

Docker





Docker: samenvatting

- Een docker image is de kleinst mogelijke software nodig om net dat ene proces (jouw applicatie) te laten draaien.
- Een docker container is een instantie van een image.

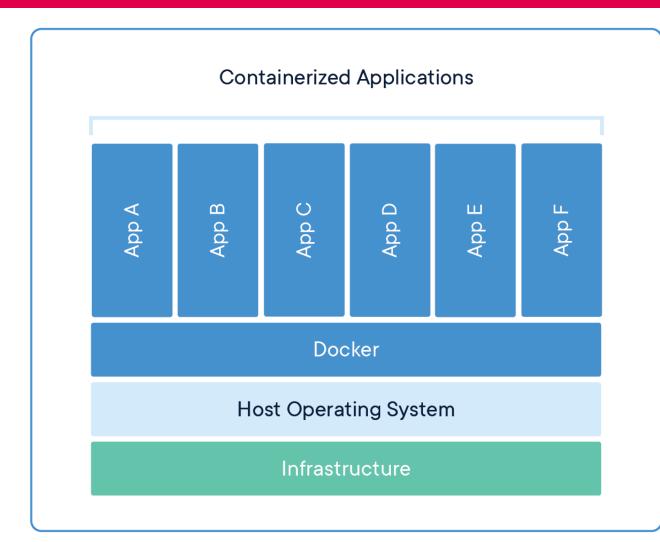
Micro-services

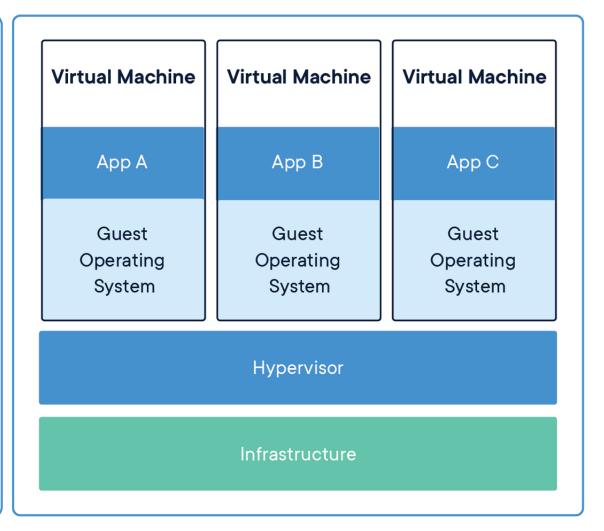


Learn Docker in 12 Minutes



Container?







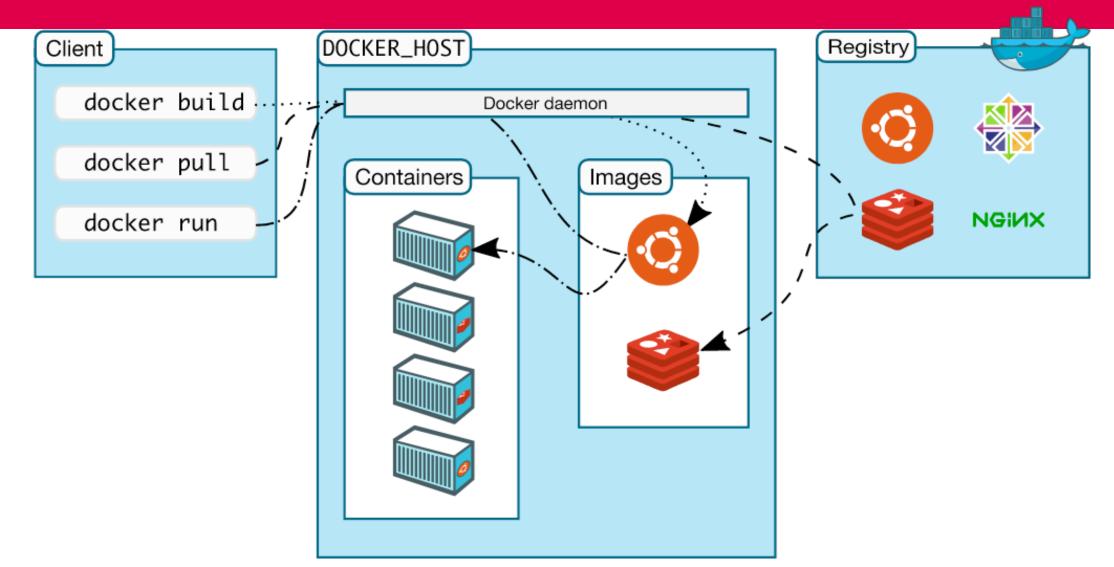
- It worked on my system
- Code on another system doesn't work due to different computing environments
- It the computing environment is consistent => it worked on my system and should work on yours
 - dev-test-qa-prod all have the same computing environment



- A container is a software package that consists of the application and all the dependencies to run the application
- Images are as small as possible
- Configure one image and copy them between systems
- Very easy to scale HORIZONTAL



Docker components





- Images can be pulled from the Registry
- Images can be created via a Dockerfile

