intermediate representation instructions for comparison operations, such as equality, inequality, greater than, greater than or equal to, less than, and less than or equal to.

4.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.8.2.1 IRInstrComp()

Constructs a comparison operation instruction.

Initializes the instruction with a basic block, two operands, and the comparison operation.

Parameters

bb_	The basic block to which the instruction belongs.
firstOp	The first operand of the comparison operation.
secondOp	The second operand of the comparison operation.
ор	The comparison operation (e.g., '==', '!=', '>', '<', '>=', '<=').

4.8.3 Member Function Documentation

4.8.3.1 gen_asm()

Generates the assembly code for this comparison operation instruction.

This method generates the appropriate assembly code based on the specific comparison operation (e.g., equality, inequality, greater than, greater than or equal to, less than, or less than or equal to).

Parameters

o The output stream where the generated assembly code will be written.

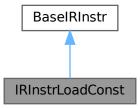
Implements IRInstrBinaryOp.

4.9 IRInstrLoadConst Class Reference

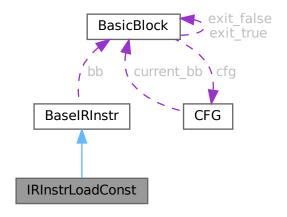
Represents an IR instruction for loading a constant into memory or a register.

```
#include <IRInstrLoadConst.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for IRInstrLoadConst:



Collaboration diagram for IRInstrLoadConst:



Public Member Functions

- IRInstrLoadConst (BasicBlock *bb_, int value, string dest)
 - Constructor for the IRInstrLoadConst instruction.
- virtual void gen_asm (ostream &o) override

Generates assembly code to load a constant.

Public Member Functions inherited from BaselRInstr

BaseIRInstr (BasicBlock *bb_)

Constructs an instruction for a given basic block.

BasicBlock * getBB ()

Gets the basic block that this instruction belongs to.

Additional Inherited Members

Protected Attributes inherited from BaselRInstr

BasicBlock * bb

The basic block that this instruction belongs to.

4.9.1 Detailed Description

Represents an IR instruction for loading a constant into memory or a register.

This instruction is used to assign an immediate value to a register or memory location.

4.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.9.2.1 IRInstrLoadConst()

Constructor for the IRInstrLoadConst instruction.

Initializes the instruction with the basic block, the constant value to load, and the destination register or memory variable where the value should be stored.

Parameters

bb⇔ _	Pointer to the basic block containing this instruction.
value	The constant value to load.
dest	The name of the target register or memory variable.

4.9.3 Member Function Documentation

4.9.3.1 gen_asm()

Generates assembly code to load a constant.

Generates assembly code to load a constant into memory or a register.

Generates assembly code for loading a constant value into a register or memory.

Parameters

Output stream where the assembly code will be written.

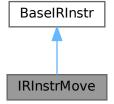
Implements BaseIRInstr.

4.10 IRInstrMove Class Reference

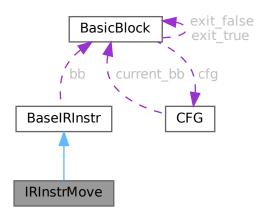
Represents an IR instruction for moving a value between registers and memory.

#include <IRInstrMove.h>

Inheritance diagram for IRInstrMove:



Collaboration diagram for IRInstrMove:



Public Member Functions

IRInstrMove (BasicBlock *bb_, string src, string dest)

Constructor for the IRInstrMove instruction.

• virtual void gen_asm (ostream &o) override

Generates the assembly code corresponding to the move instruction.

Public Member Functions inherited from BaselRInstr

