

Planning Lab - Lesson 2

Markov Decision Process (MDP)

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Start Your Working Environment

Start the previously installed (lesson 1) conda environment *planning-lab*

```
> cd Planning-Lab  
> conda activate planning-lab  
> jupyter notebook
```

To open the assignment navigate with your browser to:
 [lesson_2/lesson_2_problem.ipynb](#)

What is it

NumPy is the fundamental package for scientific computing with Python. It contains among other things:

- *a powerful N-dimensional array object*
- *sophisticated (broadcasting) functions*
- *tools for integrating C/C++ and Fortran code*
- *useful linear algebra, Fourier transform, and random number capabilities*

What is it for

Fast array manipulation and mathematical operations. Think of it as a MATLAB-like environment for Python: try to speed up the computations by writing code in a vectorial fashion.

Where to find it

<http://www.numpy.org>

Assignments

- Your assignments for this lesson are at: *lesson_2/lesson_2_problem.ipynb*
- You will be required to implement value iteration and policy iteration algorithms
- In the following you can find pseudocodes for such algorithms

Value Iteration

function VALUE-ITERATION(mdp, ϵ) **returns** a utility function

inputs: mdp , an MDP with states S , actions $A(s)$, transition model $P(s' | s, a)$,
rewards $R(s)$, discount γ

ϵ , the maximum error allowed in the utility of any state

local variables: U, U' , vectors of utilities for states in S , initially zero

δ , the maximum change in the utility of any state in an iteration

repeat

$U \leftarrow U'; \delta \leftarrow 0$

for each state s **in** S **do**

$U'[s] \leftarrow R(s) + \gamma \max_{a \in A(s)} \sum_{s'} P(s' | s, a) U[s']$

if $|U'[s] - U[s]| > \delta$ **then** $\delta \leftarrow |U'[s] - U[s]|$

until $\delta < \epsilon(1 - \gamma)/\gamma$

return U

Policy Iteration

```
function POLICY-ITERATION(mdp) returns a policy
  inputs: mdp, an MDP with states  $S$ , actions  $A(s)$ , transition model  $P(s' | s, a)$ 
  local variables:  $U$ , a vector of utilities for states in  $S$ , initially zero
                    $\pi$ , a policy vector indexed by state, initially random

  repeat
     $U \leftarrow \text{POLICY-EVALUATION}(\pi, U, \text{mdp})$ 
    unchanged?  $\leftarrow$  true
    for each state  $s$  in  $S$  do
      if  $\max_{a \in A(s)} \sum_{s'} P(s' | s, a) U[s'] > \sum_{s'} P(s' | s, \pi[s]) U[s']$  then do
         $\pi[s] \leftarrow \operatorname{argmax}_{a \in A(s)} \sum_{s'} P(s' | s, a) U[s']$ 
        unchanged?  $\leftarrow$  false
  until unchanged?
  return  $\pi$ 
```

To implement the *Policy-Evaluation* step, use the following formula:

$$U_i(s) = R(s) + \gamma \sum_{s'} P(s' | s, \pi_i(s)) U_i(s') .$$