- Images are templates, used to create containers
 - Think of it as class and object



Install DOCKER



Commands

- docker
 - version
 - container
 - pull
 - run
 - images
 - attach
 - stop
 - start



docker pull

- \$ docker pull hello-world
- The pull command fetches the hello-world image from the Docker registry and saves it on your local disk.



docker run

- \$ docker run hello-world
- Usage: docker run [OPTIONS] IMAGE [COMMAND] [ARG...]
 - docker run -it debian bash
 - -i or -t or -it or -???
 - docker run --help
 - Command can be "predefined"
- Docker container?
 - a docker container is an image in run



- \$ docker run -it debian touch /root/test
- \$ docker run -it debian Is /root/test

- Each "docker run" creates an other separate container
- \$ docker container Is -a
 - ID: the corresponding unique identifier for that container
 - NAMES



- To detach from a running container: ^P + ^Q
 - The container will continue to run
 - docker container Is

- To attach to a container
 - docker attach
 - docker exec

- Typing exit in the container
 - stops the container and extis back to the shell
 - docker ps and docker ps -a



start and stop

Containers are only created via docker run

- All created containers can be viewed
 - docker container Is –a
 - docker ps -a
- Remove stopped containers
 - docker rm
 - docker container prune

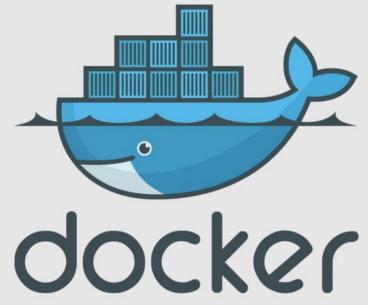


- To view all downloaded images: docker images
 - TAG: refers to a particular snapshot or version number of the image
 - IMAGE ID: the corresponding unique identifier for that image
- Pull a specific version of ubuntu image
 - docker pull ubuntu:12.04
 - No version number => version latest
- To remove an image
 - docker rmi hello-world



Repository for docker images

Docker Hub





Create an image

Write a Dockerfile

- Build the image
- Run and test the image

- Build instruction located in a Dockerfile
 - text file that contains a list of commands for creating an image
- All user images start from a base image
 - FROM debian:latest
- Run some commands with the RUN command
 - RUN apt update && apt -y upgrade && apt install -y apache2
- Let's add a file student.html (don't forget to create it)
 - ADD student.html /var/www/html
- Specify the port which needs to be exposed
 - EXPOSE 80
- The last step, which command should run when it is started
 - CMD ["service", "apache2", "start"]





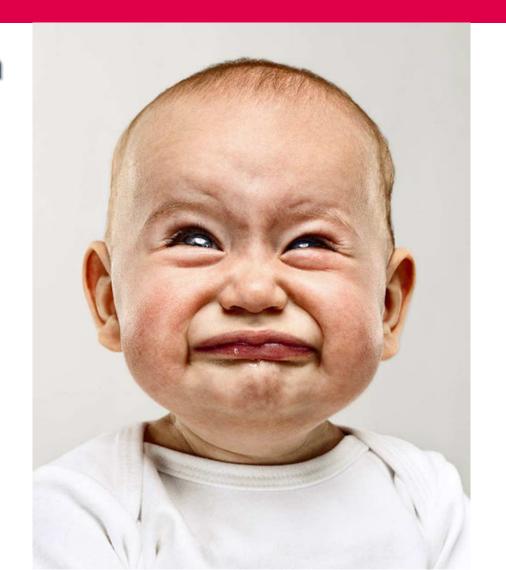
Write Dockerfile => done

- docker build -t myfirst:1.
- docker build --help
- An image is a template for
 - base os
 - software + libs
 - application



Run your image

Docker run





Dockerfile, second try

FROM debian: latest

RUN apt update && apt -y upgrade && apt install -y apache2

EXPOSE 80

CMD ["apachectl", "-DFOREGROUND"]

Keep in mind that the container stops if the command after the CMD keyword also exits or stops!



Volumes



Docker HUB

- Log in on https://hub.docker.com/
- Click on Create Repository
- Choose a name and a description for your repository and click Create.
- docker login --username=yourhubusername
- Check the image ID using docker images
- tag your image:
 - docker tag [hex-value] yourhubusername/repository:tag
- docker push yourhubusername/verse_gapminder



Microservices - Link

Cat /etc/hosts



Docker compose

- A tool for defining and running multicontainer applications
- Configuration file docker-compose.yml
- https://docs.docker.co m/compose/install/
- Run docker-compose config to check your config

```
# Use postgres/example user/password credentials
version: '3.6'
services:
  db:
    image: postgres
    environment:
      POSTGRES_PASSWORD: example
  adminer:
    image: adminer
    ports:
      - 8080:8080
    depends_on:
      - db
```



Reminder

- One process or single service per container
- https://www.katacoda.com/courses/docker
- Docker is a tool used to automate the deployment of applications in a container so that the applications can work on different system.
- https://ropenscilabs.github.io/r-docker-tutorial/04-Dockerhub.html
- https://takacsmark.com/docker-compose-tutorialbeginners-by-example-basics/