```
• BaseIRInstr (BasicBlock *bb_)
```

Constructs an instruction for a given basic block.

BasicBlock * getBB ()

Gets the basic block that this instruction belongs to.

Additional Inherited Members

Protected Attributes inherited from BaselRInstr

BasicBlock * bb

The basic block that this instruction belongs to.

4.10.1 Detailed Description

Represents an IR instruction for moving a value between registers and memory.

This class handles data transfers between registers and the stack but does not manage constants.

4.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.10.2.1 IRInstrMove()

Constructor for the IRInstrMove instruction.

Initializes the instruction with the basic block, source, and destination variables.

Parameters

bb⇔	Pointer to the basic block containing this instruction.
src	The name of the source variable (register or memory location).
dest	The name of the destination variable (register or memory location).

4.10.3 Member Function Documentation

4.10.3.1 gen_asm()

Generates the assembly code corresponding to the move instruction.

Generates assembly code for moving a value between registers and memory.

This method generates the appropriate assembly code for moving a value from the source variable to the destination variable.

Parameters

Output stream where the assembly code will be written.

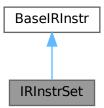
Implements BaseIRInstr.

4.11 IRInstrSet Class Reference

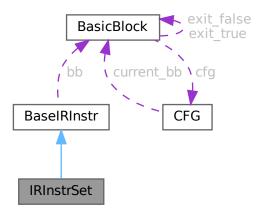
Represents an instruction that sets a value in the intermediate representation.

```
#include <IRInstrSet.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for IRInstrSet:



Collaboration diagram for IRInstrSet:



Public Member Functions

• IRInstrSet (BasicBlock *bb_)

Constructs an IRInstrSet object.

• virtual void gen_asm (std::ostream &o) override

Generates assembly code for the IRInstrSet instruction.

Public Member Functions inherited from BaselRInstr

BaselRInstr (BasicBlock *bb_)

Constructs an instruction for a given basic block.

• BasicBlock * getBB ()

Gets the basic block that this instruction belongs to.

virtual void gen_asm (ostream &o)=0

Generates the assembly code for this instruction.

Additional Inherited Members

Protected Attributes inherited from BaselRInstr

BasicBlock * bb

The basic block that this instruction belongs to.

4.11.1 Detailed Description

Represents an instruction that sets a value in the intermediate representation.

The IRInstrSet class is a subclass of BaseIRInstr. It represents an instruction that performs an assignment or setting of a value within a basic block during intermediate representation generation. The primary function of this class is to generate the assembly code for the instruction.

4.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.11.2.1 IRInstrSet()

Constructs an IRInstrSet object.

This constructor initializes an IRInstrSet instance with a reference to the basic block in which this instruction resides.

Parameters

```
bb

A pointer to the BasicBlock to which this instruction belongs.

—
```

4.11.3 Member Function Documentation

4.11.3.1 gen_asm()

Generates assembly code for the IRInstrSet instruction.

This function generates the corresponding assembly code for the IRInstrSet instruction and writes it to the provided output stream.

The generated assembly code typically includes an instruction for setting a value in a register or memory location, depending on the context.

Parameters

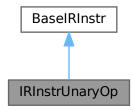
o The output stream to which the generated assembly code will be written.

4.12 IRInstrUnaryOp Class Reference

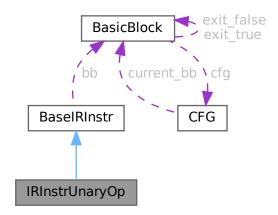
Represents a unary operation instruction in the intermediate representation.

```
#include <IRInstrUnaryOp.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for IRInstrUnaryOp:



Collaboration diagram for IRInstrUnaryOp:



Public Member Functions

- IRInstrUnaryOp (BasicBlock *bb_, string uniqueOp, string op)
 Constructs a unary operation instruction.
- virtual void gen_asm (ostream &o)

Generates the assembly code for this unary operation instruction.

Public Member Functions inherited from BaselRInstr

• BaselRInstr (BasicBlock *bb_)

Constructs an instruction for a given basic block.

• BasicBlock * getBB ()

Gets the basic block that this instruction belongs to.

Protected Attributes

string uniqueOp

A unique identifier for the unary operation.

string op

The actual unary operation (e.g., '!', '-', ' \sim ').

Protected Attributes inherited from BaselRInstr

BasicBlock * bb

The basic block that this instruction belongs to.

4.12.1 Detailed Description

Represents a unary operation instruction in the intermediate representation.

This class handles the generation of intermediate representation instructions for unary operations, such as negation, logical negation, and bitwise complement.

4.12.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.12.2.1 IRInstrUnaryOp()

Constructs a unary operation instruction.

Initializes the instruction with a basic block, a unique operation identifier, and the operation itself.

Parameters

bb_	The basic block to which the instruction belongs	
uniqueOp A unique identifier for the operation.		
ор	The actual unary operation (e.g., '!', '-', '~').	

4.12.3 Member Function Documentation

4.12.3.1 gen_asm()

Generates the assembly code for this unary operation instruction.

This method generates the appropriate assembly code based on the specific unary operation (e.g., negation, logical NOT, bitwise complement).

Parameters

o The output stream where the generated assembly code will be written.

Implements BaseIRInstr.

4.12.4 Member Data Documentation

4.12.4.1 op

