Load Balancing 101 & Building a Traditional Linux Load Balancer

About me

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- What is load balancing?
- Why would you use a load balancer?
- Load balancing methods (x 4)
- Building a Linux load balancer

Contents

- What is load balancing?
- Why would you use a load balancer?
- Load balancing methods (x 4)
- Building a Linux load balancer
- Something for everyone!

What is load balancing?

Customer Cashier Cashier

Customers



Cashier



Customers

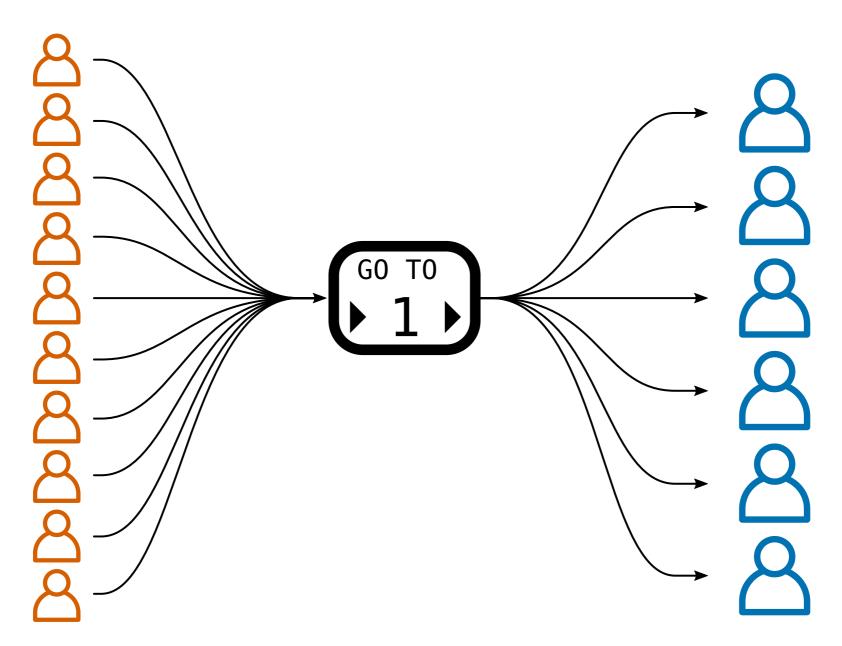
Cashiers





Customers

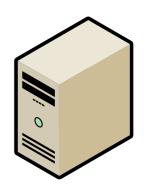
Cashiers







1. Requesting www.website.com

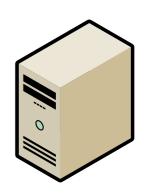


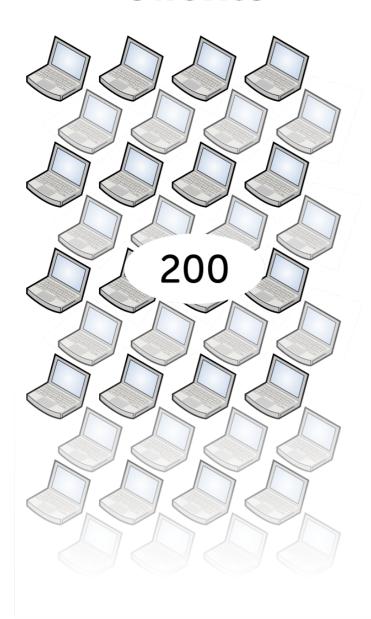
Web server



1. Requesting www.website.com

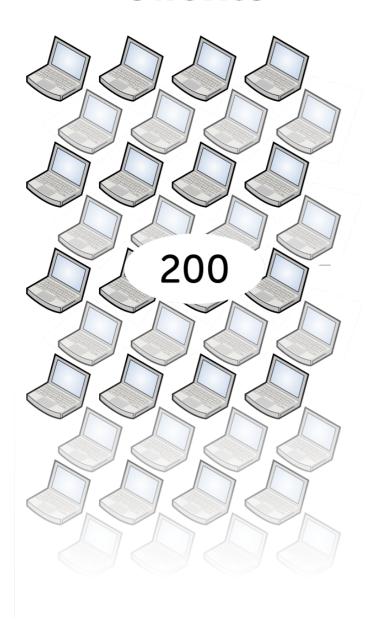
2. Replying with the contents of www.website.com





