

Linear Systems

Homework - 6

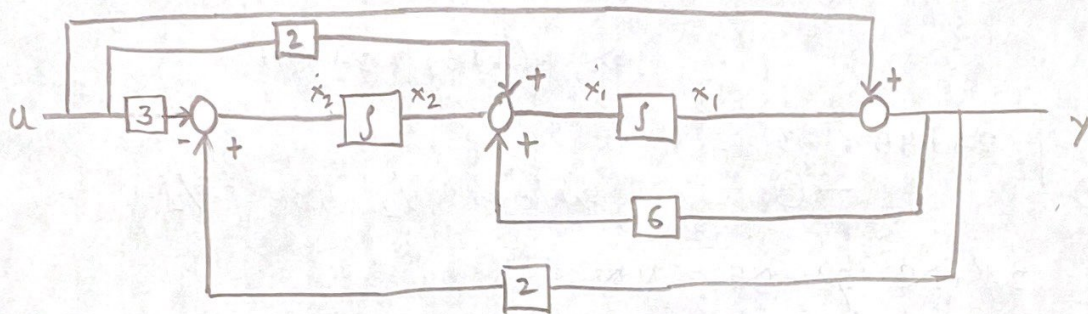
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① $\ddot{y} - 6\dot{y} - 2y = \ddot{u} + 2\dot{u} - 3u$ (Observable CF)

$\dot{y} = \dot{u} + 2\dot{u} - 3u + 6\dot{y} + 2y$ (Integrating twice on both sides)

$y = u + 2\int u - 3\iint u + 6\int y + 2\iint y$



$y = x_1 + u$

$\dot{x}_1 = 6x_1 + x_2 + 2u$

$\dot{x}_2 = 2x_1 + 3u$

$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $B = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ $C = [1 \ 0]$ $D = 1$

(i) Controllability test $\Rightarrow P_c = [B \ AB]$

$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 47 \\ 16 \end{bmatrix}$ $P_c \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 47 \\ -1 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$ $\det |P_c| = 128 + 47 \neq 0$

\therefore It is controllable

(ii) Observability test $\Rightarrow P_o = \begin{bmatrix} C \\ CA \end{bmatrix}$

$CA = [1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = [6 \ 1] \Rightarrow P_o = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \det |P_o| = 1 \neq 0$

\therefore It is observable.

$$(2) \quad \ddot{y} + 6\dot{y} + 8y = \ddot{u} + 2\dot{u} - 3u \quad (\text{Jordan Form})$$

$$y(s^2 + 6s + 8) = u(s^2 + 2s - 3)$$

$$\frac{y}{u} = \frac{s^2 + 2s - 3}{s^2 + 6s + 8} = 1 + \frac{-4s - 11}{s^2 + 6s + 8}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 + \left[\frac{-(4s + 11)}{s^2 + 6s + 8} \right] = 1 + \left[\frac{A}{(s+4)} + \frac{B}{s+2} \right]$$

$$-(4s + 11) = As + 2A + Bs + 4B$$

$$-(4s + 11) = s(A+B) + 2A + 4B$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A+B = -4 \quad \text{--- (1)} \\ 2A+4B = -11 \quad \text{--- (2)} \end{array}$$

$$(1) * 2 - (2) \Rightarrow 2A + 2B - 2A - 4B = -8 + 11$$

$$-2B = +3$$

$$\boxed{B = -3/2}$$

$$(1) \Rightarrow A + B = -4 \Rightarrow A = -4 + \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\boxed{A = -5/2}$$

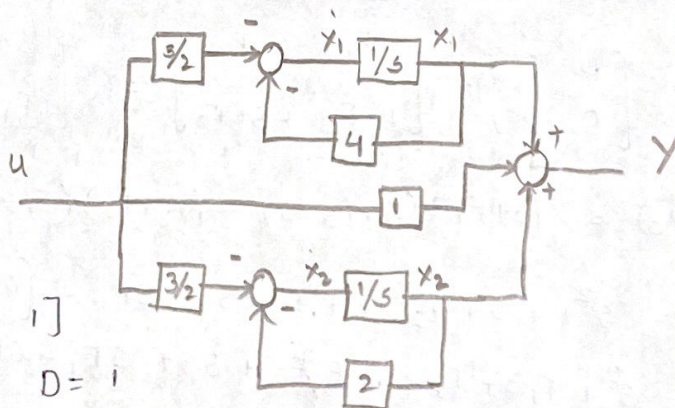
$$\Rightarrow 1 + \frac{-4s - 11}{s^2 + 6s + 8} = 1 + \frac{-5/2}{s+4} + \frac{-3/2}{s+2}$$

$$y = x_1 + x_2 + u$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = -4x_1 - \frac{5}{2}u$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -2x_2 - \frac{3}{2}u$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} -5/2 \\ -3/2 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = [1 \quad 1] \quad D = 1$$



