

# LINEAR SYSTEMS HOMEWORK # 3

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$$\triangleright \ddot{y} - 3\ddot{y} - 6\dot{y} - 9y = 2\ddot{u} - \dot{u} + 5u \quad [\text{controllable canonical Form}]$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{y} = 2\ddot{u} - \dot{u} + 5u + 3\ddot{y} + 6\dot{y} + 9y$$

2nd system concept  $\Rightarrow$

$$2\ddot{u} - \dot{u} + 5u \xrightarrow{\text{system - 2}} 2\ddot{z} - \dot{z} + 5z$$

$\therefore$  We have,

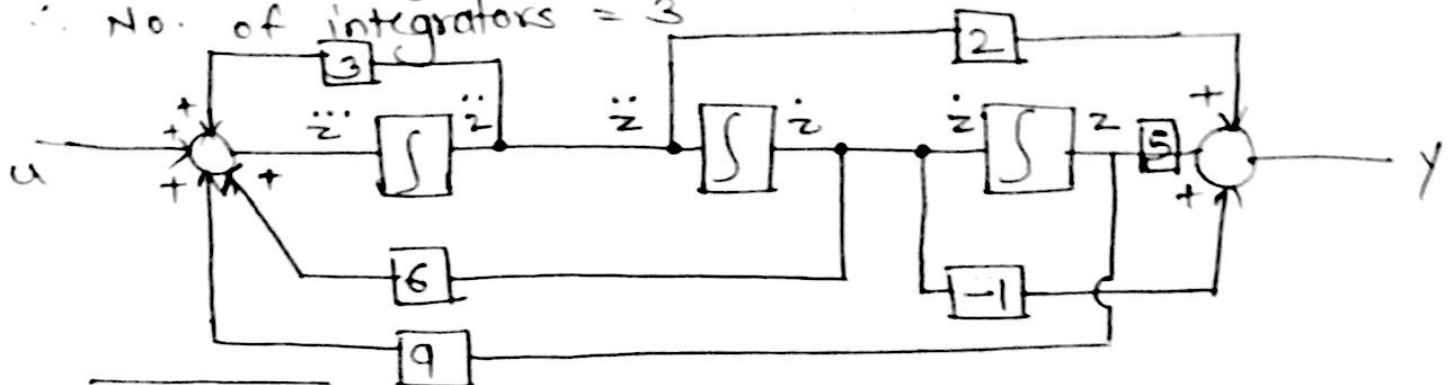
$$u = 2\ddot{z} - \dot{z} + 5z$$

$$\therefore \ddot{z} = u + 3\ddot{z} + 6\dot{z} + 9z$$

$$y = 2\ddot{z} - \dot{z} + 5z$$

Order of system = 3

$\therefore$  No. of integrators = 3



$$\therefore \boxed{\dot{x}_1 = x_2}$$

$$\boxed{\dot{x}_2 = x_3}$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = u + 6x_2 + 9x_1 + 3x_3$$

$$\boxed{\dot{x}_3 = 9x_1 + 6x_2 + 3x_3 + u}$$

$$\boxed{y = 5x_1 + 2x_3 - x_2}$$

State Equation Matrix  $\rightarrow$

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 9 & 6 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

Output Equation Matrix  $\rightarrow$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

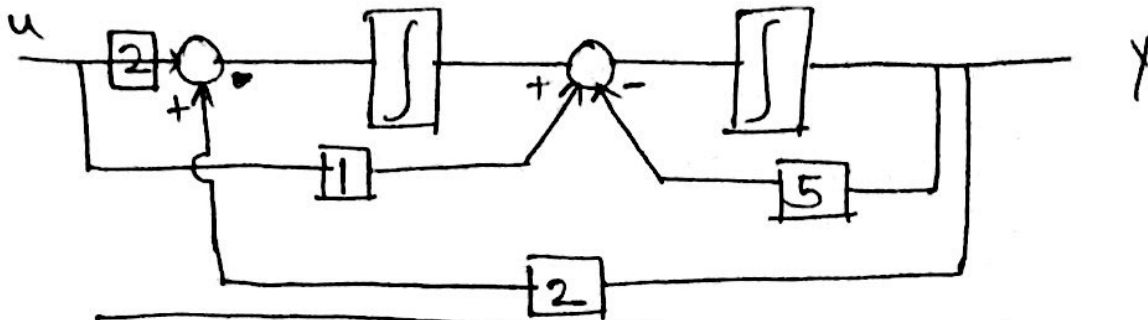
2)  $\ddot{y} + 5\dot{y} - 2y = \dot{u} + 2u$  [observable canonical form],