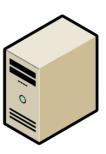
Web server





Web servers



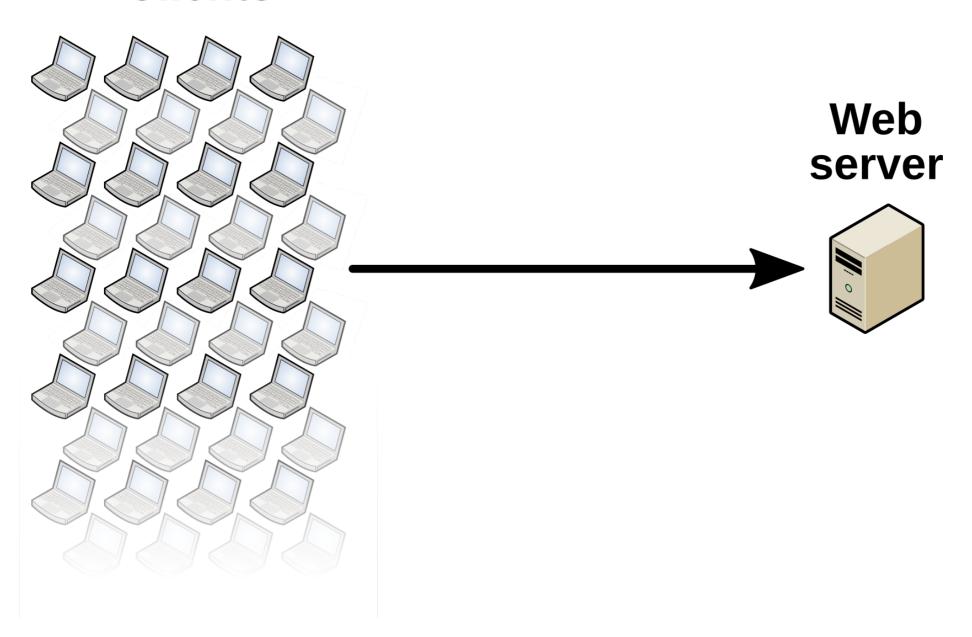


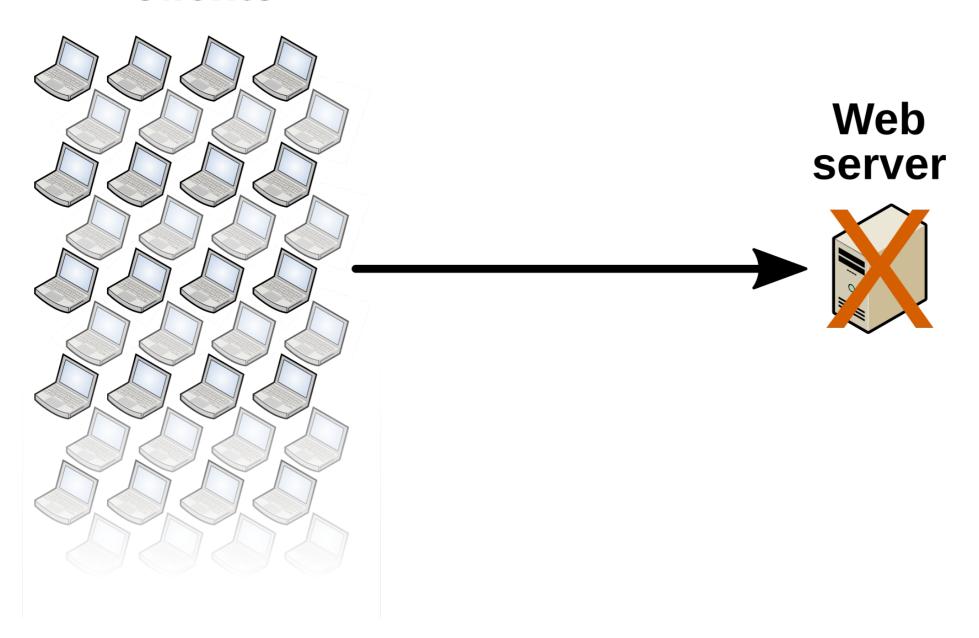


Web **Clients** servers Load balancer 200

Scalability

- Scalability
- High availability





Web **Clients** servers Load balancer

- Scalability
- High availability
- Easy server maintenance

What services might you load balance?

- Web servers
- E-mail servers
- Web proxies
- Remote desktop services
- Print servers

