Package 'TFBS.QSAM'

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Type Package

Title The analysis of TFBS by QSAM
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Description The package provides various techniques to analyse physical and chemical properties of DNA sequencies. The most attention is given to transription factor binding sites.
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TFBS.QSAM-package

The analysis of TFBS by QSAM

Description

The package provides various techniques to analyse physical and chemical properties of DNA sequencies. The most attention is given to transription factor binding sites.

Details

Package: TFBS.QSAM Type: Package

Title: The analysis of TFBS by QSAM

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License: GPL (>= 2)

Author(s)

Evgenia Temlyakova

coli *E.coli genome*

Usage

data(coli)

Format

Examples

```
data(coli)
## maybe str(coli); plot(coli) ...
```

coli.tfbs 3

coli.tfbs *E.coli TFBS*

Description

The function returns main information about all known TFBS of E.coli genome.

Usage

```
coli.tfbs()
```

Author(s)

Evgenia Temlyakova

evidence

Short evidence representation

Description

The function converts long RegulonDB strings about the evidence into short and clear representation with letters |S| and |W|.

Usage

```
evidence(evidence.string)
```

Arguments

evidence.string

RegulonDB string, containing the evidence for a TFBS or a promoter

Author(s)

Evgenia Temlyakova

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process.pred	Prediction data processing
process.prea	1 reaction data processing

Description

The function combines and precess primary prediction data of a few classifications by various predefined schemes.

Usage

```
process.pred(pred, scheme = "model1+", bin, window)
```

Arguments

pred predictions dataframe

scheme processing scheme to use; possible scemes are 'model1+', 'equal.contribution' bin list with 3-4 sublists called 'exp', 'pro', 'reg', 'rtb' containing binary vectors

where 1 corresponds to TFBS

window window for sliding; we use a length of TFBS

Author(s)

Evgenia Temlyakova

QSAM.seq	DNA sequences from QSAM-vector

Description

The function converts QSAM-vector back into DNA sequence. There are 2 predefined types of QSAM matricies for nuclotides, but it is also possible to set another one for calculations.

Usage

```
QSAM.seq(num, QSAM = "QSAM1")
```

Arguments

num QSAM-vector

QSAM matrix 4*n, where n is a number of properties; possible values are

'QSAM1' and 'QSAM2'

Value

string of latters A, T, C, G

Author(s)

Evgenia Temlyakova

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See Also

```
seq.QSAM
```

Examples

```
num<-c(-2.23, 0.79, -1.15, -0.78, 2.37, 0.72, -2.07, 1.77, 2.37, 0.72, -2.07, 1.77) QSAM.seq(num)
```

seq.QSAM

QSAM-transformation of DNA sequences

Description

The function converts a DNA sequence into QSAM-vector. There are 2 predefined types of QSAM values nuclotides, but it is also possible to set another one for calculations.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'QSAM'
seq(s, QSAM = "QSAM1")
```

Arguments

s DNA-sequence

QSAM matrix 4*n, where n is a number of properties; possible values are

'QSAM1' and 'QSAM2'

Value

a numeric vector with length equal to number_of_nucleotides*n

Author(s)

Evgenia Temlyakova

See Also

```
QSAM.seq
```

Examples

```
seq.QSAM('AAATTGCGC')
myQSAM<-as.data.frame(matrix(c(-2.23, 0.79, 2.37, 0.72, 0.32, -3.76, 1.92, 2.52), nrow=4, byrow=TRUE))
rownames(myQSAM)<-c('A', 'C', 'G', 'T')
seq.QSAM('AAATTGCGC', QSAM=myQSAM)</pre>
```

6 tfbs.pos

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C I	7 (דו	nσ	.sum

Calculation of sliding sums

Description

Converts pred for each DNA position into sliding sum representation

Usage

```
sliding.sum(pred, window, dim = 1, columns = c(1, 3, 5), tail = 500)
```

Arguments

pred table with pred in columns window window for summation

dim dimensions; use 1 for rows and 2 for columns

columns colomns to use

tail number of flanking positions at the end of the prediction table

Author(s)

Evgenia Temlyakova

tfbs.pos

TFBS positions on the E.coli chromosome

Description

The function locates all binding sites for specified TF on E.coli chromosome for one or both DNA strands. It uses information taken from RegulonDB version 8.2.

Usage

```
tfbs.pos(tfname, strand = "both")
```

Arguments

tfname a name of TF

strand

Author(s)

Evgenia Temlyakova

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tf_dataset	The list contains all information about E.coli TFBS taken from RegulonDB 8.2
	10NDB 8.2

Usage

```
data(tf_dataset)
```

Format

The format is: List of 160 \$ AcrR :List of 3 ...\$ AcrR1:List of 8\$ EC : chr "ECK120015994"\$ pos : num [1:2] 484933 484956\$ strand : chr "reverse"\$ seq : chr "gcgttagattTA-CATACATTTGTGAATGTACcatagcacg"\$ effect : chr "-"\$ promoter: chr "acrAp"\$ from_tss: num -22.5\$ evidence: chr "[BCE|W|Binding of cellular extracts],[GEA|W|Gene expression analysis]" [list output truncated]

See Also

```
data(tf_equallength)
```

Examples

```
data(tf_dataset)
## maybe str(tf_dataset) ; plot(tf_dataset) ...
```

tf_equallength

The list contains an information taken from RegulonDB 8.2 about 8 E.coli TFBS (ArcA, CRP, Fis, FNR, IHF, Lrp, NarL, Fur) with equal length.

Description

Very often RegulonDB contains entries for one TF with different binding site lengths. It might cause difficulties for TFBS analysis. To avoid the problem we created this list, all entries in it provide sequences with equal (most frequent) lengths.

Usage

```
data(tf_equallength)
```

Format

The format is: List of 8 \$ ArcA:List of 104 ...\$:List of 11\$ EC : chr "ECK120011345"\$ pos : num [1:2] 41981 41995\$ strand : chr "reverse"\$ seq : chr "tatattaaatGTTAA-CAAAAATAAAacaaacggga"\$ effect : chr "+"\$ promoter: chr "caiTp"\$ from_tss: num 50\$ evidence: chr "[GEAIWIGene expression analysis],[AIBSCSIWIAutomated inference based on similarity to consensus sequences]"\$ length : int 15\$ mpot : num [1:121] -0.0613 -0.0612 -0.0611 -0.0611\$ weight : num -6.2 .. [list output truncated]

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See Also

```
data(tf_dataset)
```

Examples

```
data(tf_equallength)
## maybe str(tf_equallength) ; plot(tf_equallength) ...
```

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