Preparation of histone octomer from purified histones

MATERIALS

Unfolding Buffer (50 mL):

	50 mL	Final Concentration
Tris-Hcl, pH 7.5 (1M Stock)	$1~\mathrm{mL}$	$20 \mathrm{mM}$
Guanidinium hydrochloride	$33.4~\mathrm{g}$	7M
DTT (1M Stock)	$0.5~\mathrm{mL}$	$10 \mathrm{mM}$

Refolding Buffer (3.5 L):

-	per L	3.5L	Final Concentration
	per L	0.01	
Tris-Hcl, pH 7.5 (1M Stock)	$20~\mathrm{mL}$	$70~\mathrm{mL}$	$20 \mathrm{mM}$
NaCl	117 g	409 g	2M
EDTA (0.5M Stock)	$2 \mathrm{mL}$	$7~\mathrm{mL}$	$1 \mathrm{mM}$
2-mercaptoethanol (14.3M Stock)	$350~\mathrm{uL}$	$1.22~\mathrm{mL}$	$5 \mathrm{mM}$

6-8 KDa cutoff dialysis membranes

Boil in 1L milliQ water for 5 min and cool to room temperature.

Superdex 200 HR 10/30 column

PROTOCOL

- (1) Dissolve each lyophilized histone to a concentration of 2 mg/mL in unfolding buffer. Pipette up and down to dissolve. Do not vortex.
- (2) Allow unfolding to proceed for at least 30 min at room temperature and for not more than 3 hrs. (30min 3 hr)
- (3) Mix the four histones so that the molar ratio of H2A: H2B:H3:H4 is 1.2:1.2:1:1.

A slight excess of H2A and H2B is used to ensure complete octamer formation.

This is because octamer and $\rm H2A/H2B$ dimer can be easily resolved on the superdex200 column, but the $\rm H3/H4$ tetramer cannot be easily resolved from the octamer. (M.W.: $\rm H2A-13,960~Da,~H2B-13,774~Da,~H3-15,273~Da,~H4-11,236~Da)$

- (4) Adjust the final protein concentration of the mix to 1 mg/ml using unfolding buffer.
- (5) Dialyze in 6-8 KDa cutoff dialysis bag 3 times against 1 L of refolding buffer. At least one dialysis should be overnight. The rest should be at least 2 hours each.
- (6) After final dialysis, spin down sample to remove any precipitated material. Save the supernatant for loading on the column.
- (7) Concentrate the supernatant to ~ 200 uL in a Microcon 10. Save flow-through until the end of the prep.
- (8) The previous evening start equilibrating a Superdex 200 HR 10/30 column with refolding buffer.
- (9) Load the concentrated sample on the column but save some (\sim 5 uL) for running on a gel. Run the buffer at 0.5 ml/min and collect 0.5 ml fractions. For this particular column, the octamer should elute at between \sim 12-13 mls and the dimer between \sim 15-16 ml.
- (10) Run peak fractions on a gel and pool bonafide octamer fractions. Concentrate to greater than 1 mg/mL.
- (11) Determine octamer concentration by SYPRO staining using BSA standards. Flash freeze in Liq N2 and store at -80 °C.