Load balancing methods

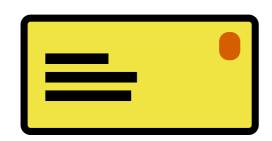
Layer 4

Layer 7

Load balancing methods

Layer 4

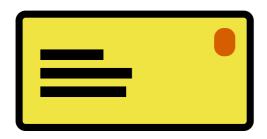
Layer 7

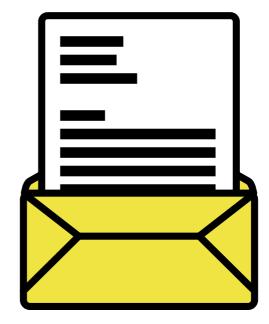


Load balancing methods

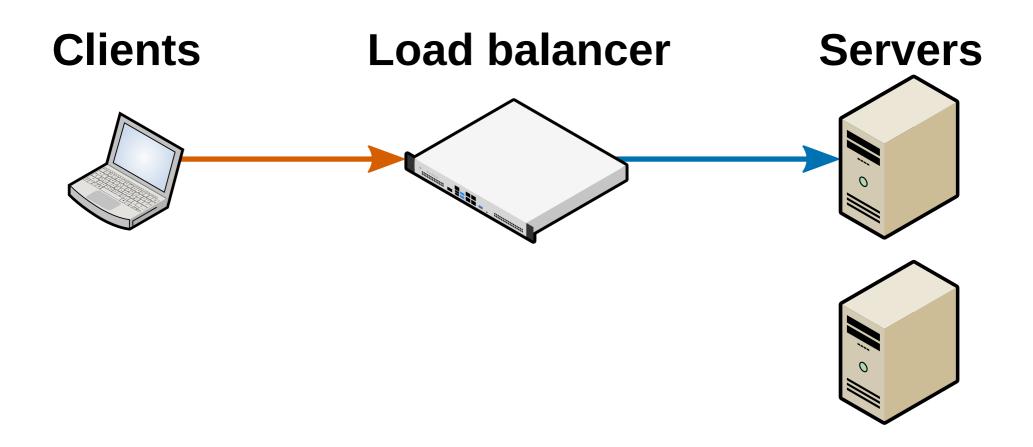
Layer 4

Layer 7

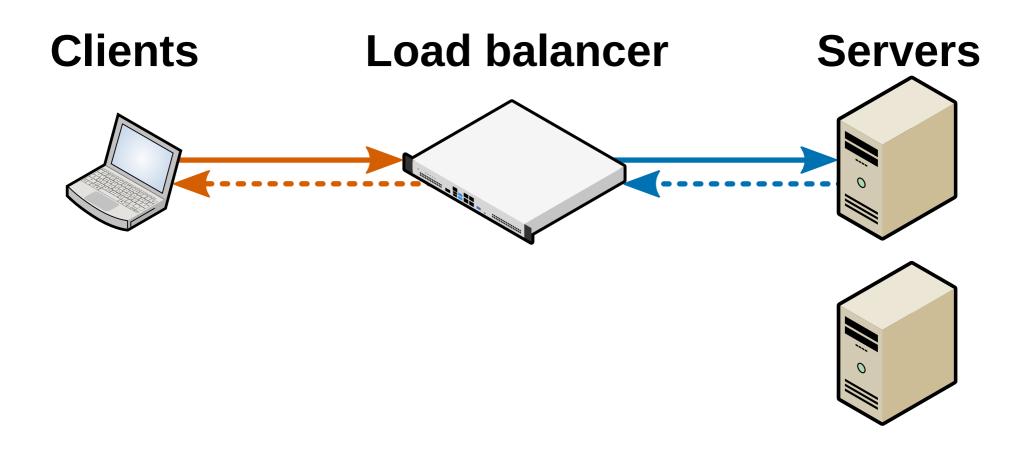