Controllability test

$$P_c = [B \quad AB] \quad , \quad AB = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -5/2 \\ -3/2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P_c = \begin{bmatrix} -5/2 & 10 \\ -3/2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det |P_c| = -\frac{15}{2} + \frac{30}{2} = \frac{15}{2} \neq 0$$

\therefore It is controllable.

(ii) Observability Test

$$P_0 = \begin{bmatrix} C \\ CA \end{bmatrix}$$

$$CA = [1 \quad 1] \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = [-4 \quad -2]$$

$$P_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -4 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \det |P_0| = -2 + 4 = 2 \neq 0$$

\therefore It is Observable.

③ $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -6 \\ 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ closed loop poles at $-1, -4$

$$A_c = A - BF \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -6 \\ 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} F_1 & F_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -6 \\ 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} F_1 & F_2 \\ F_1 & F_2 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -F_1 & -6-F_2 \\ 1-F_1 & -5-F_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$sI - A_c = \begin{bmatrix} s & 0 \\ 0 & s \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -F_1 & -6-F_2 \\ 1-F_1 & -5-F_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} s+F_1 & 6+F_2 \\ F_1-1 & s+F_2+5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(sI - A_c) = (s+F_1)(s+F_2+5) - (6+F_2)(F_1-1)$$

$$= s^2 + F_1 s + F_2 s + F_1 F_2 + 5s + 5F_1 - [6F_1 - 6 + F_1 F_2 - F_2]$$

$$= s^2 + F_1 s + F_2 s + F_1 F_2 + 5s + 5F_1 - 6F_1 + 6 - F_1 F_2 + F_2$$

$$= s^2 + s(F_1 + F_2 + 5) - F_1 + F_2 + 6 \quad \text{--- ①}$$

Desired poles at $(s+1)(s+4) = s^2 + 5s + 4$ (Desired characteristic polynomial) ②

$$\begin{array}{lcl} \text{① \& ②} \Rightarrow F_1 + F_2 + 5 = 5 & \text{--- ③} & \begin{array}{l} -F_1 + F_2 + 6 = 4 \\ -F_1 + F_2 = -2 \end{array} \\ & & f_1 - f_2 = 2 \quad \text{--- ④} \end{array}$$

$$(3) + (4) \Rightarrow F_1 + \cancel{F_2} + F_1 - \cancel{F_2} = 2$$

$$\boxed{F_1 = 1}$$

$$(4) \Rightarrow F_1 - F_2 = 2$$

$$\boxed{F_2 = -1}$$

$$u = -Fx + r \Rightarrow [-1 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + r$$

We can design feedback with desired poles -1 and -4 but unique solution exists

$$(4) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{closed loop poles at } -3 \pm 4j$$

$$A_c = A - BF \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} [F_1 \ F_2]$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ F_1 & F_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -F_1 & -3-F_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$sI - A_c = \begin{bmatrix} s & 0 \\ 0 & s \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -F_1 & -3-F_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} s-2 & -1 \\ F_1 & s+3+F_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det |sI - A_c| \Rightarrow (s-2)(s+3+F_2) - (-F_1)$$

$$\Rightarrow s^2 + 3s + F_2s - 2s - 6 - 2F_2 + F_1$$

$$\Rightarrow s^2 + s(1+F_2) - 2F_2 - 6 + F_1 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\text{Desired poles} \Rightarrow (s+3+4j)(s+3-4j) \Rightarrow s^2 + 6s + 25 \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} j^2 = -1 \\ j = \sqrt{-1} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow s^2 + 3s - j4/s + 3s + 9 - j/2 + j/s + j/12 - j^2 16$$

$$\Rightarrow s^2 + 6s + 9 + 16 \Rightarrow s^2 + 6s + 25 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\text{compare (1) \& (2)} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l|l} 1+F_2 = 6 & -2F_2 + F_1 - 6 = 25 \\ \boxed{F_2 = 5} & \text{--- (3)} \end{array} \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

$$④ \Rightarrow F_1 = 25 + 16 = 41$$

$$F_1 = 41$$

$$u \in \mathbb{Z}$$