$\Rightarrow \ddot{y} = \dot{u} + 2u - 5\dot{y} + 2y$

$\therefore y = \int u + 2 \iint u - 5 \int y + 2 \iint y$

Order of system = 2

$\therefore$  # of Integrators = 2.



$\therefore \dot{x}_1 = -5x_1 + x_2 + u$

$\dot{x}_2 = 2u + 2x_1$

$y = x_1$

State equation matrix  $\rightarrow$

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

Output equation matrix  $\rightarrow$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$3) \ddot{y} - 3\dot{y} + 4y = \dot{u} - u \quad [\text{Jordan Form}]$$

$\Rightarrow$  Convert into s-domain

$$\therefore s^3 y - 3s^2 y + 4y = su - u$$

$$\therefore (s^3 - 3s^2 + 4)y = u(s-1)$$

$$\therefore \frac{y}{u} = \frac{s-1}{s^3 - 3s^2 + 4}$$

$$\frac{y}{u} = \frac{s-1}{(s+1)(s-2)(s-2)}$$

$$\therefore \frac{y}{u} = \frac{A}{s+1} + \frac{B}{s-2} + \frac{C}{(s-2)^2}$$

$$\therefore s-1 = A(s-2)(s-2) + B(s+1)(s-2) + C(s+1)(s-2)$$

Put  $s = -1$

$$\therefore -2 = 9A$$

$$\therefore \boxed{A = -2/9}$$

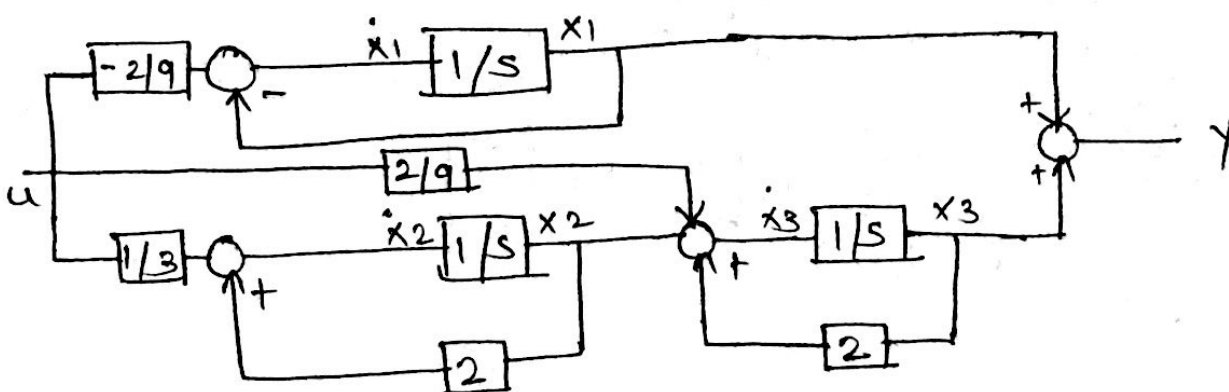
Put  $s = 2$

$$\therefore 1 = 3C$$

$$\therefore \boxed{C = 1/3}$$

Similarly,

$$\boxed{B = 2/9}$$



$$\therefore \dot{x}_1 = -x_1 - (2/9)u$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = 2x_2 + (1/3)u$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = x_2 + 2x_3 + (2/9)u$$

$$y = x_1 + x_3$$

State equation matrix  $\rightarrow$

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -2/9 \\ 1/9 \\ 2/9 \end{bmatrix} u$$