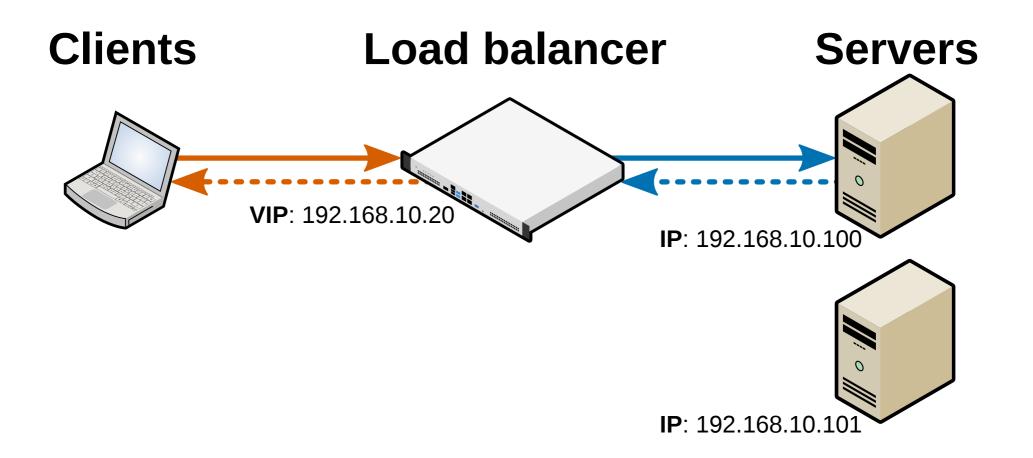
Layer 7 load balancing



Layer 7 load balancing



Layer 7 load balancing

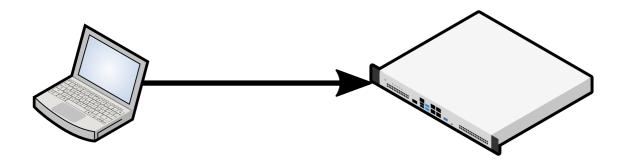


Layer 4 load balancing: NAT mode

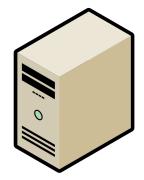
- NAT mode (Network Address Translation)
- Changing the destination IP address of load balanced traffic