```
string IRInstrUnaryOp::op [protected]
```

The actual unary operation (e.g., '!', '-', ' \sim ').

4.12.4.2 uniqueOp

```
string IRInstrUnaryOp::uniqueOp [protected]
```

A unique identifier for the unary operation.

4.13 IRVisitor Class Reference

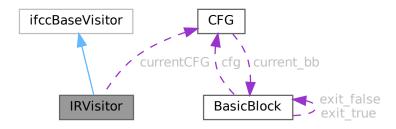
A visitor class for generating Intermediate Representation (IR) during parsing.

```
#include <IRVisitor.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for IRVisitor:



Collaboration diagram for IRVisitor:



Public Member Functions

- IRVisitor (map< string, int > symbolsTable, int baseStackOffset)

 Constructs an IRVisitor.
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitProg (ifccParser::ProgContext *ctx) override Visits the program and starts the IR generation process.
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitReturn_stmt (ifccParser::Return_stmtContext *ctx) override Visits a return statement and generates the IR.
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitAssign_stmt (ifccParser::Assign_stmtContext *ctx) override Visits an assignment statement and generates the IR.
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitAssign (ifccParser::AssignContext *ctx) override
 Visits an assignment expression in the parse tree.
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitDecl_stmt (ifccParser::Decl_stmtContext *ctx) override
 Visits a declaration statement and generates the IR.
 antlrcpp::Any visitExpr (ifccParser::ExprContext *expr, bool isFirst)
- Visits an expression and generates the IR.

 virtual anthropo: Any visit Addsub (ifccParser: AddsubContext *ctx) overri
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitAddsub (ifccParser::AddsubContext *ctx) override
 Visits an addition or subtraction expression and generates the IR.
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitMuldiv (ifccParser::MuldivContext *ctx) override Visits a multiplication or division expression and generates the IR.
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitBitwise (ifccParser::BitwiseContext *ctx) override
 Visits a bitwise operation expression and generates the IR.
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitComp (ifccParser::CompContext *ctx) override
 Visits a comparison expression and generates the IR.
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitUnary (ifccParser::UnaryContext *ctx) override Visits a unary expression and generates the IR.
- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitPre (ifccParser::PreContext *ctx) override

Visits a pre-unary operation (e.g., prefix increment/decrement) and generates the IR.

- virtual antlrcpp::Any visitPost (ifccParser::PostContext *ctx) override
 - Visits a post-unary operation (e.g., postfix increment/decrement) and generates the IR.
- void gen_asm (ostream &o)

Generates the assembly code for the IR.

- void setCurrentCFG (CFG *currentCFG)
 - Sets the current control flow graph (CFG).
- CFG * getCurrentCFG ()

Retrieves the current control flow graph (CFG).

map< string, CFG * > getCFGS ()

Retrieves the map of Control Flow Graphs (CFGs).

Protected Attributes

```
 map< string, CFG * > cfgs
```

A map of variable names to their corresponding Control Flow Graphs (CFGs).