Output equation matrix  $\rightarrow$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$4) \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 1 \\ -6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}. \text{ Find transfer function.}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 1 \\ -6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = C [sI - A]^{-1} B + D$$

$$\therefore [sI - A] = \begin{bmatrix} s & 0 \\ 0 & s \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 1 \\ -6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[sI - A] = \begin{bmatrix} s+6 & -1 \\ 6 & s \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[sI - A]^{-1} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 6s + 6} \begin{bmatrix} s & 1 \\ -6 & s+6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C [sI - A]^{-1} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 6s + 6} \begin{bmatrix} s & 1 \\ -6 & s+6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \frac{1}{s^2 + 6s + 6} \begin{bmatrix} s & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C [sI - A]^{-1} \cdot B = \frac{1}{s^2 + 6s + 6} \begin{bmatrix} s & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 6s + 6} \quad (1)$$

$$\therefore \boxed{H(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 6s + 6}} //$$

$$5) \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -18 & -27 & -10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -18 & -27 & -10 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, D = 0$$

$$H(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = C [sI - A]^{-1} B + D$$

$$[sI - A] = \begin{bmatrix} s & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & s & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & s \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -18 & -27 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[sI - A] = \begin{bmatrix} s & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & s & -1 \\ 18 & 27 & s+10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[sI - A]^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det |A|} \cdot \text{Adjoint } |A|$$

$$\det |A| = s(s^2 + 10s + 27) - (-1)(0 + 18) + 0(0 + 18s) \\ = s^3 + 10s^2 + 27s + 18$$

co-factors  $\Rightarrow$

$$\text{co-factor of } a_{11} = (-1)^{1+1} (s^2 + 10s + 27) = s^2 + 10s + 27$$

$$a_{12} = (-1)^{1+2} (18) = -18$$

$$a_{13} = (-1)^{1+3} (0 - 18s) = -18s$$

$$a_{21} = (-1)^{2+1} (-s - 10 - 0) = s + 10$$

$$a_{22} = (-1)^{2+2} (s^2 + 10s - 0) = s^2 + 10s$$

$$a_{23} = (-1)^{2+3} (27s + 18) = -27s - 18$$

$$a_{31} = (-1)^{3+1} (1 + 0) = 1$$

$$a_{32} = (-1)^{3+2} (-s + 0) = s$$

$$a_{33} = (-1)^{3+3} (s^2 + 10) = s^2$$

$$\therefore \text{Adj } |A| = [\text{co-factor of } A]^T$$

$$\text{Adj } |A| = \begin{bmatrix} s^2 + 10s + 27 & s + 10 & 1 \\ -18 & s^2 + 10s & s \\ -18s & -27s - 18 & s^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore [sI - A]^{-1} = \frac{1}{s^3 + 10s^2 + 27s + 18} \begin{bmatrix} s^2 + 10s + 27 & s + 10 & 1 \\ -18 & s^2 + 10s & s \\ -18s & -27s - 18 & s^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore C[sI - A]^{-1} = \frac{1}{s^3 + 10s^2 + 27s + 18} \begin{bmatrix} s^2 + 10s + 27 & s + 10 & 1 \\ -18 & s^2 + 10s & s \\ -18s & -27s - 18 & s^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C[sI - A]^{-1} = \frac{1}{s^3 + 10s^2 + 27s + 18} \begin{bmatrix} s^2 + 10s + 27 & s + 10 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C[sI - A]^{-1} \cdot B = \frac{1}{s^3 + 10s^2 + 27s + 18} \begin{bmatrix} s^2 + 10s + 27 & s + 10 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{y(s)}{u(s)} = \frac{1}{s^3 + 10s^2 + 27s + 18} \quad (1)$$

$$\therefore \boxed{H(s) = \frac{1}{s^3 + 10s^2 + 27s + 18}} //$$