Load balancer

Servers







Src: | Client's IP

Dst: Load balancer's IP

Load balancer

Servers

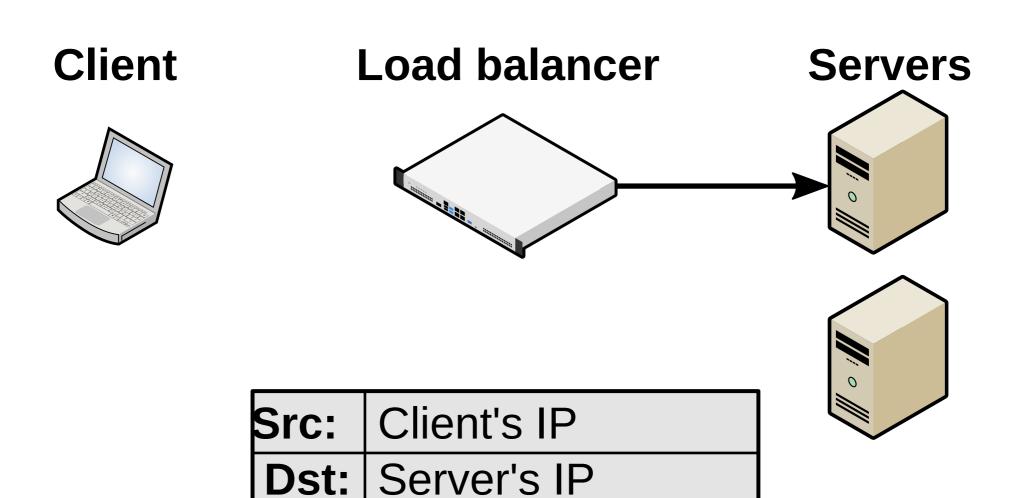






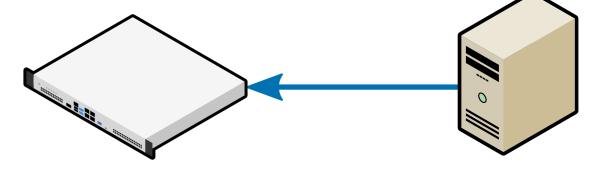


Src:	Client's IP
Dst:	





Load balancer Servers



Src: Server's IP

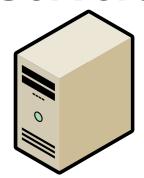
Dst: Client's IP

Load balancer

Servers





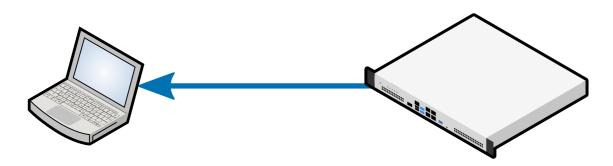




Src:
Dst: Client's IP

Load balancer

Servers







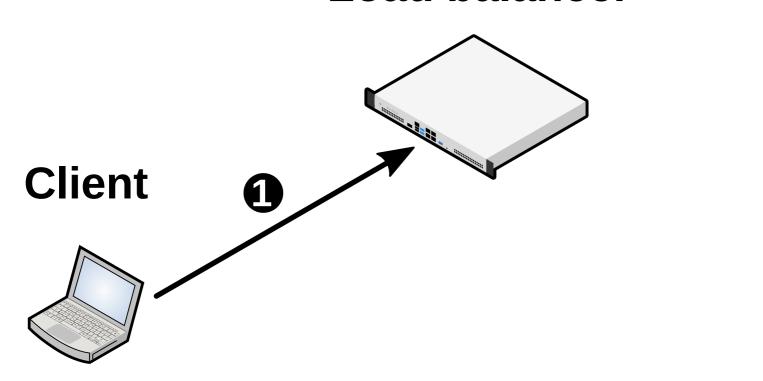
Src: Load balancer's IP

Dst: Client's IP

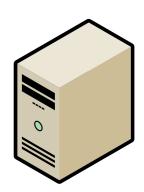
- DR mode (Direct Routing)
- Some vendors refer to this as DSR, 'Direct Server Return'