CFG * currentCFG

The current control flow graph (CFG) being used.

4.13.1 Detailed Description

A visitor class for generating Intermediate Representation (IR) during parsing.

This class extends the ifccBaseVisitor and is responsible for traversing the parsed code to generate the Intermediate Representation (IR), such as the Control Flow Graph (CFG), for the code being compiled.

4.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.13.2.1 IRVisitor()

Constructs an IRVisitor.

Initializes the IRVisitor with a symbols table and base stack offset.

Parameters

symbolsTable	A map containing variable names and their associated stack offsets.
baseStackOffset	The base offset for the stack.

4.13.3 Member Function Documentation

4.13.3.1 gen_asm()

Generates the assembly code for the IR.

This method generates assembly code from the Intermediate Representation (IR) for output.

Parameters

o The output stream where the assembly code will be written.

4.13.3.2 getCFGS()

```
map< string, CFG * > IRVisitor::getCFGS ( )
```

Retrieves the map of Control Flow Graphs (CFGs).

This function returns a map where the keys are string labels (e.g., function names or block labels) and the values are pointers to the corresponding CFG objects. These CFG objects represent the control flow graphs of different sections of the parsed program.

The returned map can be used for further analysis, visualization (e.g., by generating Graphviz .dot files), or manipulation of the program's control flow.

Returns

A std::map where the key is a string label representing the section of the program (such as a function name) and the value is a pointer to the corresponding CFG object.

4.13.3.3 getCurrentCFG()

```
CFG * IRVisitor::getCurrentCFG ( )
```

Retrieves the current control flow graph (CFG).

This method retrieves the current CFG that is being used for the IR generation.

Returns

A pointer to the current CFG.

4.13.3.4 setCurrentCFG()

Sets the current control flow graph (CFG).

This method sets the current CFG that is being used for the IR generation.

Parameters

```
currentCFG A pointer to the current CFG.
```

4.13.3.5 visitAddsub()

Visits an addition or subtraction expression and generates the IR.

This method processes addition and subtraction operations and generates the corresponding IR.

Parameters

ctx The context of the addition or subtraction expression.

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.13.3.6 visitAssign()

Visits an assignment expression in the parse tree.

This method processes an assignment (=) in the input C code. It retrieves the variable being assigned, evaluates the right-hand side expression, and generates the necessary Intermediate Representation (IR) instructions.

Parameters

ctx The context of the assignment node in the parse tree.

Returns

The result of processing the assignment, wrapped in antlrcpp::Any.

4.13.3.7 visitAssign_stmt()

Visits an assignment statement and generates the IR.

This method processes assignment statements and generates the corresponding IR for the variable assignment.

Parameters

ctx The context of the assignment statement.

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.13.3.8 visitBitwise()

Visits a bitwise operation expression and generates the IR.

This method processes bitwise operations like AND, OR, XOR, etc., and generates the corresponding IR.

Parameters

```
ctx The context of the bitwise operation expression.
```

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.13.3.9 visitComp()

Visits a comparison expression and generates the IR.

This method processes comparison operations (e.g., equality, greater-than) and generates the corresponding IR.

Parameters

```
ctx The context of the comparison expression.
```

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.13.3.10 visitDecl_stmt()

Visits a declaration statement and generates the IR.

This method processes declaration statements and generates the corresponding IR for the variable declaration.

Parameters

```
ctx The context of the declaration statement.
```

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.13.3.11 visitExpr()

Visits an expression and generates the IR.

This method processes expressions and generates the corresponding IR for the expression.

Parameters

expr	The expression context to generate IR for.
isFirst	A flag indicating whether this is the first expression in a sequence.

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.13.3.12 visitMuldiv()

Visits a multiplication or division expression and generates the IR.

This method processes multiplication and division operations and generates the corresponding IR.

Parameters

```
ctx The context of the multiplication or division expression.
```

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.13.3.13 visitPost()

Visits a post-unary operation (e.g., postfix increment/decrement) and generates the IR.

