

Linear Systems

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HW-1

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$$\textcircled{1} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 6 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -5 \\ -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad AB = ?$$

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 6 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 3} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -5 \\ -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}_{3 \times 2} = \begin{bmatrix} 8-9-1 & -10+0-2 \\ 24-3-2 & -30+0-4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -12 \\ 19 & -34 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 2}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 2 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 8 & 7 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 7 & 6 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A+B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 2 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 8 & 7 & 9 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 7 & 6 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 7 & 7 \\ 12 & 12 & 9 \\ 9 & 10 & 15 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A-B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 2 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 8 & 7 & 9 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 7 & 6 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & 5 \\ 7 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 2 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 8 & 7 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \quad |A| = ?$$

$$\begin{aligned} |A| &= 3[6(9) - 7(7)] - 4[45 - 56] + 2[35 - 48] \\ &= 3[5] - 4[-11] + 2[-13] = 15 + 44 - 26 \\ &= 33 \end{aligned}$$

④ $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 \\ 6 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ $A^{-1} = ?$ we know that $A^{-1} = \frac{1}{|A|} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix}$

$$|A| = ad - bc = 27 - 18 = 9$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{9} \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -3 \\ -6 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1/3 \\ -2/3 & 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

⑤ $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 2 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 8 & 7 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ $A^{-1} = ?$ we know that $A^{-1} = \frac{\text{Adj}(A)}{|A|}$

$$\text{adj}(A) = (\text{Cofactor Matrix})^T$$

$$|A| = 3(54 - 49) - 4(45 - 56) + 2(35 - 48) = 3(5) - 4(-11) + 2(-13) = 33$$

$$\text{Cofactor of } 3 = (-1)^{1+1} (54 - 49) = 5$$

$$\text{Cofactor of } 7 = (-1)^{2+3} (27 - 30) = (21 - 32) = 11$$

$$\text{Cofactor of } 4 = (-1)^{1+2} (45 - 56) = 11$$

$$\text{Cofactor of } 2 = (-1)^{1+3} (35 - 48) = -13$$

$$\text{Cofactor of } 8 = (-1)^{3+1} (28 - 12) = 16$$

$$\text{Cofactor of } 5 = (-1)^{2+1} (36 - 14) = -22$$

$$\text{Cofactor of } 7 = (-1)^{3+2} (21 - 10) = -11$$

$$\text{Cofactor of } 6 = (-1)^{2+2} (27 - 16) = 11$$

$$\text{Cofactor of } 9 = (-1)^{3+3} (18 - 20) = -2$$

∴ Cofactor matrix = $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 11 & -13 \\ -22 & 11 & 11 \\ 16 & -11 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\text{Adj}(A) = (\text{Co-f matrix})^T = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -22 & 16 \\ 11 & 11 & -11 \\ -13 & 11 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{33} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -22 & 16 \\ 11 & 11 & -11 \\ -13 & 11 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

⑥ a) Rank of
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & -7 \\ 18 & 9 & 0 & 1 & 5 & 4 \\ 6 & 8 & 10 & 12 & 14 & -16 \end{bmatrix}$$

 3×6

Rank is 3, \therefore rows & columns are independent to each other

b)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad 3 \times 3$$

$= R_2 = (R_2 - R_1), R_3 = (R_3 - R_1)$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

\therefore Rank is 1