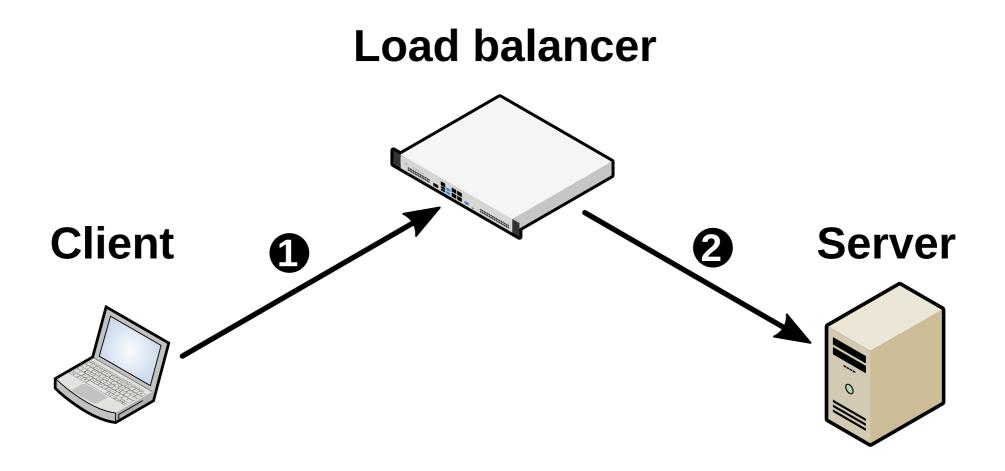
 Changing the destination MAC address of load balanced traffic

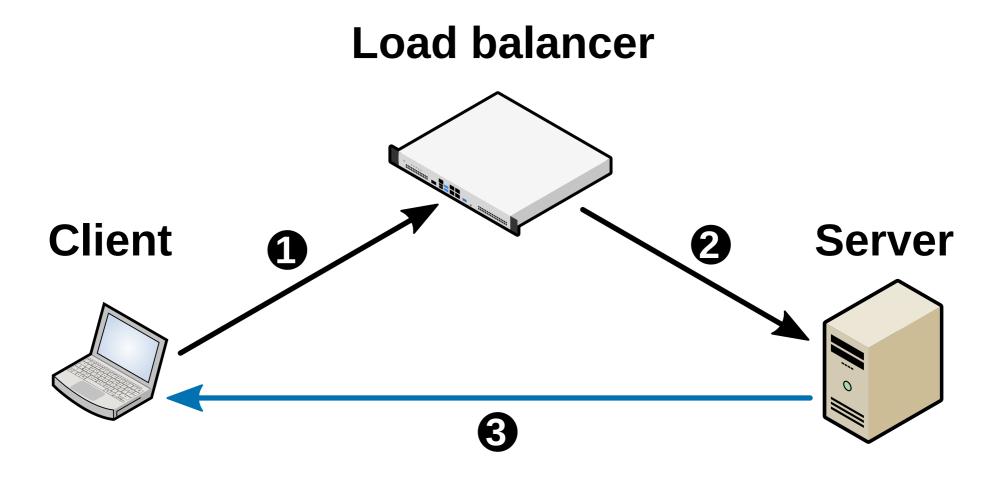
Load balancer



Server







- TUN mode (Tunnel)
- Similar to DR (Direct Routing) mode, but the back end servers don't have to be located on the same network segment as the load balancer
- Uses IP in IP tunnels (not Microsoft friendly)

 The component parts are all free & open source!

Layer 4 load balancing

• LVS: Linux Virtual Server

Layer 4 load balancing

• LVS: Linux Virtual Server

• IPVS: IP Virtual Server

Layer 4 load balancing

• LVS: Linux Virtual Server

• **IPVS**: IP Virtual Server

ipvsadm

Layer 4 load balancing

• LVS: Linux Virtual Server

• IPVS: IP Virtual Server

ipvsadm

• Idirectord: Linux Director Daemon

Layer 7 load balancing

HAProxy

What is load balancing

Many clients

Accessing the same service at once

Distributing the load

Multiple instances (servers)

Why you would use a load balancer

- Scalability
- High availability
- Easy maintenance
- Load balancing is used everywhere!

Load balancing methods

- Layer 7
- Layer 4 (NAT, DR, & TUN)

Building a Linux load balancer

Thanks for listening!:)

Andrew Howe

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Useful sites:

www.haproxy.org

www.linuxvirtualserver.org