This method processes post-unary operations and generates the corresponding IR.

Parameters

ctx The context of the post-unary expression.

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.13.3.14 visitPre()

Visits a pre-unary operation (e.g., prefix increment/decrement) and generates the IR.

This method processes pre-unary operations and generates the corresponding IR.

Parameters

```
ctx The context of the pre-unary expression.
```

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.13.3.15 visitProg()

Visits the program and starts the IR generation process.

This method starts the process of visiting the program node, generating the IR for the entire program.

Parameters

```
ctx The context of the program.
```

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.13.3.16 visitReturn_stmt()

Visits a return statement and generates the IR.

This method processes return statements and generates the corresponding IR for the return operation.

Parameters

ctx The context of the return statement.

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.13.3.17 visitUnary()

Visits a unary expression and generates the IR.

This method processes unary operations (e.g., negation or logical NOT) and generates the corresponding IR.

Parameters

ctx | The context of the unary expression.

Returns

A result of the visit, typically unused.

4.13.4 Member Data Documentation

4.13.4.1 cfgs

```
map<string, CFG *> IRVisitor::cfgs [protected]
```

A map of variable names to their corresponding Control Flow Graphs (CFGs).

4.13.4.2 currentCFG

```
CFG* IRVisitor::currentCFG [protected]
```

The current control flow graph (CFG) being used.

Index

add_	_bb	cfg
	CFG, 15	BasicBlock, 13
add_	_IRInstr	cfgs
	BasicBlock, 11	IRVisitor, 55
		CodeCheckVisitor, 20
Base	elRInstr, 7	currentOffset, 26
	BaseIRInstr, 8	getCurrentOffset, 21
	bb, 9	getIsUsed, 21
	gen_asm, 8	getSymbolsTable, 22
	getBB, 9	hasAValue, 26
Basi	cBlock, 9	isUsed, 26
	add_IRInstr, 11	symbols Table, 26
	BasicBlock, 10	visitAddsub, 22
	cfg, 13	visitAssign_stmt, 22
	exit_false, 13	visitBitwise, 23
	exit_true, 13	
	gen_asm, 11	visitComp, 23
	getCFG, 11	visitDecl_stmt, 23
	getExitFalse, 11	visitExpr, 24
		visitMuldiv, 24
	getExitTrue, 12	visitPost, 24
	getInstr, 12	visitPre, 25
	getLabel, 12	visitUnary, 25
	instrs, 13	create_new_tempvar
	label, 13	CFG, 16
	setExitFalse, 12	current_bb
	setExitTrue, 13	CFG, 19
bb		currentCFG
	BaseIRInstr, 9	IRVisitor, 55
bbs		currentOffset
	CFG, 19	CodeCheckVisitor, 26
CFG	3 14	ovit folgo
0. 0	add_bb, 15	exit_false
	bbs, 19	BasicBlock, 13
	CFG, 15	exit_true
	create_new_tempvar, 16	BasicBlock, 13
	current_bb, 19	firstOp
		IRInstrBinaryOp, 31
	gen_asm, 16	ii iiiisti biiiai yOp, 31
	gen_asm_epilogue, 16	gen_asm
	gen_asm_prologue, 16	BaseIRInstr, 8
	gen_cfg_graphviz, 17	BasicBlock, 11
	get_var_index, 17	CFG, 16
	getCurrentBasicBlock, 17	IRInstrArithmeticOp, 28
	getLabel, 18	• •
	initialTempPos, 19	IRInstrBinaryOp, 31
	label, 19	IRInstrClean, 33
	nextFreeSymbolIndex, 19	IRInstrComp, 36
	resetNextFreeSymbolIndex, 18	IRInstrLoadConst, 38
	setCurrentBasicBlock, 18	IRInstrMove, 41
	SymbolIndex, 19	IRInstrSet, 43

58 INDEX

IRInstrUnaryOp, 45	gen_asm, 38
IRVisitor, 48	IRInstrLoadConst, 38
gen_asm_epilogue CFG, 16	IRInstrMove, 39 gen asm, 41
gen asm prologue	IRInstrMove, 40
CFG, 16	
gen_cfg_graphviz	IRInstrSet, 41
CFG, 17	gen_asm, 43 IRInstrSet, 43
get_var_index	IRInstrUnaryOp, 43
CFG, 17	gen_asm, 45
getBB	IRInstrUnaryOp, 45
BaselRInstr, 9	op, 46
getCFG	uniqueOp, 46
BasicBlock, 11	IRVisitor, 46
getCFGS	cfgs, 55
IRVisitor, 48	currentCFG, 55
getCurrentBasicBlock	gen_asm, 48
CFG, 17	getCFGS, 48
getCurrentCFG	getCurrentCFG, 49
IRVisitor, 49	IRVisitor, 48
getCurrentOffset	setCurrentCFG, 49
CodeCheckVisitor, 21	visitAddsub, 49
getExitFalse	visitAssign, 51
BasicBlock, 11	visitAssign_stmt, 51
getExitTrue	visitBitwise, 51
BasicBlock, 12	visitComp, 52
getInstr	visitDecl_stmt, 52
BasicBlock, 12	visitExpr, 52
getIsUsed	visitMuldiv, 53
CodeCheckVisitor, 21	visitPost, 53
getLabel	visitPre, 54
BasicBlock, 12	visitProg, 54
CFG, 18	visitReturn_stmt, 54
getSymbolsTable	visitUnary, <mark>55</mark>
CodeCheckVisitor, 22	isUsed
	CodeCheckVisitor, 26
hasAValue	
CodeCheckVisitor, 26	label
in this ITs on a Dec	BasicBlock, 13
initialTempPos	CFG, 19
CFG, 19	novtEroo Cymbolladoy
instrs BasicBlock, 13	nextFreeSymbolIndex CFG, 19
IRInstrArithmeticOp, 26	CFG, 19
gen_asm, 28	ор
IRInstrArithmeticOp, 28	IRInstrBinaryOp, 31
IRInstrBinaryOp, 29	IRInstrUnaryOp, 46
firstOp, 31	этом этом, то
gen_asm, 31	resetNextFreeSymbolIndex
IRInstrBinaryOp, 30	CFG, 18
op, 31	
secondOp, 31	secondOp
IRInstrClean, 32	IRInstrBinaryOp, 31
gen_asm, 33	setCurrentBasicBlock
IRInstrClean, 33	CFG, 18
IRInstrComp, 34	setCurrentCFG
gen_asm, 36	IRVisitor, 49
IRInstrComp, 36	setExitFalse
IRInstrLoadConst, 37	BasicBlock, 12

INDEX 59

```
setExitTrue
     BasicBlock, 13
SymbolIndex
     CFG, 19
symbolsTable
     CodeCheckVisitor, 26
uniqueOp
     IRInstrUnaryOp, 46
visitAddsub
     CodeCheckVisitor, 22
     IRVisitor, 49
visitAssign
     IRVisitor, 51
visitAssign stmt
     CodeCheckVisitor, 22
     IRVisitor, 51
visitBitwise
     CodeCheckVisitor, 23
     IRVisitor, 51
visitComp
     CodeCheckVisitor, 23
     IRVisitor, 52
visitDecl_stmt
     CodeCheckVisitor, 23
     IRVisitor, 52
visitExpr
     CodeCheckVisitor, 24
     IRVisitor, 52
visitMuldiv
     CodeCheckVisitor, 24
     IRVisitor, 53
visitPost
     CodeCheckVisitor, 24
     IRVisitor, 53
visitPre
     CodeCheckVisitor, 25
     IRVisitor, 54
visitProg
     IRVisitor, 54
visitReturn stmt
     IRVisitor, 54
visitUnary
     CodeCheckVisitor, 25
     IRVisitor, 55
```

Welcome to the Documentation, 1